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THE NEW DRILL SHED SITE

ST. JOHN WARDERS AND MILITARY MEN HEARD FROM.

Deputations at the Executive Committee—The Old Fort Recommended as a Suitable Place—Ald. Irwin Gets Mixed Up—"If I Can Get Hold of Piper."

The Executive Committee met yesterday, Ald. Boustead presiding. Aldermen Irwin, Carlyle (St. Thomas'), Hill, Barton, Gillespie, Roaf, Harvie, Fleming and Denison were also present.

The committee room was crowded by a deputation, mainly composed of the gentle sex from St. John's Ward, to protest against the erection of a drill shed on the site selected. The military were represented by Col. G. T. Denison, Col. Allan, Major Dawson, Major Hamilton, Major Delamere, Capt. Eliott, Capt. Ellison, Capt. Denison, Capt. Bruce, Capt. Hay, Capt. Manley, Capt. Mutton, Capt. Mason, Lieut. Morrow, Lieut. Lamb, Lieut. Sloan, Lieut. Lowe, Lieut. Morphy.

Mr. McCallum, one of the property holders on University-street, opposed the site selected, and read a petition from a number of the property holders against the erection of the drill shed on that site. He declared that although the people of the ward had voted in favor of the drill shed when the bylaw was submitted, they did not dream that it was to be erected on the site. He complained that a great number of the people living in the district would be turned out of homes in which they had lived for years. The selection of this site he attributed to the action of Ald. Piper, who had, he said, misrepresented the people in stating that they were not opposed to the erection of the drill shed in the ward. It had further been stated that the district was a dirty and unhealthy one. If it were dirty, the corporation was responsible, but as to the place being unhealthy, he remarked, turning round to where the female deputation was seated, "Here are some of the specimens of health from the ward." [Laughter.] The people would not have supported the bylaw if they had understood its meaning.

Mr. R. L. Frazer appeared to oppose the erection of the drill shed on the site proposed, and asked that the matter should be allowed to lie over for a month.

Mrs. Finch, one of the St. John's Ward deputation, said she would not leave her house for anyone, much less "for the soldiers."

Mrs. Farley, an old lady who represented her grievances before the Council on a former occasion, approached the chair with an umbrella, which she wielded freely, saying: "I want to see Ald. Piper, but he is not here. [Laughter.] If I can get hold of Piper, that is all I'll ask. [Renewed laughter.] I was better than Piper when he came to Toronto, and when he came to my door I shut it in his face. He ought to be shot, and he will be." [Laughter.]

Mr. Jim Robb, another of the deputation, also objected. He said: I have never seen much good where a barracks was. You know I was a volunteer myself, and I know what it is, and what followed us to the foot of Simcoe-street, after we came home from the west. In other cities the barracks are always built outside the limits, and why should we have one here in the very centre of the city? What will be the result if you do it? You will have taverns, vagabonds, loafers and all sorts of characters about there if you have a drill shed. I saw it in other places.

Capt. Mason: But those were the regulars.

Mr. Robb: I know what the volunteers are too; you know I was one of them. [Laughter.]

Capt. Mason supported the project. He said there were twenty-five property holders in the district, ten of whom opposed it, and these were assessed at $20,000. The other property holders, whose assessment amounted to $26,000, were in favor of the erection of the drill shed on the site, seeing that it would benefit their property and the district. The persons who voted for the bylaw were well aware that the drill shed was to be built in St. John's Ward and on the present site. [Chorus of female voices: We were not.]

The volunteers, said Capt. Mason, had quietly waited for over four years for a drill shed, and it was conceded on all points that the present site was the most suitable one. Some $80,000 or $90,000 would be spent on the erection of the shed, and the expenditure of so large a sum could not but benefit the city.

A voice: We don't want your benefits, but we want our homes.

Capt. Mason said the building of the drill shed would be a benefit to the people opposing it, because if disturbed in their holdings they would be fully compensated. He concluded by urging upon the committee to confirm by their action what the citizens had confirmed by their votes, and let the work be proceeded with.

Ald. Macdonald asked if the corporation or the Government had the right to ex-propriate the necessary land, and was informed that it lay with the corporation.

Major Hamilton spoke in favor of the site, contending that as the people had voted the money, approved of the site, and were anxious that it should be proceeded with, the opposition of a few property holders should not be allowed to upset the whole thing. A site had been selected in St. Andrew's Ward, but that was so strongly opposed that the Council abandoned it, although the volunteers were prepared to adopt it. Then three several sites were selected in St. John's Ward, and the one adopted had been agreed upon before the bylaw was submitted to the people, so that it could not correctly be said that they did not know what they were voting for.

Captain Manley explained that Ald. Piper was anxious to get the shed erected in St. John's Ward.

Col. G. T. Denison said he came to place on record his views on the matter, and he would have done so before, were it not that he was in England at the time the question was before the Council, and submitted in the shape of a by-law to the people. From the beginning he had been opposed to having the drill shed erected any place but at the Old Fort, but his views on the matter had not been supported by the infantry. The present volunteer force were recruited mainly from the eastern portions of the city, but when their term of service had expired—in two or three years hence—a decided change might take place in its constitution, and what was now a convenient place for drilling might not then be so for the majority of those in the service. He had always held that the Old Fort was the proper place for the volunteers. First of all, if there was an occasion on which the active services of the volunteers would be called in requisition, and they had to encounter an invading enemy, then their work would have to be done by skirmishing, as past experience had proved. To practise skirmishing it was necessary to have such accommodation as the Old Fort provided. These tactics were not to be learned in a drill shed. [St. John's Ward applause.]

A military gentleman rose to a point of order. It was not military tactics they were discussing.

The chairman ruled the colonel in order.

Col. Denison said he was there as a citizen and ratepayer of Toronto, and as such had the right of speaking in the interests of the city. He believed he was speaking in the interests of the military gentlemen themselves in saying what he had said. It was in the interest of the city, the interest of the country, and the interest of the volunteers that the drill shed should not be erected on the site selected. As a police commissioner of the city the subject had received his close attention, and he considered it his duty to make such suggestions as he deemed advisable and take such action as he could to prevent the possibility of the armory of the city falling into the hands of a mob, and also to take care of the protective forces in case their services should be required. He knew of no locality in the city in which a mob could be collected so readily as in St. John's Ward. [Deputation murmurings.] He had to consider the subject of a raid on arms by a mob, and from this standpoint the present site for a drill shed was undesirable. The volunteers were serviceable in repelling the attacks of foreign enemies, or suppressing troubles in the city arising from organized mobs. Such instructions as they could receive in a drill shed was all very well for times of peace—but to prepare them for service in case of war, a great deal more was necessary. Should a disturbance arise in the city, with the drill shed in St. John's Ward, what was to prevent the mob from arming themselves with volunteer rifles and ammunition, and what assistance could the volunteers then afford? whereas if the drill shed were erected at the Old Fort, the men would have the advantage of field drill, and in such a case as he assumed, the arms and ammunition would be safe in the custody of the forces under Col. Otter. He was looking to probabilities, and far beyond the mere personal convenience of the men at present. Besides, at the Old Fort, the land and site could be had for nothing, thus saving the citizens $100,000.

