PRESIDENTIAL, CANDI-DATE: Ander

Uleveland Nominated Amid the Wildest Enthustasm and Without a Dissenting Voice Proceedings at the Democratic Convention.

ST. Louis, Mc., June 6.—The Democratic National convention was called to order at 10 o'clock. Rev. J. P. Greens, of Missouri, de-livered the invocation. Chairman Hop. P. A. Collins, of Boston, was secorted to the chair and made a speech. He said the platform committee would not be able to report before 8 o'clock this evening. Schewalter of Missouri presented a long resolution on the tariff demanding that the war taxes shall cease and denouncing the present tariff. This was greeted with applause. The secretary read a communication from the Washington Women's convention asking that a representative be allowed to address the convention for ten minutes, and on motion of Mr. O'Donohue, of New York, the request was granted. Hon. T. Campbell, of New York, presented a resolution of regret on the sorious illness of General Sheridan, which was greeted with applause and adopted. Mrs. E. A. Merreweather, of St. Louis, appeared and was greeted with applance and laughter.

CLEVELAND NOMINATED. No ballots were taken, and Grover Cleveas a Pennsylvaniau, placed Hancouk in nomination in 1880. Dougherty's speech was delivared with fine effect in his best style, and aroused unbounded enthusiasm. When he mentioned the name of Grover Cleveland or referred to his public acts and The ten thousand spectators joined in the applause and the band in the east gallery helped along with the cast gallery helped with gallery helped along with horns and discouraging.

Ever, discouraging.

Foreign exchange is lower on the anticipation of bills against bond purchases. Demand sterling, \$4.88\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$4.88\frac{1}{2}\$. Our regular monthly report of stocks of wheat in the Onited States and Canada, out of farmers' hands, June 2, gives a total of 4,680,000 bushels less of the convention the well known feature of the President. This incident aroused the enthusiasm of the convention to a fever heat. enthusiasm of the convention to a fever heat, for the first time during its proceedings the hall was at once filled with cheer on cheer, and the great body of people in the audi-torium, balcony and galleries arose and torium, balcony and galleries arose and signed and sign gray hats were frantically thrust upon the points of canes and waived until the owners became exhausted. Some one on the stage crowned the bust of the President on the left of the chairman with a laurel wreath. which was the signal for even a wilder burst of shouts and cheers than before. Although the band of sixty pieces was in full blast all this time, not a sound from its trumpets could be heard. The climax of this great scene was reached when the banners of all the States were borne by the delegates to the New York standard and draped about it. At this the enthusiasm became unbounded. Spectators and delegates tore the red, white and blue buntings from the pillars and from the face of the balconies, and waved these improvised hanners all over the hall for ten minutes. This remarkable outburst did not cease until everybody was absolutely exhausted. was exactly twenty-four minutes before the chair was able to regain control of the conreation.

After the great outburst of enthusiasm which greeted the resches of Chairman Patrick A Collin and the brilliant oration of Dougherty, of New York, in nominating Cleveland, the convention was not in humor for further proceedings. The committee on resolutions had not agreed upon a platform, and it seemed likely that two reports would be made. It was conceded that it would be made. It was conceded that it would be upon a platform against 28 last week. The total for the United States, January 1, to date, is 4,659 against 4,693 in 1887. This is the first time that the total unwise to numinate a candidate for Vice- from January 1 this year has shown an increase President until the platform had been prepared, and the convention took a recess until 10 a.m. to-murrow.

The committee on resolutions had a long and, at times, stormy usesion last night, and did not adjourn until 2.30 this morning. The time was principally occupied with the tariff plank. Hon. George L. Yaple, member of the committee for Michigan, made the following statement: "Notwithstanding the fact that numerous important papers all over the country have announced to the contrary, I think I can cafely, without violation of confidence, may that not only the President's message, but the entire Mills bill also will be unqualifiedly endorsed by the com-

desired to have the principle of tariff for revenue only amplified and made the tariff plank of the platform.

WASHINGTON, June 6.-Col. Lamont took nomination. Mr. Cleveland expressed his gratification. The news was at once tele-phoned to Mrs. Cleveland, The President then resumed work, and at 4.30 left the White House for Oakview, where he spends the night.

