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TENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 30, 1889. PRICE ONE CENT.

HE'LL SAVE HIS OWN NECK

DEFENDANT BEGGS CUTS LOOSE FROM HIS ASSOCIATES.

A Significant Utterance by the Senior Guardian's Counsel—The Head of Camp 20 Will Go on the Stand if Necessary—Yesterday's Evidence in the Cronin Trial—A New Version of an Old Story.

CHICAGO, Oct. 29.—At the opening of Judge McConnell's court to-day Mrs. Winifred Dinan, wife of Patrick Dinan, the livery man, took the stand and testified to the fact about the white horse being taken and driven north on the night of May 4, and its return at 9.30 o'clock, steaming with perspiration.

John F. O'Connor, a member of Camp 20 Clan-na-Gael, was placed on the stand. O'Connor was recording secretary of the camp when Beggs was senior guardian. After numerous details as to their meetings and methods of doing business witness said: At a meeting of the camp on Feb. 8 Thomas F. O'Connor asked if we had ever heard the report of this trial committee that tried what is known as the triangle. Mr. Beggs said he had not. O'Connor said it was strange that our camp never got the report when he heard it read in another camp in the city, that he heard a man read it and would state the name of the camp and the man who read it if we demanded it. Then somebody asked who it was. I did not hear who he said read it, but there was some member there who did hear and I asked him, "What did he say?" and I understood him to say "Dr. Cronin."

The State's Attorney was evidently of opinion that witness was an unwilling one and sought to have him detail at greater length the proceedings of the camp at that time but without success. After a long wrangle between the lawyers the court admitted the record of the proceedings of Camp 20 on Feb. 8 made by the witness, and he read it subject to many interruptions. Generally in referring to individual members of the camp, numbers instead of names were used, and in one case in which it was noted that certain numbers were appointed a committee to investigate the qualification of an applicant for membership the State's Attorney said he proposed to show that one of them was the number borne by one of the prisoners at the bar.

Camp 20's Records.

Coming to the matter of the camp's action on the supposed allegations against Dr. Cronin in connection with the trial of the triangle in Buffalo, witness read as follows: "Moved and seconded that an imperative demand be made on the executive committee at once for the immediate publication of information in the hands of the trial committee. It was amended 'that the senior guardian notify the district member of the report that is going around regarding the report of the trial committee having been read right out in one of the camps in the city.' The motion was carried. Motion made and seconded that a secret committee of three be appointed by the senior guardian to investigate the rumors afloat regarding the trial of the Executive body. Motion carried."

The senior guardian mentioned was John F. Beggs.

Witness further testified that when Captain O'Connor moved for the appointment of a committee to investigate the report that the report of the trial committee had been read in another camp, Senior Guardian Beggs said the camp had no power to investigate another camp and that the proper thing to do was to refer the matter to the district officer. Witness had no knowledge as to whether the committee to investigate the other camp was ever appointed.

Q. Did you hear Captain O'Connor in any statement he made in Camp 20 mention Dr. Cronin's name that night? A. I did not.

Had a Defective Memory.

Andrew Foy, a member of Camp 20, was next put on the stand. Foy was very non-committal and with the greatest pertinacity avoided giving a positive answer even to the most innocent question. "I suppose so," "I guess so," "I can't say," were favorite forms of reply with him. Finally he was brought to admit that he made a speech at the meeting of Camp 20 when the matter of the report of the triangle committee came up. After making several attempts to explain the circumstances under which he made the speech and getting the narrative mixed up with statements as to himself so that it was impossible to understand what it was all about, he said: "As far as I remember Captain O'Connor made a statement that Le Caron, who was a witness before the Parnell Commission, at the time was a paid agent of the Executive body of Irish organization in this country. He said, I think, that $88,000 or $40,000 of the funds of this organization had gone to LeCaron for some object in England or Ireland. He did not specify where it was spent exactly, but I have an impression it was spent in England. O'Connor spoke of having heard the report read in a committee received in another camp." This, said the witness said, caused much excitement in the camp and witness made a strong speech. After it he went down stairs and took a drink. What made the witness angry—"hot," as he expressed it—was the thought that LeCaron got any of the Clan's funds for any purpose whatever, and it also made him "hot" to learn that the report of the trial committee had been given out in other camps sooner than in Camp 20. He supposed other was for words to that effect. Witness said that at a meeting of the camp in March he had called attention to a statement Stephen Colleran, a laborer, was the last witness. An attempt was made to get a detailed statement of the proceedings of Camp 20 on the night of Feb. 8 from him, but without success.

A House Divided Against Itself.

