

# THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT

## THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, TUESDAY, 19th APRIL, 1838.

### LATEST BARRS.

London, - - Feb. 20.	New-York, - - Mar. 30.
Liverpool, - - Feb. 24.	Halifax, - - Mar. 22.
Havre, - - - Feb. 28.	Toronto, - - Mar. 20.

Intelligence from England to the 1st March has been received by the Liverpool packet-ship *Europe*, arrived at New-York on the 2nd instant.

The news is unimportant. The interest and excitement created by Canada affairs appear to have considerably subsided. The latest intelligence from Canada received in London was to the 24th January.

The English papers are much occupied with some proceedings which took place in Parliament, a brief summary of which we subjoin :

Lord Maidstone rose, and said, seeing the Honourable and learned member for Dublin in his place, I wish to ask him whether some sentiments which I see reported to have been used by him in a speech delivered at a dinner which took place at the Crown and Anchor Tavern, in the Strand, on Wednesday, the 21st instant, and which was presided over by Col. De Laey Evans, are substantially correct? I will read these statements to the house, and I hope the honourable and learned member will do me the favour of stating whether they are correct or not. I take them from the *Morning Chronicle*—the words are these: "Corruption of the worst description existed, and above all, there was the perjury of the Tory politicians."

Mr. O'Connell: I feel exceedingly obliged to the noble lord for giving this publicity to the sentiments I entertain on the subject of committees of a particular description in this house. I did say every word of that—every word of that, and I do repeat that I believe it to be perfectly true. There is a man that will put his hand to his heart, and say upon his honour as a gentleman, that he does not believe that that is substantially true. It is a hideous abuse. The public press has taunted you with it. The last time I addressed the house on the subject, I read a paragraph out of the *Morning Chronicle*.

The Speaker:—I wish to make a remark as to the regularity of our proceedings. The honourable and learned member having answered the question, I now have the honour to the noble lord to know what motion he intends to make?

Lord Maidstone, after some delay, arising from his having to consult with his friends around him, in consequence of his being unprepared what to adopt, said—Sir in consequence of the learned member for Dublin having owned that he has said exactly what is stated; in short, having allowed that my statement is substantially true, I give notice of a motion to bring his conduct before the house on Monday next; for I do think such an aspersion ought not to have been made without proof being adduced. I give notice for next Monday to bring before the house the conduct of the learned member for Dublin.

Lord J. Russell.—Sir, I beg to give notice, that if that motion is entertained, I mean to bring before the consideration of the house the charge made by the Bishop of Hereford, relative to the Bishop of Exeter, respecting an allegation of perjury against certain members of this house.

Lord Maidstone subsequently moved two resolutions, 1st, that the charge was a false and scandalous imputation on the members of the House, and 2nd, that in making it Mr. O'Connell was guilty of a breach of privilege.

A long debate ensued, the result of which was the adoption of both resolutions—the latter by a vote of 293 to 85.

Lord Maidstone then moved that Mr. O'Connell be reprimanded, pending the debate on which the House adjourned.

The next question in this affair was on a motion by Lord Howick to proceed to the order of the day, offered after Lord Maidstone's two resolutions. On this motion the vote was 95 to 254, most 253. Majority against ministers 9. On the next day, the motion to reprimand was carried by a majority of 20; and Mr. O'Connell was ordered to attend and be reprimanded on the 28th.

On the motion of Sir William Molesworth, a call of the house on Tuesday, the 6th of March next, (debate, & vote of censure on Lord Glenelg,) was agreed to.

The *Montreal Herald* gives the following as a list of the gentlemen intended to form the Special Council on Canada affairs: it is, however, we have reason to believe, not altogether correct:—Hon. P. McGill, T. Pothier, P. De Rocheblave, John Molson, Geo. Pemberton, James Stuart, T. B. Anderson, J. Quesnel, M. Bell, Juliette, Dionne, S. Gerard, Fairbairn, Marchand, and T. Penn.

It is thought that immediately on the assembling of the Council, martial law will be revoked, and the habeas corpus act suspended; and it is probable that its ulterior proceedings will be confined to the renewal of acts expired and to expire on the 1st of May. The session is not expected to last over ten or twelve days.

It is said that His Excellency Sir John Colborne proposes leaving Montreal for Quebec, in the first week of May.

Mr. Lindsay, (Clerk of the Assembly,) has been appointed Clerk of the Special Council, and Messrs. Fairbairn and De Laey are to be Assistant Clerks.

Sir Francis Head took his departure for England in the Liverpool packet-ship *Cambridge*, which sailed from New York on the 2nd inst.

The Bank of Montreal has offered a reward of £1000 for the recovery of about £10,000 alleged to have been stolen by Wm. Coates, late First Teller in the branch of that institution established in Quebec.

A fine ship of about 500 tons register, built by Mr. George Black, will be launched from his ship-yard to-morrow morning, about eight o'clock.

