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### THE TWO HEADS.

President and Vice-President of the Unite States Elect.

GENERAL BENJAMIN HABRISON. General Benjamin Harrison was born at North Band, Onio, on August 20, 1833, and is a grandson of William H. Harrison, the ninth President of the United States, and son of John Scott Harrison, the tamily home-stead being situated a few miles below Cincinnati. Baojamin Harrison attended the district school until he was 15 years of age, when he entered the Miami University at Oxford, U. He made rapid progress and was graduated at the age of eightsee. Taen he began to study law in the office of Judge Bellamy Storer, of Cincinnati. He was admitted to the Bar and married before he was twentyone years of age. When the war broke out, at the request of Governor Morton, he raised a company and was commissioned a second lieutenant, then captain, and afterward colonel of the Saventienth Indiana Regiment. With that regiment he went to the front, but had little opportunity to distinguish him self, his command only having guard or gar-rison duty to do. An opportunity coon came, however, and at Reason he achieved renown. Shortly afterward Colon-I Harrison was brevetted a brig dier general. General Harrison served with credit and without injury until the end of the war.

As was inevitable, after the war Gen. Harrison took part la politics when he returned to the practice of his profession of a lawyer. He had taken the stump for Fremont and Lincoln, and supported the then new party with enthusiasm. In 1860 he was elected reporter of the Suprems court, and the office was declared vacant by the Legislature while he was absent in the field in 1863. In 1864, however, Harrison was re-elected, and served until 1868, when he declined a re-election. Gradually he became influential in the counsels of his party in the State until in 1876 the Central Committee named him for Governor while he was absent from the State, Governor Orr, the regular nomines of the Convention having withdrawn. The chances were against him, but he accepted the nomination and made a vigorous fight, but was beaten. In 1880 his party reward d him by electing him to the Senate, where he served six years. Though not rich, General Harrison owns a handsome house in Indianapolis, where he lives. He married a daughter of Professor Scott, of Oxford, by whom he has a son and a daughter, the latter of whom is married. The son is already prominent in the politics of Montana Territory. General Harrison is a prominent member of the First Presbyterian Church of Indianapolis, and many years ago was a Sunday school teacher.

LEVI P. MORTON.

Levi Parsons Morton is the son of a clorgy man and the descendant of a New England Puritan family, and was born in Shoreham Vt., sixty-two years ago. He was educated in the local academy, engaged in business in Hanover, N H., at the age of twenty years, and at twenty five was a clerk in the house of J. M. Bebeo & Co., of Boston. Five years later he founded the dry goods commission house of Morton & Grinnell, in New York city. In 1863 he established the banking house of Morton & Bliss, of which he is still the head. His business career has been uniformly prosperous, and he is to-day reputed a millionaire.

Mr. Morton's active interest in politics

began in 1876, when he was for the first time a candidate for Congress, and narrowly missed success. Two years later be ran again, in the "Murray Hill District" of New York, and was elected. As a Representative he displayed high capacity and intelligence, the interests of the metropolis and sound principles of finance finding in him a zealous and efficient champion. In 1880 Mr. Morton was talked of for the second place on the Presidential ticket, which was, however, given to General Arthur. President Garfield appointed him United States Minister to France—a high position to which he did great credit, establishing his great popularity in Parls and increasing it at home. Twice since then he was a candidate for the Senate, but was unsuccessful.

CONGRATULATING HARRISON.

Indianapolis, November 10 .- Among the telegrams received yesterday by General Harrison were the following: NEW YORK, November 9.

To the President : First for the continued prosperity of the Republic, second for your personal merite, I tender you my heartfelt congratulations upon being called to the foremost position in all the werld.

[Signed], ANDREW CARNEGIE. New York, November 10. Sincere congratulations to you and the country. New York stands in 1888 as it did

in 1840. (Signed), HAMILTON FISH.

NEW YORK, November 10. Thos. McNaeght, honorary colonial secra-tery of the Scottish Home Rule Association, congratulates Gen. Harrison on being President of the United States of America.

Pomona. Celif., November 10. The Republicans of Pomons, the home of Murchison, send greetings and congratulate you, the President elect of the United States. (Signed), THE COMMITTEE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10. W a heart full of thanksgiving, I salute su'h Bustriou chieftain. Agreat and vic-

torious fight for the preservation of America's industrial independence.

PATRICK FORD. (Signed) NEW YORK, Nov. 10. Fifty thousand Hebrew Republicans here rejoice and congratulate you.
(Signed) C. H. SARASOHN.

Editor Jewish Gazatte. MINNEAPOLIS, Minu., Nov. S.-While I congratulate you most heartly on your elec-tion to the highest office in the world, I con-gratulate you still more for the dignified selfpoise and great good sense with which you nave borne yourself through the campaign just closed. W. D. WASHBURN.

