

- F. Two very small dots on median carina between antennæ.....*H. tripunctata*.
- FF. No dots on median carina; thorax and top of abdomen dark.
  - G. Reddish area in pterostigmatic space of wing...*H. rubromaculata*.
  - GG. Without reddish area in wing....*H. luridipennis*.
- AA. Two black spots or bands on face below antennæ. Group 2.
  - H. A black band on face below antennæ, a dark dash in wing, abdomen dark...*H. canadensis*.
  - HH. A black spot on face below antennæ, no dash in wing, abdomen lighter...*H. frontalis*.

Key to Nymphs :

- A. Gills oblong. Group 1.
  - B. Nymphs entirely brown, without a distinct dorsal colour pattern.
    - C. An inverted dark U-shaped mark on ventral surface of 9th segment and a dark spot on ventral surface of the 8th. Dorsal surface of body has a smooth appearance.....*H. flavescens*.
    - CC. A row of dark mushroom-shaped marks along ventral surface and a rectangular dark mark on 9th. Dorsal surface has a rather granular appearance and lateral margins of body quite hairy.....*H. rubromaculata*.
  - BB. Nymphs not entirely dark brown and have a distinct colour pattern.
    - D. Ventral surface of abdominal segments banded with dark bands along posterior margins.
      - E. Broad dark bands at posterior margin of each segment on dorsal surface.....*H. fusca*.