

THE EVENING TIMES AND STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B. FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1915



Preserving:-

LANTIC Sugar is the best sugar for preserves and jelly, because it is pure cane of extra fine granulation and dissolves quickly, with no gritty grains; and because it is kept pure and free from specks and dirt by the original packages of guaranteed weight filled at the refinery, 2 lb. and 5 lb. cartons, and 10 lb. and 20 lb. bags. 100 lb. bags coarser granulation.

Buy in original packages and look for the LANTIC Red Ball on each package.

Send your address and small Red Ball Trade Mark from bag or top end of carton and we will mail you book of 50 assorted Fruit Jar Labels—printed and gummed ready to put on the jars.

Lantic Sugar

Atlantic Sugar Refineries Limited, MONTREAL, QUE., ST. JOHN, N. B.

PHILPS' Here Are Some Friday and Saturday Grocery Prices

WHICH ARE SURE TO APPEAL TO YOU

Read This Cash List, You Will be Impressed With the Big Values!

15c. bottle Imperial Salad Cream	12c.	Libby's Asparagus Tips	30c. tin
15c. tin St. Charles' Milk	10c.	Genuine Sultana Raisins	15c. pkge.
30c. bottle French Marseilles Cherries	24c.	Libby's Corned Beef Hash	15c. tin
25c. JAR LIBBY'S DRIED BEANS	14c.		
25c. tin Borden's Cocoa	19c.		
30c. tin Instant Postum	25c.		
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30c. tin Instant Postum	25c.		

FOODS THAT ARE EASILY PREPARED

Force.....15c., 2 for 29c.
Grapenuts.....15c., 2 for 29c.
Cornflakes.....10c., 2 for 19c.
JELLY POWDERS, ALL KINDS.....3 for 25c.

15c. tin Royal Baking Powder.....12c.
15c. tin St. Charles' Milk.....10c.
30c. bottle French Marseilles Cherries.....24c.
25c. JAR LIBBY'S DRIED BEANS.....14c.
25c. tin Borden's Cocoa.....19c.
30c. tin Instant Postum.....25c.
25c. tin Borden's Cocoa.....19c.
30c. tin Instant Postum.....25c.

France Fears Not Defeat; Remarkable Demonstration In Chamber of Deputies

Paris, Aug. 5.—The first meeting of the chamber of deputies after the anniversary of the beginning of the war and following the establishment of the union of all political parties in France to endure so long as the war lasts, was held today and the session was marked by an extraordinary demonstration of patriotism which was a strong indication of the unanimity of all Frenchmen of every faith and shade of political belief. Furthermore, today's meeting was the first since the formation of the present coalition cabinet in France.

Paul Deschanel, president of the chamber, opened the session with an eloquent speech which was apparently intended to be following the example of the address of M. Rodianko, president of the Russian Duma, at the recent session of that body, and a reply to the anniversary manifesto of the German emperor. To this Premier Viviani gave response in the name of the government.

M. Deschanel said a year had passed since the enemy of France, even before declaring war, had violated French territory.

"This year has been so full of glory to pure," he declared, "that it will forever illumine the human race. It has been a year in which France, the France of Joan of Arc and Valmy, has risen if possible to even greater heights."

Continuing, the president of the chamber recounted briefly "that breaking of the German military power," and "the forcing back of the enemy of France."

"Be the war of short or long duration, France accepts it," M. Deschanel declared. "The country is summing up its genius and changing its methods. Each French soldier, before the enemy, repeats the words of Joan of Arc: 'You can enslave me but you cannot enchain the fortunes of France.' These touches of human grandeur come from the depths of the muddy trenches."

M. Deschanel then reviewed in a few words the work of parliament, praising especially the activities of the several committees.

In an eloquent passage the president of the chamber then repeated the determination of France to continue the struggle to complete victory.

President Poincaré's Message.

A message from President Poincaré was read in the chamber by Premier Viviani and M. Brian, minister of justice. It was addressed to the French parliament, and reviewed the first year of the "sacred union of the political parties in France," calling this one of the conditions of victory. He declared this union was more firmly established today than ever before.

"If Germany is counting the possibility of dividing France at the present time she is deceived today as completely as she was a year ago," was one of his statements in M. Poincaré's communication. "Time will not weaken the ties binding the great French family," he declared; "it will only draw them closer."