The fact that there is a division of interest in the defence in the Cronin case and that Senior Guardian Beggs is having his case conducted independently of the others was shown to-day. When O'Connor was called to testify regarding the proceedings in Camp 20 Mr. Forrest, on behalf of the other defendants, objected to admitting O'Connor's testimony. Then Mr. Foster said: "On behalf of the defendant Beggs we want the record to show that no objection is made on his part to the introduction of this testimony. Mr. Beggs invites the fullest and clearest investigation of his connection with the Clan-na-Gael, and he objects to the introduction of no testimony, material or immaterial, that will forward such investigation."

"What does all this mean? Has Beggs squealed?" was asked by Mr. Mills. The counsel for the people smiled.

To the same question Mr. Ames replied: "We will wait and see whether the State brings any charge of gravity against him. We claim that they can not. If they try it we will put Beggs on the stand."

WEDDED AT ST. JAMES'.

The Williams-Heward Nuptials—A Fashionable Event and a Big Crowd.

A wedding is always an interesting event, but that at St. James' Cathedral yesterday afternoon proved exceedingly so. It was the marriage of Lieut. Hugh Bruce Williams of the Royal Engineers, stationed at Woolwich, and Miss Mabel Augusta Heward, daughter of Mrs. Stephen Heward, one of Toronto's best known families. The wedding was announced for 2 o'clock, and long before this time the big cathedral was crowded with a gathering that was chiefly composed of young ladies. The seats in the centre aisle were reserved for the invited guests, and the uninvited guests took up positions on the tops of the benches, on the cushions or wherever they could by craning their necks see the bridal party at the altar. The groom wore the handsome and bright uniform of the Royal Engineers, and at his side was strung a claymore of sword. A covered canopy of red, white and blue led from the sidewalk to the main door of the cathedral, and it took half a dozen policemen busy to keep the road clear for the bridal party and the groom.

The bride arrived at the cathedral shortly after 2 o'clock, accompanied by her brother, Mr. Stephen Heward, who acted as best man. They walked up the main aisle to the strains of the Wedding March, and as their party met at the altar, where the groom was awaiting them. The bridesmaids remained at the rails. The altar was redolent with the perfume of flowers and exotics. The bride wore a handsome white satin dress, flowing white veil and orange blossoms. The bridesmaids were Miss Walker of Orillia, the bride's cousins, Miss Allie Heward and Miss Jessie MacInnes of Hamilton, and Miss Grace Boulton. They were attired in pale green crepe with white veils and carried red and white bouquets. The ushers were Robert Shanly, Hume Blake, Duncan MacInnes, Arthur Murray and Casimir Dickson

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Canon Du Moulin, assisted by Rev. J. D. Cayley, rector of St. George's. Appropriate music was rendered during the service, while the bells in the steeple poured forth their joyous notes. Just after the ceremony the bride walked to one of the front seats and leaning over kissed her mother.

A wedding breakfast was served at Mrs. Heward's home-like and comfortable residence at Peter and Wellington-streets. The house was handsomely decorated with flowers and tropical plants, and half a dozen tables upstairs displayed innumerable presents of silverware and jewelry, the tokens of regard from numerous friends.

There were nearly 200 guests present and among them were Lady Macpherson, Miss Marjorie Campbell, Sir Thomas Galt, Chief Justice Hagerty, Mr. Aleck Macdonnell, Mr. and Mrs. Langmuir, Rev. Canon and Mrs. Du Moulin, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Kerr, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Nordheimer, Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Cayley, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Cassels, Mr. and Mrs. Harcourt Vernon, Mrs. James Strong, Mr. and Mrs. Gamble Geddes, Dr. and Mrs. Thorburn and Miss Thorburn, Col. and Mrs. Sweny, Col. Grasett, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Grasett, Mr. John Boulton, Mr. C. C. Boulton, the Misses Boulton, Miss Maclean, Mr. C. J. Campbell and Miss Campbell, Mr. Quetton St. George, Mr. and Mrs. Clarke Gamble, Mr. Charles Heath, Mr. John Hoskin, Mr. Hume Blake and Mrs. Edward Blake.

After a pleasant reception the wedded couple left on the 4.55 train for New York, whence they will sail immediately for England, their future home.

The groom is a handsome young officer of the blonde type and his father is a colonel in the Royal Engineers.

WILL MR. FOSTER GO?

His Probable Retirement From the Finance Portfolio—Mr. Colby Coming In.

OTTAWA, Oct. 29.—There now seems to be a kind of an open secret on the political horizon that Hon. G. E. Foster will retire from the Cabinet to become collector of customs at St. John, N.B. Mr. Foster's recent and somewhat notorious marriage with Mrs. Chisholm may or may not have something to do with his shelving. Sir Leonard Tilley, it is believed, will come back to the Finance portfolio. He is now in good health, and his term as Governor of New Brunswick expires next year.