# CABLE TELEGRAMS.

[Specially Reported for and taken from THE MONTERAL DAILY POST]

LONDON, Nov. 6.—The United States Government having thought proper to send Sackville a safe conduct, to use Secretary Bayard's expression, the representation of Great Britain at Washington passes abruptly from a diplomatist of forty years' experience to a junior secretary with the commission of Cherge d'Affaires. Mr. Herbert, who now holds that position, is a brother of Lord Pembroke and Lauy DeGrey. He is only in his thirty-first year. The first secretary of the British Legation in Washington, Mr. Edwards, Lord Kensington's brother, is in England, and was not expected to return is in England, and was not expected to return to America, but possibly under the altered con

to America, but possibly under the altered condition of affairs he now will take over the duties of Charge d'Affaires from Mr. Herbert, as the appointment of a successor to Sackville is likely to be indefinitely postponed.

I understood that some time since arrangements had been made that should Cleveland be re-elected Phelps was to go home and be succeeded by Endicott, Secretary of War, in Cleveland's Cabinet, and father of the young lady whose engagement to Chamberlain was affirmed. whose engagement to Chamberlain was affirmed, denied and reaffirmed. Whether Cleveland cardenied and reaffirmed. Whether Cleveland carries his second term or not Phelps will moth probably vacate the appointment, but while the body. McCarthy, the shopkeeper and land.

stolidity was invincible. The object of yester-day's evidence and of much of a similar character to come, is to connect the Land League directly with specific crimes. The nearest ap-proach to proof was made to-day, when it was shown that a man arrested on suspicion of complicity with the Lough masked murders was paid money by a leading member of the Ladie? Land League. This caused something of a sensation, which soon subsided on the annunce-

sation, which soon subsided on the annuncement that the man was relessed on the murder charge and some time afterward was arrested as a political suspect in common with nearly a thousand good men all over Irelaud. It was as a political suspect that he got the money from the fund publicly subscribed and publicly administered. The report of yesterday's proceedings would be incomplete without mention of the witness Cotterill, a typical landlord from County Galway, who in cross-examination admitted that he bought his property in 1871, promptly raised the rents all around, confiscated the tenants' improvements and refused remissions of rent even in stressful times until a year or two ago, when provements and retused remissions or reme even in stressful times until a year or two ago, when land commissioners stepped in and compulsorily reduced them 30 to 40 per cent. Cotterill gave a finishing touch to the picture by admitting that he assisted in distributing relief to the starving peasantry, but that he himself never subscribed one penny to the fund.

London, Nov. 10.—From yesterday's proceeds ings of the Parnell Commission it seems likely that the inquiry hereafter will go on in a cloud of sparks knocked out by Partisan conflict. The Irish members are deeply indignant at the persistent Times ruling of Justice Hannen, and are only less vexed with their English lawyers who have so tamely accepted these rulings without a protest. The mutterings against this supienness have finally grown so loud that Sir Chas. Rushave finally grown so loud that Sir Chas. Russell was impalled to try a sharp fall with Justice Hannen. The incident was exciting at the time, but is most interesting as presaging a partizan struygle from this out with a great probability of somebody going to prison for contempt of court. The most eligible candidate for this distinction appears at present to be Wm. O'Brien, who, this week, attacks the commission in United Ireland as a attacks the commission in United Ireland as a

one-sided fraud. All London is again stired to its depths by

### Children Crv for Pitcher's Castoria.

Miss Phipps, Miss Cavendish, Miss Drum-mond and Miss Moore have no intention what-ever of renouncing the fortune left them by the late Lord Sackville. The uncertainty which provails as to the precise torms of the bequest has caused a number of other ladies not equally lucky to receive premature congratulations from their friends. It is Lady Derby, Lord Sickville's sister, who has entered a caveab against the will. Her solicitors are sanguine of

LONDON, Nov. 7 .- When the Parnell Com mission resumed yesterday Attorney-General Webster solumnly complained that certain newspapers had been commenting on his witnesses in a monor tantamount to intimidation. The audience had some difficulty preserving its gravity, for, as Sir Charles Russell promptly pointed cut, the Times is daily committing a similar offence. President Hannen conferred with the other judges and then in a few dignified words, declined to take notice of the alleged offenders, but begged the newspapers to abstain at present from comments and leave his colleagues and himself undisturbed in the performance of the painful duty they had accepted. His words were those of a man who nission resumed yesterday Attorney-General accepted. His words were those of a man who was already wearied with the task undertaken was acreasy weared with the task undertaken with a rubbirn determination to perform it and the manner of their delivery was almost pathetic. The appeal will doubtless have the effect of stopping editorial comments on the case, but the public craves for something more than day weaking craves. case, but the public craves for something more than dry verbatim reports, and therefore the descriptive reporter, who has been well to the fore from the begining, will not cease from his labors unless they be summarily closed by imprisonment for contempt of court. The evidence was then resumed The victims of outrages, from the humble peasants to the well-fed site. eit zens, were put into the witness box, and the policeman who was able to tell the circumstances of more than one terrible murder. The counsel for the Times sought to show that these crimes were due to the speeches and actions of the land with more success, cross-examined the witnesses in order to trace the outrages to their more obvious origin, the poverty and despair of the poor tonants or the machinations of secret conspirate ors seeking to throw discredit on constitutional methods.

