

ST. JOHN STAR, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1904.

McDIARMID'S ROYAL BALSAM

Is recommended by physicians. If used according to directions it will give better satisfaction than any other cough syrup made. Try a 25c. bottle and cure your cough.

Royal Pharmacy,
47 KING STREET.
Phone 403 for prompt delivery.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

THANKSGIVING DAY, - 1904.
Will issue return tickets

Lowest One-Way First-Class Fare

Good going all trains Nov. 16th and 17th; and for return leaving destination on or before Nov. 21st, 1904. Between all Stations in Canada East of Port Arthur.

For Particulars or Tickets call on W. H. C. MacKay, St. John, N. B., or write C. B. Foster, D.P.A., St. John, N. B.

BEST SET TEETH, \$5.00.

OUR POPULAR PRICES:

Gold Filling From \$1.00
Silver Filling From 50c.
Porcelain Filling From 75c.
Gold Crowns From \$2.00 and \$3.00
Full Sets Teeth as above From \$5.00
Teeth Repaired, while you wait 50c.
Extracting, absolutely painless 25c.
Examination Free
Extracting when teeth are ordered. FREE
We give a written contract to do your work satisfactorily and keep it in a safe place of charge for ten years.

Guarantee Dental Rooms,
DR. F. H. DICKIE,
14 Charlotte Street.

Better Than Hard Coal and Cheaper, Too, is

Drummond Pictou Egg Coal.

It is mined from the thickest seam of coal in Nova Scotia, and given a special preparation by which all the shale and other impurities are picked out and is sized a little larger than American Egg Hard Coal.

It makes a white ash, very little soot, lasts longer than any other soft coal and makes a hot fire. The people of Nova Scotia use it in place of Hard Coal.

Try it for your cook-stove, your round stove, or your furnace instead of Hard Coal and save money.
\$2.40 per ton delivered or \$7.50 per chaf. of 2800 lbs. delivered.

J. S. Gibbon & Co.
61-2 Charlotte St., Smythe St.

Broad Cove Coal,

\$7.00 a Chaldron.
Delivered. Tel.

E. RILEY, 254 City Road

TO ARRIVE:

By Donaldson line steamship "Tritonia," Scotch Hard Coal. Parties wanting this coal please leave orders early with

CITY FUEL CO.,
77 Smythe Street,
Telephone, 1,021.

Best Quality Screened

**SCOTCH SOFT COAL
SCOTCH ANTHRACITE
AND MINUDIE ROUN.**

UNION COAL CO.,
Tel. 250, 53 Smythe Street.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP CO.

(INTERNATIONAL DIVISION)
REDUCED RATES.

Effective November 1st to May 1st, 1904, St. John to Boston, \$3.50; St. John to Portland, \$2.00. Steamers leave St. John at 8 a. m. Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Fridays for Lunenburg, Port, and Boston. Returning from Boston at 9 a. m., via Portland, Eastport and Lunenburg, Mondays and Thursdays for St. John. W. H. WESTON, Manager.
Telephone 2044.

GRAND LAKE

On and after Oct. 19 the Steamer May Queen will leave May Queen's Wharf, Indiantown, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 7 a. m. for Chipman and intermediate landings, returning will leave Chipman at 8 a. m. on Mondays and Thursdays for St. John.

W. H. WESTON, Manager.
Telephone 2044.

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ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., NOVEMBER 10, 1904

GENERAL STOESEL.

WHEN its defenders reduced from 20,000 to less than 10,000, with food and ammunition almost gone, with the water supply short, with no anesthetics left to ease the tortures of the thousands of wounded in its hospitals, it is evident that Port Arthur can hold out but a very short time longer. But whether it falls tomorrow or next month, the fame of its gallant defender, General Stoessel, is sure. He is the one man of all the czar's generals who will come out of the bloody struggle with new laurels.

If reports from the beleaguered fortress are true, this man's courage and determination alone have been feeding off surrender for months past. Since last May Port Arthur has been under constant bombardment, varied every few days by assaults so determined that only the annihilation of the attacking force could save the town. The steadily diminishing army of defence has had to guard night and day a line twenty miles long. There has been no chance for rest, no opportunity to release for an instant the nerve of the soldiers as they wait, till they are as eager for the surrender as are the besiegers. But this one man has held them to the work by his own pluck and force of will and fighting the foe within the walls as courageously as those without, has conducted a defense as gallant as any in history.

