

Scrofula in the Neck

The following is from Mrs. J. W. Tillbrook, wife of the Mayor of McKeesport, Penn.: "My little boy Willie, now six years old, two years ago had a bump under one ear which the doctor said was Scrofula. As it continued to grow he finally lanced it and it discharged for some time. We then began giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla and he improved very rapidly until the sore healed up. Last winter it broke out again, followed by Erysipelas. We again gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla with most excellent results and he has had no further trouble. His cure is due to Hood's Sarsaparilla."

HOOD'S PILLS do not weaken but aid digestion and tone the stomach. Try them. 25c.

"ACIN" THE GAME.

The Kansas Conference Opposes College Football Playing.

Matters to Come Before the Canadian W. F. A. at Berlin—De Barry Questions the Right of Canadian Players to Join the Buffalo Club.

FOOTBALL.

"ACIN" THE GAME. ABILENE, Kan., March 14.—The Methodist Conference for Kansas has adopted a resolution urging the heads of schools and colleges to try to suppress football. Another resolution denounced the Governor's use of the pardoning power in the whisky cases.

WESTERN ASSOCIATION MEETING. The annual meeting of the Western Football Association will be held in Berlin on Good Friday. The following business will come up for consideration:

To receive the general report of the executive. To consider the following proposed amendments: 1. That rough play and tripping be more accurately determined, especially within penalty-kick limits. 2. That registration be extended to Hough cup players. 3. That the registration of outside or foreign players be more stringently defined.

To elect office-bearers for the current year.

To transact other general business.

ATHLETICS.

THE CORBETT-JACKSON MATCH.

"Parson" Davies, commenting upon Corbett's statement in regard to a possible delay in the meeting of Corbett and Jackson, said the fight would without doubt be arranged in London within the next 60 days.

BASEBALL.

CANADIAN PLAYERS OBJECTED TO.

Buffalo Express: Inspector De Barry has sent a communication to the Treasury Department, as he stated he would do, asking for a ruling on the question brought up by Ald. Franklin of signing the two Canadian players, Johnson and Mulhall, to play on the Buffalo team this season. The point to be decided is this, is baseball playing a recognized profession? The answer is expected in a few days. If the stand taken by Mr. De Barry is upheld it will bar out Patay Donovan, captain of the Pittsburgh team, Joe Knight, of the Birmingham, and many other fine Canadian players. The London Advertiser gives Johnson a send-off that will make Buffalonians feel that they have lost a corker should he be barred from crossing the line.

BURNED OUT.

Fire With Fatal Results in Milford—Big Stable Burned at Mitchell.

MILFORD, Ont., March 14.—Councillor Ackerman's house was burned down in the absence of himself and wife Monday night. A hired boy found the fire, and got Mr. Ackerman's aged mother out of the veranda. Then he went for help. While he was away the old lady went in, probably for more clothing, and was burned to death.

MITCHELL, Ont., March 14.—The large stables of the Hicks House were last night completely destroyed by fire including three head of cattle and some hay. The stables were owned by Mr. Davidson, whose loss is heavy but partially insured.

Not Flattering.

Mrs. Gaygry—What do you think? Mr. Twigg took Mabel and me for sisters. Mrs. Bitters—Well, my opinion is that she should lose no time before consulting a first-class oculist.

She Means Business.

Bikins—"You look unhappy." Wilkins—"Yes. I've married a shop-girl, you know." "A charming little woman she is too." "Yes, I know; bless her! But every time she sees me she yells 'Cash!'"

5c. - 5c.

SMOKE

VIRGINIA
CIGAR.

Manufactured by H. McKay & Co.

H. McKenna, Sole Agent.

New Goods, New Goods.

HARRY LENOX'S stock of Spring and Summer Goods is complete. CHOICE SUITINGS from \$18 up. Latest novelties in pantings. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods.

The Legislature

Discusses a Proposal to Do Away With the Government House.