Ald. Macdonald asked if the plan adopted at Kingston was not practicable in Toronto. There the military stores were a couple of miles away from the drill shed.

Col. Denison: That is an important question, but it can be easily answered. What could your volunteers do, in case of a disturbance in the city, if their arms and ammunition were out at the Old Fort?

Capt. Mason said it was with a great deal of diffidence that he rose to refute the arguments of an older and more experienced officer such as Colonel Denison. In the first place the majority of the volunteers came from the west end of the city, and not from the east, where the present drill shed was situated. Then again the volunteers were business men, and were only under training during the spring and fall of the year, and could not be got together sooner than 8 o'clock in the evening. Even if they had the Fort, as suggested by the gallant colonel, how could they practise field drill in the dark. [Laughter and hear, hear.] The site selected in St. John's Ward was the most suitable one, and possessed the advantage of affording accommodation for marching in the avenue, if necessary, and having field practice in the Queen's Park.

The chairman told of the action taken by the Council and the citizens, which culminated in the adoption of the present site.

Ald. Gillespie asked in case the Old Fort was selected, would the city be saved the $100,000 voted for the purchase of a site.

The chairman: I do not know that the Government would give a site at the Old Fort.

Ald. Irwin moved that the matter be allowed to lie over for a month, so as to afford an opportunity of communicating with the Government on the point of getting a site at the Old Fort.

Ald. Denison: That would simply mean that the Government would not build the drill shed, and that we would be at the loss of this $100,000.

A military chorus: We will not take the Old Fort site. We could have got that years ago.

Ald. Macdonald pointed out that according to the advice of the City Solicitor the money raised for the purchase of a drill shed site could not be devoted to any other purpose.

Ald. Carlyle supported the proposition to allow the matter to lie over for a month. He said the statements of Col. Denison had induced him to take this course.

Ald. Irwin said that the Government should ex-propriate the necessary land, and if they wanted more money than that voted the people would subscribe it.

Mrs. Farley: I would give $4. I might give $5. [Laughter.]

Ald. Irwin: These poor women want, naturally, to hold on to the places where their husbands died. [Laughter.] When their husbands died they maybe told them to keep in the little property they left, and it's hard to put them out now.

Ald. Fleming: Go on, and you'll have the votes of the poor next year. [Laughter.]

Ald. Irwin: Not for the Fleming Bylaw. [Laughter.]

Ald. Macdonald: I rise to a point of order. All this is irrelevant.

Ald. Irwin: Because it hurts you.

Ald. Macdonald protested against such observations, and amid cries of "withdraw," Ald. Irwin said: "I'll take it back if he likes it."

Ald. Fleming: I don't think he should be interrupted as he is working his way right well.

The chairman: I never heard him getting on better. [Laughter.]

Ald. Harvie: Give him a rest.

Ald. Irwin: I don't want a rest, and whether I am getting on better or not I assure you, Mr. Chairman, I am in earnest. [Laughter.]

An elderly female: More power to you.

Ald. Irwin: Yes, ma'am. [Great laughter.] It shows the loyalty of the people of St. John's Ward, that they don't object to a drill shed. They voted for it, but they don't want it there. [Laughter.] I say they are as loyal in that ward of the city, and supply as many volunteers. Why, gentlemen, how many of them came home dead from the Northwest?

A voice: How did they come?

Ald. Irwin continued to say that he was not opposed to a drill shed provided it was erected in any other ward but St. John's.

City Solicitor McWilliams gave it as his opinion that it would be an extraordinary thing for the corporation, having given the bylaw a third reading, and submitted it to the Government, to back out of it now.

After a great deal of discussion Ald. Irwin's motion was put and lost, having but two supporters. The St. John's Ward deputation withdrew grumbling.

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Victoria's Gift Pleases the Pope.

ROME, Oct. 6.—Klopp, the German historian, has presented to the Pope the complete correspondence between Leopold and Father Marco Daviano, the Pope's Legate, during the Turkish incursion of 1683. To each of the sovereigns who sent jubilee gifts the Pope will present a specially painted miniature portrait of himself. The Pope is especially gratified with Queen Victoria's gift, and his acknowledgment of it will be exceptionally cordial.

Slain While They Slept.

TAHLEQUAH, I.T., Oct. 6.—Tuesday night Deputy U.S. Marshal Phillips, with three assistants, arrested Henry M. Kizoit, a Chickasaw, 18 years of age. The party camped on the prairie with the exception of Phillips, who rode on ahead. After waiting until noon yesterday for the arrival of the guards with the prisoner, Phillips rode back and found the entire posse killed, their heads having been cut off while they slept.

The End of a Dissipated Life.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Alfred A. Janicke, aged 25, son of the wealthy jeweler, Albert Janicke of this city, blew his brains out while entering Police Headquarters last night in charge of a detective who had arrested him for stealing $500 worth of jewelry from a Mr. Armory. He had led a dissipated life for some time.

The Knights of Labor Convention.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 6.—The whole afternoon session of the General Assembly Knights of Labor yesterday was spent in considering the protest cases which have occupied much of its time since yesterday morning. The convention went into executive session at 9.15 a.m. with closed doors.

The Rebellion in Afghanistan.

LAHORE, Oct. 6.—The fighting between the forces of the Ameer of Afghanistan and the rebels is continuous. The warfare is carried on with varied success. The salient features of the situation are Omra Khan's success in Bajaur and Swat, and Russia's activity on the Badakshan frontier.

Sharpe Still Avoids Prison.

ALBANY, Oct. 6.—At 4 o'clock this afternoon Justice Auger granted a stay in the Sharpe case. Mr. Martine, Mr. McColl and others argued against the stay while Bourke Cochran argued for it.

Larry, the Bridge Jumper.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—Larry Donovan of New York jumped from the Waterloo Bridge to-day in the presence of thousands of spectators.

A CARDINAL IN THE CITY.

ARRIVAL OF HIS EMINENCE, MGR. TASCHEREAU FROM QUEBEC.

Reception at North Toronto Station—Procession to St. Michael's Cathedral—Addresses from the Clergy, Laity and French Society—Enthusiastic Gathering.

The first cardinal who has ever visited Toronto arrived here at 8.20 last night in the person of Cardinal Elzear Alexandre Taschereau, Archbishop of Quebec. His Eminence alighted at the North Toronto station of the Canadian Pacific Railway, the occasion of his visit being to lay the corner stone of St. Paul's Church, which will take place on Sunday at 3 o'clock.