The other surmises are that Mr. Colby, the deputy speaker, is to be made President of the Council in place of the Premier, who will continue on as Minister of Railways, at least until after next session, when a grand shuffle up is looked for.

EXTRALITE.

Experiments With a Young Swede's Powerful Explosive.

[From The New York Times.]

A new explosive recently patented by Rudolph Ericsson, a young Swede, was tested yesterday afternoon before a few newspaper representatives. The place chosen for the test was on the line of excavation and blasting for the laying of water pipes in Central Park, opposite West Ninety-seventh-street. The new compound is called "extralite," and it is claimed by its inventor to be not only of great power, but also to be absolutely harmless when not properly confined in an air-tight and rigid receptacle.

The extralite is an innocent-looking granulated substance of about the color and general appearance of coarse cornmeal. According to Mr. Ericsson's statement to the patent office it is made up of a compound of ammoniacal salt, a hydrocarbon and chlorate of potash. The first experiment was to demonstrate its safety while burning in the open air. Mr. Ericsson built a little fire and carelessly broke open four of the packages of extralite and scattered it on the flames. There was no explosion, the extralite burning rapidly, with a hissing sound and a yellow flame. Next a percussion cap and fuse were attached to one of the extralite cartridges and the fuse was lighted. The cap went off but the cartridge remained intact. Then the inventor of the explosive poured some out on a rock and pounded it violently with a stone.

Three borings in the solid rock were loaded with the extralite. One hole was eighteen inches deep and eight ounces of the explosive were rammed into it. The other two were twelve and eight inches deep respectively, and four ounces more was put into them. All three charges were fired in unison by means of percussion caps and a live electric wire. Although the position was not such as to show the power of the extralite to its best advantage, the explosion was terrific. It split off two tons of rock from the face of the ledge and shattered the main portion of the ledge into layers. Though the drills had been well covered, the fragments of rock rose to a height of a hundred feet or more.

The inventor of the extralite said that its lifting power is greater than that of dynamite, as it spends its force in shattering large weights of rock instead of in pulverizing smaller weights.

Lively Laughs.

The man who pays his way ne'er frets;
Life holds for him much fun;
In short the man who pays his debts,
Of debts has never one.

MORE INSURANCE FAKES.

THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE AFTER ASSESSMENT COMPANIES.

A Lot of Toronto Associations Warned to Get Proper Incorporation or They Will Not Be Permitted to Continue Business—More of Mr. Sparling's Ventures in the Soup—The Commercial Travelers.

OTTAWA, Oct. 29.—R. L. Patterson of Toronto, president of the Commercial Travelers' Mutual Benefit Association, had an interview to-day with the Deputy Minister of Justice on matters relating to the association. The Commercial Travelers Mutual is one of the associations whose certificates the Federal Government threaten to cancel on grounds of illegality, but Mr. Patterson is hopeful that no such action will be taken.

The statement contained in the above despatch affects several other companies now doing business in Ontario, but all held by the Minister of Justice to be acting illegally. Among these companies are:

The Provincial Provident of St. Thomas.
The Mutual Aid of Toronto.
The Commercial Travelers (above referred to).
The Lion Provident Life and Live Stock Association of Toronto.
A Child Endowment concern of Toronto.
The Home Life of Toronto, not yet given a permit.
The Reserve Fund Accident Association of Toronto.

The opinion of the Minister of Justice is that these companies are not legally incorporated under the Ontario Act (An Act respecting Benevolent, Provident and Other Societies, R. S. O. 172), and therefore he has within the past two weeks served notices on them that unless they secure such legislation as will remove the defect in question they will not be permitted to continue in business. Furthermore the minister has held that some of these companies do not come under the exemption clause, sec. 43 of the Dominion Insurance Act. His words are:

"The question arises also: Are these associations for the purpose of life insurance or form in connection "with a society or organization * * for fraternal, benevolent, industrial or religious purposes," and "exclusively from its members," and which "insures the lives of such members exclusively"? They do not so appear.

Furthermore if this opinion is sound companies like the Northwestern Masonic of Chicago is being carried on in business as a mere swindle, and is bound to make a deposit, like the Mutual Reserve has made, of $50,000. This Masonic organization is not recognized by the Grand Lodge but was organized by a few masons and now they are accepting non-masons, providing four master masons vouch for their standing.

As for the assessment companies formed by Brother Sparling of the R. H. fame, they escape the declaration of the Minister of Justice, as the two of them, the Dominion and the Ottawa Valley, were strangled in their infancy. The Equity, whose head office was in King-street, was decently interred in 1887.

As to the Commercial Travelers there is no doubt as to their name being within the exemption clause, the only trouble being that its incorporation is not legal; this disability being removed, and it can be at the next session, it will come within the law in the matter.

Among all the foregoing showers of revelations in regard to other insurance fakes the public cannot too soon set to work examining the worth and the legality of any policies they may hold.

