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TWENTY-SEVENTH YEAR — TWELVE PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING MAY 30 1906—TWELVE PAGES — ONE CENT

OPPOSE TREATY WITH U.S.

THAT WILL LIMIT AMOUNT GENERATED

REGARDING FALLS POWER

Question is Debated in House of Commons—No Action Will Be Taken By Government Until Provinces Are Consulted—Should Be no Restriction in Supplying Domestic Requirements.

Ottawa, May 29.—Special.)—A full dress debate was expected this afternoon, but the leaders agreed to permit the house to go into supply. While the subject will be the motion by R. L. Borden for a select committee to investigate abuses in the land department, yet, no doubt, all the issues before the country will be thoroly discussed. It is anticipated by many that charges and counter charges of a highly sensational character will be flying across the floor.

Hon. George E. Foster, in the course of debate, will doubtless pay his respects to the sphynx-like Preston, and the Liberals claim that Hon. Clifford Sifton is loaded with dynamite for one or two prominent members of the opposition.

The reported resignation of Mr. Burrows (Dauphin) has added sauce to the popular interest.

In addition to other matters, it is said that Mr. Foster to-morrow will formally move for action by the house respecting "La Presse." At this afternoon's session he read an article reflecting upon him and gave notice that he would invoke the authority of the house against The Press correspondent. The article accuses Mr. Foster of hating the French-Canadians and Catholics of Canada, and tends to unfairly prejudice Messrs. Monk (Jacques Cartier), and Bergeron (Beauharnois), with their constituents by stating that they support him.

Niagara Power Debated.

Niagara power occupied the attention of the house all afternoon, altho the discussion was confined to the members from Ontario. Mr. Hyman spoke for the government, and it was evident that he favors a treaty with the United States limiting the output of power. Nothing, however, is to be done until after the provincial conference. The export bill with its amendment exempting the power companies at Niagara Falls, was withdrawn by Mr. Fitzpatrick upon the representations of Premier Whitney.

The debate developed a strong sentiment in the house against limiting the output at Niagara Falls until all the wants and needs of the people were satisfied.

W. F. Maclean (South York) foresaw an unlimited demand for electric power if the government were able to furnish it at cost to the people.

W. F. Cockshutt (Brantford) was of the opinion that the Province of Ontario had entire jurisdiction over the Niagara River as a power proposition. He asked the minister of justice to state what jurisdiction was claimed in the matter by the Dominion government. In the United States, there was great uncertainty as to the respective rights of the state and the federal governments.

He cited Professors Fessenden, Ross and Holgate of Montreal, and John Mackay of Toronto as putting the financial value of the falls at $2,000,000,000. One-half of this great treasure belonged to the people of Ontario.

The report of the international commission estimated that when all the power plants now erected were running at full capacity one-fourth of the river would be diverted. He thought this estimate too high.

At any rate, were the scenic effects of the falls worth $2,000,000,000.

Opposed to Negotiating.

He opposed any negotiations with the United States looking to any agreement to limit the generation of power. He approved of the principle of Mr. Fitzpatrick's bill. We should keep this power in Canada.

Steam power 10 hours a day costs from $25 to $100 per horsepower, depending on the size of the plant. Gas development would cost from $16 to $120. Electric power could be produced at the point of generation for $5 per horsepower.

Not only this, the province could sell power at this price, $5 per horsepower, and have enough profit for a sinking fund, which, in forty years, would entirely pay for the plant.

The province could bring the power to the switchboard at Toronto for $10 per horsepower, instead of charging $40 and more, the present cost of steam power.

Mr. Hyman regretted that so important a debate should be brought up when the pending bill was to be withdrawn. He declined to give any final judgment on the question of jurisdiction. It was, in his opinion, a vexed and difficult question. He hoped that the Dominion government would come to some agreement with the various provinces. The matter would be dealt with at the provincial conference this summer. Until then the government was not prepared to announce any definite policy.

The Danger.

Mr. Hyman insisted that the Dominion government could always protect the interests of Ontario by its power to tax or prohibit exports. What harm could be done by a treaty with the

Continued on Page 12.

Are you going to build a house? If so, write R. J. Cluff & Co., Toronto.