General Stoessel was inclined to be bombastic at the beginning of the siege but, unlike Kurapatkin, he has largely made good his boasts. Since the fall of Sebastopol, no Russian has deserved better of his country than General Stoessel.

INTERCOLONIAL FINANCE.

By some process the Intercolonial deficit for the year which closed last June has been increased to \$900,000, which is much larger than the adverse balance reported a few weeks ago. Mr. Emmerson is evidently lending his powerful assistance to Sir Wilfrid Laurier's argument that the Intercolonial system of management is both disastrous and vicious. There has been no previous Intercolonial deficit report to the one which Mr. Emmerson reports. Here is the statement as sent out from Ottawa:

Receipts.....\$6,339,290
Running expenses.....7,239,892
Deficit.....\$900,000
As compared with the previous year the following changes are reported:

Increase of receipts.....\$14,887
Increase of expenditure.....1,143,228
Surplus in 1903-04.....\$27,455
Deficit in 1903-04.....\$900,000

The following table, showing the financial results of each year's operation from the time that the road was opened, is official. The date in each case is that of the first half of the fiscal year:

Miles in Operation.	Surplus.	Deficit.
1876.....714.....	\$507,228	
1877.....714.....	432,328	
1878.....714.....	718,083	
1879.....829.....	97,131	
1880.....840.....	\$542	
1881.....840.....	9,905	
1882.....840.....	10,545	
1883.....887.....	6,981	
1884.....841.....	138,905	
1885.....946.....	718,083	
1886.....977.....	282,552	
1887.....971.....	383,445	
1888.....971.....	216,947	
1889.....971.....	847,835	
1890.....1094.....	684,948	
1891.....1142.....	623,955	
1892.....1142.....	20,181	
1893.....1142.....	5,838	
1894.....1142.....	3,815	
1895.....1142.....	55,187	
1896.....1145.....	59,940	
1897.....1201.....	209,978	
1898.....1201.....	62,846	
1899.....1301.....	120,667	
1900.....1301.....	488,138	
1901.....1301.....	96,822	
1902.....1315.....	127,670	
1903.....1315.....	900,750	
—Sun.		

THE WORLD'S POPULATION.

A bulletin issued by the American Geographical Society publishes figures completed by the eminent German geographer, Dr. Supan, who estimates the population of the world at something over a billion and a half. He gives the results of the latest census and estimates concerning the population of the continents, the isles of the sea and the polar lands, and sums up as follows:

Europe.....	Population	Square Miles.
.....	392,284,000	104
Asia.....	819,588,000	46.6
Africa.....	140,700,000	13
Australia and Polynesia.....	4,453,000	2
North America.....	106,714,000	13
South America.....	38,482,000	5
Polar lands.....	81,000	
Total.....	1,502,250,000	30.6

A good deal of this is in the nature of guess work, of course, as in some of the most populous regions, China and other parts of the interior of Asia, for

instance, as well as Africa, nothing like a systematic and accurate census has never been taken. The wild men are shy and will not stand still long enough to be counted. The numbers in Europe and the Americans, however, have been counted to a sufficient degree of exactitude, and it is probable that the estimate of the whole is not far wrong. The Russians and the Japanese are just now doing their worst to reduce the total, but their slaughters are only a flea-bite compared with the teeming millions. The birth rate will more than make good the death rate. An interesting feature of the table is the density of population. In the popular mind, perhaps, Asia has been pictured as the swarming hive of humanity, but it appears that there is much room left in Asia yet. The density of the population of the largest continent is only 46 and a fraction to the square mile, or less than half of that of Europe, which is 104.

VICTORY FOR CLEAN POLITICS.

Friends of good government, of any party and in any country, will be glad of the success of Joseph Folk, the new governor of Missouri. Though a Democrat, Mr. Folk won fame by exposing corruption in his own party and by punishing the grafters and putting a stop to their schemes. He did this at the risk of his political existence and his own life. But so thoroughly and so courageously did he do his work that, though bitterly opposed by the machines of both parties, he won such support from the people at large that even the politicians whom he had persecuted were forced to give him their support.

The election in Missouri was run on no other issue than Folk's record and his pledges to carry his work still farther, and his victory is a notable proof that the people, in spite of corrupt influences, are still clean at heart and still, when party blinders are loosened, will choose to be ruled by honest men.

