No. 26,006. Combined Table and Writing Desk. (Table-pupitre.)

Ira W. Moore, New York, N. Y., U. S., 15th February, 1887; 5

Ira W. Moore, New York, N. Y., U. S., 15th February, 1887; 5 years.

Olasim.—1st.** In a combined table and writing desk, the combination, with the top c having a stationary chamber between its upper and lower sides, and being hinged on the lower side and about midway from its centre to its back edge to the back edge of the stand a b of the desk top s, hinged at its back edge to the lower side of the table top, forward of the hinge joints connecting the table top and stand, and the thrust bearing flocated below the top of the stand and relatively to the extension of the table top back of the back edge of the stand, substantially as described. 2nd. The improved combined table and writing desk, consisting of the stand a b, the table top chinged to the stand a b, and the writing desk top shinged to the table top said table top being adapted to be raised up automatically and be supported in a sloping or inclined position, and said desk top having a sliding motion on the supporting stand and an automatic locking and unlocking catch k, l, substantially as described. 3rd. The improved combined table and writing desk consisting of the stand a, b, and the writing desk top s hinged to the stand a b, and the writing desk top being adapted to be a sum and to rest in an upright position, and having the chamber i and said desk top being adapted to be raised up automatically and be supported in a sloping or inclined position, substantially as described. 4th. The improved combined table and writing desk, consisting of the stand a b, the table c hinged to the stand a b, and the writing desk top p hinged to the table top, said stand a b, and the writing desk top a hinged to the table top, said stand a b, and the writing desk top a hinged to the table top, said stand a b, and the writing desk top a hinged to the table top, said stand a b, and the writing desk top a hinged to the table top, said stand a b, and the writing desk top a hinged to the table top, said stand a b, and the writing desk top a hinged to the table top, s

No. 26,007. Hot Water Heating Boiler.

(Chaudière de Calorifère à eau chaude.)

Donald McPhie, Hamilton, Ont., 15th February, 1887; 5 years.

Donald McPhie, Hamilton, Ont., 15th February, 1887; 5 years. Claim.—1st. In a hot water heating boiler, water sections connected by a central tube, and containing horisontal diaphragms having openings for water to rise through them, and each alternate section provided with smoke openings for the products of combustion to pass through to the exit flue, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 2nd. In a hot water heating boiler, the combination of the alternate sections F and H, the same connected together by nipples between the same products of the purpose of the former having smoke openings and smoke openings f in diaphragms I, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 3rd. In a hot water heating boiler, the combination of the sections F and the inner diaphragms I, the said sections provided with openings a and the diaphragms I, with openings f and g, all arranged substantially as and for the purpose specified. 4th. In a hot water heating boiler, the combination of the sections H and the inner diaphragms I, the said sections provided with openings b and the said diaphragms with openings e, all arranged and constructed substantially as and for the purpose specified. 5th. In a hot water heating boiler, the combination of the sections F, H, diaphragms I, I, openings a, d, e, g, inlet B and outlet pipes C, all arranged and constructed substantially as and for the purpose specified.

No. 26,008. Rotary Steam Engine.

(Machine à Vapeur Rotatoire.)

David G. Wherry, Alexandria, Neb., U.S., 15th February, 1887; 5 years.

David G. Wherry, Alexandria, Neb., U. S., 15th February, 1887; 5 years.

Claim.—Ist.** In a rotary and steam engine, the side casing plates provided with slots Ar, in combination with the rotary piston having eccentric grooves within which slide blocks F with projecting pins a which engage with the aforesaid grooves and reciprocating bars, said bars having attached thereto cut-offs B, substantially as shown and for the purpose set forth. 2nd. In a rotary engine, the combination, with the cut-offs B, B, of a rotary piston having a projecting portion Er, and eccentric grooves e for operating sliding blocks F, which are connected to the cut-offs B, so that said cut-offs will be moved by the piston, as substantially as shown and for the purpose set forth. 3rd. In a rotary engine, the piston E provided with eccentric grooves, to which are connected rods for reciprocating the valves which cover the supply-ports, and also valves for opening and closing the exhaust-ports, substantially as shown and for the purpose set forth. 4th. In a rotary engine, the cut-off valves n, n which reciprocate from the supply-ports, said valves being connected to each other by a rod p and rock-shaft pr having an upturned end which engages with projections formed on an oscillating plate P, said plate being moved by an eccentric attached on the shaft of the piston, as the supply-ports, said standed on the shaft of the piston, as the supply-ports, said plates plate plates provided on opposite sides with slots A1, within which are located admit steam from the boiler into either of said pipes, so as to cause the engine to rotate in a different direction, substantially as shown and for the purpose set forth. 6th. In a rotary engine, the plates provided on opposite sides with slots A1, within which are located sliding-blooks F having projecting pips do no poposite sides, said pins engaging with eccentric grooves e formed in the piston, and with sliding bars D1 to which out-offs are attached, so that the out-offs will be moved out of the path

No. 26,009. Steam Badiator.

(Serpentin de Calorifère.)

