

Fall Clothing

Now is the time one's thoughts revert to what will be worn in Fall Clothing.

We wish to interest you.

For \$10 we offer a Grey Cheviot Overcoat, mohair lined, perfect fitting and a grand wearer.

For \$10, \$12, \$12.50 and \$15, fine values in Fall Suits—twoed, worsted and blue serge.

For \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.75, \$4.00, perfect fitting, proper shaped, worsted trousers.

For \$25 and \$35.00, silk lined Dress Suits, correctly tailored.

In our Custom Department, a fine assortment of fashionable Fall Cloths.

A. GILMOUR, Fine Tailoring.
Men's Clothing
68 KING STREET.

SPORTING NEWS.

BASH BAIL.
National League Games Yesterday.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 1; Brooklyn, 1.
At Chicago—Chicago, 7; Boston, 4.
At Pittsburgh—New York, 7; Pittsburgh, 4.
At St. Louis—Philadelphia-St. Louis game postponed. Double header Saturday.
American League.
At Philadelphia—First game, Chicago, 3; Philadelphia, 4 (11 innings). Second game, Philadelphia, 7; Chicago, 1. (Called at 8th darkness.)
At New York—First game, New York, 3; St. Louis, 2. Second game, New York, 3; St. Louis, 2.
At Washington—Washington, 1; Cleveland, 2.
At Boston—Boston, 2; Detroit, 2.
Eastern League.
At Baltimore—Baltimore, 7; Buffalo, 6.
At Buffalo—Rochester-Montreal game postponed, cold weather.
At Toronto—Toronto, 13; Rochester, 5.
At Jersey City—Newark, 3; Jersey City, 17.

THE TURF.
Major Delmar Failed to Beat His Own Record.
NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—The big event at the Empire City track today was the effort of Major Delmar to beat his own record of 2:00.4. Prior to his trial it was announced that he had been bought for \$40,000 by B. B. Smith, the owner of Lord Derby, who had won the race in 1907. In his effort he went to the quarter pole in 30.4, to the half in 1:04, and to the three-quarters in 1:29.6. There he broke and came home in 2:00.4. He will go again tomorrow.
The regular programme was a strong one. In the 2:15 trial Direct View sold for \$25 and the field at the same price. Annie Little won both heats easily. For the 2:15 pace Daphne was the choice and again the talent was strong, as Little Fred beat the favorite out in straight heats. In the 2:30 trial Leon was the choice, but in a close race was defeated by Lena after the first heat. In the 2:15 pace Annie M. at 10 to 1 was an easy winner.

YARMOUTH, Sept. 24.—The western county exhibition opened today with brilliant weather. In many respects it is ahead of former years. There is a fine show of horses, cattle, poultry, etc. The vegetable exhibit is most creditable to the province, and the fruit, particularly the apples, are especially fine. There is a wonderful grain exhibit in quantity, variety and quality. The attendance was large, and the prospects are good for financial success. The races at Victoria Park were the best ever trotted in the western counties. There was a large attendance, and there are good prospects for tomorrow. In the 2:00 class there were nine entries and eight starters. The summary is as follows:
Lady Betty.....\$15 1 1 1
Fanny Lambert.....\$15 1 1 1
Lafy.....\$15 1 1 1
Opus.....\$15 1 1 1
Mellie.....\$15 1 1 1
Thomas.....\$15 1 1 1
Chief.....\$15 1 1 1
Time—2:04.4, 2:04.4, 2:04.4.
In the 2:15 class there were nine entries and five starters. The first heat was very close. Keynote won by a head with Orphan Girl second. The next three heats were won by Daisy Dewitt.
Summary:
Keynote.....\$15 1 1 1
Daisy Dewitt.....\$15 1 1 1
Orphan Girl.....\$15 1 1 1
Bertha.....\$15 1 1 1
Time—2:04.4, 2:04.4, 2:04.4.