Paris, Nov. 8.-The fair women of Paris seem to be going mad over Prado and his chances of being guillotined. The court room was crowded with stylishly dressed women.

Mauricette Couronneau and Eugenie Forestire were to testify against their former lover, and if there is anything which interests the average Parisienne is is the testimony of the murderer's mistresses. The appearance of the prisoner about noon caused great excitement. Prado preserved a disdainful indifference, and showed no fatigue. The sensation of the day was the evidence of Mauricette Concouncau, who was betrayed and abandoned by Prado. As she rose before the judges she trembled violently and burst into tears. She is young and pretty and aroused general sympathy by her pinched and pallid features. She told the story of her suffer-ing with downcast eyes, and related a sad story of how Prado had ruined her under a promise of marriage. He had given her jawels which he said were stolen, but she had not believed him capable of their. She denied indignantly baving been jealous of Lugenie Forestire, but admitted one day at Bordeaux Forcetire met her with her lover and threatened to betray Prado unless he followed her, and Prado yielded. She denied that her motive in denouncing Pradowas a desire to marry another man. At this point Prado made a melodramatic speech. "You have lost, Madame," said he, "the right of our poor child. Over its innocent cradle you have weven a wretched plot to sacrifice its father's head to gratify your lust." Next came the testimony gratity your lust." Next came the testimony of Eugenie Forestire. She is a handsoms woman, elegantly dressed. She said that it she had become a femme galante it was to support Prado. An American gave me 2,000 francs monthly, she said, which Prado spent when the American left. We were thrown into profound misery by the coming change of murder. She "What I have said," she said, "pains me deeply, but it's truth, and I have spoken without hatred. Prado is the only man I have ever loved." Prado rose here and a violent scene followed between the former lovers. Prado reviled the woman before him outrageously, recalling intimate details of her private life, and saying she had been the mistress of a Turk. The audience greeted this statement with laughter, and the President got angry, saying he would not allow such levity when a man's life was at stake. Prado shrugged his shoulders

scornfully. LONDON, Nov. 9—The evidence before the Commission has been a strange medley of tragedy and farce, from the gruesome story about the masked murderers of January, 1882, told by an eye witness, down to the evidence of the petty so called outrages, a description of which, interspersed with Hibernian bulls, moved the court to laughter. Most of the witnesses were unsatisfactory, especially from the Times point of view, for over and over again Attorney General Webster had the mortification of having his own creatures under Russell's skilful cross-examination make admissions invaluable to the Irish members. One man, a farmer from Loughrea, gave evidence so grossly contradictory that President Hannen, sniffing perjury, personally took him in hand, but soom retired baffled with the remark that he despaired extracting which anything from a witness whose professed effort.

England is represented at Washington by a plord, had seen the body first. He had gone, as Charge d'Affaires, the interests of the United States here will probably be entrusted to Henry White, acting in a similar capacity. man McCarthy at ones expressed the conviction that the devil and not man had been at work. that the devil and not man had been as work. This by the way is a new theory in regard to the murderer's identity. The woman's nose was cut off and her face gashed. She had been completely disembowelled, as had all the murderer's former victims, and all the intestines had been placed upon a lither table, which, with a chair and bed, constituted all the furniture in the room. Both of the woman's breasts had been removed and placed also on a table. Large portions of the thighs had ben cut away, and the head was almost completely severed from the bidy; one leg also was almost completely cut off. The mutilation was so frightful that more than an hour was spent by the doctors endeavoring to reconstruct the woman's body from the pieces, so as to place it in a cottin and have it photographed.