"BLESSED."

Blessed so they have named her. With just pride, Discreet and cautious circumstance, The Holy Council have beatified The Maid of Orleans, martyred child of France, Who at Domremy's village altar kneeling— Ignored by friend and foe, Through all her young, untaught spirit feeling The tears of a despairing people— Implored relief; and following the word, Which none save she had heard, Delivered France and crowned her— long ago.

Rejoice, Domremy, 'midst thy bowery green! She was thine own whom all, at last, would claim as thine. The greatest miracle that earth hath seen Since out of Nazareth a Saviour came, Lowly as thou (though sheathed in armor bright), Her soul did save the snow— Yea, as the lilies of her banner, white, The church hath blessed her; And, remembering how glorious the price Of her dear sacrifice, Gave her the name of blessed—long ago.

—Florence Earl Coates, in the Century.

WHEN MAN IS REALLY OLD.

(Chicago Journal.)
There has been very little, if any, change in the duration of man's life since the days of the patriarchs— that is, some 4000 or 5000 years ago. Every one did not attain to great age in those days any more than they do today, for various reasons stated in the Bible. Abraham lived to be 175 years old (but his two younger brothers appear to have died before him). Abraham's wife, Sarah, lived to be 127 years old; Isaac lived to be 180; Ishmael lived to be 137; Jacob lived to be 147; Joseph lived to be 110; Kohath lived to be 133; his son Amram, lived to be 137; his son, Moses, lived to be 120; Aaron was three years older than his brother, and died some years before him; Joshua lived to be 110.

The number of persons reported in 1900, as centenarians and over was:

England, 10; Ireland, 57; Scotland, 46; Sweden, 10; Norway, 23; Belgium, 5; Denmark, 2; Switzerland, none; Spain, 40; Serbia, 57; France, 213. This is not to say, however, that we should live to be 120 years or over, and that we do not so was not the plan or intention of the Almighty.

PROVIDING CUSPIDORS.

(Toronto Globe.)
It happened in one of the Scotch congregations of Western Ontario that the men had the habit of using this smokeless tobacco, which in certain quarters and with certain people is likely to be a joy forever. Accordingly, at the annual meeting it was suggested that the congregation should be furnished with cuspidors. Now this is a comparatively new word, and not found in the vocabulary of the average Highlander. So one of the older members of the meeting, believing that the name designated a new and necessary office in the church, like the "managers," "deacons" or "elders," arose and said: "Master Chairman, I will move that Douglas Cameron and Lauchlin McFavish be the cuspidors of the congregation."

TWELVE YEARS FOR FIRE BUG.

In the Halifax county court, yesterday morning Andrew Grieg, charged with setting fire to a tool house in Fairview cemetery, was found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment at Dorchester for five years. On the charge of setting fire to William A. Hendry's barn, the prisoner was also found guilty and sentenced to seven years, the last sentence to begin at the expiration of the former.

LOCAL NEWS.

C. P. R. str. Mount Temple landed passengers at Quebec at six a. m. on Wednesday, 8th November.

The meeting of the Y. M. C. A. debating club to have been held last night was postponed.

Rev. N. W. Keyes, returned missionary from Zululand, will lecture in Brussels street Baptist church next Friday evening on South Africa.

There is some doubt as yet whether there will be any hockey played in St. John this winter. The manager of the Queen's rink wants more money than the boys feel like putting up and no agreement has been reached.

H. V. Paint, ex-M. P. of Point Tupper, C. B., accompanied by his daughter, was at the Dufferin yesterday. Mr. Paint at the recent general elections was an independent candidate in Richmond, N. B. He still retains the confidence of the voters and has been elected to the House of Commons.

Mr. MacDonald states that the Baptist union movement is progressing satisfactorily. About thirty of the four hundred churches concerned in the maritime provinces have unanimously expressed themselves in favor of union.

Hon. F. J. Sweeney, who was at the Royal last evening, was asked whether the rumor was correct that he was to receive the appointment of solicitor general in the New Brunswick government. Mr. Sweeney smiled genially and comprehensively, but what he said was that he knew nothing whatever about it.