WINTER MILK PRICE.
BOSTON, Sept. 24.—No winter price for milk could be agreed upon at the all-day conference today between the delegates from the milk producers' union and the Boston milk contractors. The matter is deadlocked. The final offer of the farmers' producers was 40 cents per can fat, and three cents for carrying. The contractor offer was \$1.15 cents or \$1.15 cents, Boston price, but with the production limited to four of last year. Neither party would yield. The conference will resume tomorrow.

N. B. MEN ELECTED.
BROCKVILLE, Ont., Sept. 24.—At today's session of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress officers were elected for the ensuing year. There was a hot fight for the presidency between President Platt and A. W. Puttee, M. P. for Winnipeg. Mr. Platt was declared re-elected by a majority, the vote standing 32-1. The other officers were: President, J. B. Mack of Montreal; secretary, C. N. Draper of Ottawa.
C. H. Stevens, W. H. Conner, W. J. McCreary and J. J. Donovan were elected to the executive for New Brunswick.

WANTED.—A case of Headache that KUMFORD Powders will cure in ten to twenty minutes.

PREMIER BARTON RESIGNS.
MELBOURNE, Victoria, Sept. 24.—The federal premier, Sir Edmund Barton, has resigned, following his appointment to a judgeship in the federal high court. Alfred Deakin, the attorney general, has undertaken the task of forming a new cabinet.

The Rev. G. M. Campbell delivered a carefully prepared lecture in "Here and There in Canada," at the Westfield Methodist church last evening.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

OTTAWA, Sept. 24.—In the common today Mr. Preston was re-elected for his conduct in engaging miners in England and the following morning he was re-elected for his conduct in engaging miners in England and the following morning he was re-elected for his conduct in engaging miners in England.

The usual large number of petitions were presented against the government's railway policy. When the bill was taken up Mr. MacLean moved an amendment to provide for a two-cent passenger rate on the Grand Trunk Pacific. Although strongly supported, it was rejected by the government. The following amendments were defeated:
1st. That the plans of the eastern and western sections must be respectively accepted by the G. T. P. and government before work is commenced on either.
2nd. That in the event of suspension of work on the eastern section no claim for damages may be recovered.

3rd. That separate accounts should be kept for the eastern and western divisions, so as to show the actual portionment of accounts by the Grand Trunk and Grand Trunk Pacific.
4th. That freight rates on the western division will not exceed those charged by the Grand Trunk and Pacific.
When the redistribution bill came up Sir Wilfrid came down and announced that in Waterloo and Hastings the ferry would be abandoned and the line suggested by the opposition accepted. With this understanding the bill was adopted by the committee.

The bill to provide for the Anglo-French line was taken up. Four vessels, two of French and two of British register, will perform the service. All the officers will be British. Mr. Barker thought that the record of Carboneau, who is said to be one of the steamship concern, should be investigated, and if he is connected with the company, no contract should be signed.
The railway bill passed the committee stage and stands for its third reading.

Reference to the correspondence which passed between Herr Bopp, German consul at Montreal, and Sir Wilfrid Laurier, shows that Mr. Bopp, P. for Banffshire, is wrong in his inference that Canada would accord to Germany the same treatment as to the other countries. Surprise is expressed here that Chamberlain was not apprised by Laurier of the correspondence since late in 1901 between the German consul and himself, and that the confidential memorandum prepared by Mr. Fielding for the information of the German government was not placed in the colonial secretary. Mr. Fielding in his memo points out how mutually advantageous trade between Canada and Germany had been for many years, and that the goods of other countries were not placed in the same position as those of Germany. He recommended, and his recommendation was accepted by his colleagues, that in event of Germany agreeing to allow the favored nation treatment to the goods of other countries in future, whether such eventual reduction would not implicitly and unconditionally be enjoyed by Germany under modus vivendi you have in view.

Laurier replying next day said: "In order there may be no misunderstanding whatever between us, it may be advisable for me to make it here and now perfectly clear that what we offer for the goods of other countries is a favored nation treatment such as she had by our treaty with France, prior to the denunciation of the German treaty with Great Britain, which came to an end August 1st, 1906. Should we negotiate any further treaty with any other country we cannot undertake to extend the same treatment to Germany unless she is prepared to give us as much as we would receive from the country negotiating with us."