AN OFFER OF RECIPROCITY TO

CANADA. Washington, June 6. - In the House to-day in committee on the Tariff bill the pending paragraphs, pickers and palings, were passed as well as the next one, laths. The remaining paragraphs of the lumber section, clapboards, pine or spruce and logs, were also passed, down to the provision beginning in the Methodist Mission Board was the proper line 22 that existing duties shall be levied upon articles in lumber schedules where extend against the Board. port duties are imposed by the country from which they are imported. Mr. Dingley (Maine) proposed an amondment to continue the existing duties on lumber schedules wherever exported from a count-try that denied our vessels the right to touch and trade and take bait. Mr. Breck-inridge, of Kentucky, offered an amendment to Mr. Dingley's amendment providing that whenever Canada shall grant the fishing and other vessels of the United States commercial privileges and the right to buy bait and provisions and to transh p cargoes then herrings mackeral, salmon and other fish pickled, smoked or preserved, except sardines and anchovies in oil, from that country shall be admitted duty free, and providing that when Canada admits to free entry articles produced in the United States similar privileges shall be granted in the case of like Canadian products. After an explanation of the amendment by Mr. Breckenridge Mr. Dingly opposed it on the ground that it was an effort to buy privileges from Osnada to which this country was rightly entitled. Without action upon the amendments the committee rose and the house adjourned.

Hardina's The Land of the Land

BRADSTREET'S WEEKLY REVIEW. BETTEL WEATHER PROSPECTS STIMULATING TRADE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION DEPERSING THE STOCK MARKET—BUSINESS, PAILURES.

New York, June 8 Special telegrame to Bradstreet's state that the general improvement in the weather throughout the country has stimulated retail and jobbing trades, principally graceries, dry goods, and boots and shoes, to a moderate extent, as Beston, Philadelphis, Evansville, Louisville, New Orleans, St. Louis, Burlington, Chicagri, St. Paul sud Oinsho, while there has been no change as Kansas City.

Dry goods sales there are less active than those of growings through and lumine. of groceries, drugs and lumber. Planting throughout the region tributary to Omaha has been checked for a time, but the excellent crop prospects in Louisians have induced freer coun-

prospects in Loullians have induced free country purchases at New Orleans. Collections are raster at Burlington, Evansville, Omaha, St. Joseph, Detroit and Chicago, at Cleveland they are still complained of.

Iron and steel prospects tend downward and southern irons continued to come north, though in smaller quantities. Steel rails are dull, some larger engagements will be withheld for the present. Wages reductions have been made at Western mills. The Amalgament Association present. Wages reductions have usen made as Western mills. The Amalgamated Association and the Knights of Labor Iron Workers will probably act together in the coming adjustment of wages. Production of pig iron is 12,000 tons less at weekly account than on January 1.

Money markets continue to exhibit excep-tional case and domestic exchanges still favor New York. The total of bank clearings at 32 cities for five months (19,472,000,000) is 8 per land was nominated for President by acclamation, amidst the wildest excitement. He heavy decline at New York city, \$1,675,000,000, was placed in nomination by Daniel Dougherty, the silver-tongued orator, who, as a Pennsylvaniac, placed Hancouk in 16 comparable tive dealings; 4 at the East show losses due, and those at the West a gain over 1887. Of the 16 commercial cities declines are noted at but 6 of them, at some of which real estate trading has been less active. Of the 12 inland centres, reduced bank clearings are noted at three points. Trading in stocks at New York continues flat and restricted, the impression gaining ground utterances the convention fairly shouted itself | that the Presidential cauvass will detract from

000,000 bushels less than five months ago. The visible aupply July 1 will probably equal 30,000,000, the smallest total for four years. Spring wheat in Northwestern Interior elevator

are in excellent sale for all but the lowest grades and values are firm with advancing tendency.

At Omaha hogs are declining.

Leaf tobacco firmer and higher at Louisville for nearly all grades, especially Burley's Ken-tucky tobacco. Crop reports are unfavorable, poor seed, cut worm, indifferent planting, weather and bad growing season continuing to lower

prospect.
The demand for raw sugar has been light and arrivals freet and although meetings have increased stocks have been augmented, but prices have been sustained by favorable reports from primary markets and stronger London cables. Refined has tended to weakness, with lighter demand.

Brazil coffee has been active, but lower, during the week to Thursday. Tess have been in slack demand and only steady.

Leading cotton goods at the east are in more active distribution from jobbing and at retail prices are well sustained. Some makes are sold for months ahead. Woollens are extremely dull and prints are firm, with makers views above nominal. Quotations in interior prices for wool are above eastern offers and manufacturers are buying cautiously. There are some noteworthy speculative purchases.