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From Suspension Bridge, Friday, June 15, via Lehigh Valley Railroad. Tickets good fifteen days. Particulars at 10 East King-street. ed

Battery Zincs, all kinds. The Canada Metal Co.

Smoke Taylor's Maple Leaf Cigars.

TO BRING TELEPHONE COS. UNDER THE RAILWAY ACT

Hon. Mr. Emmerson Introduces His Legislation, Which Goes Before Special Committee.

Ottawa, May 29.—(Special.)—The municipalities who were gold-bricked respecting the Bell Telephone Company bill will have another chance to be heard.

Hon. Mr. Emmerson to-day introduced his telephone legislation, and the entire subject goes to the following special committee: Sir Frederick Borden and Messrs. Emmerson, Geoffrion, Johnson, Ross (Yale-Cariboo), Bureau, Zimmerman, Monk, Maclean (South York), Alcorn and Ingram.

The sub-sections are embraced in section 29 of Mr. Emmerson's bill to amend the Railway Act of 1903, and are as follows:

(1) In this section "municipality" means the municipal council or other authority having jurisdiction over the highways, squares or public places of a city, town or incorporated village, or of the highway, square or public place concerned.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any act of the parliament of Canada, or of the legislature of any province, no such company, heretofore or hereafter incorporated, which is not a "company" within the meaning of the Railway Act, 1903, shall, except as hereinafter provided, construct, maintain or operate its lines or telephones upon, along, across or under any highway, square or other public place within the limits of any city, town or incorporated village without the consent of the municipality.

(3) If in any such case the company cannot obtain the consent of the municipality, or cannot obtain such consent otherwise than subject to conditions not acceptable to the company, the company may apply to the board for leave to exercise its powers upon such highway, square, or public place, and all the provisions of sub-section 2 of section 195 of the said act shall apply to such application and to the proceedings thereon.

As to Trunk Lines.

(4) The foregoing sub-sections of this section shall not apply to the construction, maintenance and operation by the company of any long-distance line or service, or any trunk line or service connecting two or more exchanges in any city, town or incorporated village, provided that the location of every such line in a direct and practicable route shall be subject to the direction and supervision of the municipality, or of such officer as it may appoint, unless the municipality or such officer, after one week's notice in writing, shall have omitted to prescribe such location and make such direction.

(5) A long-distance line, or service, shall mean any trunk line or service connecting a central exchange or office in any city, town or incorporated village or with central exchanges or offices in or with central exchange or offices in another or other cities, towns or incorporated villages.

(6) All matters in dispute relating to the location and installing of long-distance lines or services, or of such trunk lines or services as are mentioned in the next two preceding sub-sections shall be determined by the board in the same manner and with the same powers as are provided by sub-section 2 of section 195 of the said act.

(7) Nothing in this section shall affect the right of any company to operate, maintain, renew, or reconstruct underground or overhead system of lines heretofore constructed, except that upon application of the municipality the board may order any extension or change in location of the line of the company in any city, town or incorporated village, or any portion of such line, or the removal of any poles and the carrying of the wires or cables carried thereon, underground, or the construction of any new line, such extension, change of location, removal or construction to be ordered upon such terms as to compensation or otherwise, and to be effected, within such time as the board may direct.

IN NEW ONTARIO.

Legislative Tourists Explore Two Famous Cobalt Mines.

Cobalt, May 29.—(Special.)—The one hundred and thirty excursionists on the legislative tour reached the silver camp at 4 o'clock this afternoon, and for two hours occupied themselves with inspecting the Timmins and Tretheway mines.

There was much to entertain and instruct in and around Cobalt.

The special train proceeded to Haileybury for the night. On the way up from North Bay the stops were made at Temagami and Latchford.

So far the weather is most enjoyable.

The Nicholls motor boat is easy to run. Costs little to buy. Nicholls Brothers, Limited, foot York St. bridge.

Edwards, Morgan & Company, Chartered Accountants, 26 Wellington-st East. Phone Main 1163.

If Not, Why Not?
Have you an accident and sickness policy? See Walter H. Blight, Confederation Libe Building. Phone M. 2770. 136

Babbit Metal. The best made Canada Metal Co.