William Kirkwood, Guelph, Ont., 15th February, 1887; 5 years.

William Kirkwood, Guelph, Ont., 15th February, 1887; 5 years.

Claim*—Ist. A radiator composed of one or more vertical wrought metal tubes, rolled so as to leave two longitudinal passage-ways extending from a point near the bottom of the tube to a point near the upper end thereof, which latter end is welded so as to leave a space by which the two passage-ways are connected, the bottom end of the tube being screwed into a base having a passage-way designed to connect the passage-ways of all the tubes screwed into the said base, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 2nd. A radiator composed of one or more corrugated wrought metal tubes B, rolled so as to leave two longitudinal passage-ways extending from a point near the bottom of the tube to a point near the upper end thereof, which latter end is welded so as to leave a space by which the two longitudinal passage-ways are connected, the bottom end of the tube being screwed into a base having a passage-way designed to connect the passage-ways of all the tubes screwed into the said base, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

No. 26,010. Potato-Digger.

(Scarificateur à Patates.)

Henry Parker, Gananoque, Ont., 15th February, 1887; 5 years.

nenry rarker, Gananoque, Ont., 15th February, 1887; 5'years.

Claim.—1st. A potato-digger, consisting the side bars A having handles B and conjoining in a clevis C, inclined scoop D open at the rear and attached to the side bars, a tail bar G extending rearwardly from the open end of the scoop chains J or other flexible drags trailing behind the scoop, and a sole plate H below the scoop extending from the point rearwardly parallel with the draft, substantially as set forth. 2nd. A potato-digging plough having chains J, or other flexible drags trailed behind an inclined scoop D, as and for the purpose set forth.

No. 26.011. Car Spring. (Ressort de Char.)

Richard Vose, New York, N. Y., U. S., 15th February, 1887; 5 years.

Richard Vose, New York, N. Y., U. S., 15th February, 1887; 5 years. Claim.—1st. The combination, with a base-plate constructed in annular form, and provided around its inner circular aperture with an upwardly-projecting circumferential flange, and an exterior coil arranged within the circular aperture formed in said base-plate and within the circular aperture formed in said base-plate and within the circular aperture formed in said base-plate and within the circular aperture formed in said base-plate and within the circular experimental flange, substantially as described. 2nd. The combination, with an exterior coil, and an interior coil, of a top plate or cap provided with a circumferential flange depending from its under side for engagement with the interior of the external coil, and a centrally-arranged sleeve-like portion which enters the upper end of the interior coil, substantially as described. 3nd. The combination, with a base-plate, constructed in annular form and provided with an upwardly-projecting circumferential flange around the central circular aperture formed therein, an exterior coil resting upon said base-plate outside the circumferential flange, an interior coil oring a top plate or cap having centrally-arranged depending sleeve-like portion which enters the upper end of the interior coil and is provided with a recess or chamber, and an aperture, and a bolt passing through said aperture, through the interior coil, and through the disk, substantially as described. 4th. The combination, with an exterior conical coil and an interior coil, of a top plate or cap provided with a sleeve-like portion depending from its upper side, and entering the upper end of the interior, substantially as described. 5th. The combination, with an exterior mad provided with an upwardly projecting circumferential flange extending up between the coils, substantially as described. 6th. A spring composed of the exterior spring A, in combination with the interior coil-spring A one or more, the length of which is less than

No. 26,012. Gate. (Barrière.)

William H. Cox, Virden, Ill., U.S., 15th February, 1887; 5 years.

William H. Cox, Virden, III., U.S., 15th February, 1887; 5 years.

Olaim.—In combination, the sliding gate, the crank-arm supported above the top of the gate in line therewith, a rod longer than the crank arm connecting the free end thereof with the top of the gate, a wheel in connection with the fixed end of the crank arm, and operating cords or ropes 1 and 2 in connection with the wheel upon one side, and running one to a support upon one side, and the other to a support upon the other side of the gate, and ropes 3 and 4 in connection with the other side of the wheel running one to a support upon one side and the other to a support upon the other side of the gate, all substantially as described.

No. 26,013. Machine for Making and Driving Nails. (Machine à Faire et Chasser les Clous.)

Orril R. Chaplin, Michael J. Flynn, Boston, and George E. Parker, Chelsea, Mass., U.S., 16th February, 1887; 5 years.

Chelses, Mass., U.S., 16th February, 1887; 5 years.

Claim.—1st. In a machine for driving nails, the combination of the vertically reciprocating plunger E, carrying in its lower end the driver d, the toggie links E: and E:, the link E;, the bar E:, provided with the roll b' and the cam Es, all arranged and adapted to operate substantially as described. 2nd. The combination of the die block H, provided with the rectangular grooves mand m:, a pair of cutting dies located in said groove m, and constructed and arranged to by adjusting towards and from each other, and to be sharpened by grinding their inner or contiguous ends, and a reciprocating male die carried by a plunger mounted in the groove m:, and constructed to co-operate with the first-mentioned disc to sever portions of metal from each side of the wire, to shape the sides of the nail. 3rd. The combination of the adjustable dies H:, H2, the sta-