The stalls in the several markets in this city were let by public auction on Thursday last.—The stalls in the Upper Town brought, for those in front, from 21s. to 24s., and those in rear, 11s. per month, each. The stalls in the Lower Town Market brought from 21s. to 25s.

A woodcock was shot in the vicinity of Quebec on Saturday last,—a remarkable proof of its extreme indolence of the weather.

A meeting of the Irishmen of Kingston, Upper Canada, took place on the 29th ult. for the purpose of taking into consideration the Address adopted at a meeting of Irishmen held at Toronto on the 30th February last, expressive of the "loyalty and attachment of Her Majesty's faithful Irish subjects in Upper Canada, and their determination to stand forward to a man, in their right and strength, to defend her crown and dignity, and maintain the British Constitution inviolate from a foreign or internal foe." The meeting was composed of nearly 500 Irishmen of all creeds and classes; and the local address was unanimously concurred in.

In the course of the many excellent speeches delivered, Dr. Sampson said,—My friend, (Mr. Armstrong), who last addressed the meeting, observed that Irishmen were not numerically represented in the two great houses in Toronto, but he had omitted to mention a third great house in the metropolis, where Irishmen were still more unfairly represented—he meant the public jail in that city; for he had been informed that out of 150 traitors and rebels within the confines of that edifice, *poor Ireland had but three to represent her*, and two of the three were United States citizens—republican philanthropists. In the state prison here or within keeping in Fort Henry, Ireland was not at all represented!

The estimate cost of the 27 railroads now in progress in England and Wales is upwards of twenty-two millions of sterling.

(New York Correspondence of the *Montreal Herald*)

Sir Francis Bond Head leaves our city on Monday. The papers have been giving him, what in elegant parlance we call a setting down. There is more noise than sense however, in our view of the question. You must not still take these paper opinions for the opinions of the community. Newspapers here are terribly influenced by the cliques which they profess to support, and whose staves they are; although Sir Francis may be, and I think is wrong, in saying that General Scott has evinced no very strong desire to preserve friendly relationship between us, he is certainly right in censuring the conduct of Governor Marcy of this state, Governor Mason, of Michigan, and he ought to have added the General Government likewise. They all have been very backward in preserving that peace, which as allies they were bound to preserve, and

they appear to have stirred in it finally more in regard to strongly expressed public opinion, more especially from the mercantile portion of the community, than from any particular desire on their own parts to interfere. Prejudice in regard to the two countries, among sensible men is getting greatly obsolete. We do now and then, however, see, in those who are sensible par courtesy, as the members of the House of Commons are honorable, a little of the old leaven.

In Congress there is a law under debate upon duelling. One member in proposing that the punishment for this offence, instead of being death, should be ten years imprisonment, said that even in England where convictions were more certain than here, it was impossible to inflict the penalty of the law against duelling in cases where it is fought honorably and with consent of parties; whereupon another gentleman stated, that the case of duelling in England was not parallel with this; in England where noblemen and gentlemen made it a practice to elope with each other's wives, and commit many other immoralities, the juries and public sentiment might protect duellists. The honorable member has been much ridiculed in the private circles at Washington for this sentiment. For a good reason too—morals in our capital are exceedingly lax.

It is questionable whether in London or Paris itself there could be found so many of equal relative standing, giving themselves up to the *coquette of the fashion*. Ex-Governor Head has had an interview with our famous Indian traveller, litho painter and antiquary, Catlin. He is delighted with him, and was anxious for Mr. C. to accompany him to England. Catlin will go in the spring after his visit to Washington.

### SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Liverpool March 1st.—Advertised—Margaret Payne, to sail on the 25th March for Montreal; Tam O'Shanter, Sampson, for Montreal; Ship Onanigale, Robinson, to sail on the 25th for Quebec.

Killouzo, Feb. 25th.—It is much feared that the *Cour de Lion*, will go to pieces, just as her quarter deck having been washed on shore. No part of her with the exception of the mizen-mast is to be seen.

Liverpool Feb. 27.—Entered for loading—Bradshaw, Milroy, for Bastine and Quebec.

Liverpool, Feb. 28th.—The ship Sir Francis Burton, Lindsay, which sailed hence for Demerara on the 13th instant, was, we lament to state, wrecked on Friday week, in Armorer Bay, on the Irish coast, when every soul on board perished. The Sir Francis Burton was the property of Mr. Duncan Gibb, to whom the Sir Howard Douglas, one of which vessel's boats was on board the unfortunate ship, also belongs.

### THE ARMY.

H. M. ship *Vestal* arrived at Halifax on the 26th March, in 23 days from Cork, having on board 180 men, forming parts of the complements of the 65th and 93rd Regiments. The *Hercules* arrived at the same place on the 28th, with portions of the 15th, 31st, 66th and 89th Regiments.

### MARRIED.

On Saturday afternoon last, by the Rev. Mr. Cook, George Young to Elizabeth Ann, eldest daughter of Thomas Levalle, Grocer, all of this city.

