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The MacLEAN PUBLISHing CO.

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## THE TRADE TO MEET.

THI: chairman, Mr. A. S. Irving, of the Booksellers' and Stationers' Section of the Tormono lloard of Trade, is calling a meetiny of the section to meet about the 1 gth. This is done in accordance with the wish of the Mmster of Trade and Commerce that the erade should consule as to means of improung business, and make suggestions to the cionernment.
li whobable that the trade will discuss. 2mon'st other matters, pessible tariff chaner, and some members will favor the subutution of ad valorem for specific duties uton imported books.
The copyright question may also be conydered. It is the best practical scheme now proponed for brightening trade, as it would five publisker, dealer and printer the convol of the Canadian market.

## DU MAURIER.

DC' MALRIER, while not a young man in the ordinary sense of that term, was apparently on the threshold of a remaskable success in novel writing. Few books in recent times captivated popular lancy more completely than "Trilby." The dea:... of this talented man who, as
author and artist, seemed to have so prosperous a career yet before him, is sad. Possibly Du Maurier could not have cqualled " "Trilby" as a popular triumph. The sudden death of the writer of "Called Back " some years ago recalls to the mind another book which was for a time all the vogue. "Trilby" has more enduring qualities than Hugh Conway's success, but neither of them has the genius which will keep " l'endennis" or "Copperfield" in favor as long as the Einglish langunge lasts.

## A CANDID POLICY.

MR. MCNSEY announces that with the November number of his magazine the advertising rates will be dropped 20 per cent. His reasons for this course indicate a bold temperament not often witnessed in a magazine publisher. He says: "The ad. vertiser is not getting the returns just now he would if busmess conditions were nomal. It is to meet these abnormal conditions that the present concession is made. My circulation is just the same. and my reduction in price comes out of the profits. In other words. while the circulation remains the same, the power of an ad. to produce results is diminished in accordance with the prevailing hard times." Whatever may be thought of the business soundness of Mr. Munsey's policy; all will admit that it is courageous. A publisher acting so is open to the charge that his periodical is on the decline, but from local inquiry, at least, we cannot find that Munscy's sefls less readily this year then last.

## IS THE STATIONER ENTERPRISING?

66 IN spite of what you say about depatment store competition and bad trade, I continue to affirm that there's more moncy in stationery than in any other line." So said a man of experience to booksmatern asb Stapioner.

Asked to defend this argument he went on. " Well, stationery requires less capital than the ordinary business, and there is a better chance to sell goods. The whole stock is attractive. There are many novel. ties, and if the deater is alive these ean be pushed and good profits realised."
" Of course. the department stores cut the life out of cheap stationery, but the dealer is apt to lose courage at this, and hesitates 10 carry a stock that will keep trade at home. lle should always be careful to keep the novelties in stationery and be up to date."
"Then, why doesn't he change the stock about frequently? It is a habit with too many of us to leave the goods in their places month after month, and then wonder why it doesint sell: A dealer will get a good thing, and then mariel that it doesn't sell. It will lie concealed. He will forget about it, and he has only himself to blane if it remains on his hands."
" Another vital poiàt is salesmanship. I don't believe it is equal to the emergency in many cases. You go into a store and ask for writing paper, and will be met with the query: 'Do you want plain or ruled?' That's not surficient. The customer's taste should be got at and catered to. Then, as to novelties. The regular customer should