For an hour before the arrival of the Cardinal the station and vicinity was crowded with people, horsemen and vehicles. On the platform were many of the most prominent of the Catholics of Toronto. His Grace Archbishop Lynch did not go to the station, but he was fitly represented by his coadjutor, Bishop O'Mahoney. The clergy were represented by Rev. Father Rooney, V.G.; Dean Harris, St. Catharines; Father Jeffcott, Orangeville; Fathers Morris, Minehan, Nevin, McBride, Brennan, Cushing (Principal of St. Michael's College), Gunnane, Fraser, and Brothers Tobias, Odo and Patrick. Among the laity were Hon. Frank Smith, Hon. T. W. Anglin, Eugene O'Keefe, B. B. Hughes, Commander Law, R.N. (A.D.C. to the Lieutenant-Governor), Mr. J. J. Foy, Q.C., Dr. Cassidy, Mr. Joseph Connelly, R.C.A., Mr. Patrick Boyle, L. O'Byrne, W. J. Macdonell, Vice-Consul of France.

As the train drew in there was a great cheer raised. The parlor car stopped further east than was expected and the members of the Reception Committee, who were standing in front of the station, had to rush towards the car. The crowd also rushed, and by the time that the majority of the committee had got there His Eminence and his special attendant, Mgr. C. A. Marois, had alighted and were escorted to the carriage of Hon. Frank Smith. His Eminence was attired in his cardinalate robes consisting of a red silk soutane with long train, white lace surplice, red silk cape and the red silk hat emblematic of his office. Mgr. Marois, who by the way is quite a young man, black-haired and good-looking, wore the purple cape of a monseigneur.

There were no bands and no torchlights. These might have been had and were freely volunteered, but the Reception Committee considered that a quiet reception and escort of the Cardinal would be as acceptable as a big display and also as pleasing to the citizens. While the plan of reception was praiseworthy and pleasing, it cannot be said the arrangements for organizing and starting the procession were so. There was no arrangement as to order in the procession and the result was that people ran helter and skelter. But finally the procession moved off, the first carriage containing His Eminence the Cardinal, Mgr. Marois, Bishop O'Mahoney and Hon. Frank Smith. His carriage was surrounded by a guard of honor composed of these young gentlemen, mounted upon lively horses:

Bailey O'Keefe.	John Lee.
Geo. Reily.	W. H. Ryan.
James Walsh.	John O'Connor.
Frank McPhillips.	P. D. Hughes.
John Ryan.	J. D. Wardo.

This carriage was followed by about fifty others. Many members of the city parishes went along on foot. The great majority of the gentlemen present wore rosettes or ribbons of cardinal red in honor of the distinguished visitor.

The route was down Yonge-street to Shuter, and thence to St. Michael's Cathedral at Bond and Shuter streets. All the way down Yonge-street crowds lined the sidewalks and viewed the procession. At intervals there were cheers given for the Cardinal, who was recognized by his large red hat, and at Wellesley, Carlton, Gerrard, Wilton and Shuter-streets the crowds were especially demonstrative. It was evident that the Roman Catholics of Toronto, notwithstanding the bad weather, had turned out in force to welcome Canada's only Cardinal.

As the procession reached Carlton-street the chimes of St. Michael's began ringing out a merry peal of welcome which was continued till His Eminence had reached the Cathedral. The long line of carriages entered one gate, deposited their occupants and went out by another while thousands filled the streets and surrounded the Cathedral anxious to gain an entrance. Admission to the side aisles had been granted to all who entered, but the centre pews were reserved for those who followed the Cardinal's party.

His Eminence was met at the main door by His Grace the Archbishop, attended by Vicar-General Laurent and a score of priests. He was bade welcome by His Grace who read this address, standing immediately inside the door:

Most Eminent and Illustrious Prince:

It is for us a very great pleasure to convey to Your Eminence the heartfelt delight with which the clergy and people of our Metropolitan See of Toronto welcome you to our city.

It is the time honored custom of the Holy See to select for the exalted office of cardinal, with which dignity we rejoice you have been honored, men distinguished for their great learning and piety and fearless devotion to the cause of truth and justice, in order that the Supreme Pontiff may be assisted in those things that conduce to the honor of religion and the welfare of the people in general.

May your visit to our city be as pleasing to Your Eminence as it will be to us, to our clergy and people, productive of pleasant recollections.

To us it will be as much a delight as a duty to render to Your Eminence every mark of respect due to your high office, so that the days during which you honor us with your presence may be as agreeable to you as they will be joyous to us.

Then the procession was reorganized, and to the strains of Mendelssohn's "Wedding March," as rendered by Prof. Lemaitre upon the organ, the party proceeded up the centre aisle to the high altar, which was a blaze of candles, colored lamps and gas works, surmounted by a gas design of a large cross, shamrocks and a bishop's mitre. Banners bearing the Papal arms and those of His Eminence hung on either side of the altar. On entering the sanctuary His Eminence, who by reason of his robes, was the central object of attraction, knelt at the lowest step of the altar for a few minutes in prayer. Then Vicar-General Laurent intoned the Psalms.

His prayer concluded, the Cardinal ascended the steps, and while the vast congregation bowed in silent prayer he gave the benediction. Then he descended the steps, and, accompanied by a retinue of priests, proceeded to the throne on the north side of the sanctuary, while His Grace the Archbishop sat on the left. The priests gathered about, as he placed the red beretta on his head, and Rev. Vicar-General Rooney read this address on behalf of the clergy of the archdiocese.

Most Eminent Lord Cardinal:

It is with a most lively sense of the honor permitted us that we, the clergy of the Archdiocese of Toronto, Your Eminence, do tender to you, as a Prince of the Church, a most cordial welcome to our city; we appreciate the honor the more as Your Eminence is the first cardinal we have had the happiness of seeing in our midst.

We rejoice that it has pleased our Holy Father, the wise ruler of the Church, to crown the glories of the ancient See of Quebec, the Mother Church of so many dioceses in America, by selecting Your Eminence, so renowned for piety, learning, zeal and patriotism, to be a member of the illustrious College of Cardinals, one of that august body on which devolves the awful responsibility of electing a sovereign pontiff.

Our joy is much enhanced by the fact that the recipient of the high dignity is a distinguished member of the old Celtic race, to which it is the glory of the French and Irish people to belong. A race which has been fruitful in Christian heroes and foremost in many lands in speading the Gospel of Christ, we owe much to the example and prayer of our martyred ancestors, which inspire us with holy zeal in piously upholding our religious and educational rights.

As citizens of this great Dominion we assure Your Eminence that we enjoy in this province the many blessings of a free and happy people, whilst education and social intercourse are steadily removing prejudice against our holy religion. In the promotion of every Catholic interest we are happy in the earnest co-operation of our good people, and priests and people find a beacon light and a pillar of strength around which to rally in our beloved Archbishop, whose zeal keeps pace with his advancing years, and whose double crown of science and piety sheds lustre on their Metropolitan See. And while the welfare of Holy Mother Church is dear to us all, allegiance we owe to our country and its rulers, for the true soldier of Christ is likewise the true soldier of his country.

Our firm allegiance to God and to the Head of the Church does not militate against our loyalty to our country; nay it serves to strengthen it.

Begging Your Eminence to accept this public expression of reverence for your august person and of gratitude for your visit, we pray that our good God may long preserve Your Eminence to be an honor and a guardian to the church in Canada.