Empress Hotel, Yonge and Gould Sts. R. Dissette, Prop. $1.50 and $2.00 per day.

NESBITT ISN'T DEAD YET STALWARTS HONOR HIM ADDRESS AND CLOCK

Splendid Surprise at Popular Doctor's House on Grosvenor St. Elicited Response That Services Are at Hand If Necessary.

The cornerstone of a little political resurrection which may mean big things was laid in the laboratory adjoining Dr. Beattie Nesbitt's beautiful house on Grosvenor-street last night, when about fifty of Dr. Nesbitt's followers, who appreciate the gifts of a good general and who were all in themselves good officers, assembled to pay their respects to the ex-member for North Toronto and Mrs. Nesbitt, and incidentally to show appreciation in a tangible form. In the course of the evening's jollification ceremonies it was made apparent that in the event of the doctor regaining his health and the party needing the services of a fighter who asked no favors but gave all that he consistently could, Dr. Nesbitt would be the man who would conform to the specifications.

The whole thing was an arrangement made by ward three Conservatives. They got into the confidence of Mrs. Nesbitt as a necessity, and then showered down upon the household at 8 o'clock last night.

Owens Did It Well.

E. J. W. Owens, the president of the association, didn't feel any too comfortable when he faced the doctor and Mrs. Nesbitt, who had come quietly down the stairs about ahalf a minute before they were expected. Frank Somers and other stalwarts were appropriately hiding the grandfather's clock, a present for Mrs. Nesbitt, which was a beauty.

President Owens spoke in a sort of praiseworthy, apologetic vein. He made it very plain that they were the doctor's body guard, the men who would stick by him thru the thickest and the thinnest, showing the same loyalty and fealty they had already shown, when, with the doctor as the general, they had led the van and surprised everybody, including themselves.

Mr. Owens, somewhere on the inside track, predicted an early re-entrance into politics of the jovial and popular doctor, who had the nerve to make a fight and the grit to see it to a finish.

Wm. Townley stood in front of the grandfather's clock and read the address which was on vellum in a thick Morocco cover. The addresse was unique in ornamentation. It showed where Dr. Nesbitt first got the nomination which culminated in glorious victory on the first page old St. Paul's Hall. The next page depicted the parliament buildings where the doctor put the varnish on some of the legislation which it now framed, and the third shows the uninviting exterior of the registry office.

Doctor Was to the Bad.

It is a most unusual thing to see Dr. Nesbitt nonplussed, but this surprise got him where the hair was short. He made a speech in reply, which was full of gratitude.

"You know where my heart is and you are rubbing it in," he said. "We had worked together for the success of the party and we got it. The Third Ward Conservatives were my friends and they are yet, and so is all North Toronto. I must say that the men who did the real work in the constituency since I have been associated with it are the men I see around me, who are not after spoils. These men sacrificed their time and their energy to aid the party and were not seeking anything."

Among the deputation were W. J. Hambley, W. H. Newsome, L. G. Whear, Gus. Foy, L. Piper, J.P.; Frank Somers, Jos Johnston, Arthur Vankougnet, Ald Geary, Jacob Shone, Jno. Rowatt, Jno. Armstrong, Alex. Paterson, J. P.; John T. Edgworth, Jacob Laine, Thos Hook, W. J. Townley, E. Bacon, Chas Spanner, Frank Johnston, J. P.; S. Harris, C. A. B. Brown, J. Perrin, R. McBride, J. J. Pogue, W. McGhie, W. Randall, and other well-known workers of Ward Three.

THOUGHT DEAD; IS ALIVE.

Essex County Young Man Has Made Fortune in Klondyke.

Windsor, May 29.—(Special.)—After an absence of seven years, in which time his family and friends had given him up as dead, Charles W. Best, a young Essex County man whose home is at Harrow, has turned up alive and well.

At the time the Klondike fever broke out, young Best was seized with it in an aggravated form and left for the Yukon. Shortly after his arrival there his sister, Mrs. Wm. Toffelmire of Essex, received a letter from him stating that he was sick unto death. No further word was ever received and he was finally given up for dead.