Mr. Bopp sent a somewhat curt acknowledgment, stating that it was evident Canada expected Germany to allow her the benefit of the full conventional tariff. Germany's contention to the few insignificant reductions in the French-Canadian treaty as now in force.

The prime minister in acknowledging the letter told Mr. Bopp that the construction which he placed on the memorandum was rather forced. Sir Wilfrid added, however, that in future we are determined to act upon the principle of favor for favor.

Many months ago Sir Wilfrid wrote to Mr. Bopp asking him to receive any advice as to the intentions of the German government. Mr. Bopp's answer last November was not an encouraging one. He referred to the uncertainty of German tariff legislation, and was of opinion that the German government would not touch her foreign commercial relations while such uncertainty lasted. Evidently Germany had not shown any disposition to act in a friendly way towards Canada, as on April 16th Mr. Fielding came down with his proposal of a surcharge of \$1.15 per cent. on German goods imported into Canada.

On a resolution to increase the civil servants' salaries Mr. Belcourt suggested that Mr. Borden, who had made great business sacrifice, should be given a substantial salary.

THE WESTERN WHEAT CROP.

Estimated Return to the Farmers
\$42,000,000—Yield Over Sixty Million Bushels

WINNIPEG, Sept. 24.—The wheat crop of Manitoba and the Territories cannot yet be estimated with absolute accuracy, but it will be between sixty and sixty-five million bushels, probably nearer sixty than sixty-five. C. N. Bell, secretary of the Winnipeg Board of trade, says it will be between sixty-three and sixty-five million bushels. Of this Manitoba produced about forty-seven million and the Territories about sixteen million bushels.
Last year's crop of wheat was 65,000,000 bushels, according to the Grain Dealers' Association. Their statement, which is practically exact, shows: Wheat inspected, 51,832,000 bushels; seed, 6,000,000 bushels; milled, 7,000,000 bushels; almost 65,000,000 bushels. The warehouse commission's statement shows slight excess over these figures, as follows:
Wheat yield, Manitoba, 53,077,347 Northwest Territories, 14,457,000

Total, 67,534,347
The yield of 1901 was about 62,500,000 bushels.
It is difficult, if not impossible, to compare the financial results to the crops of 1901 and 1902. The returns of 1902 are approximately as follows:—On all wheat sold and milled, about 50,000,000 bushels, the price realized was 55 cents, or a total of \$27,500,000. Including the seed, the total value of the wheat crop will net the producer considerably more than that of 1901. At present prices it will realize about \$44,000,000, the price for Nov. 1 and 2 northern, which most of the wheat of the year grade, being from 70 to 72 cents.

The oat crop of 1902 was 46,000,000 bushels, and the average price 90 cents. This would give a money value of about \$41,400,000. At present the price is down to 21 cents, but is merely a nominal figure, as practically none is being offered at that price. However, this year's crop is worth about \$3,500,000.

EVERY YEAR MORE GROW LIFE WEARY.

Statistics Show That Rate of Suicides Has Greatly Increased.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—Suicide is still on the increase in New York City. According to statistics which have just been compiled by Dr. William H. Guilfoyle, registrar of the bureau of vital statistics in the health department, there were 72 suicides in this city in 1902, of which number 47 were in the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx. The number of suicides in those two boroughs ten years ago was only 24.

From the figures obtained by Dr. Guilfoyle the death rate from self-destruction has increased in the two boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx from 11 to each 100,000 inhabitants in 1902 to 22 in 1907.

New York is now fifth in the suicide list of American cities, which is led by St. Louis, with a death rate of 25.7.

Carbolic acid is still the most popular poison in the New York city. Gun shots are second in favor, gas comes next, while Paris green is the drug least often resorted to.

In the borough of Manhattan last year there were 29 suicides. In Brooklyn, 24; in the Bronx, 46; in Queens, 36; and in Richmond, 17.