Referring to the army, the president said:

"The army, composed of the very substance of the nation, and this aid is given utterly without selfishness. The country should encourage, not only harmony among political parties, but also private co-operation and good will. Individual energies, recognizing how to submit themselves to discipline, constitute a great force in the nation. In war time such energies never are too numerous or too powerful, nor is there ever a greater need to co-ordinate national action to produce a single effect."

"The martyr of a people are luminously reflected in the army. Each man is completely devoted to his mother country, and those who fall die without fear, since by their death France lives and will live forever. France is determined to conquer; she will conquer. The only peace the republic can accept is one which will guarantee the security of Europe."

Protest Not Allowed.

Only one incident threatened the war anniversary celebration in the chamber of deputies. Immediately M. Deschanel called the deputies to order, Leon Acambray, member from the Alsace, who frequently of late has violently attacked the government in the evident attempt to discredit Minister of War Millerand, demanded the floor. Murmurs from all sides of the house grew in volume as M. Acambray mounted the tribune.

When he began to speak the protestations from his colleagues, exhibiting clearly their impatience and their temper, seemed to frighten the deputy from the Alsace, who, after hesitating for a moment, asked leave to print his remarks. He then left the tribune at once. Later, during M. Deschanel's address, M. Acambray sought to interrupt the pres-

ident, but the long and unanimous applause of M. Deschanel's praise of the work of the chamber drowned out his voice.

The speech of M. Deschanel and the message of President Poincaré were frequently interrupted with applause. At the close of each address there was an outburst of clapping from the delegates, who rose to their feet.

National Defence Issue Increased.

Paris, Aug. 5.—In the course of a discussion in the French senate today on the bill to raise the limit of national defence issues, which was passed in the chamber of deputies, Jean Alexandre Ribot, the minister of finance, took occasion to review the financial situation.

"On July 31," he said, "the debt was \$1,891,600,000 of defence issues in circulation. In July alone, \$165,000,000 net were placed in the market."

"Our financial burdens are constantly growing. Arms and ammunition cost a great deal. We shall probably have recourse to a long term loan, whereby we can consolidate all our short term treasury issues. We still have a great military and financial effort to make to reach a victorious conclusion of the war."

"The public brings in its gold without pressure. It is conscious of the situation and feels that today no man can save himself by thinking solely of himself. It can be done only by the citizens giving the country their lives, if necessary, and their goods of this world, in any case."

"We must conceal nothing from the country. It is worthy to hear every-thing. Only in disseminating nothing can we fittingly respond to the country's financial condition."

The bill increasing the limit of national defence issue was passed.

Conserving British Gold.

London, Aug. 5.—In order to strengthen the gold reserves for exchange purposes, the treasury has instructed the post office and all public departments to use, whenever possible, notes, instead of gold, when making cash payments.

The public is requested to co-operate by paying in gold to the post office in notes, and using the notes for the payment of wages and for cash disbursements generally.

There is a young man of this town who has found that by appealing to the sense of humor of a wealthy uncle he can obtain funds that otherwise would be secured only with great difficulty and after much delay. Accordingly, on the eve of uncle's last appearance in town, nephew wrote to him in these terms:

"I am greatly rejoiced, dear uncle, that I shall see you on Saturday, and I will be at the station to meet your train. As we have not seen each other for some time, hold a \$100 note in your hand, so that I may easily recognize you. I myself will be holding the document which represents my most immediate necessity in the pecuniary line."

Eye Sight Talks.

It has been our rule never to supply glasses where an examination proves the advice of a doctor is required.

The day when ready-made glasses can be handed over the counter is long past.

Many eyes require lenses specially made to suit their peculiar condition.

K. W. EPSTEIN & CO.
Optometrists and Opticians
Open Evenings
193 Union St.

MODERN KNIGHTS IN ARMOR



French soldiers in the trenches wearing gas masks and shrapnel helmets.

CAPTAIN TOWER HOME AFTER ENCOUNTER WITH A SUBMARINE

In Sackville Tells Story of Loss of His Schooner and of an Italian Bark

Capt. Leonard Tower, of the schooner L. C. Tower, which was torpedoed by a German submarine while on her way to Britain, has arrived in Sackville.

In an interview with a representative of the Tribune, Capt. Tower said that he left Port Greville, N. S., on June 1. Heavy weather had been encountered throughout the entire trip and after being thirty days out and within thirty miles of land the German pirates were sighted. At first, said Captain Tower, he could not discern whether it was a submarine or not, but soon found it was all too true for the underwater craft soon commenced to show her form. The commander, when close enough, signalled him to abandon his vessel, which orders were given to the crew. He immediately launched his boat and was ordered to go on board of the submarine, which he did.