His sudden reappearance at his old home, Best explains by saying that he had resolved to run away until he had acquired a competence, and this he now claims to have thru a lucky mining venture.

FAVORS 8-HOUR BILL.

Washington, D.C., May 29.—The house committee on labor to-day authorized a favorable report on the eight hour bill.

The bill provides that eight hours shall constitute a day's work in the manufacture of any supplies for the government, or in any work done for the government by contract.

CONSULS TO MONTREAL.

London, May 29.—The Gazette announces that the King has been pleased to approve of Don Emilio de Perera Y Blosa as consul for Spain at Montreal and D. W. Campbell as consul for Cuba at Montreal.

A VERY DELIBERATE BODY

SIR WILFRID: Think the Royal Commissioners' Report on Insurance will hurt us at the next general election?

MR. FIELDING: Dear me, you weren't really looking for a report so soon as that, were you?

CONTRACTOR AND ARCHITECT BLAMED FOR THE COLLAPSE

Commission Reports on Laurier Tower Wreck—The Supervision Was Nil.

Ottawa, May 29.—(Special.)—The report of the commission respecting the fall of the Laurier tower was brought down this afternoon. Among other things, the report says:

"The supervision of the work by the department up to the level of the first floor was of the most formal character. Practically there was no supervision of the work, as it should have been supervised, from the time the work reached the ground floor until the tower collapsed."

L. F. Taylor was placed in charge of the work and was responsible to the chief architect, but he did not make any reasonable attempt to fulfil his duties.

He admitted that he paid no attention to the character of the masonry in the tower, and that the upper portion of the tower was built without any supervision on his part whatever.

As to the causes of collapse of the tower, the commissioners say: (1) The walls, as built by the contractor, were not according to the specifications, and that the bad quality of the work was sufficient cause for the collapse of the tower.

(2) The plans and specifications prepared for this work were not as explicit and clear as they might have been. They were, however, reasonably and sufficiently clear to enable the contractor to determine the quality of the work required.

Steel Beams Endangered.

(3) That the construction at and above the quatrefoils and water tables, and the introduction of steel beams in the manner shown on the drawings was faulty and defective in that the quatrefoil openings weakened the wall at a point where the full strength should have been maintained and the steel beams brought a concentrated and eccentric load upon the wall at its weakest point. The more serious defect of the two is the introduction of the steel beams.

(4) There was no proper and efficient supervision of the works by the department from the level of the ground floor upwards.

(5) The main building, owing to the use of blockstone in the backing, is safe, the work being of a substantial character.

(6) It was inadvisable to proceed with the erection of the upper portion of the tower in the months of November and December, especially as the wall at and below the water table had been built late in the fall, and the lime mortar had not an opportunity to set.

The Responsibility.

(7) The contractor must be held responsible for the collapse, in that he did not carry out his work in a good and substantial manner, in accordance with the plans and specifications, or take any precaution to see that the work was thoroly well built at all points where it should be self-evident to any intelligent or practical builder that the construction would require special care and attention.

(8) The department of public works is also responsible, in that it did not properly supervise the work and detect and correct faults of construction as the work progressed.

CHURCHILL ON CONFERENCE 'TIS FOR A LARGER UNITY

Looking Forward to the Occasion—Intercolonial Preference a Desirable Theme.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, May 29.—At the Australian banquet, Winston Churchill said he was looking forward to the colonial conference as an occasion which shall refresh and revise the expression of that strong and growing feeling of sympathy and agreement which prevails between the mother country and the colonies.

"I needn't tell you," he said, "that the conference will be free and unfettered. It will have only one object from inception to separation, and that is to extend and develop everything that makes for larger unity of the empire, and eliminate everything which might cause division and dissatisfaction.

"I hear is suggested that the conference must necessarily in some respects be barren. That is not so. There are a dozen questions of law, strategy, trade, communication, education and science, any one well worth consideration by the collective intelligence of the representatives of the empire.

"One thing which I hope may receive some discusion, that is the question of what I will call intercolonial preference. It is a smaller thing for the states to make reciprocal adjustments than for the mother country to alter a different system.

