TWO CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH

SITE FOR SMALL ARM FACTORY AT QUEBEC

Hotel Servant Asphyxiated by Coal Gas—C. P. R. Telegraphers and Their Wages.

Quebec, April 16.—Work was begun yesterday on the plains of Abraham preliminary to laying it out as a national park.

Small Arms Factory.

Sir Charles Ross has selected a spot on the Cave fields for a new small arms factory.

Fire.

Metapedia, April 16.—The Gillies' house and store, Ferguson house and store, Dorian house and store, Catholic church and the residences of Dr. Pinault and Lagace, with all their contents, were destroyed by fire this afternoon. The loss estimated is $75,000, with very little insurance.

Carnegie Library.

Brampton, Ont., April 16.—A Carnegie has offered $10,000 to the town for a library. The offer has been accepted.

Shipbuilder Dead.

Hamilton, April 16.—John Malcolmson, shipbuilder, died here suddenly yesterday.

Sad Tragedy.

Winnipeg, April 16.—At Overmore, about 20 miles from Emerson yesterday, Fred. Fransky, a farmer, and his two small children, a girl aged 5, and an infant son, were severely burned, the children dying of their injuries in a few hours. The family residence took fire in the absence of the parents. Fransky returned in time to rescue the children, but the two youngest were fatally burned, and Fransky himself was so badly burned that he is now in the hospital.

Budget Debate.

In the Northwest assembly yesterday afternoon Hon. A. L. Sifton moved the House into committee of supply. Amongst other items are $30,000 for a general election and $5,000 for Premier Haultain's expenses to the coronation. Mr. McDonald, leader of the opposition, moved an amendment to going into supply, that the government failed to provide a sufficient revenue to supply the needs of the Territories. After a debate the amendment was lost, only six voting for and twenty-six against. The debate on the main motion was continued today.

Lost His Legs.

John Ross, who had just returned from the Yukon, slipped from a train as it was leaving McGregor station last night. Both legs were crushed and amputated below the knees.

One Dead.

St. Mary's, Ont., April 16.—Emma Langford and B. O'Connell, two of the Police hotel's servants, were asphyxiated by coal gas in their rooms last night, the stovepipe passing through their rooms having come apart. Miss Langford was dead when found, but Miss O'Connell is likely to recover. Miss Langford's former home was at Wellburn, in West Missouri.

Marriage.

Ottawa, April 16.—Dr. Hugh Fleming, son of Sir Sandford Fleming, and Miss Ethel Gormully, daughter of J. J. Gormully, K. C., were married to-day. The ceremony in the church of St. Albans was almost fashionable one.

Strike.

Toronto, April 16.—Fifty-seven employees of Sanders, Lorie & Co., manufacturing jewellers, struck to-day for recognition of their union. The firm ordered one of their employees, who is an officer of the union, to resign. He refused, and was discharged.

Nominations.

Nominations to-day for the legislature were: West Toronto—Conservative, Thomas Crawford. North Oxford—Liberal, Andrew Pattullo. East Kent—Liberal, John Lee. North Essex—Liberal, W. J. McKee. All were members of the last legislature.

Postage of Newspapers.

The secretary of the board of trade today received a letter from Postmaster-General Mulock, stating that the British postal authorities held that no change could be made in the postal rates on newspapers to Great Britain without their consent, and that although representations have been made to them in favor of a reduction, their consent has not yet been obtained, the reply being that the British authorities did not see their way clear to make a reduction.

Want Increase.

Montreal, April 16.—A committee representing the C. P. R. telegraphers met C. W. Spencer, general superintendent of Eastern lines this afternoon, and placed before him a copy of their revised schedule embodying demands for increased wages and other concessions. This step is a formality observed by the order of railway telegraphers, and is preliminary to the appearance of a general committee before the management. It is understood the demands made by the order involve a sum exceeding $500,000 per year. There are 12,000 telegraphers employed by the C. P. R.

Iron Moulders' Wages.

Iron moulders have given notice that after May 1st they will demand a minimum wage of $2.50 per day, instead of the present minimum scale of $2.15, and it is just possible one of the largest strikes in the iron industry that has ever taken place in Canada will be inaugurated.

