

Report of Principal Harrington

OF METHODIST COLLEGE DELIVERED AT CLOSING DEC. 21st.

(Published by request)
Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen:
In a report of the year's work, under a system such as ours, the first item, in the natural order of things, is a summary of examination results. Fortunately, most of you know these in a general way, and I can make such a summary quite short.

In the June examination 211 pupils passed or about 90 per cent of those that sat. 185 of these were in the grades above Primary. Two-thirds of them were in the Honours Division and 622 distinctions were secured. Of the 12 scholarships given in the Preliminary and Intermediate Grades 7 were won by our boys and girls—the same number as last year. This is the statement in its shortest form of the year's work, so far as it can be judged by examinations.

Although the particulars have been already published I shall venture to repeat, still as briefly as possible, enough of them to give you an idea of what pupils and teachers accomplished:

SENIOR A.A.

Four passed, all in the Honours Division with 13 distinctions. The best subjects were English Chemistry and History.

JUNIOR A.A.

24 passed, fifteen in the Honours Division, and in most of the subjects excellent marks were secured. All who took History gained distinctions—7 out of 7. In English 27 distinctions, in French 15, in Latin 5 out of 10. Total distinctions 72. In 1911, ten years ago, the distinctions were 11.

INTERMEDIATE.

37 girls passed, 14 in Honours. The best subjects were Latin, 11 with distinction (boys and girls) 14; English 23, French 22, Algebra 23, Arithmetic 18. Total 129. 26 boys passed, 15 in Honours. 15 gained distinction in Science, 14 in Algebra, 12 in Arithmetic and 11 in English. Total 81.

PRELIMINARY.

Out of 42 girls 41 passed, 32 in Honours Division. No girl failed in English, French, Latin and History, and only one in Arithmetic. In French there were 34 distinctions, in English 32, in Arithmetic 30, in Algebra 29 (8 with full marks), in History 24, in Latin 11 out of 15. Total distinction 187. The boys also did remarkably well. Out of 32 who sat, 31 passed, 24 in the Honours Division. The best subjects were: Arithmetic 23 distinctions, Algebra 19 (6 with full marks), French 16, English 16, Geometry 13, History 11. Total 131.

PRIMARY GRADE.

48 passed, the highest number for many years, and, as usual, the average marks were excellent, the best subjects being English, Arithmetic and History.

This percentage of passes, about 90, the number of distinctions 622, or an average of about 4 for each pupil, we have never before equaled. So much for examinations.

They involve steady work in school hours—some call this cramming. I call it acquiring knowledge and cultivating the power of concentration and perseverance.

They necessitate home-work, we are told. One wonders sometimes whether such critics have ever lived with 3 or 4 children who had no studies to train the mind and occupy their time. I sus-

pect they are either childless or else pass their evenings out of the home. Others, however, contend that too much time has to be given to home-work.

I believe that in the case of some ambitious children that may be possible, but that is rather a matter of temperament and is in the control of the parent. I am quite convinced after long experience that no more work is set than the average pupil can do in a reasonable time, providing there is not prolonged dawdling.

Another criticism is that we are teaching useless subjects. We are giving time to such subjects as Latin and French and science and neglecting such subjects as book-keeping, etc. Not more than 50 or 70 throughout the school study Latin and expect to use it for entrance to some university. Moreover, these take time from choice and are not the ones who complain of overwork. French helps the English, if properly taught; book-keeping is best learnt in an office, according to the business men I have consulted.

Perhaps this is enough about criticisms which are easily made and just as easily answered.

This much may be admitted: Home-work could be greatly shortened (if not abolished) if classes were cut in two and the session slightly lengthened.

The examination system, too, could be abolished except in the Associate Grade, if you doubled the number of skilled teachers and provided regular and thorough inspection by a numerous and highly experienced body of inspectors—involving, of course, a huge expenditure.

At present, and for a long time ahead, I see no alternative and nearly all the criticism we hear is, in my opinion, merely destructive instead of constructive.

Before this subject is left let me refer to one other criticism which is to the effect that a disproportionate number of scholarships points to cramming, to special attention to promising pupils. This is pure fiction.

I do not believe any scholarship winners have received one hour's extra attention in a year. They generally receive less attention, for they need less. These scholarships are due to the ambition of pupils and the skill of the teachers.

In sports our teams secured only our proportion of the trophies, winning the Rugby Shield from our good friends who held it last year. Gold medals were presented to the winners by some generous friend of the college who wished to remain anonymous.