J. V. Rooney, V.G.; J. M. Laurent, V.G.; R. A. O'Connor, Dean; W. R. Harris, Dean; E. J. Cassidy, Archdeacon.

His Eminence replied briefly and then received this address from the laity, which was read by Dr. D. A. O'Sullivan, who was accompanied by Hon. Frank Smith, Hon. T. W. Anglin, J. J. Foy, Q.C., Mr. Eugene O'Keefe, W. J. Macdonell, B. B. Hughes and others:

To His Eminence Elzear Alexandre Taschereau, Archbishop of Quebec, Cardinal Priest of the Holy Roman Church:

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EMINENCE: Your presence in Toronto affords us a pleasing opportunity to welcome you to this part of Canada, and to express our appreciation of a visit from so distinguished a prince of the church.

We wish to offer our congratulations on the great honor bestowed on you by the Sovereign Pontiff in elevating you to the cardinalate, and to join in the general expressions of gratification which that signal distinction evoked.

The Holy Father has most fittingly honored the church in Canada by choosing for its first cardinal a prelate from the illustrious See of Quebec, and choosing him from that pioneer race which has done so much for the cause of religion in this country. As part of that ancient See and province, we share with it and with the whole of Canada in the glories of their brilliant record—glories that now find fitting recognition in the appointment of one so well qualified to be named a Senator of the Roman Court.

Your Eminence sees here Catholics united with those of your own province by that common bond of unwavering fidelity and attachment to the Holy See. We who meet you to-day and represent the Catholics of this city, and we may say the Catholics of the province, are glad to assemble in honor of one whom the Head of the Church has delighted to honor; and we trust that you may be spared many years to enjoy the distinction conferred on you by the Sovereign Pontiff.

The ceremony of laying the corner stone of a new and stately edifice on the site of the oldest church in the city will serve as some indication to Your Eminence of the growth of the Catholic Church in this part of Canada. It is but one of the many evidences of its wonderful development and expansion under the fostering care of the Archbishop of Toronto and the bishops of the province. Even in the hurried visit you are now making we feel assured that many other proofs of this will be afforded you.

We hope Your Eminence will carry away pleasing recollections of Toronto and of this western country, and that your coming here will serve to strengthen the bond of good feeling that exists between the sister provinces so long identified with the name of Canada.

The Cardinal replied briefly, but so great was the noise and the crush of people, who even crowded up to the steps and into the sanctuary, that his words could not be heard even in the first pews. Then a deputation of French citizens approached the throne and Mr. Joseph Roy, President of the Ste. Jean Baptiste Society, read an address in French, of which this is a translation:

To His Eminence Cardinal Taschereau:

You have left for a short time the rocky city of Champlain to visit our fair City of Toronto. With anxiety we have expected you, and it is with the greatest of pleasure we, the French Canadian citizens of Toronto, the confreres of your own diocesans, welcome to our adopted home the first Prince of the Catholic Church of Canada.

As in olden times, the Apostle of the Gentiles, traveled to the various places in which the Gospel seed had been sown, you have not feared the length of the route, and Your Eminence rejoiced in thinking you were coming to embrace once more the worthy and saintly Archbishop who guards so jealously the faith of the Catholics of this diocese.

The virtues which distinguish Your Eminence and your eminent ecclesiastical lore have been honored at the Throne of Peter, and show the world that the honor merited by Catholic Canada in your venerable person is a guarantee of her never-failing fidelity to the Holy Catholic Church.

We rejoice at the honor Rome has conferred on Your Eminence, and we are glad to say that here on the shores of this great lake there are hearts that beat at the thought of their first mother.

Under the paternal care of His Grace, our beloved Archbishop, we are making our way through life hand in hand with our brethren of other extraction, and under the same banner of the Gospel, and with the same hopes, less preoccupied, perhaps, with our bodily wants than with the preservation of our faith, on the shores which kind Providence has cast us, we hold on faithfully to the centre of Christian truth, and ever will our vigilant pastor, the Rev. Father Lamarche, whom God has sent us as our spiritual guide, find our hearts submissive to his jurisdiction.

But that these resolutions may bear the good works of an active faith, we beseech Your Eminence to bless us and our families and to unite your prayers with those of the first pastor of our diocese, and the memory of your visit will be engraved on our hearts, because you will have "passed in doing good."

This was the last address and as the organ pealed forth the "Marche Aux Flambeaux," His Eminence left the throne, and followed by His Grace and the attending clergy, passed to the vestry and thence into St. Michael's Palace where he will have his abode while remaining here.

None of the provincial bishops were in attendance last evening, but they will arrive to-day.

Mgr. O'Brien, the Papal Ablegate, who arrived in Canada a few days ago and who was expected last night with the Cardinal, did not arrive, but will reach here at 11 this morning.

His Eminence will visit Loretto Abbey this morning.

From 3 to 5 to-day His Eminence will hold a reception for ladies at the Palace, and from 7 to 9 for gentlemen.

THEY WANT THEIR MONEY BACK.

Shareholders of the Ontario Investment Suing the Association.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—The shareholders of the Ontario Investment, who have been fleeced by their late President and Manager, Henry Taylor and Charles Murray, are commencing a determined war against what remains of the association. Actions have been entered by Josiah Blackburn, R.C. MacFie, H. E. Nelles and other shareholders, the object of which is that their subscriptions for stock be cancelled as they were obtained under fraudulent representations. They further sue for the refund of all monies paid upon said stock, claiming it was secured by false pretences. Proceedings were instituted against Charles Murray for forging a note for $2000, which was cashed before he left for Omaha, but it was learned that their late manager had changed his address again and attempts to locate him proved fruitless, so the proceedings were dropped.

AFTER MANY YEARS.

Lord Alexander Russell Meets Old Companions at Hamilton.

HAMILTON, Oct. 6.—Veterans of the Prince Consort's Rifle Brigade residing in this city, to the number of about forty, met their old commander, General Lord Alexander Russell, in the City Hall to-night and presented him with an address and a meerschaum pipe. Lady Russell was present. Both Lord and Lady Russell remembered many of the men, and seemed delighted to meet them after a lapse of twenty-three years, and the veterans were equally pleased to see their old colonel and his lady.

Dedication of a Masonic Temple.

PETERBORO, Oct. 6.—The new Masonic temple in Water-street was consecrated and dedicated with appropriate ceremonies this afternoon. The Deputy Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Canada, Worshipful Bro. R. T. Watkin, officiated, assisted by other officers of the Grand Lodge. There was a large attendance of the fraternity from the town and surrounding district. This evening a conversazione was held.

The Wimbledon Team.

OTTAWA, Oct. 6.—At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Dominion Rifle Association held yesterday, it was decided to make refunds of entry fees to non-competitors applying to the secretary. The first twenty on the list of the grand aggregate, entitled to go to Wimbledon, will be communicated with in order to learn their intentions before issuing rifles and ammunition.

THE HALDIMAND RECOUNT.