Men to the number of 163 chose shooting as the means of ending life. Seven women resorted to this method. Sixteen persons hanged themselves. 77 men and 41 women resorted to gas, while 176 men and 92 women took carbolic acid.

One of the remarkable features revealed by the registrar's figures is that suicides of women are more numerous than those of men, between the ages of 10 and 25 years.

Death by shooting is not a favorite method of women, but more American women resorted to the German means than foreign born. Women being self-destruction, however, display a predilection for death by poisons.

Following is a table of the nationality of New York suicides in 1902:

	Men.	Women.
United States	219	72
Germany	150	28
Ireland	41	33
Russia	17	19
England	10	6
France	5	1

Dr. Guilfoyle's figures are contrary to popular belief, Italians do not resort to the knife in self-destruction. In the years from 1897 to 1901 only seven Italian suicides by the knife were recorded.

DROWNED TO SAVE WIFE.

Overturned in Canoe—Satchel and Camera Saved Her Life.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—Swept beneath the pier off the foot of West Ninety-sixth street, William M. Reeve, of No. 319 West 140th street, yesterday afternoon was spilled from his canoe with his wife, Emma, and drowned in an effort to save her. Mrs. Reeve managed to grab a satchel and camera, and these helped to buoy her up and enable her to reach the boat, which she clung to until rescued.

Up to a late hour last night the body of Reeve had not been recovered. They had planned to spend the day yesterday afternoon on Fort Lee. Reaching the Fort Lee shore, they decided that the water was so rough it would be inadvisable to make a landing, and started back for Manhattan. The tide carried them down West Eighty-second street. They made their way up close to the shore and at Ninety-sixth street were swept under the pier and the boat overturned.

Instinctively Mrs. Reeve grabbed her husband by the shoulder as she came up, but, fearing that it would hamper him she let go, and, missing the satchel and camera, was carried to the upturned boat, to which she clung. Apprehensive for the safety of his wife Reeve, who was holding on to the opposite end of the boat he began to climb to the shore, but was unable to do so. Then without warning he sank and did not reappear.

Boatmen put out from the yacht house and May's boat, near by, in response to the cries of Mrs. Reeve. She was found still clinging to the canoe. When taken ashore she was exhausted and became unconscious. It was feared last night that she would develop pneumonia. Mr. Reeve's body had not been recovered last night.

WENT ON STRIKE.

MONTREAL, Sept. 22.—E. Parisi, the Italian on trial here on a charge of the murder of a fellow-countryman was acquitted yesterday, the jury, after proceeding in a manner unprecedented here, bringing in a verdict of not guilty.

Before the twelve men were locked up on Saturday to consider the evidence the judge announced that he would receive the case on Monday. On Saturday the foreman of the jury told the officials that a decision had been reached, but he did not say what it was. He asked, however, that the jury should be kept in a trolley ride, claiming that they were in need of fresh air. The request was not granted, the excuse being that the rules provided for no such outing.

The jurors then argued that as they had finished their duties they were entitled to a change of air. The officials were, nevertheless, obdurate, and some of the jurors took offense and decided to disagree.

When the court resumed yesterday the foreman reported accordingly, reciting the circumstances and then the judge expressed his indignation at such a proceeding. There was a time, he said, when jurors were locked up for days without either light or food. He sent them back. Twice again they reported no agreement. A third time, however, was more satisfactory, the accused being found "not guilty."

ST. RAILWAY MEN'S UNION.

The Street Railwaymen's Union held another meeting in Berryman's Hall last evening. So far only a number of motormen and conductors have identified themselves with the union, the others holding aloof until the purposes of organization are fully explained by Peter Sharkey and others having to do with the organizing.

The officers are: President, Clarence Harrison; vice president, H. Hazlett; treasurer, Hazen McLean; corresponding secretary, Fred Conner; recording secretary, Byron McLeellan; financial secretary, A. G. Presley.

THE CONNOLLY TOW.