Our Bon Bons and fine Chocolates unequalled. George S. McConkey. 29 King-street w. 135

A FAT WOMAN GONE.

Death of Annie Price, Who Weighed Over 500 Pounds.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—The fattest woman in the United States, according to her set of dime museum men, is dead. Her name was Annie Price. She died of what appeared to be fatty degeneration of the heart. Annie had been on exhibition at the dime museum at 5 Chatham-square, together with her husband, Tom Price, who is a skeleton.

Mrs. Price weighed between 525 and 550 pounds, and was 47 years old. She had been a freak for more than six years. She was born in Cookstown, county Tyrone, Ireland, and her maiden name was Allen. She came with her parents to this country at the age of 14 and went to live in Brooklyn. After their death she became a cook in Green's hotel, on the Coney Island road, and remained there nine years. Her immense size attracted attention then, and she was made the butt of many jokes. She was married to a man named Pettit, and they had one child, which died.

Pettit died, and then a Brooklyn museum offered her a place. That was six years ago. She had a row with the manager and remained only one day. After that, having found her true vocation, she became a professional freak.

She met Charles Price, Price was a very large man, had one pink eye, and no other eye at all, and had gray hair. It was love at first sight, and they were married on a museum stage at 202 Bowery. Forepaugh took the couple and paid them $65 a week for their united services. Two months waited on Mrs. Price, and the couple had a special car. This was the only time that they had real good fortune, and for some time before she died she and her husband had been in impoverished circumstances.

They occupied a room ten feet square on the second floor of a frame cottage at 19 Bayard-street. She lay these yesterday in an ice box covered with black cloth. The room was draped in mourning. The bereaved husband sat in a rocking-chair all day weeping. The only furniture besides the rocker consisted of a bed, a stove and two chairs.

Families leaving the city or giving up housekeeping, can have their furniture carefully stored at moderate cost with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street East.

A LEGAL RELIC OF SLAVERY.

When Negroes Were Bought and Sold Like Common Cattle.

Mr. Charles Millar, the well-known bachelor barrister of this city, has in his possession a curious legal document, a relic of the old days of slavery in Michigan, "the land of the free and home of the brave," which like a piece of flotsam floats down to us from the dark days of negro degradation of more than a hundred years ago.

The document is dated July 28, 1788, and is the form of instrument used by lawyers now for the transfer of a horse, household furniture or any other chattel and reads as follows:

Know all men by these presents that I, Pierre Cournoyer of Post Ninouta, for and in consideration of the sum of one hundred pounds, New York currency, to me in hand paid by Angus Mackintosh of Detroit, merchant, the receipt whereof I do acknowledge, have bargained, sold, alienated, granted and confirmed and by these presents do bargain, sell, alien, grant and confirm unto the said Angus Mackintosh, his heirs, administrators and assigns forever, my negro wench commonly called Mary; also all my right, title, property, claim and demand of me the said Pierre Cournoyer of and to the said negro wench to have and to hold the said negro wench unto the said Angus Mackintosh, his heirs and assigns, for the only proper use and behoof of him the said Angus Mackintosh, his heirs and assigns forever, and I the said Pierre Cournoyer for myself, the said negro wench against myself, my heirs and assigns and against every other person or persons whatsoever, shall and will warrant and forever defend. In witness thereof I the said Pierre Cournoyer have unto these presents set my hand and seal at Detroit, this twenty-eighth day of July, in the year of Our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight.

his
(Signed) PIERRE X COURNOYER.
mark.

Signed and sealed in the presence of James Mackintosh.

The Dead.

Charles Louis Marie Lambert de Sainte Croix, the French statesman, is dead, aged 61.

Advances made on merchandise warehoused with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

J. R. Armstrong & Co., of the "City Foundery," have removed from 164 Yonge-street to 199, 201 and 203 Queen-street east. d

Stop Watches.

Intricate and complicated watch work my forte. E. Beston, High Grade Watch Specialist. Opposite Post Office.

NEWS OF THE OLD WORLD.

The Queen Asks Balfour for a Personal Report on the Condition of Ireland.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—General Simmons is gazetted as special envoy to the Pope with reference to the subject of church jurisdiction in Malta.

Mr. Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland, leaves Dublin Friday for Balmoral, the Queen having requested a personal report on the condition of Ireland.

Mr. Chamberlain, speaking at a private caucus at Birmingham, referred to his desire to retire from political life. He said that, considering the abuse that had been heaped upon him, he had more than once reflected whether the game was worth the candle. Only love of country had induced him to continue in public life.