### DIED.

At Montreal, on the 2nd instant, Felix Souliouy, Esq., an old and most respectable merchant of that city, aged 72.

At Montreal, on Tuesday, the 3rd instant, Mary, eldest daughter of Mr. Burton, and niece of the late Thomas Burton, of the Royal Navy, aged 22 years.

At New York, on the 25th ult., Louisa Judah, aged 19, grand-daughter of the late Aaron Hart Esq. of Three Rivers.

The circulation of THE TRANSCRIPT, which is daily increasing, already amounts to upwards of Eleven Hundred of each Publication! and it consequently offers decided advantages to persons desirous of giving publicity to their advertisements.

TO LET, AN EXCELLENT OFFICE, & FIRE PROOF VAULTS, most advantageously situated nearly opposite to the Quebec Bank, St. Peter Street. The above Vaults are admirably adapted for the storage of Mediterranean and West Indian produce.

Apply to JAMES S. MILLER, Hunt's Wharf, Quebec, 31st March, 1838.

## MORRISON'S UNIVERSAL MEDICINE.

NOTICE. The subscribers, general Agents for Morrison's Pills, have appointed WILLIAM WHITTAKER, Sub-Agent for the Upper Town, No. 27, St. John Street.

LEGGE & Co. That the public may be able to form some idea of Morrison's Pills by their great consumption, the following calculation was made by Mr. WING, Clerk of the Stamp Office, Somerset House, in a period of six years, (part only of the time that Morrison's Pills have been before the public); the number of stamps delivered for that medicine amounted to three millions, nine hundred, and one thousand.

The object in placing the foregoing before the public is to deduce therefrom the following powerful argument in favour of Mr. Morrison's system, and to which the public attention is directed, namely, that it was only by trying an innocuous purgative medicine to such an extent, as the truth of the Hygeian system could possibly have been established. It is clear that all the medical men in England, or the world, put together, have not tried a system of vegetable purgation to the extent and in manner prescribed by the Hygeists. How, therefore, can they (nearly less individually) know any thing about the extent of its properties?

PROSPECTUS OF THE QUEBEC PRICES CURRENT, To be published weekly during the Summer, commencing on the 5th May.

BESIDES a complete and carefully corrected Prices Current of Imports and Exports, with the Imperial and Provincial duties, it will contain a faithful report of Auction Sales for each week; the arrivals and clearances of vessels; ships entered outwards, with their tonnage, ports of destination, and shippers' names; a comparative statement of arrivals; rate of freights to the principal ports, and some other useful information connected with the trade of the country.

The QUEBEC PRICES CURRENT will be neatly printed on a large sheet of good folio-post, with a blank page for remarks.

The first number will be printed on Saturday morning, the 5th May, at eleven o'clock, and continued every succeeding Saturday at the same hour. To be had at the different Books Stores.

Price—Twelve shillings per quire. The series (which will comprise about twenty-six numbers) will be delivered for 12s. 6d. each set.

Quebec, April, 1838.

### SUPERIOR LONDON HATS.

THE Subscriber has for Sale a Choice Assortment of the newest shape Gentlemen's Black Beaver Hats, imported late last Autumn.

HORATIO CARWELL, 12th March 1838. Palace Street.

### AUCTIONS.

#### BY B. COLE.

Will be sold, on THURSDAY next, the 12th inst., at the residence of Mr. J. RICKMAN, Main street St. John Suburb, near the English Burying Ground,

A QUANTITY OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of mahogany and other tables, chairs, chests of drawers, sofas, carpets, bedsteads, beds and bedding, looking-glasses, glass and earthenware, stoves, kitchen utensils, and a variety of other articles.

Sale at ONE o'clock. Conditions—CASH. Quebec, 7th April, 1838.

#### EXTENSIVE FURNITURE SALE.

#### BY B. COLE.

On MONDAY, the 16th day of April, and following days, at the Castle of St. Lewis, the property of LORD GOSFORD:

THE WHOLE OF THE FURNITURE, Plate, Glasses, Carriages, &c. &c. of that large establishment—Particulars and order of the sale will be given in Catalogues, 10 days previous to the day of Sale.

Conditions—CASH, on delivery. N. B.—The whole of the property will be on show from THURSDAY, the 12th, until day of Sale. Quebec, 12th March, 1838.

#### BY B. COLE.

On WEDNESDAY, the 25th April and following days, at the residence of Mrs. HOODS, St. Anne Street, near the Goal:

THE WHOLE OF HER HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of—Mahogany Dining, Card, Loo, and other Tables, Sideboard, Sofas, Chests of Drawers, Bedsteads, Beds and Bedding, Carpets, Pier and other Looking-Glasses, double and single Stoves, China, Glass and Earthenware, Kitchen Utensils, with a variety of other articles.

Conditions—CASH, on delivery. Quebec, 12th March, 1838.