Tug Storm King—With the two screws in tow reached Gaspé early yesterday morning. The government tug Eureka has been there several days awaiting the arrival of the other boat. She will lend assistance going up the St. Lawrence.

Tug Lord Kitchener, having passed Rimouski, will, it is expected, reach Quebec today with the dredge International.

The other two screws at York Point are being got ready for transportation to Quebec.

MAH PU MINERAL SPRING.

Letters patent have been granted incorporating Alexander P. Barnhill, Hon. William Pugsley, Wm. E. Raymond, Geo. W. Hobbs, Dr. John M. Smith, Dr. Wm. B. McVey and Frank H. Plevelling with power to secure the mineral spring in the parish of Upham, in Kings county, known as the Mah-Pu Mineral Spring, and to sell the waters of the said spring in their natural condition and to prepare aerated waters and all other liquids capable of being advantageously prepared, and to run a hotel and baths in connection with the property. The capital stock is \$10,000.

MONCTON ROBBERY.

MONCTON, N. B., Sept. 24.—Bey. Blakey, a somewhat noted character who has been in Hillsboro for a few days, committed a daring robbery yesterday. He was visiting his parents and robbed his aged father of \$25, then burglarized the home of his sister, Mrs. Erb, who was away for the day, and found \$10 more. He got a team to go to Moncton, but drove to Salisbury and, it is said, has been located there.

Dow Martin of Springhill, who was married at Stillville, parish of Moncton, yesterday, to Miss Amanda Stiles of that place, left today with his bride for Fredericton and other points on the St. John river. On their return, Mr. and Mrs. Martin will take up their residence at Springhill.

GREEN CORN CROQUETTES.

Grate the kernels from twelve ears of corn, taking care not to get too close to the cob. Wash with milk and pulp. Put the pulp juicy pulp secured into a double boiler over the fire to heat. Rub together to a paste one tablespoonful of butter and two tablespoonfuls of flour. Add this to the corn and mix thoroughly. Add one-half teaspoonful of salt and one-third of a teaspoonful of pepper, and turn out on a greased platter to cool. When cold and firm form into croquettes, dip each into slightly beaten egg, roll in fine bread crumbs, leave on the ice for two hours and fry golden brown in smoking hot fat.

SUPPORT FOR TURKEY.

Russia and Germany Say She Can Send Troops into Bulgaria "To Preserve Order."

LONDON, Sept. 23.—The Sofia correspondent of the Times affirms that a singular communication has been made to the Bulgarian government from Count Lamsdorf, the Russian foreign minister, who observed that in the opinion of Count Von Buelow, the German chancellor, Turkey has the right to send troops into Bulgaria to preserve order.

This interesting disclosure, continues the correspondent, was coupled with a gentle recommendation to observe caution. At the same time Count Goulouchewski, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, expresses the opinion that the slaughter of 5,000 Macedonian peasants does not warrant complaints of the extermination of the Bulgarian race in Macedonia.

The condition of the 1,000 refugees at Burgas, mostly old men, women and children, is deplorable.

Bicyclists and all athletes depend on BENTLEY'S LINIMENT to keep their joints limber and muscles in trim.

SPOON FOOD FOR MR. ROCKEFELLER.

Entertained His Sunday School Fellows, But Couldn't Partake of the Feast.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 22.—There was a merry time last night at Forest Hill, the country home of John D. Rockefeller, when the members of the Sunday school of the Euclid Avenue Baptist church assembled there for their annual re-union. The big house was filled.

Mr. Rockefeller met his guests at the door, giving each a word of welcome and a hearty handshake. When all had arrived he asked them to make themselves at home and have a good time.

When dinner had been announced, Mr. Rockefeller took it upon himself to see that room was provided for all at the tables, and, after everything had been arranged to his liking, he seated himself. The dinner consisted of five courses, but Mr. Rockefeller could not partake of them. He took soup and then bread and milk. He had finished eating long before the others were through. Then he moved about the tables, giving attention to his guests. He told stories, listened to stories by others, laughed and had a good time.

