SIGNATURE

ida, May 3, sch Adelene , May 15—Passed, str Mavis-REPORTS.

from Hull for Pugwash, TO MARINERS.

ation, Maine—The light at h was discontinued on Nov winter season, was relight-Maine—The buoys in this

, commencing in the main adsor Rock, which were re-rinter season Nov 17, 1900, a their respective stations

RRIAGES.

EDURE IN IRELAND.

omo Quinine Tablets. All he money if it fails to Grove's signature is on

have my apple."
matter with it?"—

ST. JOHN SHMEWEBKLY SUN VOL. 24. ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1901.

sideration of Grant for Establish ment of Canadian Mint

PARLIAMENT.

To Cost Seventy-five Thousand Dollars a enefits to be Derived - Pacific lable Act - Lively Discussion Over the lwey Subsidies-The House Approves the Increased Sessional Indemnity Ar. Blair Objects to the Auditor General

TTAWA, May 17.—In the house to-Mr. Bernier's bills and acts to reg-te sas and electric light inspection considered in committee, reported olution to grant a sum not ex

re. If this were not done, the ge would only be passable in da. In order to carry on the mint, experts from the royal mint will have to be engaged. After sufficient coins in gold, silver and copper have been made up for Canadian use, English coins will be struck off, so that the ent time Canada holds \$25,000,000 of American and English gold in reserve. This, together with the reserve held by the banks, it is hoped will be refor every dollar bill issued by the dominion, and as the country is growing, considerable gold will have to be coined. Standard gold bars exchange between banks. The cost of the mint will be represented by \$75,000, \$10,000 in will be represented by \$75,000, \$10,000 in excess of the amount really needed, to guarantee the royal mint for expenses. The items are: Building, \$200,000; strong fence, \$14,400; vaults, \$45,000; machinery, \$64,000, and the annual charge (with interest \$9,400 on cost of construction) will be \$74,000. Against this the government placed to the credit of the country the profits on the coinage of silver, \$94,000, giving a surplus of \$20,000, together with change resulting from coining money in a British mint. Mr. Flelding explained that there need be no fear of excessive

that there need be no fear of excessive coinage of silver, as Canada wanted no silver question. Only sufficient sil-ver for our own use will be struck. ver for our own use will be struck.

A purchasing assay office will be opened at some point in the west, Dawsin City, Vancouver or Victoria.

Mr. Borden of Halifax thought the measure a good one, and that every citizen would be pleased to know that Canadian coins would be used. He had hopes that the coinage might even be in greater demand than is anticipated.

Mr. MacLean called attention to the millions of American silver floated in this country, which could be struck off in Canada. He also suggested that nickel should replace copper in making subsidiary coinage.

Clarke Wallace congratulated the government on adopting a proposal which was made during the past two years by the opposition. He was glad to see that Mr. Fielding had been converted to the construction of verted at last. He suggested assay offices at both Vancouver and Dawson offices at both Vancouver and Dawson.

Mr. Henderson submitted that 20
cent pieces should be put out of circulation. He also suggested that the
dollar gold coins were too small, a
view which Mr. Fielding concurred in.

Mr. Emmerson suggested that the
proper way to rid the country of Am-

broper way to rich the country of American silver would be to have the banks take it at par.

Mr. Brock submitted that Canada should make silver coins heavier, and then a reverse condition would be found to exist in regard to American and Canadian silver coins.

and Canadian silver coins.

A bill, an act to amend the Pacific Cable Act, passed.

Premier Laurier introduced a clause which provides that the act shall not go into force until a full explanation is made of the effect on the agreement of the action of New South Wales in making a contract with the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company.

The Bell Telephone Company was scored when Mr. Clarke asked for a precedence for his bill restricting rates.

A bill to incorporate the Canadian

Yurses' Association was talked over by

Marses' Association was talked over by Mr. McLennan, Inverness.

The house tonight by 99 to 12 rejected the motion of Mr. Richardson, Lisgar, expressing the opinion that the government on submitting the C. P. R. contract to the courts for interpretation should contend that the period of immunity from taxation of the company's lands ended 20 years after the date of ratification of contract by parliament.

The visit of the Kootenay delegation

lead so refined during 1904 13; (d) on every ton of lead so refined during 1905, \$2; (e) on every ton of lead so refined during 1906, \$1.