Phyllis Should be Satisfied.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—The long-delayed and much-talked-of action for breach of promise brought by the well-known actress, Phyllis Broughton, against Lord Dangan, has been settled at last out of court. By the terms of the settlement Miss Broughton receives £2500 in cash, besides the wide advertising which the matter has given to her, the pecuniary value of which it would be difficult to compute, and His Lordship receives his freedom from further prosecution on account of the love affair in question.

The Prince of Wales' Illness.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—It is stated here that word was sent around to the daily newspapers on Saturday asking them not to print any reports their correspondents at Athens might wire about the Prince of Wales' health. The papers have all followed the suggestion. A medical report received here says the effects of Bright's disease are beginning to be obvious, and the result of the Prince's voyage to Egypt will be watched for with deep interest.

Cable Flashes.

The Reichstag yesterday discussed the Budget.

The strike among the French coal miners has ended.

It is said that the Queen will open the coming session of Parliament in person.

The Spanish Cortes opened yesterday. There was no Speech from the Throne.

Five thousand coal miners at Borinage have struck. The strike has caused much excitement.

Among the expenditures in the Swiss Budget, provision is made for the road 9,000,000 francs for renewing the rifles of the army.

The Journal des Debats denies that Prince Bismarck suggested that a French protectorate should be established over Tunis.

In England and Wales there are at present nearly 9000 persons imprisoned as debtors and if Ireland and Scotland were included the grand total would exceed 10,000.

Father McFadden yesterday pleaded guilty to obstructing the police at the time of the murder of Police Inspector Martin at Gweedore, and was liberated on his own recognizance.

The marriage between Prince Murat and Miss Gwendoline Caldwell has been definitely broken off. It is stated that the groom was dissatisfied with the marriage settlement.

Mr. Dwyer Gray gave his address before the Parnell Commission yesterday. The "Parnellism and Crime" articles he denominated the "Liars' Catechism" and said the Clan-na-Gael was not an assassination society.

Adelina Patti surprised the public last week by appearing in an Albert Hall concert in what was taken to be a velour wig. It has since been ascertained that she became weary of being a brunette and dyed her hair a brilliant straw color.

After Nine Years.

MONTREAL, Oct. 29.—In the case of Morse and Frankland of Toronto against the Allan Steamship Company for $1800 damages, a verdict was rendered today in favor of the plaintiffs for $880. This is a case dating from 1880 arising out of the wharf laborers' strike at that time. The Toronto firm was instructed by Allans to ship goods for shipment, which they did, but the delay in shipping arising from the strike was alleged to have caused $1800 damages, which the judge allowed to the amount named.

Equals Carrara.

MONTREAL, Oct. 29.—Messrs. Thompson & Sheridan of Toronto have purchased in the parish of St. Sophie 300 acres of marble, and they claim contains large quarries of marble equal, if not superior, to the finest marbles of Italy.

The Fatality Near Weston.

The inquiry, which had been twice adjourned, into the death of James Robinson, who was killed whilst driving his brick-wagon over the track near Weston a fortnight ago, terminated last night. The jury exonerated the driver and conductor of the train from any blame, and recommended that gates be placed at the crossings in question and at all other crossings where there is much traffic and consequently danger to the public.

Work of the City Missions.

The annual meeting of those interested in city missions will be held Friday evening in Association Hall, when Missionary Hall will submit his report of the work done during the past year. Addresses will be given by Hon. S. H. Blake, G. J. Bishop and Rev. William Patterson of Cooke's Church. A good musical program will be provided.

Merchants can warehouse goods in bond or free with Mitchell, Miller & Co. Negotiable warehouse receipts issued; rate of insurance low

Cotton Operatives' Strike at Merritton.

MERRITTON, Oct. 29.—The Merritton Cotton Mills Company reduced the wages of a portion of their employes yesterday which caused the women employed to strike. The mill is in consequence shut down and about 175 hands are out of work. It is hoped the difficulty will soon be arranged satisfactorily.

New Members of the Board.

A. G. McBean, president of the Corn Exchange Association, Montreal; Thomas Marks, president of the Board of Trade, Port Arthur, and Charles A. Ross, banker of Toronto, were elected members of the Board of Trade yesterday.

Received to-day from N. Y. Rockaways, East Rivers, Blue Points, Little Neck Clams, which we will sell by the quart, dozen or hundred. The English Chop House, 30 King west.

A Chapter on Robes.

This oblate spheroid did not go back to chaos last Friday as predicted by the Second Adventists, and ascension robes are now as big a drug in the market as ice machines would be at the North Pole. The robe now in demand is quinn's sanitary wool nightrobe, which besides being soporific is also a protection when we open the window at midnight to slay noctambulent fence-haunting cats.

Try Coffee Rolls in Lunch Parlor to-day, at George S. McConkey's. 29 King-street west. 135

Rare Diamonds.