The giraffe will soon die out in Africa.

HAMILTON'S OPERATIONS.

Result of March to Standerton Line—Rumored Hitch in Peace Negotiations.

London, April 15.—The following dispatch dated Pretoria, April 15, has been received at the war office from Lord Kitchener:

"Bruce Hamilton's columns arrived at the Standerton line last night, having taken 145 Boers, including killed and wounded, during the movements from the Middleberg line."

A Hitch.

London, April 16.—The Daily Mail, in its issue of this morning, says that it understands that a serious hitch has occurred in the peace negotiations in South Africa. The cabinet in council has decided to refuse strongly-worded requests from the Boer leaders at Pretoria for an armistice pending the negotiations. This alone is not likely to cause the Boers to withdraw from the conference, says the Daily Mail, but what threatens to stop the negotiations is the fact that the government declines to place the later Cape rebels on the same footing as the burghers with respect to amnesty, and is not inclined to withdraw the banishment proclamation. These features are regarded by the Boers as two cardinal points in the irreducible minimum terms, which Lord Milner, the high commissioner in South Africa, went to Pretoria to ascertain, and in return for which the Boers agree to the loss of independence and a general surrender.

Their other demands, continues the Daily Mail, are that Great Britain shall rebuild and restock the farms, take over the legal claims and liabilities of the two republics and grant a representative government within a shorter period than is now contemplated.

FIRE IN ASSAY OFFICE.

Employees Worked Hard to Prevent Flames Spreading to Public Treasury.

New York, April 16.—Thirty-one million dollars in silver bullion in the assay office at No. 30 Wall street has been in danger of being melted by a fire which burned in one of the basement rooms for two hours. None but the employees knew of the fire, and they finally overcame it without assistance. Next door to the assay office is the public treasury, where the government usually has from $100,000,000 to $200,000,000 stored.

In some way fire in the silver smelter room was communicated to a barrel of lard mixture used in the smelting process. There were 23 barrels of this mixture in the room, and like a flash they were enveloped in a sheet of flame so intense in heat that it was feared the great treasure in the vault of the room would be melted. There was no time to close the steel doors of the vault, as the flames from the barrels were so close that it was impossible for anyone to approach near enough to shut them.

Fifty employees in the basement, thoroughly drilled for such an emergency, were quickly to work, despite the dense smoke. All windows and scuttles were closed to prevent giving the alarm to the public, and when, after two hours' hard work, the last vestige of the fire had disappeared, windows opening at the rear were used to carry out the smoke.

CABINET MEETING.

Communications From South Africa Were Considered To-Day.

London, April 16.—The British cabinet held another meeting to-day for the purpose of considering a communication from the Boer representatives who are now at Pretoria, and a message from Lord Milner, the British high commissioner in South Africa. The session was extremely brief.

After the cabinet meeting Lord Salisbury, the premier, had an audience with King Edward at Buckingham Palace, and stayed to lunch with His Majesty. The latter afterwards went to Sandringham.

Later it was asserted that the communication from Lord Milner considered at the cabinet meeting contained the first clear statement of the attitude of the Boer leaders, who hitherto had not agreed to the peace terms they would accept.

The St. James Gazette predicts an early public announcement of the progress of the peace negotiations. The paper says there is little doubt that if the British and Boers arrive at an understanding on the main points of the proposals peace will ensue. The banishment proclamation will be withdrawn and minor points, like restoring the farms, will be referred to a board composed of British and Boer representatives.

MURDER OF MINISTER.

Spigiguino's Assassin Says He Committed Act for Revenge.

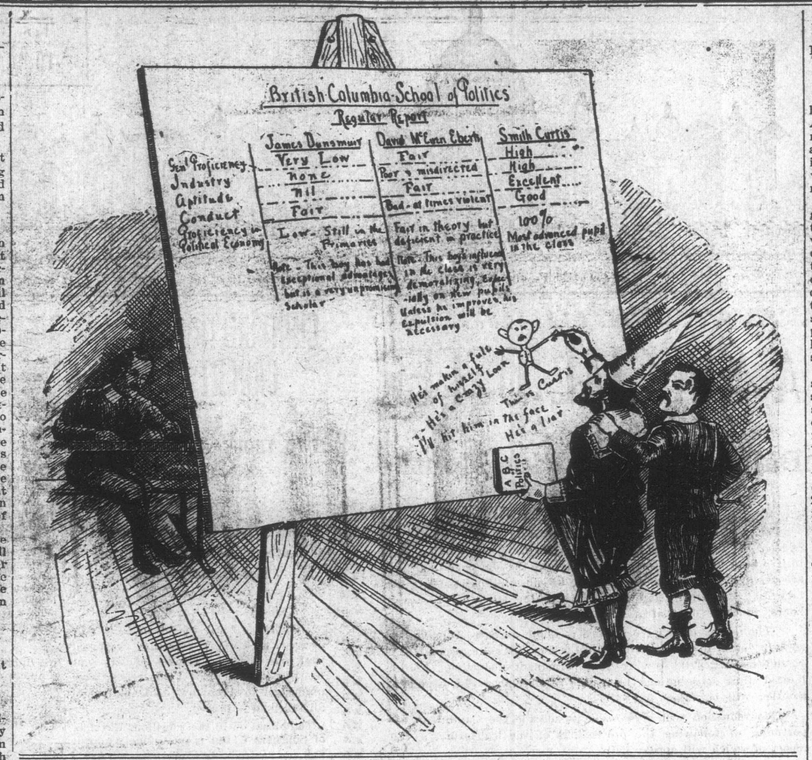
St. Petersburg, April 15.—Later particulars of the murder of M. Sipiaguino, minister of the interior, state that M. Sipiaguino was on his way to attend a meeting of the committee of ministers. He had just entered the office of the Imperial Council when the assassin, who had driven up in a carriage, approached and handed him a folded paper, saying he had been charged to deliver it by the Grand Duke Sergius. The minister stretched out his hand to take the document when the assassin fired five shots at him. Three of the bullets struck M. Spiaguino, and one wounded his servant.

The assassin did not resist arrest. He said his name was Balschansit, and that he was a student at Kieff, where he was sentenced to compulsory military service for participation in the riots of 1901. He said that he was subsequently pardoned, but that he had not been reinstated at the university, and that he therefore revenged himself upon M. Sipiaguino. The minister was taken to the hospital Maximilianovsk, where he died in one hour.

IF IT'S CATARRH HERE IS A CURE.

RELIEF IN 10 MINUTES.

Too many people daily with catarrh. It strikes one like a thunderclap, develops with a rapidity that no other disease does. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is the radical, quick, safe and pleasant cure that the disease demands. Use the means, prevent its deep-seating and years of distress. Don't daily with catarrh. Agnew's gives relief in ten minutes. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—17.



THE FIGHTING ON SPION KOP, NATAL

OFFICIAL DISPATCHES WERE ISSUED TO-DAY

Roberts Declares Buller's Endeavor to Put Responsibility on Warren Not Justifiable.

London, April 17.—All the official dispatches referring to the defeat sustained by the British troops under General Buller at Spion Kop, Natal, on January 24th, 1900, was given out this morning. Those hitherto unpublished merely emphasize how hopelessly muddled were the preparations for that engagement. The controversy between General Buller and General Sir Charles Warren is proved to have been even more bitter than previously hinted at, while a new extract from one of Lord Roberts's dispatches brings additional censure on General Buller.

Lord Roberts declares that General Buller's endeavor to put the responsibility for the defeat on General Warren was not justifiable. Roberts holds that it was Buller's duty to intervene when he saw that things were going wrong.

This remark was caused by a dispatch from Buller in which he says: "I saw no attempt on the part of Warren to either grapple with the situation or command his force himself. We lost our chance by Warren's slowness. He seems to me to be a man who can do well what he can do himself, but who cannot command. I can never employ him again in an independent command. I ought to have assumed command myself when I saw things were not going well. I blame myself now for not doing so."

Buller explains that he failed to supercede Warren because it might have discredited the latter with the troops, which was an especially serious matter, as if Buller had been shot Warren would have succeeded to the command.

The question of the responsibility for the actual retreat from Spion Kop is shrouded in a maze of dispatches, proving that a mistake was made in sending out a heliograph, and there was a general desire to shirk the onus.

CONVENTION CLOSED.

Kamloops, April 17.—The Labor convention, which was brought to a close last night, is pronounced the most successful affair of the kind ever held in the province. Perfect harmony prevailed throughout the entire proceedings, and delegates left for home well pleased with the result of the labors. The permanent officers elected at last night's session are: Chris. Foley, president; Jas. Wilkes, vice-president; J. D. McNiven, secretary-treasurer. The executive committee is as follows: J. H. Watson, Vancouver; H. Buckle, Nanaimo; D. W. Stevens, Kamloops; T. Buckton, Phoenix. The party will be known as the Provincial Progressive party. The executive met to-day to perfect arrangements for carrying out the wishes of the convention.

QUEEN WILHELMINA.

Amsterdam, April 17.—The cause of Queen Wilhelmina's illness is a miscarriage. An official bulletin published today says Her Majesty passed a somewhat less tranquil night. The fever, however, has not increased and her condition is comparatively satisfactory.

Afternoon Bulletin.

Amsterdam, April 17.—A bulletin from Castle Loo at 3 p.m. to-day says: "Since morning there has been no change in Queen Wilhelmina's condition. The fever continues."

Prof. Roosenstein, the pathologist of Leyden university, was called in for consultation because the attending physicians feared that pneumonia might set in.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Britain Accepts Germany's Proposal to Hold an International Conference.

Berlin, April 16.—Great Britain has accepted Germany's proposition for an international conference to regulate wireless telegraphy. The other powers of the proposition, the United States, France and Russia, have not yet responded, but the officials confidently expect favorable answers, especially from the United States, which has taken such interest in the matter.

Germany's suggestion embraces merely calling a conference, but without definitely formulated propositions for discussion. Germany has also asked the powers to set forth in their answers if they wished Germany to formulate propositions to lay before the conference or leave the matter entirely to the conference.

NORWEGIAN MINISTERS

Have Resigned—President of the Storthing to Form New Cabinet.

Christiania, Norway, April 16.—At today's session of the Council of State, the Norwegian premier, Johanes W. C. Steen, resigned, and the other ministers then placed their portfolios at the disposal of the Crown Prince Gustaf, who is acting as regent. Later the regent invited C. C. Berner, the president of the Storthing, to form a new cabinet.

RAILWAY MEETING.

Albany, N. Y., April 16.—The stockholders of the New York Central & Hudson River Railway Company met in this city to-day, holding their annual election of directors and two special meetings. The old board of directors was re-elected. At one of the special meetings authority was given to increase the capital stock of the company from $115,000,000 to $150,000,000, and at the other a new lease of the Mohawk & Malone railroad in substitution for the present one made in 1893 was approved. About $76,000,000 of the capital stock was represented and voted upon. Senator Depew voted the American proxies and the foreign proxies were voted by Mr. Temple Bowdin, of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.

The Dinner Pail

Of the American working man is generally well filled. In some cases it is too well filled. It contains too many kinds of food, and very often the food is of the wrong kind—hard to digest and containing little nutrition. As a consequence many a working man develops some form of stomach trouble which interferes with his health and reduces his working capacity.

Where there is indigestion or any other indication of disease of the stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition, the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will almost invariably produce a perfect and permanent cure.

MR. THOMAS A. Swarts, of Sub Station C, Columbus, O., Box 103, writes: "I was taken with severe headache, then cramps in the stomach, and my food would not digest; then kidney and liver trouble and my back got weak so I could scarcely get around. At last I had all the complaints at once, the more I doctored the worse I got—until six years passed. I had become so poorly I could only walk in the house by the aid of a chair, and I got so thin I had *given up to die*, thinking that I could not be cured. Then one of my neighbors said, 'Take my advice and take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and make a new man out of yourself.' The first bottle helped me so I thought I would get another, and after I had taken eight bottles in about six weeks, I was weighed, and found I had gained twenty-seven (27) pounds. I am as stout and healthy to-day, I think, as I ever was."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

BRIEF MEETING OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Business at the Monthly Session of Hospital Management Disposed of in Short Order.