The reports to Bradstreet a of BUSINESS FAILURES

number 148 in the United States against 123 over 1887, it having ranged 15 more or less below

A METHODIST'S BACKBONE.

A PROTESTANT DIVINE THAT WAS TOO LAZY TO

STAND UP IN THE WITNESS BOX. VICTORIA, B.C., June 8-(Special).-Considerable indignation has been caused through Chief Justice Regbie in the Court yesterday making some personal remarks about the conduct of Rev. Mr. Starr, pastor of the Methodist church, in the witness box. The chergyman was lounging over the box, and the Judge asked if he would lounge on the other side. The witness leisurely shifted his position to the other side, will be unqualifiedly endorsed by the committee. Some other matters were hotly discussed, which I am not at liberty to mention at this time."

The Committee on Resolutions, by a vote of 25 to 19, has agreed to endorse and reiterate the tariff platform of 1884. The minority desired to have the principle of tariff for seem to have more backbone than a sausage seem to have more backbone than a sausage skin filled with water, and was as limp as a dirty collar. "A witness," he said, "that took the solemn cath to tell the truth, the whole a deepatch to the President announcing his truth, and nothing but the truth, and then connomination. Mr. Cleveland expressed his ducted himself in the manner Starr did, necesserily detracted from the weight of his syldence. The publication of the remarks in the morning papers caused a sensation, and there is a general opinion that the Justice's remarks were degrading to the Bench, though it is also stated that the witness' manner towards the Court was rather exasperating. The case that Starr gave evidence in was the suit of a lady teacher of the Chinese Mission School, peremptorily discharged to make way for a teacher belonging to the Methodist denomination. The teacher sued to recover a \$20 monthly salary, as she had worked four days into a new month. The suit was brought against Starr and Gardiner, the latter chief teacher in the school. The judge dismissed the auit without costs, stating that

A SURE RELIEF.

I suffered from a hard Cough contracted by damp feet. Having consulted a local doctor without effect I thought I would try Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam as a last resort. Be-fore I had finished the first bottle my cough had entirely disappeared, and to-day I enjoy better health than ever before. I can con-scienticusly recommend it. Chas. H. Kent, Telegraph Operator, East Selkirk, Man.

London royalty is about to organize a charitable fets in imitation of that carried to success by the Princess Metternich in Vienna. The three little Princesses of Wales are to appear as Yum-Yum, Pitti Sing and Peep-Bo in "The Mikado" trio. A Scotch ballet will be danced by titled ladies, and it will wind up with a pautomime in which all the players will take part.

LAST RESORI.

Last summer, says Wm. J. James, of Atherley, Ont., I felt very miserable with pains over my kidneys, fluttering of the heart pains over my kidneys, fluttering of the heart used it as being the best medecine sold for and nervousness; after taking different kinds coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs, and of medicine, hearing of B. B. I thought I all affections of the throat and chest. Its agree-

SCOTCH NEWS.

THE DEATH-RATE IN GLASJOW. Last week the mortality in Glasgow was at the rate of 32 per 1000 of the population per annum, as compared with 24 in the previous week. In the corresponding periods of the three preceding years the rate was 20.

POLITICAL MERTING AT EARLSTON-The Hon. Edward Marjoribanks and Mr. R. B. Haldane were the principal speakers at a political meeting held in E-riston on Saturday evening, under the ampress of the Berwicksbira Leberal Association ciation.

-OPENING OF A NEW HALL AT ROTRESAT .- A new suite of halls erected in Tower street, to be used as a meeting house for the local Good Templars and as a mission hall in connection with the Chapelhill Free congregation, was opened on Monday afternoon.

Chief Constable McHardy's, report on crime in Ayrshire shows there has been a considerable increase of disorder in the county, due almost exclusively to offences in the district of Ardrosast, consequent on the number, of laborers at the harbor works.

Lord Rusebery has intimated to the Provost of Wick that on the occasion of his visit to Inverness, in the end of June, he will extend his journey to Wick and receive the freedom of the burgh, which was some time ago voted to him by the municipality.

Suigide in Dundre .- On Saturday evening Alexander Anderson, a tenter, took away his life by cutting his throat, in his father's house, in Hospital Wynd, Dunder.

TYPHOID FEVER IN FORFAR -- A serious outbreak of typhoid fever has occurred in Forfar No fewer than nine cases have been reported while there are others of a suspicious nature.