J. Fred Woltz, the Diamond broker, 41 Colborne-street, will sell at reduced prices for this week only, the finest lot of diamonds ever offered to the public in this city, consisting of rings, earrings, pins, and a large lot of unset stones to make a selection from.

The Canadian Cable.

[From The Shareholder.]

We are pleased to learn that the Canadian Atlantic cable project has been put into practicable shape. The fact that an English firm has engaged to make the cable, lay and guarantee it for $1,500,000, is an indication that lower cable rates will prevail by this line, a feature which the prospectus of the company lays stress upon. With an outlay one-third that of the Commercial Cable, which is the cheapest yet laid and which cost $4,000,000, to make and lay, the new company will be able to do business profitably at lower rates than any of the other companies. We trust that it will be carried to a successful issue without delay, in order that we may have a Canadian press service which will give us the latest news from the other side without the adulteration and discoloring which is necessary to tickle the palates of those Anglophobes for whom it is now specially prepared.

ORANGE INCORPORATION.

Opposed by the Ottawa District—A Prominent Brother's Opinion.

OTTAWA, Oct. 29.—A meeting of the District Orange Lodge was to have been held last night to consider the question of incorporation but it was not called owing to the illness of District Master Cherry. A prominent Orangeman speaking on the subject to-day said: "We have stated that this district is opposed to the application for the charter of incorporation and I have heard nothing further. We passed resolutions against it and have not since discussed it at all. This is not the right time to apply and the men now in are not the men to apply to. We do not want an act given us by a Jesuit Parliament and until we can weed out these men we should not apply. We don't want any sop thrown to us to even up matters on the Jesuit Estate Act vote."

THE GRAND TRUNK'S SPUR.

An Application by the City of Hamilton for an Injunction.

HAMILTON, Oct. 29.—A writ has been issued out of the Queen's Bench Division, at the instance of the City of Hamilton, to restrain the Grand Trunk Railway Company from building the spur line through Solomon Gaze's farm to connect the old Hamilton and Northwestern with the Great Western line. The application for an injunction will come up in Toronto at once.

When President T. H. Macpherson of the South Ontario Pacific was asked to-day what he thought of the action of the City Council last night in rejecting the Finance Committee's recommendation to employ an expert on railway routes and relegating the matter to the city engineer, Mr. Macpherson said: "In view of the council's antagonism and its policy of delaying a speedy settlement of the question it is quite within the possibilities that the C.P.R. will leave Hamilton out of its calculations altogether and construct a through line from Toronto to Niagara Falls by way of Burlington Beach."

A meeting was held this morning at the Board of Trade rooms to consider the advisability of forming a cattle market here. A committee was appointed to obtain information on the subject and report to the council of the Board of Trade.

The Thirlseath are making active preparations for their Toronto trip.

W. C. T. U.

Twelfth Annual Convention of the Ontario Body at Galt.

GALT, Oct. 29.—The twelfth annual convention of the Ontario W. C. T. U. opened here at 10 o'clock this morning, Mrs. D. L. Bethune of Thorold, president, in the chair. A memorial was presented from the Toronto District Union asking that they be allowed the privilege of affiliating directly with the Provincial Union, the same as a County Union. This led to quite a discussion but the memorial was finally voted down, 46 to 19.

Mr. John A. Nicholls, lecturer of the Dominion Alliance, made a short address.

After lunch the president gave her annual address, followed by the reports of corresponding secretary, which showed a membership from unions reporting of about 5000 and about 15,000 children in Bands of Hope under the union's jurisdiction. The roll call of delegates showed an attendance of 146. An adjournment was made at 5.30 to the Methodist Church, where a reception was given to delegates and invited guests and tea served by local unions.

This evening a public meeting was held in the Methodist Church, presided over by Mr. Thomas Carscadden, at which an address of welcome was given by Mrs. G. A. Chryder of Galt and responded to by Mrs. Day Smith of Hamilton. Addresses were also given on behalf of the local temperance organizations, interspersed with music and readings.

A BLAZE AT HAMILTON.

Lead Smelting Works and a Tallow Rendering Establishment Burnt.

HAMILTON, Oct. 29.—Fire broke out about 8 o'clock this evening in the yard of Williams' Oil Refinery between the varnish works and the Crude oil tanks. Flaherty & Wilson's lead smelting works were first ablaze, then McKellop's tallow rendering establishment caught fire and burned fiercely for about two hours. Flaherty & Wilson's works have only been in operation here a short time. The loss on this will be about $600; no insurance. McKillop's rendering establishment has been in operation for some time in connection with Morton's soap works. Loss on building, plant and stock about $16000; insured for $8000. Williams, who owns the refinery and varnish works, had $2000 worth of varnish stored in a small shed adjacent to Flaherty & Wilson's works. This was all destroyed; no insurance.

Manufacturers, by warehousing their surplus stock with Mitchell, Miller & Co., receive negotiable warehouse receipts.