"It had been suggested that the colonies should not identify themselves with any English political party. Sir Wilfrid Laurier had said if the component parts of the empire did not come closer together they would drift further apart. They were coming closer together. It was the Liberal party's earnest desire to maintain friendly relations."

In the house of commons, the premier, answering a question, said the Indian government would be represented at the colonial conference, but it was not intended the Indian government should be separately represented any more than the Australian and Canadian provinces.

Outdistancing Competitors in the Race.

The interesting struggle of horse against horse at the Woodbine Racecourse during the week has been witnessed by thousands of persons and the sport has proved excellent.

As keen competition as exists between the horses running goes on constantly between several mineral waters in this country, but it is now generally admitted that Canada's radnor easily takes the first place.

If you visit the track use a split of radnor as a mixer with your favorite whiskey.

Radnor is a high-class natural mineral water bottled under the most careful supervision at its spring in the heart of the Laurentian Mountains.

Pember's Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge Street. Baths 75 cts.; after 10 p.m., $1.

ORANGE GRAND LODGE TO-DAY NEW CANDIDATES FOR OFFICE

Interest Centres in Election of Deputy Grand Master—J. Ross Robertson Being Sought After.

This afternoon, in Victoria Hall, the Orange Grand Lodge of British America will open its annual session. To-night the delegates will enjoy a moonlight excursion on the Modjeska, tendered by the County Lodge. Over 400 delegates from all over Canada are expected to be present, and it is anticipated that there will be some lively discussion.

The election of officers, which takes place to-morrow, is arousing considerable speculation, and there will likely be some changes.

There will be no opposition to the re-election of the grand master, Dr. Sproule, M.P.

For deputy grand master, it is said that strong pressure is being brought to bear on John Ross Robertson, who is a past grand officer, to allow his name to go before the convention. Mr. Robertson is recognized everywhere as a sincere friend of the principles of the order, and his acceptance of the honor would mean a great deal to the grand lodge. Should he not consent, D. M. Jermyn of Wiarton, P.P.G.M., and John McMillan, P.P.G.M., will likely be candidates.

Wm. Cook, P.C.M., of Meaford, is spoken of as an aspirant for the position of grand secretary.

For grand chaplain, Canon H. C. Dixon, rector of Little Trinity Church, the county chaplain, will be a candidate, and his active work for the order, coupled with the distinction he holds in his church, makes his candidature a most favorable one. Rev. Wm. Walsh of Brampton is the present chaplains.

Capt. T. G. Wallace of Woodbridge seems to be assured in his return as director of ceremonies.

County Master Fred Dane, it is stated, is slated for a grand lodge office.

The selection of the city for next year's gathering will probably result in a visit to the west. It may be Winnipeg, or it may be to the coast.

Mount Pleasant Cemetery.
Leave orders for planting and watering, hanging baskets, bedding plants with Jennings, Mount Pleasant Greenhouses, next south gate.

BIRTHS.

EBY—On Tuesday May 29, at 214 Beverley-street, to Mr. and Mrs. W. Percival Eby, a son.

DEATHS.

BLANCHARD—On May 29, 1906, Frank Blanchard, third son of the late Captain Thomas Blanchard, aged 36 years.

Funeral on Thursday, May 31, at 3 o'clock, from his brother's residence, 11 Steiner-street, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

Warden King & Son, Montreal, R. J. Cluff & Co., Toronto, both handle Daisy Boilers

Blue Prints by Electrical Machinery.
Architects and engineers phone Main 1745. Work called for and delivered. Lockhart Photo Supply Co., Limited 44 Temperance-street. 36

REVOLUTION IN GUATEMALA INVASION IS BEGUN FROM FOUR POINTS

One City Captured, But Rebels Forced to Retire—One Report Says Movement is Already Crushed

Mexico City, May 29.—Advices received this afternoon from Tapachula and Tonala, in the Mexican State of Chiapas, show that a revolution against the existing administration of the present President Estrada Cabrera of Guatemala broke out yesterday, and Guatemala was invaded from four points by as many bodies of armed men all equipped with the best modern rifles.