FREEDOM OF ABEEDEEN TO LORD LORNE, -At a meeting of the Aberdeen Town Council on Monday it was unanimously agreed to confer the freedom of the city on the Marquis of Lorne on the 21st June, when his Lordship will visit Aberdeen for the purpose of unveiling a status in honor of Sir William Wallace.

EMBEZZLEMENT AT ABERDEEN. — James Graigie, plumber, Old Aberdeen, was on Monday convicted of embezzling various sums of money belonging to his employers. Sheriff Dove Wilson passed sentence of three months' imprisonment.

DUKE OF ATHOLE'S SILVER WEDDING-A largely-attended meeting of tenants in the Blair Athole district was held in Blair Athole on Tuesday, under the chairmanship of Mr. A. M'Beth, Mains of Orchil, and a committee was appointed to make arrangements for the celebration of the silver wedding of the Duke and Duchess of Athole, which occurs in October

SALE OF A LANARKSHIRE ESTATE. - On Monday afternoon Mr. James Marshall, suctioneer, Carluke, sold by public roup, within the Clydesdale Hotel, Lanark, the lands of Clydegrove, at Crossford. The lands extend to 154 acres, and were sold at the upset price of £1,500 to the present tenant, Mc. Archibald Forrest.

DUNDER LIBERAL ASSOCIATION.-A meeting of the Dundes Liberal Association took place on Monday, when a motion was adopted protesting against the compensation clauses in Local Government Bill, against the constitution of the County Councils, and in favor of the policy of Mr. Gladstone towards Ireland. It was mentioned that the appeal for funds had been liberally responded to, and that the debt of the association had been wiped off, leaving a palance of £9 in the hands of the Treasurer.

HAIRDRESSING EXHIBITION —Under the auspices of the Glargow College of Hairdressers, an exhibition of hairdressing, with the view of showing ancient, historical, and modern styles, was given in the Langham Hall, Buchanan street, last night. The meetings are held month-ly for the purpose of helping the fashion in hairdressing among the Glasgow ladies, and it is the intention of the members to give an exhibition a a large scale in the Glasgow Exhibition early in September.

IMPORTANT SHOOTING MATCH AT EDINEURGH. —A rifle shooting match between teams repre-senting the Queen's Rifle Volunteer Brigade, Edinburgh, and the London Rifle Brigade, 25 men a side, was decided at Edinburgh on Mon-day. The conditions were seven rounds at 200, day. The conditions were seven rounds at 200, 500 and 600 yards. The full scores were:—Queen's Rifle Brigade, 1,980; Lundon, 1,854; eucons Anno Drigade, 1,700; London, 1,834; but as it had been arranged that the three lowest scores should be deleted, the result of the match was:—Ediaburgh, 1,726; London, 1,687; majority for the Scotchnen, 39.

DO NOT FORGET TO CATCH ON

THIS TIME. At New Orleans, La., on Tuesday (always Tuesday) May 12th, 1888, the 216th Grand Monthly Drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery occurred under the sole management of the western wine. The whole building was Gen'la G. T. Beauregard of La., and Jubal A. the western wirg. The whole building was Gen'ls G. T. Beauregard of La., and Jubal A. Early of Va. To those interested the roturns deinged with water, and the less will be are very attractive. The First Capital Prize of \$150.000 was won by No. 55,515, sold in fractional teaths at \$1 each sens to Mr. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La. Two-tenths were paid to M. A. Kelly, Pitisten, Pa.: one to Mrs. G. E. Coleman, St. Louis, Mo.: one to J. W. Y tes, No. 612 G St., N. W., Washington. D.G.: one to a denogitor in the La. Nat'l Bank. J. W. Y tes, No. 612G St., N. W., Washington, D.C.: one to a depositor in the La. Nat'l Bank, New Orleans, one to the City Nat'l Bank, Dallas, Tex.: one to Dr. R. Quinney, Anderson, Tex: one to Geo. H. Ashe, Galveston, Tex: one to American Nat'l Bank of Kansas City, Mo.: one to A. Phillips, thro' T. W. House, Houston. Tex. No. 21,492 drew the Second Capital Prize of \$50,000; it was also said to a tauthe at \$1 and; three paid to Angle. sold in touths at \$1 each: three paid to Anglo-Caltornian Bank, L't'd, San Francisco, Cal: one to Mrs. P. T. Robiuson, 428 Dryades St., Naw Orleans, La.: one to Col. R. H. Porter, Bir-mingham, Ala.: one to J. B. Bliner, Dennison, O.: one to Mrs. Francis A. Hoke, Emmitts-O.: one to Mrs. Francis A. Hoke, Emmitted turg, Md.: one to H. Bunning, Moweaque, Ill.: one to John Harrington, Houghton, Mich. No. 65,349 drew the Third Capital Prize of \$20,000, also in fractional tenths: two were paid to the City Nat'l Bank of Cairo, Ill.: two to M. Waliguski, New York, and the rest went elsewhere No. 84,352 and 90,405 drew the two Fourth Prizes of \$10,000 each which were add in fractions and weathered all over the were sold in fractions and scattered all over the world. On July 10th the grand drawing took place when the First Capital Prize will be \$300,000, whole tickets costing \$20 and fractional parts proportionately. Do not forget to catch hold of this chance.