WAS HARVEY INSANE?

A Strong Effort to be Made to Save the Guelph Murderer's Neck.

GUELPH, Oct. 29.—The grand jury brought in this morning three true bills against W. H. Harvey for the murder of his wife and daughters on March 26 last. The trial is likely to come up to-morrow at 11 o'clock. Great efforts will be put forth to prove that Harvey was insane at the time of the murder.

A true bill was also brought in against Hubert Leitch for the murder of his daughter's child. Leitch is supposed to be the father of the child.

Miss Laura McManis of Indianapolis, the wonderful lady whistler, in Broadway Tabernacle to-morrow evening, 31st inst.

Father McEntee's $25 Not Taken.

OSHAWA, Oct. 29.—Four months ago Rev. Father McEntee announced from the altar that he would give $25 to any one who would find one figure of crookedness in the Separate School accounts. The time limited has expired.

Merchants can warehouse goods in bond or free with Mitchell, Miller & Co. Negotiable warehouse receipts issued; rate of insurance low.

From Starving Labrador.

QUEBEC, Oct. 29.—Mgr. Bosse, Vicar Apostolic of Labrador, telegraphs from Point au Esquimaux:

Please insert feeling editorials immediately in all newspapers. Steamer Otter leaves Quebec for her last trip on Nov. 2. Last chance to send us anything until spring.

Advances made on merchandise warehoused with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

The Best Time to Buy Furs.

The impetus which has been given to the demand for fur goods, since it became apparent how popular they would be this season, has caused a great advance in the price of almost every article of the finer grades of furs—Seal, Otter, Beaver, Alaska, Sable, Mink, Persian, Astrichan, &c., have all gone up from 30 to 50 per cent. Now is the time to buy before another advance takes place. W. & D. Dineen, on corner of King and Yonge-streets, are stocked with all the latest novelties for ladies and gentlemen.

Mr. E. T. Contes basso, Mr. A. E. Hunstes. tenor, Miss Alice McManis of Indianapolis, pianist, in Broadway Tabernacle to-morrow evening, 31st inst.

The number of buyers crossing the Atlantic is unprecedented in the history of the steamship lines. With all the luxuries attending a voyage across, there is only one drawback—the commanies do not supply the traveling public with suitable nightshirts, leaving that to White, 65 King-street, who fills the bill to a nicety with his varied assortment in style and size. The latest fad is the "Easy fit" night shirt. Everyone who has seen it pronounces it a success.

Art in Dress.

Half dress and genteel business suits in single and double-breasted cutaways are the popular thing. Taylor & Co., art tailors, 89 Yonge-street. 136

$10,226 IN ST. THOMAS.

THE REDUCTIONS MADE BY THE LIVELY COURT OF REVISION.

Many Properties in Sexton-street Take a Drop—Some Sparkling Brushes With Chairman Fleming—Mr. James French Looms Up—An Exemption in Duke-street That Was Adjourned.

The Court of Revision met again yesterday to hear the appeals against assessment by St. Thomas Ward ratepayers. There were present Ald. Fleming (chairman), McDougall and Carlyle (St. And.) There was some delay but about 2 p. m. the court got down to work and reduced a total of about $10,226 in assessments. The appeal of Dr. Samuel G. Thompson of Shuter-street against income tax was allowed.

William Bayley appealed against the assessment of some property in Huntley-street valued at $3200 by the assessor.

"I swear it is not worth more than $2800. I paid $2500 for it," said the appellant. The property owned by Mr. Bayley in Bleecker-street was assessed at $2230.

"It is worth only $1800," said the appellant.

"Can you bring any other evidence?" asked the Chairman.

"Yes; Mr. Winters is here to give evidence," said the appellant.

"What do you think the Bleeker-street property is worth?" asked the Chairman.

Mr. Winters: "About $1800 or $1900."

The Chairman: "Can you swear to that?"

"Well, that's all I think it's worth," was the reply. The appeal was adjourned until Nov. 14.

A Duke-street Exemption.

The Young Women's Christian Association entered an appeal against the assessment of their property in Duke-street, which has hitherto been exempt. The Chairman was disinclined to confirm this assessment and the appeal was adjourned until Nov. 14 in order that the solicitor might be consulted.

Samuel Smith, owning property in Sexton street, secured a reduction in the assessment from $2500 to $2300. "You have got on the board of the Commissioners," remarked the Chairman to the lucky appellant. Susan Andrews also succeeded in getting $170 knocked off some Sexton-street property valued at $.620.

Lizzie Jackson secured a total reduction of $300 in assessment on Bleeker-street property.

"Now, what is this property of yours worth?" asked the Chairman of one of the appellants.

"I really don't know," was the naive response.

"Confirm it," said the chairman.