Some of our old boys who have lived in the Old College tell me that we are apt on this side to think more of the trophy than of the games. If that is true there are psychological reasons for it that will no doubt disappear as time passes. With the right atmosphere in both the home and the school that tendency will find no encouragement. I want our teams to remember that parents and teachers feel only mortification when they see noisy, unseemingly exultation in victory or resentment in defeat.

Of late we have been handicapped by poor facilities for practices and by the lack of older boys and teachers to train the teams. In the future we expect to be better off. As you are aware, an Association of Old Collegians has recently been formed under the energetic presidency of Mr. C. P. Ayre. Thanks to him we have the best football ground in the city. Tennis-courts and basketball ground will allow the girls to share in the College Athletics. We are hoping to enlist the half of the Old Guards' Comrades in coaching the organ.

A Luncheon Suggestion.

Luncheon Salad

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 envelope Knox Gelatine | 3 1/2 cup sugar |
| 1 cup cold water | 1 cup celery cut in small pieces |
| 1 1/2 cup boiling water | 1/2 cup pecan nut meats |
| 1/2 cup lemon juice | |

A dish that is
a special favorite
in the big
tea rooms
and hotels.

Soak Gelatine in cold water five minutes and dissolve in boiling water. Add lemon juice and sugar. When mixture begins to thicken, add apples, sliced in small pieces, chopped celery and broken nut meats. Turn into mold, first dipped in cold water and chill. Accompany with mayonnaise dressing. Mixture may be served in cases made from bright red apples.

Note.—Knox Acidulated Gelatine, which comes in a blue package, contains an envelope of lemon flavor, which takes the place of lemon juice—saving time, labor and expense.

Get a box of Knox Gelatine at your grocer's to-day, and try the above recipe.

Only one of many chief uses for

KNOX

SPARKLING GELATINE

FREE—My booklets "Dainty Desserts" and "Food Economy." Send for them. Just enclose 4c. in stamps to cover postage and mailing.

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400 Knox Avenue, Johnstown, N.Y.

"Wherever a recipe calls for Gelatine think of Knox."

For further information apply to THOMAS B. CLIFT, Manager Knox Co., Commercial Chambers, Water St. Rooms 9 and 10. Sample Room 14.

Some Fresh Arrivals This Week

ELLIS & CO., LIMITED.

203 WATER STREET.

Fresh Canadian Chicken.
Fresh Canadian Turkeys.
Fresh P. E. I. Ducks.
Fresh P. E. I. Geese.

Dessert Raisins.
Tunis Dates.
Crystallized Fruits.
Crystallized Rose Leaves.
Violets and Carnations.
Canton Ginger.
Glaze Cherries.
Crystallized Cherries.
Angelica.

FRESH EGGS.

Choice Gorgonzola Cheese.
Choice Stilton Cheese.
Choice English Cheddar.
Fresh Edam Dutch Cheese.

HAMS and BACON.

Fresh Walnuts.
Shelled Walnuts.
Soft Shell Almonds.
Jordan Almonds.
Valencia Almonds.
Fresh Brazil Nuts.
Fresh Chestnuts.
New Baronas.
Almond Paste.
Ground Sweet Almonds.
Blanched Almonds.

Marzipan & Almond Paste Confectionery.

HARTLEY'S JAMS:
Strawberry.
Raspberry.
Marmalade.

HANSON'S Red, White and Blue COFFEE.

school-teams. With their help and the new grounds we hope to have a larger part of the pupils playing regularly, thus, not merely improving our chances of winning trophies (the least valuable result of games), but providing the much-needed opportunity for that steady, regular exercise which is so beneficial to the minds and bodies of all growing children.

We have 600 children in attendance, and are greatly straitened for room in spite of the formation of two extra class rooms at the back of the hall. Classes are too large, but if we had more teachers we have not rooms for them.

With better accommodation and an increased staff a "regrading" would make the work lighter for all and result in greater efficiency. Till times alter and there is much more money available we must go on as at present. As it is, with the splendid help of the L.C.A. the Board have been able to add the two class-rooms, renew the heating arrangement and repair the organ.

The College has always had many and generous friends, but I do not think it ever had more than at present. The bequest of the late Mr. Campbell MacPherson and the endowment by the late Mr. Pitts represent benefactors who have passed away.

The College Scholarships and the gift of such a property as the Ayre Athletic Ground show that the College has generous friends who have the added pleasure of watching the effect of their liberality.

This reminds me that the C.H.E. Scholarships of which we won this year such a goodly proportion have for the present ceased.