At the Closing of the Court Yesterday Mr. Colter Had a Majority of Three.

CAYUGA, Oct. 6.—Dr. Montague and his friends had their innings at the Haldimand election trial to-day and what smiling there was was generally on his side of the house, but the balance being so even left little room for levity. Mr. Blake, with his keen perception, omits not a point likely to make in favor of the petitioner. The continued recount occupied nearly all day, reducing the majority of Mr. Colter to three. Dr. Montague and his friends appear fully satisfied with the result so far.

The decision in a number of cases of votes is held for argument, probably to-morrow, and more careful consideration by His Lordship the Chancellor, as the points raised are new and have not yet been adjudicated upon, arising as they do under the Franchise Act, the working of which has not been fully developed. The points raised are of public interest, especially to farmers' sons. Many witnesses were examined to-day of this class of voters, who had supported the petitioner, whose circumstances, by reason of not residing with their parents or otherwise conforming to the provisions of the act, had disentitled them to places on the lists of voters, but His Lordship held that objections to such, if tenable, should have been taken before the revising officer when the names were sought to be placed on the list, and that the objection could not be made now. Others who were properly on the voters' lists, but who had ceased to conform to the provisions of the act such as by removing to new homes, were in a different category and the status of these voters might prove very different, and it was in regard to these cases that judgment has been reserved, and from the issue of which Dr. Montague and his friends anticipate being placed in a majority.

At the close of the recount the charges of the respondent in recrimination were taken up, beginning with the examination of Arthur Farrell. This witness evidently belonged to the ranks of the enemy, and it taxed the very well underrtood skill of Mr. McCarthy to extract what was evidently an unwillingly admitted truth. He (Farrell) attended one of Dr. Montague's meetings at the house of Mr. Beaver on the Reserve just previous to the election. At the close of the meeting one Donald McGregor spoke on behalf of Mr. Colter, and when the people were dispersing he asked McGregor if he was going to "set it up for the boys."

Mr. McCarthy—"What does that mean when it is translated?"

Witness—"Well, it meant that he handed me a dollar and said that I could 'set it up for the boys.' He said that he did not drink any."

Mr McCarthy: "I suppose that he was a temperance man in fact."

Witness: "I should think so."

Witness, continuing, said he had squandered the dollar in Caledonia, that McGregor did not ask him for the money again, but he had handed it back about a week ago on hearing that the giving of the money would form one of the charges at the present trial. He had been handed the dollar by one John Lawrence to hand back to McGregor. At first the witness said the dollar was to compensate him for work done for Lawrence, but afterwards admitted it was for the specific purpose of repaying the dollar to McGregor, and that he had a couple of other dollars of his own in his pocket at the time. Cross-examination of the witness was deferred till to-morrow.

The court adjourned till 9.30 a.m., when Dr. Montague expects to produce further evidence of an equally decisive character, which may not unlikely result in a new election in this constituency.

WYCLIFFE'S ALUMNI.

Annual Meeting of the Association—Interesting Papers Read.

The annual meeting of the Alumni Association of Wycliffe College commenced in the college buildings on Wednesday and will close this evening. The proceedings are under the direction of Rev. Bernard Bryan of Bradford.

The following resolution anent the Bible in schools was unanimously passed:

Moved by Rev. W. J. Armitage, St. Catharines, seconded by Rev. Geo. M. Wrong of Toronto, That as an Alumni Association we are in favor of having the Bible read, and portions committed to memory during school hours in the Public Schools of this province, and pledge ourselves to do all in our power to effect this.

An interesting discussion took place on the work of the C.E.T.S., a branch of which has now been organized in all the mission fields ministered to by graduates of Wycliffe. Rev. Principal Sheraton gave the Alumni an excellent address on "Growth." Rev. G. M. Wrong, M.A., read a paper on the "Clergyman's Own Spiritual Life." Rev. H. P. Hobson, St. James' Cathedral, read a paper on "Parochial Organizations," showing their value as aids in clerical work. Rev. G. H. Gaviller, Parry Sound, read a paper on the "Relation of the Church of England to Other Religious Bodies."

The following officers of the association were elected: President, Rev. Dyson Hague, Brockville; Vice President, Rev. C. J. James, St. John, N.B.; Secretary-Treasurer, Rev. W. J. Armitage, St. Catharines. Executive Committee, Rev. C. H. Marsh, Lindsay; Rev. James Ardill, Merriton; Rev. G. M. Wrong, Toronto; Rev. G. H. Gaviller, Parry Sound.

Last evening the annual banquet of the alumni was held, when a pleasant and profitable time was spent in speeches giving reminiscences of college life.

METHODIST PROGRESS IN TORONTO.

Laying of the Corner Stone of a Church at Bathurst and Lennox Streets.

The corner stone of a Methodist church was laid with the customary ceremonial yesterday afternoon at Bathurst and Lennox streets. The building will be a handsome structure of white brick with stone trimmings. It will be 86 feet square, having a tower 80 feet high at its northeast corner. At the south corner there will be a spire of the same height. It will accommodate 1200 persons, the capacity of the present church being 400.

There was a large attendance at the ceremony, the service at which was conducted by Rev. Dr. Potts, President of the Toronto Conference. The other ministers present were: Rev. J. Milner, Rev. R. McGee, Rev. G. J. Bishop, Rev. J. Locke, Rev. D. Frank and Rev. Dr. Parker.

Mr. John Macdonald laid the stone, the cavity of which contained the usual assortment of newspapers and current coins. He delivered an interesting address on his reminiscences of Methodism in Toronto. He remembered the time when a church of the size they were erecting could have contained all the Methodists of this city. He mentioned the places of worship of those days and the small number of ministers and local preachers and described their labors. These things showed the great progress of Toronto, in which were now twenty-four Methodist churches. No one could estimate the good effect which the erection of that Bathurst-street church would have on the home life, business life, municipal life and spiritual life of the country. Having enlarged on these topics and given good advice to the young men present, Mr. Macdonald referred to the reported utterance of a Toronto minister as to the evils of evangelist Methodist efforts, and said, "This church is an evidence of it. [Applause.] I and Mr. Milner are evidences of it. I wish we had more of evangelistic efforts and more of such results." [Applause.]

A silver trowel bearing a commemorative inscription was presented to Mr. Macdonald. The offerings were very liberal.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

It is officially announced that the Western Union Telegraph Company has purchased the Baltimore and Ohio line.

George and Perry Lape and Simon and Amos Young were instantly killed by the explosion of a boiler in a saw mill at Anlanda, O., yesterday.

Ephraim Homes' factory on Elm-street, New York, was burned yesterday morning; loss $175,000.

Three hundred shoemakers are on strike at Philadelphia because the manufacturers refuse to sign their new bill of wages.

15 POUNDS FOR A DOLLAR!

THE SUGAR COMBINE WEAKENS AND RETAILERS CUT PRICES.

Two Wholesale Firms Decline to Boycott Delinquent Retailers—A Letter From President Mills of the Retailers' Association—A Sweet Subject for Discussion.