2. The said bounties shall be payable half yearly on the fluxt days of July and January in each year.

3. The total sum payable for such bounties shall not exceed \$100,000 in any year. If the sum payable at the rate mentioned in resolution (f) of lead refined during the half of any calendar year shall exceed \$50,000, then and in such case the bounty payable per ton shall be reduced as regards that half year to such rate per ton as shall make the amount of bounties payable in respect of such half year not more than \$50,000.

vided.

5. The overar an council may make such rule and regulations (including regulations as to rates and charges for refining) as may be deemed expedient in the public interest for the carrying out of the purposes of this act, and all payments of the bounty shall be subject to the due observance of such rules and regulations.

6. All the bountles payable under this resolution shall cease and determine on the thirty-first day of Decem-

could not be taken as a satisfactory explanation. The government were asked to explain their position in regard to bonusing railways. They had come into power with pledges by Cartwright, Laurier and others that no subsidies would be granted.

Col. Hughes arrested an attempt to saddle the opposition with the responsibility for opposing subsidies by stating that no leader of the conservative party had ever spoken against this policy of encouraging railways. He showed that the government has simply taken the gunpowder of the opposition in this as in other great questions

Sunny Brae it was proposed to have it commence at New Glasgow. The item

tween St. Frances river branch and the Temiscouata railway would reduce the mileage from the maritime pro

The visit of the Kootenay delegation to Ottawa has been effective. Tonight Mr. Fielding gave notice of the following resolution to aid the silver lead in British Columbia:

Resolved, that it is expedient to provide as follows, in order to encourage the refining of lead in Canada:

1. That the governor in council may authorize the payment of the undermentioned bounties on lead refined in Canada from materials produced in Canadian smelters from Canadian lead ore: (a) on every ton of lead so refined during the calendar year 1902, \$5; (b) on every ton of lead so refined during 1903, \$4; (c) on every ton of lead so refined during 1903, \$4; (d) on every ton of lead so refined during 1904 13; (d) on every ton of lead so refined during 1904 13; (d) on every ton of lead so refined during 1904 13; (d) on every ton of lead so refined during 1904 13; (d) on every ton of lead so refined during 1904 13; (d) on every ton of lead so refined during 1904 13; (d) on every ton of lead so refined during 1904 13; (d) on every ton of lead so refined during 1904 13; (d) on every ton of lead so refined during 1904 13; (d) on every ton of lead so refined during 1904 13; (d) on every ton of lead so refined during

payable in respect of such half year not more than \$50,000.

4. If the sum paid for such bounties in any half year shall be less than \$50,000, the unpaid balance (being the difference between the sum so paid and \$50,000), shall be carried to the credit of the bounty fund for the next succeeding half year, and may be paid out in such succeeding half year, and may be paid out in such succeeding half year in addition to the \$50,000 berein before provided.

The grant of \$256,000 for a railway from Sunny Brae to Country Harbor brought up a discussion. Mr. Fraser explained that \$100,000 had been deposited with the government of Nova Scotia as a guarantee that the Guysboro road would be built. The charter had been transferred to another com-pany, and instead of starting from

Hon. Mr. Blair announced that the construction of a three mile link be-

Mr. Maclean submitted that if this

onial would be strongly prejudiced.
Mr. Blair was cutting his own throat,
and if the change was made the railway should be incorporated into the
Intercolonial system. Mr. MacLean's
idea was that as this would shorten the line from the Quebec bridge to John, it was a great link in setti the transportation question. If the government did not take over the lin the Canadian Pacific would. Mr. Tal bot claimed that the road should strice

at St. Charles Junction, which view was opposed by Costigan. Mr. Hughes contended that the Intercolonial grades should be reduced and the track doubled in order to provide for the growing needs of the country. He also submitted that running powers were submitted that running powers over the Intercolonial should be granted to

Mr. Haggart demanded the corres-pondence in connection with the In-verness and Richmond Railway com-

would not pass until the correspondence came down. Clarke Wallace contended that Mr. Blair was imposing on the credulity of the opposition altogether too much.

At the night sitting the house, after considering private bills, again took up the railway subsidies. All revotes were passed with alacrity. New subsidies also passed. Kaulbach again urged upon Mr. Blair the claims of his constituents for a road through New constituents for a road through New

Additional supplementary estimate were brought down tonight amounting to \$1,240,476. The principal items are

Intercolonial Railway-To provide for nection with Eastern Extension way, Nova Scotia, \$671,836.

To provide for payment of award of arbitrators in connection with Bastern Extension railway. New Brunswick \$148,968.75; for interest on same from July 1, 1884, to July 1, 1901, \$123,623.43, and for costs of reference, \$5,100-\$280,-

Territory, \$20,000.