There is a Bradbury prize of scholarship for the Primary for several years ahead. If there were a \$25 scholarship for the other four grades they would provide a healthy incentive to work without that competition with other schools which some think injurious.

In such times as these I scarcely like to ask outright for them, but if anyone here blessed with this world's goods would care to give one or more such scholarships whether for one or more years, I should like to remind him that the memory of the generous no less than the memory of the just, is blessed.

In closing I wish sincerely to thank the Board for their sympathy and assistance. An uncomprehending and unsympathetic Executive Board can take all the heart, all the pleasure out of the work of its staff. I wish to thank one and all of the staff for their faithful and skilful work, and I want to add a word of praise and encouragement to the pupils whose good, steady work has been so well rewarded. I trust the coming festival of Xmas will bring happiness to all. To the boys and girls good weather and merriments; to their parents freedom from anxiety, to one and all peace and good will.

A Three Million Business

Starting with a capital of less than \$2,000 in 1813 and doing a business of slightly over \$5,000,000 in 1920 is the achievement of the Okanagan Fruit Growers, Limited, the selling agency through which horticulturists of Southern British Columbia market the bulk of their products.

The growers set out with little more than a determination to get a square deal for themselves in the marketing of their products. In the eight years the organization has grown until it now controls the selling of nearly 75 per cent of the fruit produced in the Okanagan Valley, and the buying of about the same proportion of the supplies needed by growers. It has plants and buying stations at the principal shipping points in the valley and other fruit-growing sections with selling agencies in the leading prairie cities and ships its fruit to the prairie country, Eastern Canada, Great Britain, South Africa, the United States and New Zealand.

Largest in Dominion.

The Okanagan Fruit Growers, Limited, is the largest fruit handling organization in the Dominion. Its headquarters are at Vernon, B.C. Last year it sold \$2,000,000 worth of fruit, representing about 50 per cent of the fruit produced in its territory. This season it expects to market fully 75 per cent of the fruit grown in the Okanagan.

The basis upon which it does business for members is this: The grower enters into an agreement under which he agrees to deliver to it and through it to the Okanagan Fruit Growers, Limited, all the crop of such fruit and vegetables as he grows, delivering same at the shipping point specified at the proper time for shipment and in accordance with the rules prescribed. The fruit is graded and packed in the warehouses of the company and sold, the proceeds from each variety or grade being pooled. Advances of 60 per cent of an estimated realizable value are made on the 10th and 25th of each month, the balance when the pool is closed. A deduction of 2 per cent for working capital is made from all sales. The fund from this source now amounts to more than \$100,000, so that without making a direct levy upon its members the organization has been able to finance its operations.

Beneficial Results.

Among the many beneficial results which have accrued to the shareholders of the O. F. G. Co-operative Association may be mentioned:

- (1) Stabilizing the market by control of a large percentage of the crop by one organization.
- (2) Standardization of grade and pack.
- (3) Economy in the purchase of supplies.
- (4) Extension of markets.
- (5) Cash terms for the crop when shipped, and consequent practical elimination of bad debts.
- (6) Accumulation of a reserve account for the better financing of the business.
- (7) The spirit of co-operation, which is working for the common good, both financially and socially.

More than 800 growers market their fruit through this co-operative concern.

Sign Continuous Contracts.

These growers have all signed continuous contracts, which carry on from year to year without renewal. To give some idea of the capacity for production of the territory served, the following figures may be quoted—Between Salmon Arm and Keremeos, at the southern end of the Okanagan, 19,991 acres of tree fruits are under cultivation. In the Vernon district alone there are 4,828 acres, while Kelowna has 4,811. The total number of apple trees in this area is 1,103,000; pears, 61,000; plums, 45,000; cherries, 32,000 and apricots, 32,000. The annual production of fruit is in the neighborhood of \$7,000,000.

Besides marketing fruit and other products for members and selling them supplies, the United Growers are embarking in the manufacture of various by-products as jelly, apple butter, apple sauce, vinegar and cider. These products, like the apples, plums, pears, peaches, prunes, apricots, etc., will be sold under the famous "O.K." brand of the organization. Purchasers of fruit bearing this brand should know that it is the trade mark of the largest growers' co-operative fruit marketing organization in the Dominion, and that no effort is spared in grading and packing to see that the contents of every package are fully up to the standard for the trade mark stamped on the container—Family Herald and Weekly Star.

For Sore Throat,
Golds in the Chest, etc.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Yarmouth, N.S.
Minard's Liniment for Burns, Etc.