John R. E. Winters appealed against the assessed value of $4280 on his Bleeker-street property. He stated that the property was worth only $3300. It was shown that an error had been made in measurement of the frontage.

"Take $480 off," said the Chairman, "We'll meet half way."

W. McKenzie was relieved of the statute labor tax.

Maurice Troy, the owner of property in Sexton-street, got his assessment of $1575 reduced to $1400.

William Nurse failed in his effort to get a reduction in the assessment of some property in Ontario-street.

Looking For Justice.

"If I can't get justice here I'll get it from the County Judge," said he.

"Sorry I haven't got your good opinion," replied the Chairman.

"There are lots of others who have the same opinion," was the retort as Mr. Nurse left the room.

Mrs. Huntington was more successful than the previous appellant. She swore that she would accept $125 less than the assessment for each of her four houses in Ontario-street and secured a total reduction of $500.

The assessment on Donald Macdonald's personal property was reduced from $2000 to $1500.

Rev. Father Lawlor appealed against the assessment of $7030 on his Jarvis-street property and was granted a reduction of $530.

Cornelius Lourdon was a very indignant man when Chairman Fleming tried to arrive at the actual value of his property.

"I think it's a very mean thing for a chairman to try to buy people's property," said he.

John Maluquem, the owner of property in Sexton-street, was one of the lucky appellants, and secured a reduction of from $1625 to $1500.

Many Reductions in Sexton-street.

John Regan got the assessment on his Shuter-street property reduced by $130; Henry Barber secured a reduction of from $2550 to $2400; Richard R. Davis got $500 knocked off the valuation of some Sexton-street property; Mary A. McCarthy's property, Sexton-street, was reduced in assessment by $100 on each property; $500 was knocked off the assessed income of Mr. H. H. Wright.

Samuel Parker got a reduction in assessment on two Sexton-street properties of $225 each; also of $250 each on two Bleeker-street properties.

John Brandon secured a reduction of $678 on the assessment of some Earl-street property. George Wordlock and Frank Prince were relieved of the statute labor tax. Paul Von Szeliski secured a reduction on some Jarvis-street property of $393; a reduction of $325 was allowed on some Duke-street property owned by George Hodgins.

Two properties owned by James Park in Duke-street were each reduced in assessment by $100. Margaret Smith's property in George-street was reduced from $839 to $700.

D. M. Defoe secured the following reductions in assessed value of properties owned by him: in Howard-street, $273; in Darling-avenue, $53 each off twelve properties; B. Kirk's property in Bleeker-street secured a $60 reduction; Henry Meldrum's property in Earl-street was reduced in assessment from $3178 to $2300.

Joseph Wilby appealed against $2280 assessment on his Ontario-street property and had it reduced by $280.

"Jimmy" French Takes a Hand In.

James French appeared to appeal against the assessment of $130 a foot for property in Queen-street between Sherbourne and George-street. It was sworn to by Mr. A. H. Rundle that the property was worth $200 a foot, and the assessment was accordingly raised to that amount, making a total increase of $2500. "A gentleman," said Mr. French scornfully, when the chairman referred to the witness as such, and then added sarcastically looking at Mr. Rundle: "If you run for alderman next year I'll do all I can to help you, because I think you are a valuable man." Mr. French avowed his intention to appeal to the Judge.

"I don't want any reflections from Mr. French," said Mr. Rundle, "I have given my testimony on valid grounds."

John Platt succeeded in getting the assessed value of his personal property reduced from $4000 to $2500.

"Well, Mr. French," said the Chairman when the court adjourned, "what do you think of our business to-day?"

Then said Mr. French: "I think is is all very good with the exception of that case of mine." The members of the court thought this a good joke and paid their tribute to it.

The St. George Ward appellants will be heard to-day.

Prof. S. H. Clark will give his famous recital of "The Chariot Race" from Ben-Hur in the Broadway Tabernacle to-morrow evening, 31st inst.

Postponed Sale.

The sale of W. O. Britton estate of household furniture, &c., at 109 Given-street, is indefinitely postponed.

Advances made on merchandise warehoused with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

Accidents.

This is a year of accidents, the unfortunate effect of which are largely ameliorated by a policy in the Manufacturers' Accident Insurance Co., 33 King-street west, Toronto.

JOHNSTON IS GUILTY.

So Says the Court of the Euclid-avenue Methodist Church.

For Conviction.	*Doubtful.*
James Edwards.	William Clayson.
George Downard.	H. P. H. Galloway.
S. W. Smith.	

The World yesterday obtained a copy of the finding of the Euclid-avenue Methodist Church Court re the charge preferred against W. F. Johnson for the seduction of Emma Taylor, daughter of A. W. Taylor.

It will be seen that the forecast given by The World's Young Man has been verified to the letter: