

BY-LAW FOR MOTOR BUSESSES

This and Other Matters Dealt With by the Common Council.

The new by-law governing the licensing and operation of motor buses was passed yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the common council. The commission of public safety was authorized to call for tenders for the installation of an elevator in city hall. The commissioner of harbors was authorized to call for tenders for the painting of sheds for tenders for the painting of sheds on the west side. The request of Messrs. Armstrong & Bruce for sewerage and water connection with lots in Dufferin avenue was considered, and the city engineer was instructed to prepare plans and an estimate of the cost. Three-way hydrants were ordered installed in Protection street and in the yard proper at Sand Point. The matter of Imperial Oil Company's trucks crossing the ferry while loaded was discussed, and it was decided that empty trucks might use the ferry, but that the floats were too light for loaded trucks.

Soldiers' Memorial.

A communication was received from the West St. John Soldiers' Picquet Committee asking permission to erect a monument in Tilley square, West St. John. The request was referred to the committee of the whole. Mr. Thornton then moved that the council go into committee of the whole to consider the motor bus regulations. Dr. J. B. M. Baxter, K. C., the city solicitor, was present and proposed that the routes to be covered by the buses should be prescribed by the mayor. He said that the routes should be laid out so as to serve the greatest number of citizens. Other minor changes in the wording of some of the sections were adopted to make the meaning of the sections more definite.

In regard to the section in regard to buses stopping near the white poles of the street railway company, F. A. Campbell, president of the Union Bus Company, said that the traveling public had decided not to use the street cars and were using the buses and it was not right to make the people walk fifty or sixty feet through the mud or slush. He said that the adoption of the section would be an inconvenience to the public. Mr. Thornton thought there would be friction should the cars and buses stop at the same point. It was decided that if the street cars were using the first corner for stop the buses could cross the intersecting street and use the further corner for their stop.

The amount of the fine for violation of the rules was placed at \$10. On motion, the committee arose and went into council session when, on motion of Mr. Thornton, the by-law was given its first reading. It was considered as read a second time and the motion that it be passed and ordained was carried. The law became effective when it has been signed by the mayor. On motion of Mr. Thornton, permission was granted to James A. Cooper to erect a 400 gallon gasoline tank and pump on his premises at 23 Westmorland road, provided the pump and tank be approved by the board of fire underwriters. Permission also was given to A. M. Rowan to erect a 500 gallon gasoline tank at 331 Main street, with the same proviso.

On motion of Mr. Prink, he was given authority to purchase a pair of manure jaws for stone crusher No. 1 at a cost not to exceed \$200, plus sales tax. On the recommendation of Mr. Jones, the tender of B. and S. H. Thompson, of Montreal, representatives of English manufacturers, to furnish 5000 feet cast iron pipe at \$65.40 a ton, including freight, sales tax, etc., and delivered at St. John, was accepted.

Mr. Jones was authorized to go ahead with the work of laying a nine-inch terra cotta sewer pipe from the head of North wharf to Nelson street at an estimated cost of \$435.

FEWER MILLIONAIRES.

New York State Had \$1 in 1917 and 25 in 1919.

New York, Aug. 31.—New York state's crop of million-dollar income dropped from 81 to 25 between 1917 and 1919, according to figures made public by the Bureau of Internal Revenue. Only three persons in the state reported incomes as high as \$5,000,000 during 1919. The average net income of taxpayers was \$8,599 or \$1,096 more than the average for the United States at large.

Child Welfare Concourse Saint John Exhibition

MOTHERS! What About YOUR BABY? Is it free from defects with which over 60 per cent. of babies are afflicted? You are not sure are you? Then why not become so? HOW? By writing Mrs. A. W. Estey, 321 Douglas Avenue, St. John, for an appointment for Examination by a "Baby Specialist." WHEN? Any afternoon that you choose as most convenient to you from Monday, September 5, to Saturday, September 10 inclusive. HOUR? Three to Five O'Clock each afternoon. AGE? All Babies between the age of 2 months to 2 years inclusive. Your communication will be answered immediately, assuring you of your appointment. FREE TO EVERYBODY!

CITIZENS! We are pleased to announce that Miss Gertrude Hasbrouck, New York City, the celebrated Child Welfare Lecturer and Demonstrator will speak each afternoon during Exhibition.

WESTFIELD CIRCUIT REPORTS RECEIVED

Afternoon Session of the St. John Financial Methodist District—Address by Rev. H. A. Goodwin.