The board of Jubilee Hospital directors held their regular monthly meeting in the board of trade rooms last evening, when Messrs. Helmcken, Brett, Davies, Forman, Wilson, Braverman, Dr. Hazell and Secretary Elworthy were present. In the absence of the president, C. A. Holland, H. D. Helmcken, vice-president, took the chair.

Communications were taken up after the adoption of the minutes. The city clerk wrote acknowledging the receipt of a letter from the secretary of the board requesting a special grant of $1,000. The letter has been referred to the finance committee.

Reginald Macdonald wrote the doctor thanking him for the treatment he and his wife received while in the hospital, and also paying a tribute to the management of the institution.

The resident medical doctor reported that during the month of March the number of patients admitted were 46; number treated, 94; total days' stay, 1,436; daily number of patients, 43.20. Received and filed.

Charles Steers, the handy man, wrote asking for an increase of salary from $40 to $60 a month. This was referred to the finance committee.

E. P. Alcorn, the matron, acknowledged with thanks the following contributions to the hospital: Mrs. H. D. Helmcken, papers and magazines; Mrs. Rocke Robertson, magazines; C. A. Holland, books and magazines; friends, per E. & N. railway, box of lilies; Gerald Bolton, flowers. On behalf of the nurses she acknowledged with thanks the receipt of a "ping pong" table for use of nurses when off duty.

Robt. Jenkinson, the steward, reported that supplies were being received satisfactorily and acknowledged a donation of two cases of Malt Breakfast Food from Henderson Bros. Received, filed and donors thanked.

The finance committee reported that the accounts for March amounted to $1,809.99, and that salaries for same month, amounting to $780.50, were paid on due date. The total days' stay for March was 1,436 and the average per diem cost per patient was $1.84. This was received and filed.

Mrs. J. D. Pemberton, it was reported by the doctor, had presented the hospital with a splendid picture of J. D. Pemberton. A vote of thanks was tendered the donor.

The house committee submitted its report, which stated that a general plan had been decided upon for changing the recovery into sterilizing rooms. A bill of $15 was presented as being due to Miss A. Woodrow for nursing a patient. It appeared not to have been clear to the staff that when private patients require special nurses the hospital is not responsible for their pay. The patient or the patient's friends, the committee stated, generally request the matron to engage the nurse, they suggested the advisability of having notices printed and put up in each private room, as well as in the office, making the position in this matter perfectly clear.

R. L. Day, not being present, supplemented the report of the house committee with a written report stating that he had carefully examined the interior of the hospital, and in his opinion every part required re-painting and general renovating. In reference to the sterilizing plant he stated that S. Shore had generators on hand which he would sell at half cost. This was received and laid on the table.

Owing to the reports which have been circulated to the effect that the board is asking more aid for the maintenance of the hospital from the government than they are getting from the citizens of Victoria, a memorandum was submitted giving figures to show that of the total cost of the support of the institution, which was in the neighborhood of $304,000, this city contributed about $169,000. This will be forwarded to the Finance Minister.

It was decided on motion that all meetings commencing next month should be held at the Jubilee Hospital. The meeting then adjourned.

THE STRIKE IN BELGIUM.

Report That Three Million Men Are Idle—Serious Disorders.

Brussels, April 16.—Serious disorders have occurred in the coalfields of Seraing. A detachment of Lancers was compelled repeatedly to charge a mob numbering about 2,000 persons, engaged in throwing stones at the troops. Many people were injured. The cafes in which the rioters took refuge were sacked.

The diplomatic, private and public galleries of the Chamber of Representatives were filled to their capacity to-day, when the debate on the proposed revision of the constitution began. M. Berneart, the former president of the Chamber, opened the discussion. He was frequently interrupted by M. Van der Veldt, the Socialist leader, with periodical shouts of "Universal suffrage is supreme!" M. Berneart expressed the belief that the present Belgian electoral system was satisfactory.