The Sugar Refiners' Association of Canada is a combination of the large Canadian sugar refiners.

The Wholesale Grocers' Guild is a combination of the thirteen leading wholesale grocer firms of Toronto.

The Toronto Retail Grocers' Association is a combination of the retail trade, numbering several hundreds.

These three combinations work or rather have been working in this way: (1) The refiners only sold to wholesale grocers who agreed to sell at a certain price; those who refused to keep that price had to go elsewhere for their supply, and two Montreal wholesale firms have been importing Scotch sugar with indifferent success. (2) The wholesale grocers agreed to sell only to retailers who would promise not to cut prices.

The wholesale price was fixed at $7\frac{1}{8}$ cents a pound, and the retail price 13 pounds for a dollar or about $7\frac{2}{3}$ cents a pound.

This agreement has been fairly well carried out since June last with the result that sugar has been handled without loss, that the public have not been compelled to make up for cheap sugar by higher prices for other articles, and that the refiners have been enabled to make only one grade, and that the best of granulated sugar. Sugar was not used as a bait to draw custom.

But now the combine is weakened to the extent, not that either the wholesale grocers or the refiners reduce prices, but that the retailers start in this morning to cut prices and to use sugar as a bait for custom. Fifteen pounds for $1 is advertised for to-day by several dealers.

This has been brought about, so it is stated, by the action of Frank Smith & Co. and Warren Bros. & Boomer, two wholesale firms, who yesterday decided to withdraw their support from a resolution of the guild not to sell to any retailer who cut rates. They do not reduce the wholesale price, $7\frac{1}{8}$—they simply sell it to any grocer at that figure and not merely to the members of the Retail Grocers' Association.

As for Frank Smith & Co., it was stated on good authority that they had never accepted the resolution in question, and that therefore they were free to act as they liked.

Mr. William Ince informed The World last night that cutting would at once start in among the retailers, but that there would be no change in wholesale rates. He had an idea that the combination would again be restored. All that the combination had endeavored to do was to have sugar handled *without loss.* He was afraid that some of the newspapers writing about the question were more anxious to make political capital than to serve the public.

President Mills Talks.

Editor World: As the Grocers' Sugar Combination is at present receiving considerable attention, and as some of the daily papers in their anxiety to get a "kick" at the National Policy, trim their statement of facts with that end in view, I desire through your columns to state fairly the position of the retail trade with regard to this much abused combination.

To such an extent had the system of "cutting" on sugar been carried of late years that profits on both wholesale and retail trade were, if not completely wiped out, at least seriously diminished by such competition.

The Wholesale Grocers' Guild took this vexing question into consideration, and resolved if possible to have a uniform price. After considerable trouble they arrived at an agreement with the refiners whereby sugar, if not paying any profit, would at least pay the bare expenses incident to handling.

The retail trade determined also to seek relief in the matter, and after several conferences with the guild by means of a committee of the Retail Grocers' Association, the Wholesale Guild promised them its support, provided 95 per cent. of the retail trade signified their wish for them to do so. This proposition of the retail trade was easily secured, and the guild accordingly engaged to refuse goods to any who might break the terms of the agreement relative to sale of granulated sugars, or to any of the remaining portion of the trade did they refuse to come in with the others in the proposed arrangement.

This is the history of the arrangement.

With reference to the retail firm singled out as "martyrs" to "principle," it may be stated that this firm is represented on roll of Grocers' Association; also that the firm's signature is attached as members of Retail Combination, and also that this firm who have such a horror of "combinations of every kind" endeavored to get ahead of their humble competitors in the retail trade by getting a place with the wholesale trade in their agreement with the refiners. They were refused admittance to this "abominable arrangement," and for a considerable time were content to act with the retail combination till their unfair action in the matter was exposed, and hence the "awakened conscience. With these facts before their eyes the public will doubtless conclude that the firm who are going to sell at "conscience prices" keep that article, if they possess any of it, in intimate connection with their pocket.

ROBT. MILLS,
Pres. Retail Grocers' Association.
Oct. 6, 1887.

The Combined Condemned at Montreal.

At the annual meeting of the Retail Grocers' Association of Montreal last night the sugar combine was discussed and the following resolution was adopted: "That the meeting of the Grocers' Association of Montreal desire to record their protest against the unjust combination which at present exists between the sugar refiners and the wholesale Grocers' Guild and the executive committee of this association, be requested to take the matter up at once and secure a satisfactory and feasible arrangement with the sugar refiners.

Dead Bargains.

It was on Colborne-street. The time was 4.30 and there was an undertaker's wagon in front of Mackenzie & Hamilton's warehouse. Mac. was standing at the door. "What is this kind of a wagon doing here?" asked a country customer as he hustled up the steps. "We keep it" replied Mr. Mackenzie "to carry away our dead bargains."

A Cry From the Otonabee.

Rev. A. Browning at Peterboro.

Commercial union or any other union that tended to sever them from the Old Land should meet with the opposition of all good citizens. England forever! Ireland forever! Scotland forever! Grand triumvirate forever! [Applause].

OUR OWN COUNTRY.

Items of Interest Received by Mail and Wire.

Moody, the evangelist, continues to draw crowds at Montreal.

Mrs. Berry, wife of Mr. John Berry, book keeper for J. M. Green & Co., St. Thomas, died suddenly on Wednesday.

At Wallaceburg on Tuesday Messrs. Lumley & McIntyre of Eagle were fined $100 and costs for violating the Scott Act.

Richard Gripton of Brantford, while drunk, went to a hotel, lay in a bed face downwards and was suffocated.

A strange lawsuit has taken place against the corporation of Wiarton by Louisa Smith, who claims damages from the village for the council allowing a young man to be buried in a lot adjoining her property, on which there is a tenement house, and she contends that during the time the remains were allowed to stop there the house was empty on that account. The corporation will defend the suit.

"Zitka!" "Zitka!"

Anyone who loves a real dramatic play should go to "The Toronto Opera House" and see "Zitka," full of fun, wit and interest; in fact it's going to draw big crowds, like the great "stove and housefurnishing" emporium, 179 Yonge-street. People are so well satisfied with the value they get for their money that Strathens' has now become the popular house in Toronto for first class goods at popular prices.

THE TURNER ESTATE.

Some Explanations Regarding the Recent Meeting.

The World yesterday received from Mr. Walter Read of the law firm of Read, Read & Knight this letter concerning the meeting of the creditors of the Turner Estate on Wednesday:

Your report of the meeting yesterday is not altogether correct and someone must have misinformed you. I did not act for Mr. Clarkson. I acted for several creditors, not for the assignee. Again it was not decided that Dr. McMichael should wind up the estate, but it was decided that Dr. McMichael should act with my firm in proceedings we have taken in court to wind up the estate. I enclose a letter which Mr. Clarkson sent me explaining why he would not be at the meeting.