At the afternoon session of the St. John Financial Methodist district reports were received from the Westfield circuit regarding the crisis through which the circuit is passing as a result of the recent fire. A resolution of sympathy was passed to the circuit recommending that special measures be taken to cope with the situation. Rev. H. E. Thomas and Alfred Burley, together with the chairman of the district, were appointed a committee to visit the weaker circuits. The various missions within the district were carefully discussed, and reports from these fields were reviewed and certain grants in aid were recommended to the mission board.

Gordon Stevens, who has been responsible for the Sunday services on the St. Martin's mission, is to take pastoral oversight of that field during the present year if the recommendations of the district with reference to the matter are favorably received by the home mission board. A deputation consisting of E. D. Babcock, Frank Godwin, Mrs. F. Godwin, Mrs. Harrigan and Mrs. Babcock appeared before the meeting to present the needs of Little River. The matter was very carefully considered and, on motion, was referred to the St. John Methodist Ministerial Association in consultation with the chairman of the district.

Rev. Robert Smart was elected district secretary of religious education. On motion, the invitation of Rev. J. Heaney for the district to hold its November sessions in the Carleton W. E. church was unanimously accepted. In the evening Rev. H. A. Goodwin addressed the meeting, predicting a wave of spirituality. He made reference to the coming referendum on the importation of liquor. In the discussion which followed Rev. Messrs. Lattimer, Heaney, Dawson, Shanklin, Lanson and Ross took part. The meeting closed with prayer by Rev. George F. Dawson.

AVIATOR SAVES THREE WOMEN

Drops Inflated Auto Inner Tubes to Them as They are in Danger in Water.

Hampton Beach, N. H., Aug. 31.—Inflated automobile inner tubes dropped from a low-flying airplane saved the lives of three young women who were struggling in the churning water near the beach, according to a report here. Miss Marcelle Moxley of North Andover, Mass., was drowned. A number of bathers sought refuge on shore and unable to swim back. Life guards were beaten back in their first efforts to rescue them and Miss Moxley sank.

Aviator J. F. Blake of Wellesley, Mass., was making a flight near the beach, saw the predicament of the bathers, and bringing his plane down close to the water, he and his mechanic, Clifton Kemp of Concord, managed to drop the tubes close to the three girls. They were able to reach them, but they were unconscious when brought ashore. They were soon revived.

MORE WITNESSES IN MURDER TRIAL

At the hearing of Millett Stewart, charged with the murder of James Ross at Neguac, in the police court at Neguac yesterday, several witnesses said that they had heard Stewart threaten to do bodily harm to Ross. Dr. Loggie said that the wound could not have been self-inflicted. Clyde Munro said that Stewart and Ross had trouble over an account. Stewart had said he would shoot Ross. Witness admitted that he was not good friends with Stewart, but said that he was not a voluntary witness. Lewis Martin said that at noon on the day of the murder he had seen Stewart at the latter's home. Then Stewart had taken a gun out of the house and put it under some bushes near the Stymest shack. Mrs. Stewart was with him. He had a sharp-pointed knife in his pocket. Martin saw no evidence of drinking that day, nor did he hear any threats about Ross.

Samuel Savoy said that Ross showed him a knife on the day of the murder and said that he would butcher Ross with it. Matthew La Tulippe said that Stewart wanted him to take a stone weighing about four pounds, and when people were not looking, to hit Ross. Several other witnesses gave minor evidence and the case was adjourned to meet again this morning.

SHIPPING

ALMANAC FOR ST. JOHN, AUG. 31. A.M. - P.M. High Tide... 10.45 Low Tide... 5.09 Sun Rises... 6.40 Sun Sets... 7.57 (Time used is daylight saving.)

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Sailed Yesterday. Schr. Abbie S. Stubbs, 295, Peabody, for New York.

CANADIAN PORTS. Quebec, Aug. 30.—Ard, str. Canadian Warrior, Sydney; sid. str. Maskinonge, Halifax.

BRITISH PORTS. Merville, Aug. 29.—Ard str. Algeria New York.

FOREIGN PORTS. Southampton, Aug. 30.—Ard, str. Aquitania, New York. New York, Aug. 30.—Ard, steamer Scythia, Liverpool; Mongalia, Danzig; Olympic, Southampton; King Alexander, Souda; Hesperia, Souda; Havana, Trieste, Aug. 27.—Ard, str. Calabria, New York.