After the speech of M. Berneart and a speech delivered by M. Feron, Progressionist, which monopolized the entire session, and fell very flat, the opening day of the great debate on the proposed revision of the constitution ended in what was almost a fiasco.

The promised great demonstration in the streets on the adjournment dwindled down to the appearance of 200 persons, who accompanied the Socialist deputies to the office of their organ, Le Peuple, where M. Van der Velde addressed the crowd from a window.

It is estimated to-night that nearly 3,000,000 men have gone on strike. The movement is well organized, but as the men are short of funds, it has been arranged that in all trades in which the cessation of operations would incommode the public, such as bakers, etc., the men shall continue working, and contribute to the support of others.

At Ververs, near Liege, the Socialists have persuaded the taverns to close their doors in order to keep the idle men from the temptation of liquor.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

No Definite Developments Have Yet Been Reported.

London, April 16.—The Associated Press has excellent authority for saying that up to a late hour to-night there have been no definite developments in the matter of the Boer-British peace negotiations. The Associated Press learns that Lord Milner, the high commissioner in South Africa, has defined certain propositions upon which peace may be secured almost immediately, but the cabinet is said to have disagreed upon the merits of Lord Milner's terms at its meeting to-day.

"Sparring for time," best describes the present status of the negotiations, neither side being willing to risk a decision which would break off the present conference. An agreement may be reached at any moment, but this is more likely to be the result of semi-independent action by Lord Milner and Lord Kitchener at Pretoria than the rather involved conditions of the cabinet at London.

The broad lines of Great Britain's terms are now known to the government representatives at Pretoria. Upon these representatives the cabinet is apparently shifting the responsibility of taking advantage of all opportunities providing no cardinal principles be sacrificed.

The government has ordered that the cable and telegraph lines between London and Pretoria be kept clear to insure the most prompt transmission of Lord Kitchener's messages.

There is good reason to believe that the Boers are vigorously demanding a representative government, and that this demand is opposed with equal vigor by the British representatives. It is understood that the Boers strongly object to the long delay proposed by Great Britain before a representative government be granted the former republics and that they also insist that the number of Boer seats in the council be specified.

It is understood that the cabinet will reassemble to-morrow to discuss the matter further.

"DAL" HAWKINS DEFEATED.

Seattle, April 16.—"Dal" Hawkins went down to defeat before Perry Queen at the armory after one of the prettiest fights ever pulled off in Seattle. The end came with startling suddenness.

Both men were fighting fast and going strong in the thirteenth round, when, just at the close, Perry caught Hawkins a terrific blow in the stomach. The old fighter bent nearly double, and the bell save him from going out in that round.

Hawkins was plainly worried when he came out of his corner for the fourteenth, but went to defeat with gameness. Perry tipped a terrific right to "Dal's" body. He swayed and saved himself from going to the floor only by spreading his legs. Queen was after him like a tiger. He sent a long right to the jaw and followed with a right to the same spot. "Dal" went to the floor with a crash. His head struck first and he was counted out.

A PRINCE ALBERT LADY SAYS: "I Have Great Faith in Diamond Dyes."

To the wise woman who buys good material, Diamond Dyes are a necessity to the economy of the household, and by using these dyes many perplexing problem are solved. It is here that good judgment and management can save much, while the thoughtless and extravagant keep themselves hopelessly poor.

Mrs. G. S. Peok, Prince Albert, N.W. T., says: "I am very pleased with the success I have had with Diamond Dyes. I have used the Black for Wool on many occasions, and always got a lovely fast black that kept its bright and full color as long as the goods held together. I dyed a heliotrope cashmere dress for my little girl; it took a rich Cardinal, very even in color, and that stands washing. I have great faith in Diamond Dyes."

If you delight in home Mat and Rug making, send your address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P.Q., and be supplied free of cost with the new designs of the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns which are ready for hooking.

CANNERS CONFER WITH GOVERNMENT

REGARDING QUESTION OF FORESHORE RIGHTS

Strongly Urge That All Have Equal Opportunity to Secure Trap Sites.

