

# Are Your Men Folk Drafted?

There has never come a crisis in the battle for human liberty in which the man or the machine did not come forward to vanquish the most crushing difficulty. Your brave fighting men have been released for seeding, but there is practically no hope of their services being available for harvest.

THEIR PLACE CAN BE FILLED BY THE

## Stewart Sheaf Loader

1918 Crop

Promises to be one of the heaviest-to-handle on

Record!



READ  
WHAT THESE  
MEN SAY OF  
THIS GREAT  
LABOR-  
SAVER

"I threshed 55,316 bushels of wheat and 1,000 bushels of oats in twenty-seven days, making an average of 2,398 bushels per day. Your STEWART SHEAF LOADER gave entire satisfaction."—Wm. P. McLachlan, Eckbank, Sask.

"We can save \$12.00 a day and 25 bushels of grain a day with the Loader."—Klotz Bros., Denzil, Sask.

"We have used one of your Loaders in 1915 and we find that we saved the price of three teams and four men. This would mean that we saved about \$21.50 per day. We also claim that we saved the farmer about \$1.00 per acre by taking it up cleaner than can be done by hand forking; also the board of the three teams."—Geo. W. Weese & Son, Kelfield, Sask.

"I run a 40 x 64 Gaar-Scott and fourteen stook teams always until this year, but with the Loader six teams kept her flooded. In regard to the draft, four horses will pull it and gain. The pick-up is wonderful. This is my seventh outfit and the Loader is the best labor-saver I ever had."—E. Maxwell, Portreeve, Sask.

To the farmer who has the wisdom and foresight to secure one, the STEWART SHEAF LOADER will put his harvesting on a new basis. He can load his grain on the wagon ready to haul to shipping point in a fraction of the time under old conditions because it DOES AWAY WITH ALL FIELD PITCHERS AND HALF THE BUNDLE TEAMS.

WRITE FOR FULL PARTICULARS TO THE

### Stewart Sheaf Loader Co., Limited

WINNIPEG, Man.

It was decided to call the ward the "Country Women's" under the auspices of the H.E.S., as so many who were not members had contributed. The linen is to be stamped C.W.

At this meeting twelve members promised a dozen fresh eggs to fill the crate for the Secours National, Winnipeg. The eggs when sold brought \$4.20.

An effort is being made to have more Pacific fish brought into the town and have it sold at more reasonable prices in order to save the meat, so that if we can accomplish anything for the good of our community at such times as these it will encourage us to go on with the work of the H.E.S.

By the way I think the name that we have could not be more suitable than it is at present for an organization and the societies should not think of changing it until the war is over and perhaps not then.—Yours sincerely,  
Mrs. J. R. Borthistle, Sec.-Treas., H.E.S.

#### Swat the Fly

THE best means of fly control is through preventing them from breeding. It requires ten days for the fly to develop from egg to adult, so if all barnyard manure and other filth in which it can develop is cleaned up every five or eight days, the flies' supply will be cut off. If it is impossible to remove the filth far enough so that the flies which breed in it cannot reach the house or barns, it may be treated with powdered borax sprinkled over the manure pile or other filth at the rate of about an ounce for each cubic foot to be treated. After it has been sprinkled on, it should be washed through the pile with water. Half a pound of Heleboro which has been allowed to stand in ten gallons of water from ten to twenty-four hours may be sprinkled at the rate of a gallon to the cubic foot on the filth to be treated.

In either barns or houses fly-traps help a little and a great deal of relief may be obtained by mixing half a pint of milk, half a pint of water, and two tablespoonsful of formalin (40 per cent formaldehyde). Stronger mixtures have so much formalin

in them that the flies do not drink it. A slice of bread may be placed in the plate in which the mixture is exposed.

Cows may be protected by means of commercial or home-made repellants. Pyrethrum powder is good and the commercial repellants are generally preferable if they do not cost too much. Home-made mixtures of either one part of crude carbolic acid or pine tar with nine parts of cotton seed oil give very good results if applied lightly, but if applied too heavily they will injure the skin and hair and do more damage than the flies will.

#### They Were Unfamiliar

"Biggins' small boy says a great many bright things."

"He uttered his masterpiece the other evening in the presence of a large company."

"What was it?"  
"He said, 'Father, where do you get all the funny things you tell people I say?'"

#### Seed Growing a Profitable Side-line How to Raise Onion Seed

THERE are three reasons for raising your own seed. First, you cannot always depend on the seed houses to furnish reliable seed. Second, onion seed costs from \$1.25 to \$2.50 per pound. It could be saved with a very little trouble. Third, one has a chance to cultivate a variety of his own and establish a reputation as a seed producer, which, in the years to come, may bring more cash than the onions he raises. The grower will patronize a home seed concern that he knows is reliable before he will a foreign house.

#### Selecting the Mother Onions

At screening time in the fall, pick out the most solid, globe-shaped, deeply colored onions of whatever varieties you want for your next crop. Large, or medium-sized ones are best. Estimate the seed required to sow your crop. It takes

4½ to five pounds to the acre and one bushel onions will produce three pounds of seed on an average. Always sow a few more for safety.

Keep these in open crates in the cellar till early spring. Set them out on a sandy loam or around the edge of a muck field. Set them close enough to touch each other in the rows and the rows three feet apart. Plow them two or three times as potatoes. Have them clean when they begin to seed, then do not bother them until harvest time when the heads begin to turn brown. They usually mature by the first of August.

Cut off the ends with sheep shears and spread out to dry. When perfectly dry run them over a piece of coarse wire screening or a common washboard. If you have a large crop there is a device you can buy to insert in a clover huller that will soon thresh them out.

Before putting the seed away test them in water, skimming off all culls that rise to the top. Dry, sack and hang in a cool dry place. Test the seed before planting by sowing 100, 200 or 300 seeds in a box of earth. Count every seed before sowing and the number of plants that come up and set your seed drill accordingly.

#### Identifying Him

Ordinary concerts have grown rather stale in Middleton, where everybody sings, or thinks he can.

So a novelty was arranged, in which each performer was to appear in a fancy dress and sing a suitable song. The first items went off very well, although when Miss Antike came on in a simple, girlish gown and sang "For Ever and For Ever" the audience got nervous and thought she meant to do so.

Then the village crier appeared in a sailor rig and declaimed "Asleep on the Deep" in a voice high-pitched and cracked.

"Who is he?" "What character does he represent?" were the questions the listeners asked each other wildly.

Then came the usual voice from the rear of the hall, saying:  
"Why, 'e's Sing-Bad the Sailor."



#### A COMPLETE ANSWER

Fair Hostess (entertaining wounded soldier)—"And so one Jack Johnson buried you, and the next dug you up again and landed you on the top of a barn! Now, what were your feelings?"

Tommy—"If you'll believe me, ma'am, I was never more surprised in all my life."