MORNING NEWS OVER THE WIRE

The engineers and firemen of the Great Northern Irish Railway, who struck on Monday night in protest against a dispute with the management, returned to their posts yesterday on the advice of their officers. The schooner Con Rein, owned in La Have, N. S., was sunk recently in collision with the submarine K-4 off Block Island. The crew was brought to New London, Conn., on the submarine. It is reported that Rev. W. Haythorne Waite, rector at Moose Factory, on the James River, who was injured recently, ended his suffering with a bullet. He sustained a compound fracture of his shoulder while helping to move a piano, and lay for weeks without medical attention. While delirious with the pain he took his life. The Mariners National Bank, of St. John, was closed by a national bank examiner on account of an alleged shortage of \$200,000. Sylvania Heald, cashier of the institution, is under arrest.

George Louder, of Summerside, convicted of the murder of Donald Barry, an aged resident of Pictou, was hanged early this morning at Pictou. Louder confessed and was convicted on an appeal for clemency, which was refused. EXTENSION POSTPONED. The London Liquor Hours Will Be Maintained. London, Aug. 31.—New rules issued by the Home Secretary postponed thrice anticipated extension of liquor hours. Even the Midnight Supper Drink Act comes into force on September 1. Those already holding licenses must apply for permission to sell liquor during the extended sessions in September, and must notify the local police superintendent of the Midnight Supper Drink Act in the city of London before September 1, and in the west and before October 1.

Before applications for licenses are granted both the police and justices of the peace must be satisfied that the applicant is a fit and proper person. This may lead to trouble, where the applicant is a publican, who is the same street, may be situated in different licensing areas and dependent on the discretion of the magistrates for the new privileges. G. T. P. INTEREST ARREARS. London Observer Comments on Payments Delinquent. London, Aug. 31.—The Observer's financial editor, regarding a payment due next Thursday on Grand Trunk Pacific debentures, now two and a half years in arrears, says: "The impression among circles in touch with the situation is that the Canadian government will do nothing until the arbitrators have handed down their award, although there is a chance that the government might make an advance payment in view of the hardship imposed on thousands of small investors on this side. It is, however, a very slender chance, for payment might be said to be a tacit admission of liability, which the government, for some reason, has never yet made."

TO MOVE VILLAGE A MILE.

Steel Corporation Orders Hibbing (Minn.) Placed on New Site. Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 31.—The United States Steel Corporation is going to undertake the task of moving a whole town—Hibbing, the world's richest village—located in the centre of the great iron range of the Mesabi Range of northern Minnesota. Within six months this noted village known the world over wherever steel is made, will be a mile away from the site of its birth, and the great corporation's steel shovels will be digging one where old Hibbing stood. An engineer of the Steel Corporation said today that he was seated in his office in New York recently when a phone call summoned him to the office of Judge Gary, Chairman of the Board. He was in Mr. Gary's office only two minutes, but in those two minutes he was asked a half dozen questions bearing on the topography of Hibbing, the town founded by the late Henry W. Oliver of Pittsburgh, and there was instructed to "put that town on the move and keep it on the move until you have it a mile away"—and there were no further instructions. And now Hibbing is to be "put on the move." When settled down on its new site it is to be known as "New Hibbing."

COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN

Will Enter Candidates for Coming N. Y. Election. New York, Aug. 31.—Communists in New York plan to enter their first political campaign this fall with a municipal ticket under the name of the "Workers of the League of Greater New York." Candidates were selected at a convention attended by several hundred radicals, and it was announced that a petition would be circulated to have their names placed on the ballot. Hostility to the Socialist Party was said by speakers to have inspired the move. Benjamin Gittow, former assemblyman, recently convicted of criminal anarchy, was nominated for mayor by his mother, and his candidacy was unanimously approved by the convention. One woman was placed on the ticket—Hrs. Vose Factor Stokes, former borough president of Manhattan.

\$10,000 COFFIN FIRE TIES UP STREET CARS

Blaze in National Casket Co. Building—One Man Killed in Tenement Fire.