There were various forms of entertainment after dinner. There was song or two, by a soloist from the church choir and a monologist amused the guests for a time.

When it came time for the guests to depart it had begun to rain, and Mr. Rockefeller expressed his regret, but declared the rain was needed. He told all to wait for the carriages which were to carry them to the suburban cars, a half mile away, and all departed with the impression that Mr. Rockefeller was an admirable host.

COMMITTED FOR BIGAMY.

At Halifax yesterday John Higgins, the runner of the Royal Artillery, who is laboring under the charge of bigamy, was committed to the supreme court for trial. Lily Higgins, who is designated as wife No. 1, gave evidence of her marriage with the runner and of her subsequent separation from him because of his inability to support her. Rev. Father Brehan, diocesan Catholic military chaplain, testified that he had married Higgins to his first wife.

THE DEMONSTRATED.

The dismantled ship, Foster Rice has completed discharging her cargo of molasses, but nothing has as yet been done in the provision of repairs. The salvage claim of the str. Ocamo against the schooner has not yet been settled.

CANADIAN PACIFIC.

COMMENCING SEPT. 15th AND UNTIL NOVEMBER 30th, 1903
SPECIAL COLONIST RATES
TO THE NORTH PACIFIC COAST AND KOOTENAY POINTS.
FROM ST. JOHN, N. B.

To Nelson, B. C.
Trill, B. C.
Rossland, B. C.
Greenwood, B. C.
Midway, B. C.
Vancouver, B. C.
Victoria, B. C.
New Westminster, B. C.
Seattle and Tacoma, Wash.
Portland, Ore.

Proportionate Rates from and to other points.
Also Rates to points in Colorado, Idaho, Utah, Montana, Washington and California.
For full particulars call on or write to
C. B. FOSTER,
D. F. A. C. P. R. St. John, N. B.

At... Flood's

Wedding Gifts.

At... Flood's

Wedding Gifts.

At... Flood's

Wedding Gifts.

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"ICEBOXING" IN ST. LOUIS CRIME.

Robber Fats Saloon Keeper on Ice and Deputies in Cash Box While Victim Looks On.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 22.—St. Louis crooks have invented a new crime. It is the icebox robbery. It has become the most prevalent form of crime in St. Louis. Its prevalence suggests that it has been worked by a man or gang of men with unusual industry, or that it has made such a hit with the robbers' fraternity that many crooks have taken hold of the invention and have used it for their profit.

It was early in the summer, when the icebox was becoming an indispensable article of furniture, that the scheme was tried by the originator. The pioneer robber entered an all night saloon on a down-town street where the travel was light after midnight, and, pointing a revolver at the face of the barkeeper, remarked:—

"Get into that icebox quick, or I'll blow yer light out. See!"
The barkeeper went into the icebox in haste. The robber slammed the door and gave the imprisoned man to understand, by gesturing, that he would shoot him through the window of the icebox if he did anything.

The barkeeper just shivered and looked at the robber as he proceeded to seize the profits of the night's business. The robber drank to the health of the imprisoned barkeeper, who could only grimace, and could not do that very well, because his teeth were chattering so.

The robber then made more motions to the effect that if the barkeeper did not keep still after his exit he would return and shoot him, and went away. By and by a third man came into the saloon and saw the barkeeper looking through the icebox window, with despair in every lineament. The first impulse of the stranger was to go away, but the barkeeper's revelling and quickly convinced him that he was what was really there, and he hastened to liberate the robber's victim. When his teeth became calm the barkeeper told the man how it had happened, and the day the people of St. Louis had heard of the icebox crime.

Several bartenders who have been imprisoned in iceboxes have been nearly frozen to death.

The robbers' modus operandi has become so well known and the futility of resistance so well understood that it is now only necessary for an iceboxholder to walk in and show his revolver and the barkeeper about faces and marches into the icebox as if he had rehearsed for it.

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OPERA HOUSE.

Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 28 & 29.

Good-bye to LEWIS MORRISON

—IN—

Faust

Prices—25