#### REMARKABLE PRIZES.

Oa Tussday October 9 h, 1888 (always Tuesday,) the 221st Grand Monthly Drawing of the Leuisiana State Lot ery occurred. The prizes were from \$100 to \$300,000, the next drawing will be over \$2,000,000, in prizzs from \$200 to \$600,000. This and all the Drawings of this Company are under the exclusive control of General Beauregard and Early. No. 46,755 drew the First Capital Prize of \$300,000. It was sold in fractional Prize of \$300,000. It was sold in fractional twentioths at one dollar each, sent to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, Lr. One went to F. M. Heathcote, Derrick City, Pa, through Bradford National Bank, Bradford Pa.; another to M. F. Locke, Codwater, Miss.; through Bank of Commerce, Memphis, Tenn.: another to J. O. Proebstet and M. C. Hanell, Vancouver, Wash T., another to Hanell, Vancouver, Wash T., another to J. O. Proebstet and M. C. Hanell, Vancouver, Wash, T.; another to ing 20c. Jnc. T. Claver, Murray, Ia.; another to Geo.
Lichthardt, Sacramento, Cal.; another to
Ben. S. Collins, Showhegan, Me.; another to
September make, half and half, at 10gc, whilst Aug. F. Lines, Seneca, Kas.; another to J. W. McGhee, Oakaloosa, K.a., another to H. Cailds, East Boston, Mass.; another to J. D. Rhodes, Eufaula, Ala.; another to Merchants National, Helen, Mont. On Dec. 18th occurs the Mammoth Drawing, in which the First Capital Prize is \$600,000. All information to be had by applying to M. A. Dauphin, New Ocleans, L.

WHY DOCTORS SO SELDOM SUCCUMB TO CON-TACIOUS DISEASES —People sometimes express wonder how it is that doctors so seldom take contagious and epidemic diseases, although con-"The doc or having slept well in a large, cool, pleasant room, having bathed and dressed, has began his day well. Perhaps he has a tura round the garden before sitting down to break-fast. He will eat hearty if he can. Mark these last three words, for he is too wise to force na-ture, and so, should there be any languidness or sheet and so, should there be any languages of septences of appetite, his morning meal will be a spare one—toast, eggs, not over-strong tea or coffee, with probably a morsel of whole meal bread and fresh butter. When one is languaged of a morning, strong tea may suggest itself, but the inclination to take it should be resisted; bear this in mind, it is a stimulant, and the tannin it contains is somewhat constipating; well, reaction will follow its use, and in summer greater heat and thirst will be felt about three hours after. Cocoatina is less objectionable. The fault with this, if taken too strong, is that bilicusness may follow. But should the doctor feel the need of food or substance between breakfast and lunch, he may eat a biscuit, drink a glass of milk and soda water, or even swallow a raw egg. To continue our doctor's day: While doing his duty faithfully in times of chidemic, he will guard against undue fatigue and all approach to worry. When attending infectious or contagious cases he will take every reasonable precaution for his own safety. Nor reasonable precaution for his own safety. Nor will the doctor expose himself to the risk of infection when faint and hungry. Well, then, our doctor has managed to keep his system up during all this weary day, and he is glad to return home with an apposite and ability to enjoy a well cooked and nicely served dinner. Over-indulgence he will carefully avoid. He will not commit the foolish error of reasoning thus. Wins is good will carefully avoid. He will not eximit the foolish error of reasoning thus: 'Wins is good its austain the system, therefore, I will take a glass or two.' No, but if he feels that sparkling ginger ale will suit his palate better, why, he will take that, In fact, the man eats and drinks to live. He does not regard dinner as a luxurious repast so much as a necessity. Then, if after dinner he rests in his easy chair with a book or november swell was will not hereafter. book or newspaper, surely we will not begrudge him that repast. It is hours yet before bedume. He may or may not take a biscuit or glass of milk before retiring but if his body is heated with the hardly yet banished fatigues of the day, a warm bath, with a cold sponge to follow, will reduce the temperature, equalize the circulation and induce calm, refreshing sleep .- In-

Many persons attempt to deceive themselves, and justify over-indulgences in food, arguing that they merely eat until hunger is appeased. Rather do they load their stomachs to the utmost capacity, and only desist from sheer in-ability to swallow more. Such men at the table are twice satisfied—first, when nature is properly supplied, after which they continue to eat, tempted by the pleasing appearance and flavor of food the system does not need, and which cannot be digested without laborious

#### COMMERCIAL.

FLOUR, GRAIN, &c.

OATMEAL, &c -Stocks are limited and sales are reported at \$2.40 for standard and \$2.55 for granulated in bags. In barrels ordinary standard is quoted at \$5 and granulated at \$5.25. Bailed oats at \$5.50 per bbi. Coromeal \$1.60

Bailed cats at \$5 50 per bul.

to \$1 70 in begs.

Bran, &c.—Bran is steady at \$17 to \$17 50
per ton, and shorts are plentiful at \$19 to \$20
per ton. Moullie \$25 to \$25 per ton.

VHEAT.—We quote No. 1 her! (new). \$1.35
to \$1.37; No. 2 hard (new), \$1.33; No. 1
Northern, \$1 32; Canada red and white winter wheat, nominal at \$1.27 to \$1.28; spring do.

