

**CASE OF LACERATION OF THE INTESTINE WITH RUPTURE  
OF THE MESENTERIC ARTERY WITHOUT A SKIN WOUND.**

• BY

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J. S., aged 30 years, a stout man weighing over 200 pounds, was brought to the Montreal General Hospital on May 24th, 1898, suffering from a severe injury of the abdomen. Whilst bicycling on Dorchester street he collided with the shaft of a coal cart which turned in front of him to go down Mountain street. He was, of course, thrown from his bicycle and suffered severe pain and shock. The ambulance was called and he was sent to the Hospital.

His condition on entrance was most serious, his pulse could hardly be felt at the wrist, the surface of his body was cold, and he had sighing respiration. Vomiting of large quantities of coffee-ground material was continuous and he complained of severe pain in the abdomen. There was a contusion seen immediately below and a little to the left of the umbilicus; the surface was not broken. Over this region on percussion a dull note was elicited everywhere, and this dullness extended rapidly.

I saw him an hour after admission and his general condition was much the same as that described above, the local conditions were, however, rather different, for at the site of the contusion a large subcutaneous tumour was seen, and this on palpation was distinctly fluctuating. Patient's pulse was hardly perceptible at the wrist, the whole surface of the body was cold and clammy and he was becoming very drowsy. Evidently internal hæmorrhage was going on, and immediate operation was advised and consented to.

He was taken to the operating room and ether was administered. An incision was made in the median line and on cutting through the skin I found I was in the abdomen, the recti muscles having been torn through. An immense amount of blood gushed out and also a lot of intestine protruded. The bleeding being furious, with the help of Dr. Armstrong, the deeper part of the abdomen was exposed, and then it was seen that the small bowel had been torn completely across and the rent had continued on through the mesentery down to its attachment to the spine, tearing across near its origin the superior mesenteric artery. This was the source of the hæmorrhage and the vessel was with difficulty secured. Whilst this was being done, normal saline solution