excess of one-fifth. Also to the circumference of Oneida Lake, which he states at twenty-five or thirty leagues, an excess of one-fourth. Numerous other examples might be cited.

It may be interesting, in this connection, to compare Champlain's statement with those of the Jesuit Dablon, who traveled twice over the same route in 1655 and 1656, under much more favorable circumstances for correctly estimating He informs us that, in company with the distances. Father Chaumonot, he left Montreal on the 7th day of October, 1655, for the Onondaga country, and reached "Otihatangué" (the mouth of Salmon river) by canoe on the 29th of the same month.2 That he landed the next day, and prepared to go on foot to Onondaga. the first day of November, after going "five good leagues," he encamped for the night on the banks of a small stream. Early the next day he continued his journey for "six or seven leagues and encamped for the night in the open air. On the third, before sunrise, he resumed his way, and reached "Tethi roguen," which he describes as "a river which issues from Lake Goienho" (Oneida Lake), and "remarkable as a rendezvous for a great number of fishermen." Here he passed the night in an Indian cabin. The distance traveled this day is not stated, but we may assume it to have been six leagues, which is about the average of the other days. On the fourth he went "about six leayues,"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Laverdière's Champlain, p. 527.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Relation of 1656, p. 7. Quebec edition.