\$1.25 to \$1.26

\$1.25 to \$1.26 \$1.25 to \$1.26

FLOUR.—The market rules quiet, but holders not being able to replace stocks at pretent prices, are not anxious sellers. Millers in the West are not weakening, as the high price of wheat prevents them reducing their rates on flour. Sales have been made in the West for Lower Provinces on account. We quote prices steady \$8 follows:—Patent winter, \$6 35 to \$6 75; patent spring, \$6 50 to \$6 75; patent spring, \$6 50 to \$6 75; patent tollows:—Patent winter, \$6 35 to \$6 75; patent spring, \$6 50 to \$6 85; straight roller, \$5 93 to \$6 15; extra, \$5 60 to \$5 75; exp-rine, \$5 25 to \$5 50; cut down superfine, \$4 75 to \$5 00; strong bakers', \$6 00 to \$6 25; Ontario bags, extra, \$2 60 to \$2 75; city strong bakers' (140 lb sicks), \$6 25 to \$6 50.

CORN.—Steady as 53 to 54c in bind, for which there is a fair degrand.

there is a fair demand.

Pras.—There is little or no charge in this morket, prices being steady at 78c per 66 les. There is a large crop of Outsrio peas to come forward.

OATS .- Sales are reported of of two cars at OATS.—Sales are reported of of two cars at 38½c, and two cars at 39½. The bad roads still prevent farmers from bringing them to market.

BARLEY.—Sales of malting barley are reported in this market at 75c to 78c for choice. Lower Casada and fair to good qualities 66c to 78c. Choice Toronto No. 1 is quoted above our partials fourter.

Buckwheat. - There are some American ord rs on this market at 55c per bushel, but holders are firm and ask 5c to 10c more money

for car lots.

MALT.—A few sales have been made for outside points at about former figures, and we quote No. 1 Montreal malt \$1. to \$1.05. Contracts in the West were made at much lower

SEEDS.—The market remains quiet but steady, tumothy seed being quotee at \$2 to 2.50 per hushel, and red clover at \$6 per bushel or 10c

#### PROVISIONS.

PORK, LARD, &c.-A fair seasonable demand PORK, LARD, &c.—A fair seasonable demand is reported for pork. Western short cut clear having been sold at \$20 to \$20.25 per bbl. and Western at \$18 50. Lard is steady with sales at 11c to 11½c for Western in pails. In smoked meats there is fair business reported. We quote:—Can, short cut clear, per brl, \$20.00 to \$00 00; Chicago short cut clear, per brl, \$20.00 to \$20 50; Mess pork, western, per brl, \$18.25 to \$18 50; Hams, city cured, per lb, 13c to 14c; Lard, western, in pails, per lb, 11c to 11½c; Lard, Canadian, in pails, per lb, 60 to 60; Bacon, per lb, 12½c to 60c; Shoulders, per lb, 60 to 60; Tallow, com, refined, per lb, 5½c to 6c.

DRESSED Hogs. - Owing to large receipts and mild weather, the price of hogs has declined about 50c per 100 lbs since our last report, sales of light butchers' hogs having transpired at \$7.50 and \$7.75, heavy hogs having sold at \$8 to \$8 25 per 100 lbs.

#### DAIRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER-The market is unquestionably easier, BUTTER—The market is unquestionably easier, and prices have slightly receded from those of a week or ten days ago. Creamery have been sold at 25c for choice September, and at 21c to 22c for choice Eastern Townships. In Kamouraka, the sale is reported of 100 tubs at 17½c, and several lots of Western have been placed at 16½c, whilst choice selected have brought 17c to 18c, as to size of lot. A lot of straight Morrisburg was offered at 19c, and a lot of 50 tubs of fair Eastern Townships was sold at 18½c. Creamery, finest, 2½c to 25c; do. earlier

Cheese.—The decline of 6d in the Liverpool September make, half and half, at 10gc, whilst 10gc and 10gc has been paid for faulty Septembers. French cheese, it is said, can be bought lower prices, but holders of choice Western are

lower prices, but holders of choice Western are firm at 10½c to 10½c. There has been a good enquiry for seconds, sales of which have taken place at 9½c for August, 10c to 10½c for September, while poorer, goods have sold at 8½c. The shipments from the beginning of the season to the end of last week were 1,616,327 boxes, against 997,380 boxes for the same period in 1887, showing an increase of 18,928 boxes. We quote as follows:—Binest September, white 10½c increas September, colored, 10½c 101c to 102c; finest September, colored, 101c to 108c; finest late August, 10c; fine 91c; medium, 84c to 9c; inferior, 73c to 8c.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