To provide for expenses of judicial inquiry into alleged paper combine, \$3,000.

Quebec property known as Plains of Abraham, sum not exceeding \$80,000. This makes a grand total of \$60,006. mentaries for that period to be mitted at the next session.

The house adjourned at 11.15 p. The house adjourned at 11.15 p. m. OTTAWA, Ont., May 20.—Private bills came up in the house this morning. McLennan and Emmerson apposing the measure to incorporate the Canadian Nurses Association. A motion that the committee rise passed and the bill was killed.

A motion to provide for the appointment of a second inspector of penitentiaries at \$2,600 per annum was made by Laurier. This is to provide for the relief of the single officer, whose dutles have rapidly increased.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in introducing indemnity called attention to the fact creased.
that the indemnity to be paid members of both houses in the new Ausbers of both houses in the new Australian commonwealth is \$2,000. In the United States \$5,000 is paid. In view of these examples he held that if the standard of parliament is to be maintained the indemnity must be increased. All the members have to work for a living, and necessarily lose money by leaving their avocations. He stated that under no conditions, however long a session might be, would he consent to an extra grant if the \$1,500 was sent to an extra grant if the \$1,500 was

measure would prove a wise one, be-cause the men wanted in parliament were live business men, and for such a class to engage in public life meant a class to engage in public life meant great sacrifice, and ample remuneration should be given. A longer session would necessarily follow the growth of the country, and as the present indemnity was based on a session of three months, it was only fair that increased length should be taken into

Blain and Robinson (Elgin) protest When the debate on the increased sessional indemnity came up after lunch, Mr. Johnston of Cardwell, Mc-Gowan (conservatives) and Christie liberal) opposed the measure.

Mr. Murray (liberal), while favoring the increase, expressed himself as convinced that the time had arrived when the expenses of the government should be reduced. He gave notice that next session he would move for the abolition of the senate and reduction of the representation in the commons. He

that the amount was inadequate to compensate men who are serving their country. He urged that the government might well have recommended an

ment might well have recommended an even greater increase.

The resolution passed in committee almost unanimously.

Wilson again complained that Devlin, the Irish immigration agent, had been criticizing members of parliament in the Montreal Herald. Sifton stated that he would promise that no official in his department would ever offend in this direction.

Sir Charles Tupper came in during the afternoon and occupied a seat on the floor of the house.

Mr. Monk called attention to the action of the Quebec legislature, which recently passed an act nullifying all

pplementary estimates for canals or considered. A vote of \$43,000 to build the dam and bridge at the number of the connection with the Welland and was strongly opposed. It is unassary, as the water is taken from ake hrie. But the prominent liberals the section use the dam to run their is. For years they have paid no at, and although Mr. Blair tried to the interest of the connection with the Cornwall of the connection with the Cornwall

In connection with the Cornwall hal was denounced by Clancy as an trage. The auditor general, backed the opinion of Z. A. Lash, formerly puty minister of justice, refused to y the claim.

Blair condemned the conduct of auditor general as meddlesome, considered that that official had restepped his bounds in interfering in the departments. He submitted at it was absolutely impossible to

that it was absolutely impossible to carry on the government of the country if Mr. MacDougall was to be albited to balk the payment of bills. Mr. Borden of Halifax strongly defended the auditor general. He could not understand the language used by the minister of rallways. When the auditor general was confirmed in his stand by such an eminent authority as Mr. Lash, it ill-became any member of the government to attack him. He submitted that there was no claim against the government.

against the government.

Mr. Belcourt, M. P., who championed the claim and was solidior for the claimants, was denounced by Mr. Bennett for allowing himself to use his matter private interests. osition to further private interests.

In the house tonight the Couture exprepriation at Levis came up. Mr. ett related the story of the deal. house had been ed to believe that and had been taken over. An ofsent down and agreed with Couture at \$1 per foot. Subsequently Fitzpatrick submitted that this plan was too high a price. Subsequently Dobell was sent to negotiate for the property, and then the price was raised to \$1.40 per foot. Then Fitzpatrick switched around and wrote to Couture, stating that the premier thought \$1.50 per foot was cheap for the site. But Couture was not satisfied with this, and engaged the services of Attorney General Pugsley of St. John, with the result that the case had gone to the exchequer court backed by Fitspatrick's opinion, and the result would be that the owner of the land would get \$2 and upwards. The country will in this case be called

tion for the charge made that he had anything to do with the deal. "

Mr. Bennett, answering, called the attention of the house to the fact that it was not he who used Laurier's name, but Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick.