BILIOUSNESS.

"I should not think it right did I not give my testimony of what I know to be the value of Burdock Blood Bitters. Being a sufferer from Biliousness, I took one bottle of B. B. B. and it gave me immediate relief. I recommend it as a cure for Biliousness. Annie McLean, Woodville, Ont.

"Willie," said the good pastor, who was taking dinner with the family, "I suppose you will be a literary man, like your father, when you grow up." "No," said the little boy addressed, as he looked at the somewhat meagre array of delicacies on the table, with lefty scorn, "literary nuthing! I'm goin' to be w £1000 oook."

BACKACHE IS ALMOST IMMEDIATELY relieved by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Balladonna Backache Plasters. Try one and be free from pain. Price 25 cents.

At St. Augustine, Fla., the workmen in excavating at the corner of King and Cordova streets discovered the coquina foundation of an old fortification that once stood at this point, commanding the bridge across the Maria Sanchez,

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have

LEAD SOFTLY. Lead softly, 'ris's little child Of few and tender years; Give him your smiles nor yet demand The trouble of his tears. His knowledge of the "right and wrong."

Is but an outline yet.

To be filled in by Lave's soft hand, That he may not forget. Lead softly, through the pleasant paths
That skirt life's garden fair;
There's time enough for doubt and fear,
There's time enough for care. Show him the bud and blossom sweet, That every field adorus;
There's time enough for little feet
To find the cruel thorus.

Speak softly for the infant ear Is now attuned to love : The harsh, impatient word will scare His tender spirit move Voices of home are sweet to him,
They bound his new found shore;
There I time enough for him to hear
Earth's discord and its roar.

Lead softly through fair childhood's gate, And up the steps of time, The little child God gave to you; Till, in his munhoo l's prime. He turns with benediction fund Upon his grateful tengue, or those who classed with tenderness His hand when he was young.

SWEPT BY A CYCLONE.

Otlawa Visited by a Severe Storm which Leaves Denth and Bestruction in its-Wake-Buildings, Baras and Fences Levelled to fire G ound.

OTTAWA, June 6.—The worst cyclonic burst over the city and vicinity about noon far as known. The moraing was bright and clear, but towards noon rain negen to fel! and the wind to rise, and in half an hour a terrific cyclone was sweeping along The city proper was not in the direct path of the wind, which rose to over eighty miles an hour, snapping trees of two and three feet shout, diameter like twigs, crushing bares like egg kept shells and unroofing doz no of houses in Rochesterville, Billings Bridge and other places in the direct path of the storm At Billings Bridge, St. Thomas' Roman Catholic Church. a . wooden atracture, was blown to pieces. There were twenty-one children and a priest in it at the time. The children were preparing for their first communice next Frijured, some of them very severely. The wrecking in this neighborhood was fearful. One barn had both sides carried away and a hay waggon was blown clean through it. At the farm of J. R. Booth, acjusting the experimental farm, a large barn, worth \$10,000, was demolished. Two men, working on the experimental farm, had taken refuge in it and were eating their dioner when the cyclone struck the barn, carrying it away. The men started to run, and four got away, but the roof fell on the fifth man, John Malligan, mangling him frightfully and killing him almost instantly. At Rowand's brick yard, Rochesterville, a men named Grey was killed. It is feared that many more countries have occured, which have not been reported yet. Fences and trees were blown down in every direction, the shade trees in the city faring very badiy. Almost at the close of the storm the west-

