## TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1758.

Containing an Account of the Surrender of Fort Frontenac in the West-Indies, to the Forces under Colonel Bradstreet.

Yesterday a Mail arrived from New-York, with Letters from Major General Abercromby, to the Right Hon. Mr. Secretary Pitt, dated from the Camp at Lake George, the 8th and 10th past, giving an Account, That Lieutenant Colonel Bradsfreet, having proposed a Plan against Cadaraqui or Fort Frontenac, had been detached to make an Attempt on that place, with a Body of Men consisting of 154 Regulars, 2491 Provincials, 27 of the Royal Regiment of Artillery, 61 Rangers, 300 Batteau-Men, and 70 Indians, in all 3103 Men, including Officers: And the following Copy of a Letter from Colonel Bradsfreet, to Major General Abercromby, dated Oswego August 31, contains the Account of his Success in that very difficult and most important Enterprize.

Landed with the troops within a mile of fort Frontenac, without opposition, the 25th: The garrifon surrendered prisoners of war the 27th, between seven and eight in the morning.—It was a square fort of 100 yards the exterior side, and had in it 110 men, some women, children, and Indians; fixty pieces of cannon, (half of which were mounted;) 16 small mortars; with an immense quantity of provisions and goods, to be sent to the troops gone to oppose brigadier general Forbes, their western garrisons, Indians, and to support the army under the command of M. Levy, on his intended enterprize against the Mohawk River, valued by the French at 800,000 livres.

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