The consideration of the public works estimates followed. An addivate seven extra rooms was

he motion for an increased sessional which case the cost will be largely in-

The grants for the maritime pro-vince buildings passed without oppo-

In the senate Mr. Mills stated, in reply to Landry, that Fitzpatrick's outline of the movements of the royal party published in the Quebec Chronicle was not official. Mr. Bowell asked if Mr. Mulock had been lost.

Mr. Mills was unable to enlighten the enators as to this "lost son." Neither e nor his colleagues had heard from postmaster general. The election act was considered. Mr.

Bowell suggested an amendment, which makes it imperative upon the returning officer to count all ballots. In the senate today Hon. Mr. Dechene was introduced. The Nova Scotia Eastern Railway Company bill was read for the first time. A strong protest was made against the enfranchisement of the Chinese, inasmuch as it would lead to celestial representation in parliament.

tion in parliament.

The Nipissing election was discu and the conduct of the eturning ofand the conduct of the eturning of-ficer there was strongly condemned. A bill for making and packing cer-tain staple articles was taken up. Glaring frauds in the sale of sait were exposed. Bags marked 224 pounds are of notoriously less bulk than 150 pound bags of Liverpool sait.

sergeants and sergeants, 300 rank and file, 324 horses; the appointment of second lieutenant is abolished, and the econd lieutenant is appliance, accumber of lieutenants increased ac-

cordingly.

Garrison Artillery appointment of second lieutenant is abolished, and the increased acnumber of lieutenants increased ac-An adjutant is authorized for secon

division, 1st Halifax Regiment; three officers' horses are authorized for other

the afternoon and occupied a seat on the floor of the house.

Mr. Monk called attention to the action of the Quebec legislature, which recently passed an act nullifying all election petitions against members of that body. He submitted that it was the duty of the federal authorities to respond to petitions presented to them, protesting against this interference with the jurisdiction of the courts.

Premier Laurier said he had no knowledge of any such petition; and contended that the measure would not have any effect.

The Journal, commenting editorially on the action of the liberal senators in regard to the Bell Telephone Co. bill, scores the grits most unmercifully. Referring to the action the conservatives played in defeating the bill it says: "Well done, conservatives."

George Taylor of South Leeds, the veteran chief whip who has served his party for eighteen years, was presented by the conservative members to night with a beautiful set of gold and only candelabras and a g

CLOTHING

We have just opened a very nice line of Men's, Young Men's and Boys' Clothing, all of which has been made within the last month, the prices of which have been marked very low. We invite your inspection. Prices, make and pattern will interest you.

J. N. HARVEY, 199 UNION STREET, St. John, N. B.

YORK ELECTION CASE

Judge Gregory Makes an Order Requiring the Petitioner

To Deliver Particlars of All Persons Unduly Influenced or Using Undue Influence by a Certain Date.

FREDERICTON, May 20.-Dr. Me fund. was served at a hotel at St. John with a subpoena to give evidence at the trial. Many prominent citizens who took an active part in securing Mr. Gibson's return were on Saturday subpoenaed. Among these were Alexander Gibson, sr., F. P. Thompson, M. P. P., W. T. Whitehead, M. P. P., J. A. Edwards, Alderman P. Farrell, ex-Ald. McKay, R. A. Estey, William Lemont, R. W. McLellan, J. F. McMurray, Jas. F. Van Buskirk, John McCoy, Willard Kitchen, Ald. Asa Vanward, H. C. Hatt, brather-in-law of Mr. Gibson, County Councillor Alfred Rowley, Thomas Feeney, and scores throughout the county.

Mr. Gibson, sr., was served with the subpoena at Marysville on Saturday, and was very angry, and flung the 60 cents which he received into the Nashwaak river. Ald. Farrell acted in a similar manner, throwing the fee into the street.

A summons was granted by Judge Gragory on Secundary and Caragory on Secundary on Secundary and Caragory on Secundary on Secund

provided for.

Hon. Mr. Tarte submitted plans of the persons alleged in the proposed Victoria memorial museum to cost \$500,000.