New York, Aug. 31.—Surface car traffic on 125th street was tied up for more than half an hour by a fire which burned out the two upper floors of a three-story building at 151 East 125th street, occupied by the National Casket Company. A number of coffins and a quantity of undertaker's material were burned. The fire spread to the top floor of 183 East 125th street, also occupied by the National Casket Company. The damage was estimated at more than \$10,000. John Gildak, Jr., thirty-one years old, was killed by a fire in his apartment on the fourth floor of a five-story tenement at 401 East 125th street. Gildak was apparently overcome by smoke while asleep in bed. The fire was discovered by his father, who with the aid of other tenants and policemen Stokes and Kilduff confined the fire to the bedroom until the firemen arrived and extinguished it.

Three clothes lines, knotted together, permitting the escape of five persons from the top floor of a two-story building at 153 Twenty-fourth street, Brooklyn, after their escape had been cut off by a fire which burned out the first floor. Policeman Michael Palladino of the Fourth Avenue station, directed the firemen to the second story, enabled Stanley Stankov to lower his four children and then slide down the rope himself. Three clothes lines, knotted together, permitting the escape of five persons from the top floor of a two-story building at 153 Twenty-fourth street, Brooklyn, after their escape had been cut off by a fire which burned out the first floor. Policeman Michael Palladino of the Fourth Avenue station, directed the firemen to the second story, enabled Stanley Stankov to lower his four children and then slide down the rope himself.

KNOCKED INSIDE COFFIN.

Priests Read Service Over Apparently Dead Woman. Toledo, Aug. 31.—The story of a Japanese woman who knocked at the lid of her coffin after it had been sealed and prepared for burial, has been received here by the Japan Times and Mail. It is stated that the woman apparently died one morning at 5 o'clock, and arrangements were immediately made for the funeral. Priests were sent for and the usual service read over the coffin. Suddenly the priests and others heard a feeble knocking inside the coffin. The lid was removed, and the mourners found the woman was alive. They called her name, and she replied: "I'm thirsty. Give me water." Water was given her, and she was removed to her bed.

READY-MADES FOR \$1 1/2.

Vienna, Aug. 31.—The offer of a British consular agent to sell in Vienna 400,000 ready-made suits of men's clothes at \$1 and ten shillings each has been occupying more space in the newspapers than the disturbed political situation. The entire Vienna press, backed by the countless civil servants and workmen's co-operative societies, is demanding the deal be permitted, pointing out that native tailors charge at least 10.000 crowns for a suit of equal quality, while the British offer equals about 4,500 crowns.

KU KLUX KLAN AGAIN ACTIVE

Spreading Terror Once More in the Southern States of the Union.

(Toronto Mail and Empire). Once more the Ku Klux Klan spreads terror in the Southern States and the authorities are either unable or unwilling to suppress it. Men are tarred and feathered, women are driven out of town, and offences against society, which the law does not recognize as crimes, are severely punished. In the old days the sole victims of the Klan were negroes. The association was formed in order that the negroes, newly emancipated and exulting in their freedom, might be taught that the white man remained his master. The Klan succeeded in terrifying the negroes, and there are those who say it rendered a valuable service to the white race. Later on it became the medium through which private grudges were paid off and a cloak for violence and robbery. This led to it being disbanded at the order of General Bedford Forrest, who was the Wizard of the Klan. Recently it has been revived in several southern states, and it is said to have a secret membership even in the north.

Stands For Americanism.

It is difficult to understand the reason for its existence, though the officers in their advertisements, practice loudly and openly acknowledge its lawless activities. Apparently they do not believe that the existing laws are sufficient for the needs of the community or that the police are numerous enough. Therefore, it has undertaken to punish those who do not satisfactorily represent 100 per cent. red-blooded, two-fisted, out and out Americanism. If a white man is considered too friendly with the negroes, he is tarred and feathered. If a woman is suspected of loose conduct, she, too, is castigated. A negro bell boy, accused of intimacy with a white woman, was branded with the dread letters, K. K. K., on his forehead. The Klan, in fact, aspires to be a sort of vigilante committee, operating without regard to the law of the land. It is a judge and jury. It does not encourage its victims to make a defence, but explains this on the ground that it never takes action until it is absolutely sure of the facts, a course which is satisfactory to its members, but not to those who run foul of its unknown rules and regulations.

War Veterans a Victim.

