





. _{Justum,} et thacem propositi virum, kon civium ardor prava Jusentium, non vultus instantis tyranni mente quatipsolida.'

o . s a e III.

PICTOU, N. S. WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT'R. 20, 1837.

NUMBER XVIII.

THE BEE

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNEIG, BY JAMES DAWSON,

And delivered in Town at the low price of 12s. 6d. per annum, if paid in advance, but 15s. if paid at the end of the year! - payments made within three months after receiving the first Paper considered in advance, whenever Papers have to be transmitted through the Post Office, 2s. 6d. additional will be charged for postage.

ADVERTISING.
For the first insertion of balf a square, and under, 3s. 6d., each continuation is.; for a square and under, 3s., each continuation is — All above a square, charged in proportion to the last mentioned rate.

For Advertising by the Year, if not exceeding a square, 35s. to Subscribers, 45s. to Non-Subscribers if more space than a square be occupied, the surplus will be charged in proportion.

ALBION MINES RAIL ROAD.

FETENDERS will be received by Joseph Smith, Esq until Tucsday 81st October next, for furnishing 5000 Sleepers for the Rail Road. The above are to be of good sound Hemlock, and of the following di mensions, to wil:

8 feet long, 14 inches on the Bed, and 8 inches desp, sawn on the under side, and either sawn or bewn on the upper side. The first thousand to be delivered on the 1st day of May 1833, at the Rail Road, and one thousand on the first of every succeeding month until the whole is completed.

Further particulars may be known by applying to Mr. Smith at the Mines, or to Mr Peter Crerar at the Rail ر پاؤاد پر سال سال

Sept. 12th, 1887.

FAMILY ECONOMY!!

ARCHIBALD HART, SILK, COTTON, AND WOOLEN DYER,

AS received a fresh stock of valuable DYE STUFFS, which will enable him to make MOST BRILLIANT COLOURS.

a mency is scarce, to have the old Dresses renew ed in colour for as many shillings as it will take pounds to have a new Dress, this is economy.

A. H. begs to intimate that he intends leaving this Prevince in June, 1838, those that wish to avail themsolves of his labours to make the old like the new, will please call as soon as possible at the Dying Establishment.

Pictou, August 30, 1837.

BOOTS & SHOES.

ANDERSON HENDERSON, AVING returned from the United States, inlimates to his friends and the public, that he has sommenced the

SHOE-MAKING BUSINESS, in its various branches, in the shop two doors east of

More of H. Hatten, Esquire, where he is ready to execute order with punctuality and despatch. ON HAND:

A quantity of Buckskins, which he will make up into gentlemens' opera boots, according to order.

CD LBT.

THE HOUSE, and OUT-HOUSE now occupied by the Sabscriber. Rent low, and the property can be examined at any time, by applying to PETER BROWN.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT

OF

LOWER CANADA. COUNCIL CHAMBER, 18TH AUGUST, 1937.

This DAY, at Three o'clock, His Excellency the Governor in Chief came down in State to open the Session of the Legislature, and being seated on the Throne, the Assembly was called up, and attending at the Bar, His Excellency delivered the follow ing

SPEECH:

Gentlemen of the Legislative Council. Gentlemen of the House of Assembly,-

In obedience to the Royal Command, signified to me through the Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, I have convened you at this unusual period for the purpose of communicating to you the proceedings that since your last session have taken place in the Imperial Parliament, and the Resolutions that have been adopted on the affairs of this Province.

This course has been prescribed to me, in order to afford the House of Assembly, before that Resolution which relates to the payment of the arrears now due for the Civil service of the Government shall have assumed the binding shaped of a law, -- an opportunity of reconsidering the course which for the last four years, they have thought it expedient to pursue with respect to the financial difficulties of the Province, and in the carnest kepe that by a timely intervention of the Legislature, the exercise of the power intended to be entrusted to the Head of the local Government, may be rendered unnecessary-a result for the attainment of which, Her Majesty's Government would willingly make every sacrifice, save that of the honor of the Crown and the integrity of the Empire.

Since the receipt of the instructions, which I have alluded to, the mournful intelligence has reached us of the demise of our late deservedly beloved Monarch.

Few kings have reigned more in the affections of their subjects than William IV; the warm and lively interest he always took in every matter connected with the welfare of his Canadian subjects, cannot fail to increase their feelings of regret for his loss.

The accession of our present Gracious Sovereign Queen Victoria, to the throne of the British Empire bas not produced any alteration in the course that had been previously prescribed for my adoption.

The reports of the Royal Commissioners on the several subjects which came under their investigation during their stay in Lower Canada, having been laid before the two Houses of Parliament, a series of resolutions, ten in number, were abortly afterwards introduced by Ministers, relative to the affairs of this province, copies of which I shall communicate to you in the usual way, at the earliest opportunity.

The principal objects of these resolutions are to declare

[Here follows the substance of the resolutions.] Having laid before you an outline of the measures contemplated by the resolutions which were passed af ter full discussion in the House of Commons, by large majorities, and in the House of Peers without a division, I proceed in obedience to the Reyal Commands.

to assure you that it was with the deepest regret and reductance that Her Majesty's government yielded to the necessity, of invoking the interference of Parliament -in order to meet the pressing difficulties which other resources had failed to remove in the administration of the affairs of the Province. But, with a view to abstain as much as possible from any interference which is not imperatively demanded by the force of existing circumstances, Her Majesty's Ministers have determined not to submit to the present Parliament the Bille to be founded on the resolutions of which I have just spoken :- yet, as they cannot overlook the necessity of making immediate provision for the discharge of the debt due from the Civil Government of this Province, they have resolved to propose to the House of Commons that a vote of credit should be be passed for the advance, by way of loan from the British Funds, of the sum required for the payment of that debt.

Gentlemen of the House of Assembly,

The accounts, shewing the payments that have been made since the close of the session in March 1836, out of the revenues at the disposal of the Crown, in part liquidation of the large errears then due in respect to the civil establishment of the province, shall as soon as possible, be submitted to you, with every explanation that you may desire and I can supply. I have likewise, in obedience to the injunctions I have received, directed that an account of the balance of arrears owing on the 10th of April last, for efficial salaries and the otherfordinary expenditures of the local government, be made out and laid before you, with an estimate for the current half-year; and in recemmending, as I do most earnestly, these matters to your early and favourable consideration, I am. commanded to express to you, at the same time, the anxious hope that the governor of this province may not be compelled to exercise the power with which the imperial parliament has declared its intention of investing him, in order to discharge the arrests due in respect of public service, for the payment of which the faith of the Crown has been repeatedly pledged. The chief object, therefore, for which you are new called together, is, to afford you an opportunity, by granting the requisite supplier, of rendering unnecessary on the part of the Imperial Purliament any forther action on the 8th of the series of Resolutions to which I have alluded; and it will, I can amure you, be to me matter of unmixed saturfaction, should you resolve to concede to the united voice of the British People, as expressed through the several branches of their Legislature, that which you have not thought it expedient to yield to the solicitations of the Executive Government alone.

Gentlemen of the Legislative Council; Gentlemen of the House of Assembly;

I am further commanded to express to you the earnest desire of Her Majesty's Government to cooperate with you in the removal of every obstacle to the beneficial working of the existing exactitation, and in the correction of every defect which time and experience have developed in the Laws and Institutions of the Province, or in the administration of its Government; andI am also to asuere you of a prompt attention on the part of Her Majesty's Government to avery representations which may proceed from you.