There is a proposal to add an art gallery, exchequer and supreme court should not be sold and the persons bribing, treating and exercising the undue influence complained of should not be sold. was argued before his honor at chambers this morning. O. S. Crocket and H. F. McLeod appeared for the petitioner and objected to an order being made for the delivery of the claimed that there were no grounds for extending the seven days, the time specified in the general rule of court on the subject. A. J. Gregory ap-

peared for the respondent in support of the application. of the application,
Judge Gregory made an order requiring the petitioners to deliver particulars of all persons alluded to have
been bribed, treated or unduly influenced, and of all persons treating bribing or exercising the undue influ ence complained of. Said particular to be delivered on or before Wednes day, the 22nd. His honor will refuse to order any fuller particulars than those required by the general rule of the election court with reference to all matters alleged in the petition in which it is proposed to strike off votes on a scruting

SHEFFIELD

Large Shipments of Cattle and Big Sales of Hay-News Notes.

SHEFFIDLD, May 18.— Thomas Bridges of Lower Sheffield let one his young Tam O' Shanter horses his young Tam O' Shanter horses out castern district of the stable vesterday for a little exercise and diversion after his spring confinement. The horse got in contact with a barbed wire fence and gave his fore limbs some very deep outs, which has used him up for the have instructions.

Thomas Thompson of Sheffield sold, his fine young Clydesdale horse this week for a good paying price. Thomas Futton lost three good horses out of his teams last winter in his lumber operations.

Never in the history of the past has

so much wealth been borne on the bosom of French Lake in the shape of lumber as at the present time. All the lumbermen got their lumber down stream, and it is rafted and being moved together by steam tugs preparatory to starting in large rafts for St. John.

John.

Fifty-one head of beef cattle went down the river last Saturday in the David Weston for St. John market, purchased by Mr. McDonald Twenty-five head of the same cattle were purchased from one of our Sheffield farmers last fall and wintered and fattened in York country.

farmers last fall and wintered and fattened in York county.

The fields are green and the country is looking beautiful.

Harrison Bros. sold their whole stock of hay, some 40 tons, last week to Mr. Harper, a prominent lumberman of Salmon river. Thomas Bridges of Tilley Landing sold the balance of his stock of hay this week to a company of hay merchants in St. John.

Mrs. Daniel Thorne and family visited her parents at Little River this week. Mrs. Churchill and some other friends from Carleton Co. are visiting fired from Carleton Co. are visiting Mrs. Thomas Thompson. Mrs. M. C.

Atherton.

Crothers Bros. of Upper Gagetown are now running their saw mill again on full time. Their lumber drives are hung up for the present. Coy Bros. launched two scows last week, loaded them with sawed lumber and had them towed to St. John. Currier Bros. also launched a scow last week and other firms did the same last week at that enterprising little village.

ANOTHER BIG STRIKE.

Fifty Thousand Machinists Throughout the

WASHINGTON. May 20.—Approximately

SOUTH AFRICA.

LONDON, May 20.-Lord Kitchener reports to the war office under date of Pretoria, May 18, as follows: "An armored train has been dynamited south of American Siding. Major Heath of the South Lancashires was killed."

LONDON, May 20.—Lord Kitchener also reports that fast week 19 Boers were killed, 14 were wounded, 238 were made prisoners and 71 surrendered, and that 212 rifles and 105,000 rounds

eastern district.

The latest reliable report locates De Wet near Philippolis, in Orange River Colony, and not far from the Cape line with forty horsemen. All the commandoes in the Orange River Colony have instructions to cross the Orange River. Several British patrols have been ambushed.

ALGOMA STEEL CO.

TORONTO, May 20.—The Ontario Gazette announces the incorporation of the Algoma Steel Company, Limited; capital, twenty millions in two hundred thousand shares of a hundred dollars each, and with F. H. Clergue as one of the provisional directors. The head office will be at Sault Ste. Marie. The charter empowers the corporation to acquire on terms to be corporation to acquire on terms to lagreed upon, other companies havin similar objects to build steel ships an carry on the steel and iron busin an unlimited scale.

RELAND'S POPULATION.

LONDON, May 20.—The census of frelan-shows the population to be 4.56,546, a de-grease of 5.3 per cent. This is less than dur-ng the previous decade. Scotland's population numbers 4.471,357 per lons.

AGENTS WANTED

Ladies and Gentlemen in towns of 1,000 and upwards, on salary or commission, to take sold of our line of patented specialties. We have something entirely new, which is guaranteed to be a quick seller. Several separal agents wanted for unoccupied torritory. Write today for particulass. IMPERIAL SUPPLY CO., Box 628, St. John, N. B.

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