The German commander demanded his papers and after looking them over said "you are a Canadian."

Captain Tower was then told that he must have his vessel destroyed, and he replied that the destruction of his vessel would not be of any benefit to Germany. The commander of the submarine said that he was acting under orders and had to execute the work and he did so after the captain and the crew of the Tower had left in their motor boat for land. The destruction of the schooner was caused by fire started with oil which the submarine carried.

The captain said to the Tribune that he witnessed an Italian bark go down to the bottom after being torpedoed, only about an hour after they had left their vessel. The crew of the Italian vessel did not escape, for there were two killed and seven wounded. The remaining members of the crew of the bark and the nine members of the crew of the L. C. Tower landed on British soil.

They were held in Ireland for several days pending arrangement of transportation home.

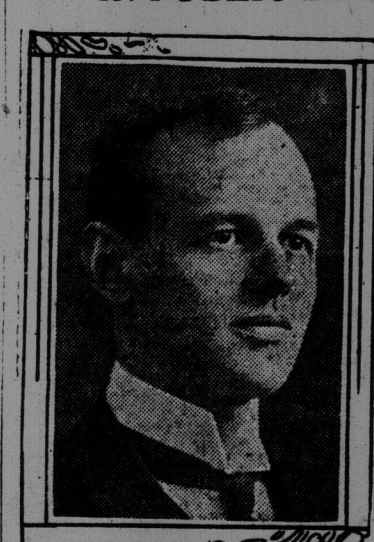
Captain Tower and his crew sailed from Liverpool on the C. P. R. liner Metagana, and arrived in Quebec on Sunday, and in Sackville on Tuesday evening. Among the crew were Capt. L. C. Tower and son, Aaron, and Elmer Tower of Rockport.

The Yale freshman year was proving expensive to father, so father decided to have a "heart to heart" talk with Johnny, home for the week end.

"Now, my son," said he gravely but affectionately, "Your mother and I are spending as little as we possibly can. I get up in the morning at half past six and I work until after five. But, son, the money just won't go round at the rate that your expenses are running. Now I ask you, as one man to another, what do you think we had better do?"

For a moment Johnny's head was buried in thought—and then he said: "Well, father, I don't see any way out but for you to work nights."

FINANCIAL MEN IN PUBLIC EYE



H. S. AMBROSE
Vice-President and General Manager
Tuckett Tobacco Co. Ltd., Hamilton.

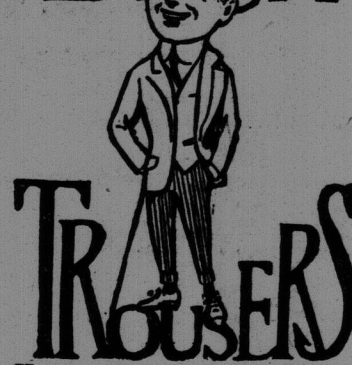
yet these very same young men going home on the steamer were shouting "We'll never let the old flag fall!" Just imagine what the thoughts and opinions of those who had made the appeal. Let us hope that this kind of patriotism will diminish and that in response to your daily appeals, more of the young men of the city who are hanging back will give proof of unselfishness, pluck and manhood. One hardly cares to think that appeals of this kind are like water on a duck's back. Yet if you are observant you will notice that it is so. Is it fair or right or manly that those at home, fit, able and unhampered should ride on the backs and shelter, behind their more courageous brothers and countrymen in the trenches?

Yours truly
A BRITISHER.

In a certain congregation there was a dear old lady who loved flowers and who had a beautiful garden. Each Sunday it was her bouquet which adorned the pulpit. She was especially fond of sweet peas and she once brought them for several Sundays in succession. Suddenly other flowers appeared. The minister noticed the change and after the service asked the old lady why she brought no more sweet peas.

She smiled sadly and answered, "You don't like them. Last Sunday you pointed right at my sweet peas and said, 'God loves even the meanest flower that grows.'"

EXTRA TROUSERS



Young men, attention please!

Whether it's white duck at \$1.10 and \$2; white flannel at \$3.75; striped flannel at \$4; khaki trousers at \$1.75, or business trousers from \$2.50 to \$7.50, we have it and have it "right."

Come in and look 'em over.

Shirts, Collars, Neckwear.