ern gable of the Protestant Hospital was

struck by lightning and for a while it was feared the whole building would be destroyed. A bolt crushed through the roof of the building, tore through the attic flour and found its way to a cooking stove in the upper ward. The stove was smashed to atoms and the electric fluid flashed around the floor, setting the piace throughly on fire in several places at opes. Some little delay occurred in giving the alarm, but the ficemen streams on the fire in short time. The fire all carried downstairs to the ground floor ward, which was all the time comparatively dry. Many were unable to walk, and had to be carried, hed and all. There were 22 male and 16 female patients in at the time. These included a number of old men and women, some lame, some generally invalided and all too infirm to help themselves. Some of the poor sufferers were terrified for a while, but when the directors assured them that there was no immediate danger their fear disappeared. Some of the patients were put in the consulting room and a few others in private wards. Sister Damers, of the Roman Catholic hospital, kindly placed her hospital at the disposal of the directors and some patients were removed thure. Others were sent to the convalencent home and some to the old hospital, which is now used for infectious diseases, but fortunately had no occupants. None of the patients received any injury or are expected to be hurt in any way by the calamity.

JUSTICE TO AN IRISHMAN. The Quebec Telegraph contains the following editorial:--

"In or out of the Government the 'People's Jimmy' can always be counted on to do the it. By this time the Conqueror engine had square thing by his countrymen and his friends arrived from Ottawa and had two good square thing by his countrymen and his friends regardless of party politics. Of this patriotic and right-minded spirit on his part, as well as of his power to give it effect, the Irishmen of Quebec have just had another substantial proof. Not long since a good deal of excitement was provoked in local Irish circles by the announcement that, in the changes made by the Mercier Government about the House, this session, our esteemed friend, Mr. P. Kirwin, the energetic secretary of the Quebec Branch of the Irish National League, had lost the sessional position which he had filled for so many years with so much general acceptance. We are al position which he had filled for so many years with so much general acceptance. We are glad now to be able to announce that Mr. Kirwin has been reinstated in his office and that both Mr. Kirwin and his countrymen owe this recognition of his merits and their rights to the exertions of Mr. McShane, who, the moment he heard of the injustice done, at a cone set about remedying it with the gratifying once set about remedying it with the gratifying result already mentioned. On behalf of our Irish friends, we return the "People's Jimmy" their heartiest thanks, and we cannot allow the opportunity to pass either without acknowledging in grateful terms the fairness which actuates Mr. Premier Mercier wherever the rights and interests of the English-speaking element are concerned."

First and foremost among external curatives of pain is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil Nor is it less esteemed as a remedy for coughs, Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It re. and nervousness; after taking different kinds coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs, and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agree. It is an economic as well as inexpensive article, an economic as well as inexpensive article, would try it; one bottle completely cured ableness to the taste makes it a favourite with me. I can highly recommend is to others.

And nervousness; after taking different kinds coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs, and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agree. It is an economic as well as inexpensive article, and economic as well as inex paine, swellinge, corne, bunions, etc. It is an economic as well as inexpensive article,

The second secon

UNIONISTS WILL OPPOSE THE GOVERNMENT. LONDON, June 5.—A wonderful change has come over the political atmosphere in a week. The Liberals are in a great state of glee and the Tories are correspondingly coniused and despondent. Home Rule has been temporarily abandoned and the universal cry is no compensation. An unsuspected way to a possible victory has appeared to the Glad-stonians, and the grand old gentleman, who never permits the grass to grow under his feet, politically speaking, has seized upon it instantly, and is utilizing it for every point that it is worth. It all comes out of the Southampton election. It is now seen that the aweeping victory there is mainly due to the temperance people and the Salvation army. The temperance people are enthusiastic lighters, and the Salvation army is a wonderful organization, under strict discipline, and in practical politics it is a most valuable suxiliary. The Salvationiats have been aroused through the twenty-fourth clause of the Local Government bill. This clause gives every publican a vested right in his business, and declares that if his license is not renewed by the county authorities he shall be paid the full value of his business. Under the existing law if a license is refused by a justice of the peace, who is the present granting authority, the publican receives no compensation. The aggregate amount of these values, in case the modest desire of the reformers to close every public house in the kingdom were carried out, would be £300,000,000. The bill proposes to raise a part of the requistal fund by increasing the coat of every existing license 20 per cent, and the other part by taxation. This is the cause of the excitement which has made no compensation the cry of the hour. Saturday there was the biggest thunderstorm ever known in this section and queerest procession of the kind that London ever saw. It was made up of all the tamand lasted nearly an hour, doing enormous persons societies in London and the neigh-damage and causing the loss of trive ives so borhood, a detachment of the Salvation army, and Liberal and Radical clubs from every where. It formed on the Victoria embankment and marched through Oxford street and Piccapilly to Hyde park, where many speeches were made from many platforms No compensation!" was the universal shout, and the Radicals discreetly kept Irlah matters in the back-ground. Over all this Mr. Gladstone unuckles with deep satisfaction in every speech made since the Southampton election. and he gives every batch of excursionists to Hawarden a little oratory to carry away with them. He laughe in a dignified way at the Tory party. He remarks that they have put their foot in it, and that they know it quite day. Une little girl, named McV-y, twelve as well as he, which does not improve their years old, was killed and several others in temper. Mr. Chamberlain has lost a dozan influential Liberal-Unionists, as far as the compensation question is concerned, Caine and T. W. Russell, two of his leaders, and others making speeches against it. The Tory party and the whiskey vote are inseparably united, and the ultimate result is not hard