The sardine fishing in the harbor seems to be going on rather slowly owing to the starvation prices offered by the American buyers. The local fishermen claim they cannot carry on a profitable business while the sardines will bring only \$3 per hoghead, although a few days ago this was considered a fair price. During the present week the work has been practically suspended.

Matthew A. Wall of Fairview, Westmorland Co., N. B., according to a correspondent in the Sackville Post, can probably lay claim to have seen more active service than any teacher in these provinces. He began teaching in 1838, and has taught continuously for sixty-five years, thirty-two of which were spent as the honored principal of the Lancaster superior school, near Fairview, N. B.

There was another good audience at the York Theatre last evening and the different acts were well received. The show is much better than it was on Monday night. This afternoon at four o'clock a matinee will be given.

W. W. Scott and Dr. Bryce, the Orleans immigrant officials, went to Halifax last night to look over the arrangements there for the season's work. He says he is ready here and he looks for some 13,000 or more immigrants, chiefly from the British Isles, to pass through St. John this season. Last year there were about 20,000. There will be no detention building erected for the present. A site was picked, but the money has not been raised, being unduly alarmed.

The friends of Mrs. George Bernier, formerly of St. John, will be grieved to hear of her death. Sunday, the 6th inst., at Connors (N. B.). Mrs. Bernier leaves a husband and four children. She was formerly Miss Minnie Tierney, of St. John. One sister, Mrs. J. H. McInerney, of Fort Kent, survives.

Next week carpenters will begin erecting the log cabin in Rockwood Park. The log cabin is to be situated some distance down the roadway leading past the deer enclosure. Its dimensions will be 18½ feet by 17½ feet and it will be built of logs. The funds for the erection of this cabin were donated by Mrs. W. W. Turnbull.

BAD NEWS FOR SYDNEY.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Nov. 9.—Considerable anxiety prevails among real estate men in this city as a result of a movement on the part of loan companies from which advances have been obtained on buildings erected within the past few years. The parties who originally secured loans on a course of time sold the houses, the purchasers assuming all liabilities, but owing to full times prevalent for over a year, many of these purchasers have failed in paying the installments with the result that the companies are foreclosing and looking for the original parties for repayment of the balance due.

It is feared that many who built houses in this manner and sold them to Paris and other great laboratories, but while reports were being awaited from them Dr. G. D. Bryant, of Butte, became interested in the story of the miner, and he conducted a series of experiments along an entirely different line, prompted only by curiosity.

He wondered if there was any basis for the belief of the miners that the "medicine ore" could cure anything, and he began an investigation of a number of reported cures. Almost without exception, as he found, men and women who carried the mineral claimed to have derived benefits from it, and could not be ridiculed out of the idea that it was a curative as well as a preventive.

Then he made tests on patients of his own, with results that puzzled and astonished him, if they did not convince him. He made a report of his investigations and conclusions to his fellow physicians, and then the story of radiumite created a sensation. Since then doctors and scientists from all parts of the world have taken an interest in it and many have visited Butte to investigate for themselves.

The people of Butte are beginning to take an extraordinary interest in the search for the new medicine. Miners have given up positions to search for the ore, and superintendents of several

DEATHS.

On the morning of the 9th instant, Gordon Pritchard, aged 50 years, eldest son of Frederick S. and Ella G. Whitaker, died. Funeral from 172 Princess street Friday, the 11th instant, at 2.30 p. m. Service at 2.15.

Dowling Brothers

A Dress Goods Event!

This is an event of vital importance if you are planning a New Fall Costume or Skirt.

20 pieces, ENGLISH TWEED SUITING, FLAKE SUITING, STRIPED SUITING, HOMESPUN AND FRIEZE CLOTH, 54 and 56 inches wide, in light and dark Grey, Blue, Black, Navy with White, Navy with Green Black and White, Etc., ranging in price from \$1.00 to \$1.50 a yard, now all at

One Special Price, 75c. yard.

DOWLING BROTHERS, 95 and 101 King Street

The Attractions of Our Stores Are Their Low Prices.

D. A. KENNEDY,

(SUCCESSOR TO WALTER SCOTT)
32-36 King Square, St. John, N. B.

Goods You'll Need for Cold Weather.

IT'S MONEY SAVED DURING THIS SALE.

A Great Clearance Sale of WHITE OR GREY SHAKER BLANKETS, very large sizes, English make, at 90c., \$1.10 per pair. The best value in Canada.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S VESTS AND DRAWERS at wonderful low prices to clear them out quickly.