A GOOD PLACE TO BUY GOOD CLOTHES

Gilmour's
68 King Street

SAVES BUYING PRESENT.

For two hours the two girls had stood and chatted. It was nothing to them that they obstructed the pavement and that other anxious women wanted to get at the shop, the entrance to which they were blocking.

"Oh, my dear," cried the girl in the panther skirt suddenly, "I hear you are going to marry young Mumpkin. I must congratulate you."

The girl in the garden hat shook her head till her curls danced alarmingly. "Oh, no, I'm not!" she said, decidedly. "I'm so glad. Allow me to congratulate you more still!"

The farmers of Pierre, S.D., are wearing raincoats and vests while at work in the fields, as a protection against mosquitoes.

How to Buy City Real Estate, or How to Find Purchasers



Somebody Wants to Locate in Every Part of This City

City realty is the bed-rock of financial worth. It is an investment that presents liberal returns and steady appreciation in value. Owing to business demands, removals, deaths, settlements of estates and many other causes, there are always rare bargains to be picked up for cash or on terms. Many owners who are considering offers now would listen to your proposition if you were on hand.

Why not reach all those who have offers on the same day? Our Little Want Ads will reach the people you want to reach.

Also these columns open the way for quick sales to owners. It makes no difference what class of property you wish to buy or sell. There is always somebody waiting to talk business to you. It will cost you but a few pennies and will enable you to deal directly with principals, if you—

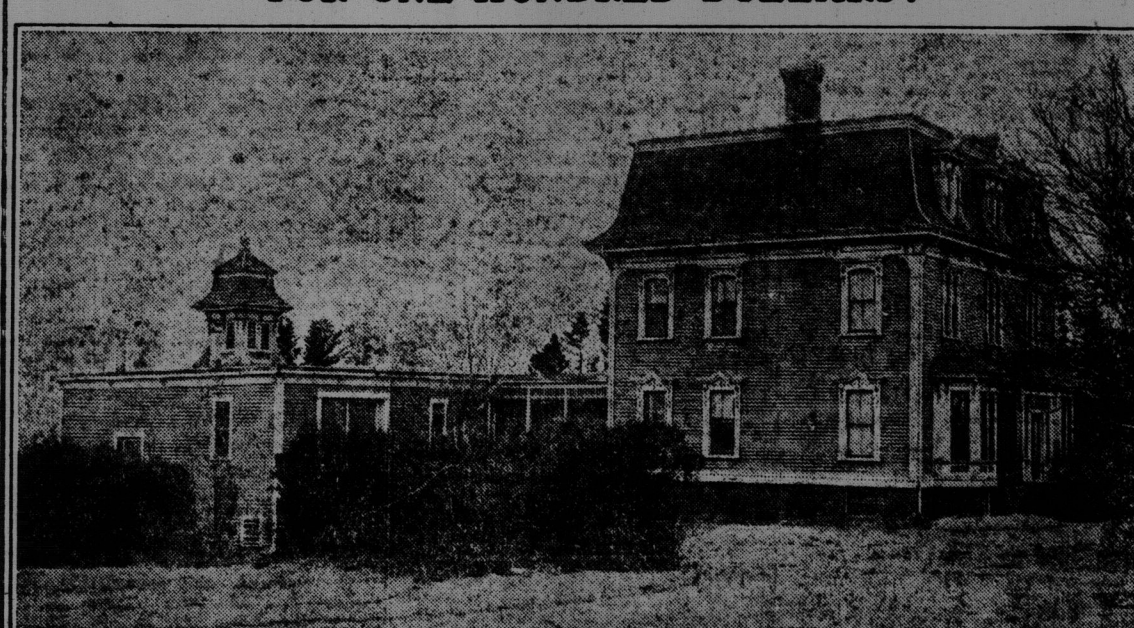
(Suggestions for You to Adopt)

WANTED—City Realty Income; down-town residential; will buy outright, or purchase realty in business block or apartment house. Title must be perfect. State particulars in writing. Address:

FOR SALE—Business block, fronting 60 feet on prominent business street—120 ft. side street. Three stories and basement; stores below—office and flats above; all equipped. Pays 12 per cent net. Realty fee only two years old. Carries \$1500 per cent mortgage. Owing to poor health, will accept cash—no part cash and term. Address:

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SOME ONE WILL GET THIS HOUSE, LOT AND BARN FOR ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS!



OLD HATHEWAY HOMESTEAD

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The Prudential Trust Co.,

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USE THE WANT AD. WAY