Sometimes outrages ascribed to the Klan are denied by it. Sometimes it openly acknowledges its lawless activities. Not long ago at Beaumont, Texas, Dr. J. S. Paul and R. F. Scott, a war veteran, were tarred and feathered. The charge was that they had been concerned in performing an illegal operation. The local Klan did not deny the act, but defended it. Then the Wizard of the national order, Col. William J. Simmons, published a sensational statement in which he repudiated the local branch and declared that he would give the names of the ruffians involved in the attack to the police. Whether he did so is not known. Nobody has been arrested, but both the victims have been warned to leave town. Scott has gone, but Paul remains, and whenever he appears on the street, is accompanied by an armed bodyguard. In fifty-seven cases of lawless acts committed by the

Proper care will save your complexion. You need have no fear of exposure to sun or wind if your toilet includes the daily use of DAGGETT-RAMSDELL'S PERFECT COLD CREAM. Women in all walks of life have discovered this, and are daily users of this cold cream. Tan and sunburn disappear under its use, because the restoration of the health of the skin removes them in the natural way. A jar of tube should be on your toilet. Sold at all drug stores and toilet goods counters. Palmers Limited 100 Latour Street Montreal. Canadian Distributors.

Klan in a short period, only one arrest has been made. This means, of course, that the police believe the members to be influential politically. Since they appear only when masked and garbed fantastically, it is impossible to be certain of the identity of the Klansmen. In these circumstances the police move cautiously. A Parade in Dallas. Dallas was treated to a sensational parade not long ago. On Saturday night, when the streets were crowded, the lights were suddenly switched off, and then down the chief street appeared a cavalcade of horsemen. There were hundreds of them, horses and riders covered by some white material. The leader bore a fiery cross, the symbol of the organization, and others banners were carried, such as, "The Invariable Empire," "Here Today, Here Yesterday, White Supremacy Here Forever," "100 Per Cent. Americanism," "Pure Womanhood," "Dallas Must Be Clean," "All Pure White," "For Our Mothers," "For Our Sisters," "For Our Daughters," "Parasites Must Go," "Gamblers Must Go," "Graters Must Go," "Our Little Girls Must Be Protected," "Degenerates Must Go," "The Guilty Must Pay," and "The Right Will Prevail." The parade had formed in the Majestic Theatre, Dallas' million-dollar show house. It covered a loop of six blocks and a block wide. The procession had its moral effect upon Dallas. Police blotters have been practically clear of vagrants and loafers and gamblers. Spreading Fast. The Klan admits that one of its functions was to be to improve the morals of every community in which it operates. Recently it kidnapped a man named Engers and, threatening him with death, took him to a lonely place on the outskirts of the town. He was stripped, tied to a post and flogged. Then he was covered with tar and rolled in feathers. Afterwards he was thrown into an auto-

FAMINE CLAIMS MANY CHILDREN

London, Aug. 31.—(Canadian Press.)—A Russian despatch from Moscow reveals terrible infant mortality in the famine areas of Russia which has reached a figure of seventy-five per cent. of the population.

GROUP INSURANCE

Quebec Civil Service Employs to Be Insured. Quebec, Aug. 31.—The provincial treasurer has announced that negotiations had been completed for the carrying out of an order-in-council passed on August 4 for group insurance on the lives of the permanent employees of the Civil Service, and that the insurance had been divided among the Sun Life Assurance Company, La Sauvagerie, the Great West Life Assurance Company and the Canada Life Assurance Company, and that the superintendent of insurance had been instructed to draw up a contract for the putting of the insurance into force.

When you think of Pie think of FIVE ROSES. WRAP your favorite filling in a FIVE ROSES crust. In the lively, close-grained flakiness that melts away on the tongue tip, the presence of FIVE ROSES flour is readily perceived. Over 34 years' experience attests its value in pie crust, puff paste and the so-called difficult things. To splendid eating qualities in pastry-making, it adds the one vital essential, unconscious ease of digestion! And FIVE ROSES brings economy into all your flour foods. With the same amount of shortening and water, simply because of its uncommon strength, you use at least one-fifth less flour. You who have so successfully used FIVE ROSES flour in bread, cakes, puddings and other culinary triumphs, try it now in pies and dainty pastries. Send for Complete Information on Pastry. The famous FIVE ROSES Cook Book strips pastry making of its mystery—indispensable to the housewife eager to excel. All about pastry, tarts, puffs, patties, whole pages of pie recipes. Full of notes, pointers, useful wrinkles. So essential to good housekeeping that already over 500,000 women have written for this 148-page manual. Sent postpaid for 40c. in stamps. Address: LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING CO., LIMITED, Montreal.