A large stock of HOSIERY of all kinds that must be sold. Come early for bargains.

MEN, hurry and see these low priced SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, 50c., 75c. each.

THEM NOW

BUTTE HAS A MEDICINE ORE.

Has Cured Many Cases of Rheumatism By Simply Carrying a Lump of It About.

Radumite, a new designation given to a strange mineral possessing peculiar medicinal properties is being found in several of the large mines in the neighborhood of Butte, Mont. For years the diggers employed in the Lexington mines have been aware of the presence of radiumite in the workings, and have become acquainted with one or two of its peculiarities.

They call it "medicine ore" and "rheumatism rock," and have been in the habit of carrying bits of it in their pockets at all times. They believe it is a sure cure for "miners' consumption," rheumatism, stomach troubles, nervous diseases and various nervous disorders.

Although the miners themselves have had explicit faith in the healing power of radiumite, and the public generally have simply regarded it as a superstition, placing radiumite on a plane with the buckeye and the rheumatism ring. Since the discovery of radium and the tracing of the rays emanating from it, radiumite scientists and others have been able to account for the curative properties of Montana's "medicine stones."

The Butte medicine ore possesses the strange quality of emitting a brilliant light under slight friction by some metallic substance or even with a finger nail. The light is called a "cold fire," because it is absolutely non-heating. It and its displays are more brilliant under water than out of it. No value has ever been found in the ore for the men, and the only good it has served has been as a talisman for the miners, who believe in its curative virtues, and as specimens for mineral cabinets, for which it was much sought, and often commanded very high prices.

When Patrolman Terence Smith, of the Fifty-sixth Precinct, woke up this morning, after a night of sweet repose, it was to find himself famous, says The Brooklyn Eagle. He has performed a deed of valor that entitled him to immortality. Had any one but the pound Terence attempted it, he would already be among the immortals.

Patrolman Smith actually devoured sixteen pineapple pies at a single sitting. Not the small children's pies that sell for a nickel, but sixteen five-ounce, rich, luscious, juicy looking pineapple pies. To be sure, he did it under pressure, for George Meyer, another competitor in the pie-eating contest, ran neck and neck with the guardian of the peace up to the ninth pie. On the tenth he weakened and a particularly obdurate piece of lower crust on the eleventh made him give it up.

DIDN'T VALUE HIS CHANCE.

Mayor George B. McClellan, of Greater New York, tells a good story of a little New York schoolboy, who after school was over sold papers in front of the city hall.

One afternoon the mayor walked down the steps of the city hall and seeing the little fellow bought a paper. While waiting for his change, he said to the boy:

"Well, my little man, how is business today?"
The little merchant looked up and answered, "On a bum."
The mayor thought for a moment and finally said:

"Keep at it, my little man. You have a chance to become the president some day."
The little fellow answered immediately: "Dat might be so, but I'll sell me chances for a nickel right now."

MONEY

CANNOT BUY BETTER

Sausages

than ours—the kind that sells all right, tastes all right, and are all right.

SLIPP & FLEWELLING, 240 MAIN STREET.

But will give you good substantial comfortable shoes in exchange for it. So good in fact that you will part from your cash without regret.

\$1.35 Women's Dongola Bals, patent or plain tip, good heavy sole. Makes a nice everyday boot.

\$1.65—Women's Box Calf Bals, self tip, heavy sole, does not harden with wet or slushy weather. An ideal full boot.

\$1.20—Misses' Oil Pebble Bals, double sole, with back stay heel, or spring heel. A good substantial school boot.

Misses' Dongola Kid Bals or Butts, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.35 pair.

Women's Warm Lined House Slip pers 20c. upward.

Sanborn's Shoe Store,

339 MAIN STREET, North End.

VAUDEVILLE.

York Theatre.

Week of Nov. 7th.

BIG - LAUGHING - SHOW.

HENNING, LEWIS, HENNING, Musical Comedy Sketch.

DAILY AND RENO, Comedy Acrobats.

KIMBALL AND DONOVAN, Premier Banjoists.

CAVANAUGH AND HAMILTON, CHAS. E. EDWARDS, The Happy Tramp.

KITTY HOFFMAN, Monologist.

BOBBY FIELDS, Vocalist and Dancer.