TERRIBLE CONFLAGRATION.

to foresse, however long they may manage to postpone it. Public opinion in England

is extremely healthy and vigorous, and the

general stampeds which the temperance people and the Salvation army may arouse

over compensation may have effects on Home

Rule which will be as surprising as they would

be to some extent unintentional. A meeting

was held at Birmingham to day to protest

against the licensing clauses of the county

government bill. There was much disorder.

Mr. W. S. Caine, M.P., claimed that the

Unionists were at liberty to vote against the

government on the question. He said that if

the clauses were passed by Parltament he would introduce a bill for their repeal, and

would raise a temperance crusade such as no

government could withstand. The dissident

Liberal members of Parlument, at a confer-

suce to-day, decided to support the govern-

ment on the licensing question, and provide

that the purchase money be obtained by an increased license tax.

HULL AGAIN SWEFT BY FIRE. OTTAWA, June 5.- For the third time in eight years Hull has been purged with fire and a large section swept off the rock on which the city is built. About 3.15 this afternoon, while the City Council was in session, fire broke out under the stairs in the City Hall, which was in the centre of Market Square and upstairs over the market. The fire is supposed to have been caused by the stump of a lighted cigar falling under the stairs amongst some waste. A strong gale was blowing at the time and the fire spread with fearful rapidity, and in a few minutes the City Hall was in flames, and sparks were showering on the small wooden buildings in the vicinity. The wind was blowing from the southwest, and the fire fairly flew along the streets, running north and east, and within a quarter of an hour forty or fifty tenements were in flamer. The Fire Brigade was practically useless, the small mains being wholly inadequate to supply the numerous streams laid on, and the fire merely laughed at the sickly squirts which trickled on it, some of the so-called etreams scarcely going twenty feet beyond the nozzle. The wind blew directly towards the magnificent Roman Catholic church, the largest edifice in the archiepiscopal diocese of Ottawa, except the Basilica, Ottawa, and the interior was soon in flames. The church was of solid limestone with a sheet iron roof which held the fire in splendidly, and had there been anything like a water supply the building would have been saved. As it was this beautiful structure, valued at over \$150,-000, was totally destroyed, together with other church property in the vicinity estimated at \$100,000 more. The fire awept along, totally beyond control and soon caught the convent, a quarter of a mile distant, totally destroying it. By this time the Conqueror engine had atreams on the college which was saved, and the Eddy and Union steamers had several

streams on Eddy's piling grounds south of the fire, the lumber piles in which were mostly saved, only the fence and a few piles being destroyed. With the exception of the church, preabytery and convent, almost all the buildings were wood and burnt like so much touch paper under the impetus of the fierce gale which prevailed throughout the two hours the fire lasted notil it fairly burnt itself out. It is difficult to yet number the houses burnt, but a moderate calculation pute it at 250, which is more likely to be under than over the estimate. Fully 1500 people are homeless, most of whom are poor. The loss will exceed half a million dollars. on which there is very little insurance, except \$80,000 on the church, \$4,000 on the convent and \$5,000 on the city hall. The church was beautifully finished inside and contained many fine pictures, none of which were saved. Indeed, not only were the contents of the church totally destroyed, but a considerable quantity of furniture which had been removed from buildings on fire; or in danger, and placed there for safety. This is the worst fire Hull has ever had.

Wife, to humband : I caught Jane starting

THE TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT IN NATIONAL COLONIZATION LOTTERY, UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF

Father Labelle. PRIZES - - VALUE, 860,000

A CHANCE FOR ALL: Prizes in Real Estate, Bed Room and Drawing Room Suites, Gold and Silver Watches.