In the Supreme Court of Newfoundland.

In the matter of the Companies' Act 1890 and amendments thereof.
and
In the matter of the winding-up of R. Meulens, Limited.

TENDERS INVITED.

The Liquidators invite tenders for the valuable Business and Fishing Properties situated at Burgeo, Burnt Islands, Rose Blanche, Grand Brûlé, Rencontre and Lark Harbour, in the District of Burgeo and LaPolla, Newfoundland, in which premises a large business has for many years been carried on.

The premises are advantageously situated for business and the winter fishing.

The following are approximate particulars, but full particulars will be supplied the prospective purchasers by Mr. George Motty, Agent of the Liquidator at Burgeo:—

Lot 1. BURGEO.

- A—Premises.
- No. 1. Building, Shop and Retail Store and Office—2 stories and loft 66 x 42.
 - No. 2. Building, Fish Stores, Cooperage and Carpenters' Shed—2 stories and loft 60 x 125.
 - No. 3. Building, Fish Store, Paint Shop, etc., 2 stories and loft 25 x 25.
 - No. 4. Building, Lumber, etc.—1 story and loft 20 x 15.
 - No. 5. Building, concrete basement used for cellar, 12 x 15, and one floor above.

The above premises are lighted by electricity generated by Delco plant.

B—Fishery Gear, Plant, Utensils and General Outfit of the Business.

Lot 2. BURNT ISLANDS.

- A—Premises.
- No. 1. Building, Fish Store—2 stories 102 x 25.
 - No. 2. Building, Fish Store—1 story, 31 x 20.
 - No. 3. Building, Fish Store—1 story, 30 x 16.
 - No. 4. Building, Shop and Retail Store, 92 x 34, 1 story.
 - No. 5. Building, Lumber, etc.—2 stories, 41 x 28.
 - No. 6. Building, Dwelling House.
 - No. 7. Building, Dwelling House.

B—Fishery Gear, Plant, Utensils and General Outfit of the Business now at Burgeo.

Lot 3. ROSE BLANCHE.

- A—Premises.
- No. 1. Building, Shop Retail and Salt Store, 2 stories, 60 x 25.
 - No. 2. Building, Oil Store, 1 story, 20 x 20.
 - No. 3. Building, Salt Bulk Fish Store, 1 story, 40 x 20.
 - No. 4. Building, Dry Fish Store, 1 story, 40 x 20.
 - No. 5. Building, Dry Fish Store, etc., 2 stories, 70 x 25.
 - No. 6. Building, Coal Store, 2 stories, 25 x 15.
 - No. 7. Building, Dwelling used by Agent, 2 stories 38 x 24.
 - No. 8. Building used by Royal Bank of Canada, 1 story, 26 x 20.
 - B—Fishery Gear, Plant Utensils, and General Outfit of the Business now at Burgeo.

Lot 4. GRAND BRUIT.

- A—Premises.
- No. 1. Building, Shop and Fish Store, 2 stories, 82 x 32.
 - No. 2. Building, Dwelling House, 2 stories, 26 x 22.
 - No. 3. Building, Coal Store, 2 stories, 26 x 12.

Northside—

- No. 4. Building, Fish Store.
- No. 5. Building, Shop, and Fish Store 3 Fish Flakes, 40 x 20, 88 x 30, 90 x 130.
- Wharf, 50 feet long, Slip, 30 x 10.
- B—Fishery Gear, Plant Utensils, and General Outfit of the Business.

Lot 5. RENCONTRE.

- A—Premises.
- 1 Shop and Retail Store with Fish Store attached to same, 2 stories, 35 x 18 and 28 x 20.
 - 1 Store—Fish, Coal, Salt, etc., 50 x 25. Wharf—50 x 15.
 - B—Fishery Gear, Plant Utensils and General Outfit of the Business.

Lot 6. LARK HARBOUR.

- A—Premises.
- Shop, Retail and Dry Fish Store, 60 x 60.
 - Two story Cod Oil Store, 12 x 15.
 - Wharf, 200 feet long, 60 feet wide. Flakes to spread 300 gals. dry fish. Dwelling House, two story, 18 x 24 ft.
- Tenders for any one Lot, or for the whole will be received up to Thursday, the 26th day of January, 1922, and should be addressed to SIR WILLIAM F. LLOYD, K.C., Court House, St. John's, Newfoundland, and marked on the outside "Tenders for Moulton's Premises."

Turks Receive Territory.

ANGLO-FRENCH RULE AT AN END.