The market is quiet but steady at 18c to 19c for limed and 20c for fresh Two car oads os fresh eggs have been shipped to the American market, where prices are remunera-Some very fine white beaus are BEANS.

ffered at \$2 per bushel, and in car lots at

DRESSED POULTRY.—Some of the shipments arrived in a sweatty condition and had to be forced on the market, sales of turkeys heling made as low as 6½c to 7c, whilst choice dry birds would bring 7c; chickens have sold all the way from 4c to 7c as to quality, and geese at the same range; ducks, scarce at 7c to 9c. GAME.—The few venison saddles that have

been received during the past few days have been sold at 11c, owing to the mild weather. Partridge are firmer, and sales of fine fresh lots have been made 50c per brace. Honey.-Extracted honey has been sold at

from 10c to 12c per lb, and in comb at from 13c to 15c as to quality. HAY .- The market rules firm at \$13 to \$15 per ton for pressed hay. A large load has arrived and is offered at \$13, but choice is worth \$14, and extra choice in small lots at \$15. Prices

here are now about as high as in Ontario. BEESWAX -Sales of small lots have taken place at 25c to 28c per lb, but larger lots are quoted at 22c to 23c. Hops.—The sale of a lot of 8 bales of choice

Dundes hops was made at 25½c, and a lot of good Eastern Townships at 23c. Medium to fair grades are quoted at 18c to 20c, and sold at 7c to 12c. General loss of choice Bavarian have been placed at 36c to arrive here duty paid. Ashes.—Receipts continue light and prices of first pots ranging between \$4.40 to \$4.50 per 100

Seconds, \$3 80 per 100 lbs.

### FRUITS, &c.

APPLES.-In this market winter apples have been bowling in at a great rate. Prices have in consequence weakened, with sales reported all the way from \$1.60 to \$1.90 per bbl within the past few days. Fameuse have sold at \$1.75 to 52. The losses on a number of fall consignments have been heavy, owing to the arrival of the fruit in a poor and wasty condition.
Winter varieties, however, are expected to do

EVAPORATED APPLES -The market is quiet and business is confined to small purchases. Car lots are quoted at 710 per lb, and we quote 710

DRIED APPRES .- A few small sales have ranspired on spot at 55c, and we quote 55c to GRAPES.—Sales of Malaga grapes are reported

at \$4 to \$4.25 per keg.
OBANGES.—The market centinues quiet at \$4.75 to \$5.50 per bbl. for Jamaica, and \$3.25 CRANBERRIES .- Cape Cod berries are selling

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

### from \$6.50 to \$7 per bbl, and in bushel crates

st \$2.50.
LEMONS —Sales of Malaga are reported at \$2.50 to \$3. and of Mession at \$3.50 to \$4.
SWEET POTATOES.—Market quiet at \$2.75 to

83 59 per bbl.
Porarous —The market has been well supplied during the past week, and several good sized lots have changed bands at 50c per bag, smaller lots selling at 555 to 60c. Farmers are not effering their best stock. Two lots of choice beauty of Hebron were a ld an 550 per 90 lbs. One lot of inferior rose brought 450 per

ONIONS.—A few days since sales of Spanish onions.—A new cays since sales of Spanish onions were made at 65c to 70c, but bolders are now firmer and are now asking 75c to 80c. Ontario red and yellow onions are offered freely at \$2 per bbl of 165 lbs delivered here. Montario real onions have been sold at \$1.75 to \$2 per bhl, and round lots have sold as low as \$1.25 to

CABBAGES.—The market is glutted and prices rule in buyer's favor, sales having been made at \$1.75 to \$2 per 100 head, and are selling from gardeners' waggons at 15c to 25c p r dezen as to size and quality.

BERTS.—Sales were made at 90c to \$1 per bbl.

and at 25c per hasket.

Carrors —The market is fairly well supplied and prices ranged from 20c to 25c per basket.

#### GENERAL MARKETS.

Molasses &c.-Sales of Barbadoes molasses in 25 pans. lot are reported at 38c, and Trini-dad in our lots at 30c to 33c. Sug.r is quieter and easier both for refined and raw.

Fish Oils.—Sales of about 250 bbls. of New-found and and Gaspe cod are reported at 37c for the latter and 38c to 39c for the farmer. Halifax is quoted steady at 36c. A fair sized lot of fax is quoted sheady at 355. A fair sized lot of steam refined seal is reported at 47½c; pale seal at 42½c to 45c and straw seal 37½c. A lot of Newfoundland cod liver oil sold at 6°c.