A large and influential deputation from the British Columbia Canners' Association had a lengthy conference with the government this morning. The deputation was introduced by Thos. Kidd., M. P. P., and was composed of D. Bell-Irving, Vancouver; Alex. Ewen, New Westminster; W. McPherson, E. E. Evans, G. I. Wilson, J. E. McRae, N. D. Burdis, Vancouver; and R. J. Ker, of R. P. Rithet & Co., Victoria.

The primary object of the conference was to secure from the government some definite statement regarding the recent notice lifting the reserve of the foreshores. The canners feared that as already notices for foreshore leases had been given and others were likely to follow, that the government might lease the only available trap sites without giving the canners an opportunity to secure the same. The canners made no unreasonable demands upon the government, nor did they ask for any special privileges. They urged that the provincial government take no action until the Dominion government had definitely decided as to whether fish traps were to be allowed or not. If the federal authorities decided in favor of traps, then the provincial government should act upon a well considered plan of action. The canners suggested that if the government were desirous of giving equal rights to all and showing no preference to any one, the best way would be to put up foreshore rights at public auction. They did not insist upon this as being the only method of dealing with the important question, but they strongly urged that in no event should the fish trap sites be given away without giving those engaged in the canning industry a fair opportunity to secure the same.

The government did not give the deputation any definite answer. They promised to take the matter into their earnest consideration, and to give an answer early next week.

Some members of the Canners' Association were seen by a Times representative this morning and asked regarding the proposed amalgamation of the canning interests in the province. While rather reticent about expressing an opinion regarding the progress of the negotiations, it was learned that the recent action of the government in lifting the reserve on foreshore rights had tended to stampede the Eastern capitalists, and they were rather loath about investing their money in the industry until the policy of the government in reference to fish trap sites is definitely announced. Should the government give all an equal chance to secure fish trap sites, it is understood that Eastern capital will still be forthcoming for the consolidation, but if the sites are to be given to the particular friends of the government, the large amount of money that was available for investment in this province will be diverted to some other channel.

CANADIAN NEWS.

New Commander of 65th Regiment—Charge Against Railway Conductor.

Montreal, April 17.—Militia orders today announce the appointment of Major F. S. McKay to the command of the 65th Regiment, and Major G. W. Stephens to command the field battery, vice Major Costigan, resigned.

New Manager.

Toronto, April 17.—W. Duperow, chief clerk in the office of M. C. Dickson, district passenger agent, Grand Trunk, has resigned, and has accepted the position of general manager and secretary-treasurer of the Huntsville & Lake of the Bays Navigation Company, with headquarters at Huntsville.

Stricken With Paralysis.

Kingston, Ont., April 17.—Rev. Dr. Campbell, agent of the Presbyterian twentieth century fund, is reported to have been stricken with paralysis.

Conductor Committed.

Halifax, N. S., April 17.—Conductor Craigie, of the I. C. R., has been committed at St. Peters, C. B., to the Supreme court on a charge of causing the death of Capt. August Stewart, whom he put off the train. A fast freight came along and killed him.

TO STOP SMUGGLING.

Mounted Police Will Be Placed on Duty Along Boundary of Alberta.

Vancouver, April 17.—Steamer North Pacific is going on the Seattle-Vancouver run on May 1st, to alternate with the Mainlander, giving a daily service between the two cities.

J. C. Bourinot, son of Sir John Bourinot, who has been here and in Victoria for a week, left this afternoon with several mounted policemen for Calgary, from which place he will organize an expedition to stop wholesale smuggling across the border into the United States in Southern Alberta.

Vera Holmes attempted suicide this morning by poisoning. She will probably die.

The Full court to-day gave judgment for the defendant, upholding the Yukon Territorial court decision in Davignon vs. Jones.

DEATH OR LUNACY seemed the only alternative for a well known and highly respected lady of Wingham, Ont., who had travelled over two continents in a vain search for a cure for nervous debility and dyspepsia. A friend recommended South American Nervine. One bottle helped, six bottles cured, and her own written testimony closes with these words: "It has saved my life." Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—20.