Adana, Cilicia. (Associated Press).—The Near East, which experienced many turnovers during the great war, is now settling down to what may be regarded as political normalcy. England has already rid herself of Mesopotamia and Transjordan and now France has released Cilicia. By an agreement reached between Franklin Bouillon, representing the French Government and Mustapha Kemal Pasha, the entire province of Cilicia is handed back to the Turkish Nationalists. In return a French company has received a lease on the Bagdad railway between Bosant and Nesehir, and another a concession to develop the iron and silver mines in the Harcut Valley, on condition that 50 per cent of the capital be Turkish. A large part of the Greek population left the territory within 20 days of the signing of the compact. The French evacuation was regarded as a red-letter day by the entire population. Adana, the seat of the Government, decided to commemorate it as an annual public festival. A general holiday was declared and the shops closed. All private and public buildings were bedecked with green and red flags. It had been announced that the new Nationalist governor would arrive at the residence house at noon. The narrow picturesque streets began to pack at 6 a.m. with eager crowds.

Loyal to Islam.

At the appointed hour the governor, dressed in military uniform, appeared in the midst of the throngs. Immediately a deafening yell filled the air as an expression of the peoples' loyalty to Mohammedanism and to Kemal Pasha. Speeches were then delivered and the usual official ceremonies held. The new Governor delivered a long address. He reviewed the events of the past five years and assured his hearers that "Turkey's mighty power which the world thought had waned is now in reality in its ascendancy." Continuing he said, "with the sword we fought and won our great empire; with the sword we shall fight until we regain all we lost."

The Stolen Bride.

An amusing domestic scene took place Monday night when a husband publicly attempted to take his wayward spouse from the arms of another man to whom she had given her affections. The woman turned on poor hubby and violently resisted his efforts to compel her to return to her deserted home. She even went to the extent of threatening to hate his life. Undismayed by this terrible threat the husband stood his ground and gallantly awaited his fate. His better half immediately proceeded in a callous and unwelcome manner to execute her threat and incidentally her husband. The form of death she selected was stoning. For several minutes she hurled flint at the head of the gallant man who, although hit several times, bravely stood his ground. He later managed to crawl to his home, but without his wife, who remained with her second choice.

"Snobs!"

The word "snob," used in the sense of one who is not a gentleman, and who, therefore, over-estimates the value of rank and position, has a history as interesting as any word in the English language; it really belongs to the same class as "snob," being an abbreviation of a distinctly unwieldy Latin phrase.

During the latter part of the eighteenth and the early part of the nineteenth century, a number of the "exclusive" schools laid great emphasis upon the fact that the majority

of their pupils were from the ranks of the nobility, in some cases being even of royal birth. This, of course, had the effect of raising the school to the estimation of those who, while wealthy enough to send their sons there for education, did not have the prestige of a title.

In order to differentiate between the scions of the noble houses and those of lesser birth, it was customary to enter the names of the latter

classes upon the school register, with the notation "s. nob." this being an abbreviation of the Latin "sine nobilitate" or "without nobility."

It was from this source that Thackeray coined the word, which afterwards slipped into the language as a simple and easy definition of one who, through his wish to appear a gentleman, views rank and position with so much reverence that he clearly betrays his more humble origin.

Christmas, New Year,
To-Day and Everyday
"ARMADA"
The Cup that Cheers.

Job Line MEN'S SHIRTS.

346
MEN'S SHIRTS,
Selling for
\$2.49 each.
Sizes 14 to 17.

W. H. JACKMAN,
39 Water Street, West.

To Our Patrons & Friends,
PAST, PRESENT and PROSPECTIVE,
WE EXTEND

A New Year Wish

OF
Joy, Prosperity
AND
Good Fellowship.

"Let us be of good cheer, remembering the misfortunes hardest to bear are those which never come."—Lowell.

WM. HEAP & CO., Ltd.

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We are Now Offering to the Trade

Flannelettes of all kinds.	Smallwares of every description.
Blankets.	Misprints.
Denims.	Nainsooks.
Shirting.	Towelling.
Cotton Tweed.	Fleece Lined Underwear.
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Plaids.	Curtain Nets.
Found Tweeds.	Hostery.

Also a Job Line of
MEN'S and WOMEN'S WINTER COATS.

SLATTERY'S

Wholesale Dry Goods Co., Limited,
Duckworth and George Streets.

of their pupils were from the ranks of the nobility, in some cases being even of royal birth. This, of course, had the effect of raising the school to the estimation of those who, while wealthy enough to send their sons there for education, did not have the prestige of a title.

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