attack of inflammation of the lungs, which had been ushered in by the usual symptoms of fever. Copious bleedings and abstinence relieved him, but on the 14th he had a relapse, which also yielded to similar treatment. On the 24th, he was in an advanced state of convalescence, when a diarrhea supervened which arrested his progress towards recovery. The symptoms were mild, and seemed to arise rather from the irritation produced by acrid matter in the intestinal canal, than from any organic derangement. Medicine suitable to that view of the case was administered with considerable, though not perfect, relief. At this time also some symptoms of a scorbutic character were apparent, which in the beginning of May were no longer equivocal, consisting of aversion to motion, lassitude, depression of spirits, pale countenance, fetid breath, livid, spongy, bleeding gums. An antiscorbutic and farinaceous regimen was prescribed, with such occasional laxatives and anodynes as were dictated by the state of his bowels. By the 25th the decided symptoms of scurvy had given way; the paleness, debility, and mental anxiety, remaining. The last affection had clung to him throughout, diverted at times by such light occupations as were found to suit him. He had also suffered two or three relapses of the diarrhea. The acescent portion of his diet was now discontinued, and the bitter tonics substituted; in addition to his farinaceous food, he had daily a nutritious broth of the ptarmigan, of which a few were shot. Under this treatment he appeared to be improving, until the 29th, when he had a recurrence of diarrhoea. The appearance of the alvine feculæ, and a sense of uneasiness, felt by percussion, in the region of the liver, indicated a derangement of the hepatic system. Five grains of the blue pill were prescribed daily until the 7th of June, when the salivary glands becoming excited, it was omitted. While under its influence, which continued a fortnight, the uneasiness in the right hypochondrium ceased, but the bowels continued at intervals disordered. On the 10th he began to feel his respiration hurried, on exposure to the cold; general lassitude and debility; increasing pallidity of countenance, and livid lips, with extraordinary depression of spirits. These symptoms were suspicious, but the principal