Gen. Manuel Leandro Barillas, formerly president of Guatemala, with 200 cavalry and a stock of 700 rifles, crossed the Mexican border at a point near Motosinla. Barillas has great coffee estates in that neighborhood, where he is popular, and whence he was driven four years ago by President Cabrera. Barillas successfully evaded the search of the authorities. He will recruit new men on his march across the mountains, the people being loyal to him, he says.

Gen. Jose Leon Castillo captured Ocos yesterday without much opposition being shown. He took that point with 500 men, and was received with enthusiasm by the people.

The steamer Empire State left San Francisco on May 14 with 200 desperate fighters recruited in that city, and some 3000 rifles, and reached Ocos, thus enabling the disaffected citizens to be armed.

Gen. Castillo was a rival candidate for the presidency seven years ago against Cabrera, but alleges that he was counted out, and he has, he says, a long series of scores to settle with the Guatemalan president.

Gen. Costillo, commanding one detachment of Guatemalan revolutionists, after taking the City of Ocos, was forced to retire before a superior force. He is now reported to have taken a new base, and will be reinforced to-night by several hundred good fighting men from the steamer Empire City. Gen. Barillas is in the mountains making his way to Quesaltenango, a city of 40,000. Barillas has with him a fine body of picked men, and is reported to be steadily recruiting his force. No news has been received from Salvador, but the invading force should by this time be well advanced into Guatemala. Resident Guatemalans here state that the whole country is ripe for the overthrow of Cabrera. The season of rains has set in and the roads are bad in Guatemala.

Telegraphic communication is difficult, owing to the cutting of the wires on the Guatemalan side.

Gen. Barillas and Gen. Castillo, on crossing the line Sunday night, distributed a proclamation to the inhabitants of Guatemala. Among other things, the proclamation to the inhabitants recites that the standard of revolt has been raised at the extremes of the republic against Cabrera, "the most calamitous figure of our contemporaneous history, who, having possessed himself of the power by crime, has perpetuated himself therein by a chain of crimes."

SAYS IT'S QUELLED.

Panama, May 29.—The Associated Press has received the following:

Guatemala, May 29.—(9.12 a.m.)—Revolution started, but already crushed. (Signed) Estrade Cabrera.

Senor Cabrera is the president of Guatemala.

Especial English Styles.

In Toronto a full line of imported English hats are always available to those who are particular about the hat they wear. In cities in the United States the hat choice is limited, but in Toronto, at Dineens, there is not a reputable hat of English make that is not an item of regular stock. Dineen's, corner Yonge and Temperance-streets.

FINE AND MILDER.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Edmonton, 40—66; Calgary, 40—44; Qu'Appelle, 44—48; Winnipeg, 48—68; Port Arthur, 34—54; Parry Sound, 34—60; Toronto, 42—62; Ottawa, 40—64; Montreal, 42—58; Quebec, 44—52; Halifax, 42—44.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Fine to-day; stationary or slightly higher temperature; showers on Thursday.

Use "Maple Leaf" Canned Salmon—the best packed

FURNITURE STORAGE.
Forster Storage & Cartage Company, 543 Yonge St. Phone North 923.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

May 29	At	From
Kron Prinze	New York	Bremen
Naderland	New York	Antwerp
Carmania	Nantucket	Liverpool
Virginian	Cape Race	Liverpool
Main	New York	Bremen
Grosser Kurfurst	New York	Bremen
Canada	Liverpool	Montreal
Canopic	Gibraltar	Boston
La Bretagne	Havre	New York
Rhein	Bremen	New York
Kaiser Wilhelm	Bremen	New York
Zeeland	Dover	New York
Caronia	Queenstown	New York
Mongolian	Glasgow	Montreal
La Savoie	New York	Naples

Pember's Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge Street. Baths 75 cts.; after 10 p.m., $1.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Toronto East Methodists, annual meeting, Metropolitan Church, 9.30.
Civic enquiry, city hall, 10.
Railway commission, city hall, 10.
Insurance commission, city hall, 10.30.
Orange Grand Lodge, Victoria Hall, 2.30.
Methodist W. H. M. Society, Dunn-avenue Methodist Church, 2.30.
O. J. C. races, Woodbine, 2.30.

W. Harper, Customs Broker, 5 Lombard