TICKETS—Ist Series, \$1.00. Ind Series, 25c

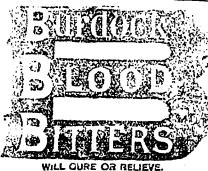
Drawing Third Wednesday of Every Month. NEXT DRAWING, WEDNESDAY. JUNE 20.

Prizes Paid in Cash. Less 10 Per Cent, S. E. LEPEBURE, Secretary, 19 St. Jame s Street.

OTICE IS GIVEN THAT, DURING ITS NEXT SESSION, the Parliament of this Province will be petitioned, on behalf of FELIX LAROCHE, of Montreal, to authorize him to demand and obtain from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the Province of Quebec a license, in virtue of which he will be permitted to practice Mudicine, Surgery and midwifery, in the said Province. Montreal, May 12th, 1at 8.

DAVID, DEMERS & GERVAIS,

Solicitors for Petitioner, 1868 Notre Dan Origest.



DILIOUSNESS, OYSPEPSIA. INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS.

DIZZINESS, DROPSY. FLUTTERING OF THE HEAR). **ACYCITY OF**

SALT RHEUM, THE STOMACH HEARTBURN. DRYNESS HEADACHE. OF THE SKIN. And every species of diseases arising from a pardured LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD,

(M. Pennetter, Toronto GRATEFUL-COMFORTING.

BREAKFAST

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up strong enough to realist every tendency to disease. Hundred of subtle-malavery tendency to disease. Subtle-malavery tendency to disease. The subtle of the subtle subtle disease of the subtle subtle disease. The subtle subtle disease of the subtle subtle disease. The subtle subtle disease of the subtle subtle disease of the subtle subtle disease. The subtle subtle subtle subtle subtle disease of the subtle subtl

Revice Greate.

Made simply with holling wa. or wite. Sold the process of the pro

STOPPED FREE Indus Persons Restored.

Dr. KLINE'S GREAT

NOT'VE RONLOTER

for all Brain & Neive Restored.

No Five Rentorer

for all Brain & Neive Diseases. Only.

sure cure for Nerve Affections, Fits.

Epilepsy, etc. Invallible: taken as

directed. No Fit arter first Joy's use.

Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they
paying express charges on box when received. Send

names, F. O. and express address of affited to

Dr. KLINE, USI Aven St., Philadelphia, Pa. See

Druggists BE WARE OF INTATING FRAUDS. Marvellous success. Inches Persons Rostored.

For sale by LYMAN BROS. & Co., Toronto.

MA ATTENT WEIGHT

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, carl decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treat se (scaled, containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge, A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.



Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausca, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

Ache they would bealmost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pillsvaluable in so many ways that they will not be willing.

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where versake our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Bold by druggists overywhere, or sent by mall.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York City.

We want one person in every village, town and township, to keep in their homos a line of our ART SAMPLES; to those who will keep and simply show those assupples to these who call, we will scale there, the very bost flows that samples to these who call, we will scale these, the very bost flowing Machine manufactured in the world, with all the stitechments. This machine as made after the SURGER patents, with the statechments. This machine as made after the SURGER patents, with the statechments, was noted for SE; itnow sells for \$80. Reader, with the statechments, was noted for SE; itnow sells for \$80. Reader, with the statechments, was noted for SE; itnow sells for \$80. Reader, with the statechments, was noted for SE; itnow sells for \$80. Reader, with the statechments, was noted with the statechment or two in the statechments, was not the or statechment of the statechment on the statechment one of these menchanes and contract as any loss of our set assumptes for more than two months, and then they become your own property. The art samples are seen to you ABSOLUTELY FREE of cost. How can we do all this!—castly smouth! We often get as much as \$80.00 or \$8.00 in trade from even a small place, the our set samples have remained where they could be seen for a month or two. We need one porton in each locality, all over the country, and take this means of securing them as ones. Those who write to us at once, will secure, years, the very best Sowing Machine manual. Writes at once; a porall card on which to write to us will contract you but one cont, and after you know all should you conclude to so not further, why no harm is done. Wonderful as it seems, you need no capitals all is froe. Address as once, TBUE & Obs. Augusts, Manual no capitals all is froe. Address as once TBUE & Obs. Augusts, Manual no capitals all is froe. Address as once TBUE & Obs. Augusts, Manual no capitals all is seen, you as