This is the letter which Mr. Read received from Mr. Clarkson:

I cannot attend the meeting of creditors to be held to-day. Will you please explain to the creditors that as soon as I knew of your suggestion that the difficulties connected with the settlement of these matters be referred to the Master in Chancery, I asked you as a personal favor to push forward proceedings to that end, and that if long vacation had not intervened these matters would long ago have been closed.

Will you also call attention to the fact that I have not charged anything whatever in my account for services rendered these estates. . . .

Mrs. Turner claimed to own the Sadie and her claim has never been disproved. In consideration that she was allowed use of the Baths and received the moneys I paid her she waived her claim and assigned the Sadie to me. Had I not paid these moneys there would have been a law-suit over the matter.

As to the second of the two differences, Mr. Blackstock claimed a considerable sum from the estate. The inspectors met at my office, considered the claim, and refused to pay the amount claimed, but in order to get possession of the boats and close the matter were willing to pay a reasonable sum. I then and there, with the inspectors seated round my desk, wrote Mr. Blackstock, offering to pay him one-third of his account for a settlement. I read this letter to the inspectors and the letter was sent off without objection or dissent from them.

Now, as to all the differences, as soon as I found that the inspectors refused to ratify what I had done I did my best to get Mr. Blackstock to recede from his position, but he declined. Then Mr. Boyle began writing me a series of letters which got so objectionable that I refused ultimately to discuss the matter with him. Mr. Burns then asked that the matter be placed in a solicitor's hands and Mr. Blackstock made to recede from his position. Mr. Bain was named. I agreed and took the papers to him for inspection; then Mr. Bain was objected to and Mr. Lash named. I consented and was then told that Mr. Lash would not do. Then Mr. Ritchie was named, and finally I got Mr. Burns and Mr. Ritchie together in my office and laid the whole facts before Mr. Ritchie. Mr. Burns said then, and will say now, that I put these facts before Mr. Ritchie properly and as they should have been put.

Mr. Ritchie, after considering the matter, advised that all parties join in a reference to Judge McDougall. To this I assented, but nothing that anyone has proposed seems to satisfy Mr. Boyle, whose sole consolation consists in vaporing imaginary grievances before the creditors.

Now that proceedings before the master are commenced, I hope you will push them through and let me get rid of what has been an onerous and disagreeable case.

With reference to the above, The World desires to state that its information constituting the report complained of, was volunteered by Mr. J. H. Boyle, who, it appears, is overbusy with the matter.

The C.P.R. Line at Innerkip.

A Woodstock correspondent writes: The proposed deviation of the Credit Valley Railway is likely to become a live question in the municipality of East Zorra. When George Laidlaw ran the line of the railway he was bonus-hunting, and to get money from East Zorra twice crossed the Thames, diverging from the direct line between Woodstock and Drumbo some three or four miles. The condition of the bonus was the erection of a station in East Zorra. The station at Innerkip represents this condition. The Canadian Pacific Railway now wants to place this station half a mile south of its present position, not with a view of straightening the line so much as of saving the erection of two iron bridges where none is required. It will be a very dog-in-the-manger policy if the township resists so reasonable a change from the original program. The Canadian Pacific Railway, in return for the concession they ask, propose the erection of an elevator, a cooling house for dairy products, excellent approaches, and other additional facilities to shippers.

No Case Against the Captain.

The case of Capt. Alex. Martin of the ferry steamer Sadie, who was committed for trial on the charge of manslaughter arising out of the drowning of Thomas Campbell in the Bay on the occasion of the collision between the Sadie, Gertrude and Queen City, was before the Criminal Assizes grand jury yesterday. The grand jury returned "no bill," thus exculpating Capt. Martin.

The grand jury returned a true bill against Wm. ("Squib") Mitchell, rape; and Chas. Cain, assault with intent to rob. The grand jury will probably finish their business to-day and make their presentment.

In the Civil Assizes.

The interpleader non-jury case of Clarry v. Donaldson et al. arose out of the sub-lease by Byron & Co. of the old Bell organ building on Pearl-street as a knitting factory. His Lordship reserved decision.

The peremptory list for to-day is: Macdonald v. Robertson, O'Connell v. Duchenault, Walsh v. Gunn, Blake v. Hall, Blake v. Toronto B. & M. Co., Meek v. Chamberlain.

German Benevolent Society Officers.

The German Benevolent Society at its last meeting elected the following officers: N. L. Steiner, president; John Kelz, vice-president; Frank Schaefer, secretary; Thos. Braun, assistant-secretary; Wm. Hahndorf, treasurer; trustees, John Walz and Chas. Schaedel.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Dr. J. Adams has removed his office from No. 58 to 150 Bay-street.

Vardon, the grocer of St. Andrew's Market, is selling sixteen pounds of granulated sugar for a dollar.

At the Cardinal's reception at North Toronto Station last night a lady's black fur cape was found on the platform. It may be recovered at 7 Bloor-street east.

Mr. C. J. Fox, an old newspaper man, now publishes the Toronto Pocket Guide. It is brimful of information and should command the attention of the traveling public.

George Egbert, who was arrested at Port Dalhousie upon instructions from the Toronto authorities, was brought back to the city yesterday. The charge against Egbert is neglecting to support his family.

The members of the Court of Revision were yesterday served with notice that on Tuesday next Ald. Macdonald will apply at Osgoode Hall for a mandamus compelling them to confirm, amend or refuse to confirm the assessment for the stone flag sidewalk upon Withrow-avenue.

Hiram V. Wick, a painter, living at 89 Carlton street, was arrested last night by Detective Davis upon the strength of a telegram from the Owen Sound authorities. Wick, who has been working in Owen Sound this summer, is charged with larceny.

In the Eastern Division Court yesterday Bailiff Summerfeldt was fined $1.50 for not appearing when called upon after having been summoned. The case of Alex. Wilson against Detectives John and Alfred Cuddy and W. R. Black for false arrest, because of having been suspected of feloniously entering the premises of the Toronto Club, was nonsuited.

The residents in the vicinity of Riverdale Park were much startled on Wednesday a little before midnight, by hearing three or four shots, apparently fired from a revolver. The reports indicated that some person living on Sumach-street, just above Winchester, was amusing himself or herself. Yesterday morning early the neighbors were again wakened by reports from the same direction. It is about time that this kind of thing stopped.

Yesterday's Police Court: James Smith was committed to jail for sixty days for stealing $40 from John Cannon, a fellow lodger. Fred Thornton, 18 years of age, was sent to Kingston Penitentiary for five years for stealing a gold watch and chain from David Ferguson in Dissette's hotel at Queen and Simcoe streets. Maria Galvin and Elizabeth Finlay, against whom there were a number of charges for shop-lifting, were sent to the Mercer Reformatory for six months. A fine of $2 was imposed on Fred Howell for trespass. The charge of highway robbery against Joseph Honeywell and Richard Fetherington failed, but as the latter had participated in an assault on the man whose claim to spoliation was not confirmed, he was fined $3 and costs or thirty days. James Haslin and Patrick Smith for fighting on King-street were each mulcted in $1 and costs or thirty days.