CANNED FISH.—Lobsters are steady at \$5.60 to \$5 80 sales being reported at the inside figure. Mackerel are still scarce at \$5.93 to \$6

Pickled Fish.—The sales of 80 bbls of Labrador herring is reported at \$5.35 but holders are now acking \$5.50 for round lots, smaller quanti-

dor herring is reported at \$5.35 but holders are now asking \$5.50 for round loss, smaller quantities being quoted 25c to 50c higher. So tar the receipts of Labrador herring have been between 15,000 ahd 16,000 bbls at \$5.50. Most of the herring are now in. Cape Breton Herring are quoted firm at \$5.75 to \$6. Dry Cod, \$4.75, and green cod \$4.75 to \$5. Labrador salmon \$14, and B. C. \$13 to \$15 per bbl.

FREIGHTS.—Ocean freights are firm with engagements reported in grain at 43 fa to 40.94 to

gagements reported in grain at 43 6s to 4c 9d, to London, 2s 6d and 2s 9d, to Liverpool and Glasgow. Flour is quoted at 15s to U. K. ports. To Newfoundland 40c is the quoted rate on

#### GENERAL PRODUCE.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.—The following were RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.—The following were the receipts of produce, &c., for week ending November 8th, 1883:—Wheat, bush, 30,682; corn, bush, 11,200; peas, bush, 19,361; oats, bush, 15,013; barley, bush, 11,69; flour, bbts, 21,142; oatmeal, bbls, 864; ashes, bbls, 25; eggs, pkgs, 299; butter, pks, 3,097; cheese, bexes, 7,957; pork, bbls, 175; dressed hogs, 82; leather, rolls, 695; tobacco, pkgs, 94; whiskey casks, 231. whiskey casks, 231.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

#### MONTREAL HORSE EXCHANGE. POINT ST. CHARLES-MARKET REPORT.

The receipts of horses for week ending Nov The receipts of horses for week ending Nov. 10th, 1888, were as follows: 36 horses; left over from previous week, 43; total for week, 79; shipped during week, 17; sakes for week, 4; left for city, 26; on hand for sale and shipment, 32. Arrivals of thoroughbred and other imported stock at these stables for week and shipped per G.T.R.:—Ex.SS. Alcides—2 horses consigned to James White, of St. Mary's, Ontario. Trade during the week has been very dull, owing to the weather, also on account of the late elections, but American buyers are expected in next week. Mr. Louis Mercier, from near Quebec, purchased at these stables a magnificant thereuphyred imported two year old nificent thoroughpred imported two year old

MONTREAL STOCK YARDS, POINT ST CHARLES.

#### MARKET REPORT. The receipts of live stock for week ending

The receipts of live stock for week ending November 10th, 1888, were as follows:—1,665 cattle, 936 sheep, 228 hogs and 21 calves; left over from previous week, 50 cattle, 300 sheep and 90 hogs; total for week, 1,715 cattle, 1,236 sheep, 318 hogs and 21 calves; exported and sold during week, 1,535 cattle, 936 sheep, 313 hogs and 21 calves; on hand for sale and export, 180 cattle, 300 sheep and 5 hogs; receipts last week, 1,357 cattle, 1,291 sheep, 632 hogs and 11 calves; total exports during week, 1,618 cattle and 1,208 sheep; total exports for previous week, 1,639 cattle and 646 exports for previous week, 1,089 cattle and 646

There was a slight improvement in the market for export cattle this week, on accust of mor favorable reports from the other side, and s large number of spaces offered. All space quickly picked up. There was also a better demand for butcher stock and all receipts were sold at fair prices. The receipts of hogs were large and the demand good, but prices wer low. All sold out. Sheep and lamks were in good demand from butchers. Good calves sold

Export, good, average 41 to 440; do., medium 3% to 4½; butchers', good, 3½ to 3½; do., medium, 2½ to 3½; do., culls, 2c to 2½; hogs, 5½ to 5½; sheep, 3½ to 3½; lambs, cach, \$2.50 to \$3.50; calves, each, \$4.00 to \$8.00.

Probably there is nothing in the world that a man resents so quickly and so deeply as to find you awfully busy when he is perfectly at leisure.

ANT EVERY CATHOLIC FAMILY should have Benziger's Catholic Home Almanac for 1889. It is the most intensely interesting and instructive one yet issued. Send 25c, in stamps, or scrip, to Thomas Coffey, London, Ont, and you will get a copy by next mail.

### A MAN OF A THOUSAND.

When death was hourly expected, all other remedies having feiled, and Dr. H. James was experimenting with the many berbs of Calcutta, he accidentally made a preparation which cured his only child of Consumption. His child is now in this country, and enjoying the best of health. He has proved to the world that Consumption can be positively and permanently cured. The doctor now gives this recips free, together with certainty or our or our properties. with certificates of cures from physicians ministers, and other eminent persons, only ask ing that each remit two 2-cent stamps to pay expenses. This herb also cures night sweats, nauses at the stomach, and will break up a fresh cold in twenty-four hours. Address, CRADDOCK & CO., 1032 Race Street, Philadelphia.