PREFERS THE SEMINARY

CARDINAL TASCHEREAU DECLIN[ES] THE USE OF THE CITADEL.

A Company That Will Fence in One Hu[n]dred Miles of Land in the Northwes[t]—Militia Officers Object to Paying Du[ty] on Their Uniforms When Imported.

OTTAWA, Oct. 6.—Sir Hector Langevin h[as] received from His Eminence Cardinal Ta[s]chereau a letter of thanks for the offer ma[de] by the Dominion Government, at the instanc[e] of Lord Lansdowne, of the use of His Ex[-]cellency's quarters in the Citadel. His Eminence graciously expresses his obligation for the friendly courtesy extended to him, but says that as he is already temporarily installed at the seminary, it will be most convenient for him to remain there, as his quarters, although not so spacious as those offered him, are close to the archives of his diocese, which were fortunately saved by being in a fire-proof vault, and it will, therefore, be easier for him to conduct the affairs of the diocese from the seminary than it would be from the Vice-Regal quarters.

Capt. Dawson, D.L.S., New Glasgow, N.S., is here promoting the Canadian Pacific Colonization Company with a capital stock of £100,000. Capt. Dawson leaves for Calgary to-night. The corporation, which he has just organized in England, has the grazing lease of a tract of land 100 miles in extent south of Blackfoot Crossing. The proposal is to build a barb wire fence around this big square, start an enormous stock farm and supply newly arrived immigrants with horses and cattle.

There is considerable speculation as to who will be the successor to the late Mr. Baudry as Assistant Clerk of the Privy Council. Mr. Cote, of the Department of Justice, son of the late Clerk of the Council, is spoken of as [likely] to get the appointment.

Mr. A. Cameron, Secretary of the Licensed Victuallers' Association of the united counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, and Mr. C. H. Cline, solicitor, of Cornwall, Ont., are in the city. They came to present to the Government a petition bearing 6000 signatures asking for a date to repeal the Scott Act in that district.

Capt. James M. Devereau, of the Government steamer Sir James Douglass, stat[ioned] on the British Columbia coast, has bee[n] appointed superintendent of the new dry [dock] at Esquimalt. His successor in comman[d of] the steamer has not yet been decided on.

Mr. Louis Tache, private secretary to [Hon.] J. A. Chapleau, has had the title of Offic[er of] the Academy of Public Instruction confe[rred] upon him by President Grevy of France. [It] is a purely honorary title. It was besto[wed] upon the recommendation of French Consul-General Duboil of Quebec.

Several cabinet ministers have received invitations to attend the banquet to be tendered Cardinal Taschereau in Toronto on Oct. 10.

Owing to the prevalence of Asiatic cholera in Europe an order-in-council has been passed prohibiting the importation of rags from Mediterranean ports.

Tenders will shortly be invited by the Public Works Department for the construction of a postoffice at Gananoque.

Complaint is made by militia officers of their having to pay duty on uniforms imported by themselves, while similar goods imported by the Militia Department are allowed to enter free. This is caused by a change in the law last session. They claim that as they are obliged to furnish their own uniforms and devote a great deal of time to militia duties unrecompensed, the Government should not impose the burden complained of, and the matter will be brought to the attention of the Minister of Customs on his return from England next week.

The postoffice receipts for the quarter ended Sept. 30 amount to $629,778, being an increase of $33,371 over the same period last year. A comparative statement of the increase since 1884 for a similar period of three months shows a steady and rapid growth in the volume of business. In 1884 the increase for the September quarter over 1883 was $6544; in 1885 over 1884 $18,421; in 1886 over 1885 $31,404; in 1887 over 1886 $33,371.66.

Alive Bollard sells seven Stonewall Jacksons or Heroes, for 25 cents; also 10-cent El Padres for 5 cents.

The Great Break in Sugar.

The sugar question is deeply agitating the grocery dealers at present, and th[e] [comb]ination to keep the price up is liable to [break at] any moment. In the retail trade in this city the first to turn his attention to the Scotch granulated was Wm. M. Milligan of 99 and 231 Queen-street west, and securing a cargo of it he offered it three weeks ago at 7c. a pound, not by the dollar's worth, but by the single pound if desired. Mr. Milligan is not bound to any association, trust or combination, nor has he ever been, yet he did not go into the importing of Scotch sugar for the purpose of opposing any combine, but that he might supply his customers with a cheap article, provided it was suitable. He found the Scotch to be a fine sugar and good value for the money, so he put it on the market at 7c. a pound, being satisfied with little profit and handling it more to oblige his customers than to benefit himself. Mr. Milligan says that no matter to what length the sugar war may be carried, he will not be undersold by any dealer. Three months ago he sold sugar cheaper than ever it was sold before in the city, at 5c. a pound, and if such times come again he will be prepared for them. The cheapest sugar or any other article will always be found at his stores.

A Sherbourne-street Serenade.

There was a small muster of the Grenadiers last night, owing to the bad weather. The regiment went through a few movements in the shed, as well as space would permit. At the close of the drill Major Dawson read the vote of thanks sent to those members who had taken part in the recent Industrial Exhibition. The brass and fife and drum bands serenaded Mr. John Ross Robertson at his residence on Sherbourne-street as a mark of the band's appreciation of that gentleman's kindness to them during the summer concerts.

A Polite Policeman.

"Why shall I keep off the grass," indignantly demanded a citizen at the Horticultural Gardens yesterday afternoon. "So that you may not get on to the stone pile," replied the officer kindly, and the citizen slowly drifted away, lest the policeman's grasp should destroy the new necktie that he bought from quinn the shirtmaker.

The Dead.

Harry Lindley, the well-known theatrical man, died in New York on Wednesday from injuries received by a fall. Lindley was well-known throughout Canada, having visited professionally almost every city, town and village.

Personal Mention.

Mr. Hugh Sutherland of Winnipeg is at the Rossin.
Mr. W. S. Randolph of Buffalo is at the Rossin.
Mr. Angus Sinclair of Bangor, Me., is at the Rossin.
Hon. J. J. Baker of Wilkesbarre, Pa., is at the Rossin.
Mr. Thompson Burns of Chicago is at the Rossin.
Rev. E. P. Emory of Kemptville is at the Queen's.
Mr. C. F. Size of Montreal is at the Queen's.
General Thomas Henry Pakenham of the English Army is at the Queen's.
Mr. Lee A. Riley of New York is at the Walker.
Col. W. E. O'Brien, M.P. for Muskoka, is at the Walker.
Mr. C. E. Howard of Guelph is at the Walker.

For Opera, Field and Marine Glasses, Telescopes, Aneroid Barometers, Thermometers, etc., etc., go to Foster's, 19 King-street west.

Fair and a Little Warmer.

Weather for Ontario: South and east winds; generally fair and a little warmer.

What You Ought to do.

—Keep your temper. The mud will soon be gone.
Do unto others as you would be done unto.
Don't be a clam—if you can help it.
Study John Norquay's disposition.
Buy your fall hat from C. H. Tonkin, 75 Yonge-street, North Toronto.
The best stock in town.