### WANTED.

Two TEACHERS, by Roman Catholic S. S. Board, Belleville, Ontario. Male head master, holding 1st or 2nd class certificate, and female assistant holding 2nd or 3rd. Applicant to furnish testimonials and state salary by December 1st. Duties to commence January 1st, 1889. M. D. LYNCH, Sec. Tres. R. C. S. S. Board,

Belleville, Ontario.

## CARSLEY'S COLUMN

A SPECIAL LINE of Ladies' cardigan jackets is now selling at S. Carely's at the low price of \$1.25. Call and see them.

Kniffing Yarns —S. Cataley still maintains the lead in wool, and ladies can ensure getting only best makers' goods and full weight.

Ladies requiring a good wearing and perfect fixing corset should go to S. Carsley, where they will find an immense assortment of finest goods to select from.

#### CPECIAL NOTICE.

### LADIES' KID GLOVES:

A SPECIAL SALE OF KID GLOVES On SATURDAY, 19th.

among which will be found the following special

S. CARSLEY,

Ladies' 4 Button Kid Gloves, 45; Ladies' 4 Button "Julette" Kid Gloves, 55c. Ladies' 4 Button Embroidered Back Kid Gloves, 60.. Ladies' 4 Stud Embroidered Kid Gloves, 75c. Ludies' 4 Button Le Braban Kid Gloves,

Ladies' 4 Stud "Victoria" Emtroide:ed Kid Gloves, \$1 25.

Ladies' 4 Button Superior Quality, \$1.40.

#### SPECIAL IMPORTATION

Ladies' 4 Button Suede Embroidered Gloves. 75c. Ladies' 6 Button Length Suede Mousquetaire Embroidered Back, 90c.

LADIES' OPERA GLOVES LADIES' OPERA GLOVES LADIES' OPERA GLOVES

Ladies will find a choice selection of newest shades in Silk and Kid Gloves, suitable for Evening Wear, at the

Leading Kid Glove House.

S. CARSLEY.

S. CARSLEY.

WINTER GLOVES. TADIES, FINED KID GLOVES
"PADIES, FINED KID GFOARS
"PADIES, FINED KID GFOARS

LADIES' LINED KID MITTS LADIES' LINED KID MITTS LADIES' LINED KID MITTS CHILDREN'S LINED KID GLOVES CHILDREN'S LINED KID MITTS CHILDREN'S LINED KID GLOVES

In Wollen Knitted Gloves for Ladies and Children the stock may be found most complete

and at prices to suit all.

RIBBONS

Post.

S. Caraley's are showing a full line of gentle-men's Melton fur-lined overcoats, with fur collars and cuffs. These goods are of the best quality made, and customers will be assonished at the low prices they are going to be sold at .-

> RIBBONS RIBBONS

RIBBONS

All colors and widths in Faille, Satin Edge. All colors and widths in Moire, Satin Edge. All colors and widths in Double Faced Satin Picot Edge.

Now showing the best and largest assortment

of Ribbons ever imported to Canada, and at very reasonable prices. S. CARSLEY.

> DRESS TRIMMINGS DRESS TRIMMINGS DRESS TRIMMINGS DRESS TRIMMINGS DRESS TRIMMINGS DRESS TRIMMINGS DRESS TRIMMINGS

Another lot of new Dress Trimmings, in the very latest patterns and colors as worn now in Paris and London, has just been received, beautful range of shader, price only 60c per

Any special orders for hand knitted goods of any kind, left at S. Carsley's, will receive prompt attention.—Copied.

APPLIQUE ORNAMENTS

A full assortment of Applique Flowers and Ornaments, for fancy work, has just been re-ceived. Also a full stock of fancy plush Balls, in all colors and sizes, selling cheap

At S. CARSLEY'S

At S. CARSLEY'S.

FUR MUFF SATCHELS FUR MUFF SATCHELS FUR MUFF SATCAELS FUR MUFF SATCHELS FUR MUFF SATCHELS FUR MUFF SATCHELS FUR MUFF SATCHELS FUR MUFF SATCHELS

The above in all kinds of Fur, beautifully lined and finished, at very lowest prices. S. CARSLEY.

> THE BEST THREAD MADE THE BEST THREAD MADE THE BEST THREAD MADE

Clapperton's Thread is the best made, no other make can equal it for either machine or hand sewing. Once tried always used.

S. CARSLEY.

### s. carsley,

1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777,

NOTRE DAME ST., MONTREAL

MONTREAL, 10th November, 1888.

OARSLEY'S COLUMN,

Children Sty for Pitcher's Castoria.