Hon. G. W. Ross Suggests That the Electors Decide the Matter.

The Governor Sustained by a Majority of Eighteen Votes—Biennial Sessions Proposed and Discussed.

[Special to the Advertiser.]

PARLIAMENT HOUSE, TORONTO, March 14.—Hon. G. W. Ross delivered his expected speech on the Government House abolition debate this afternoon to a crowded house. He said that whether the Government House was necessary or not, the present Government was not responsible for its existence. It was built through the action and concurrence of the Sandfield Macdonald Administration. The responsibility of the present Government was therefore mostly connected with maintenance. All the provinces, with the exception of New Brunswick, had government houses; the Prime Minister of England had an official residence in Downing street, and the President of the United States was provided with a mansion. It was evidently an open question whether, with all our democratic notions, an institution which seemed to be the rule rather than the exception in other less democratic countries should be abolished.

It had been said that the Government House was unnecessary. This assertion could be applied to many things. The mace upon the table, the coat of arms over the Speaker's chair and the spacious chamber in which he was speaking were unnecessary. If they were to adopt policy by abolishing everything that was unnecessary they must adopt a system of primitive simplicity that would not comport well with the advanced spirit of the age. He did not claim that the Government House was absolutely necessary to the successful transaction of public business, but he did not concur with the Opposition that Government House was entirely unnecessary.

Rideau Hall, erected and maintained with the concurrence of both the Liberal and Conservative Governments, had been built in 1868, at a cost of \$82,000. Since then \$347,143 had been spent in repairs, alterations and maintenance, or six times the original cost. During its whole history Rideau Hall had cost the Dominion \$1,001,575. In comparison with this outlay the Provincial Government House had been inexpensive.

If Government House was unnecessary, what reason was there for giving it a three years' longer lease of life? If what the honorable gentleman opposite maintained in this respect was true, it should be abolished at once. No one in his (Mr. Ross's) experience had ever offered any valid reasons why the Government House should be swept from existence, and he believed that there was no such agitation in the country regarding this subject as was stated by the Opposition. Anyhow, in view of the fact that the provisions of the motion (were it carried) would not become operative for the next three years—what the Government proposed was that the whole question should be referred to the electors. Their views could be clearly ascertained when the members went before their constituents, as they would shortly do.

Mr. McCallum (East Lambton) referred to the prevalent depression throughout the Province, and said that in view of this it was reasonable to expect the Government would adopt a policy of the most stringent economy. In the absence of a better motion, he intended to support that before the House. He thought the office of Lieutenant-Governor should be abolished. He expected they would find, after the general election was over, that a considerable number of independent men such as himself would occupy seats in the chamber.

Dr. Willoughby said that the Government should put themselves on record. The people, then, would either support or condemn them. He was going to support the motion.

Mr. Campbell (Algoma East) rose amid cries of "Question!" "Question!" He held that the Province could not afford to further maintain the Government House.

Mr. Mather concluded the debate, and then the members were called in. The vote upon the amendment to the amendment stood 50 yeas and 32 nays—a majority for the Government of 18. Two members of the Administration—Messrs. Snider and Kirkwood—voted with the minority, as did Mr. McNaughton (Patriot) and Mr. McCallum (P. P. A.). Four members of the Opposition and three of the Government were absent.

The first amendment and the original motion as amended were then declared carried on the same division.

The management of the Agricultural Department was again the subject of criticism. In connection with a motion for a return showing the full amount of the Government grant to the Agricultural and Arts Board during the past five years, Mr. Preston (Leeds) asserted that the grants for the purpose should be discontinued and the expenditure of the Province for legislative purposes should be reduced. He also objected to the Minister of Agriculture making so many political speeches throughout the Province.

Mr. Meredith's resolution affirming that biennial sessions would sufficiently meet the requirements of the public service and at the same time effect a large reduction in the expenditure of the Province for legislative purposes was defeated. After stating that the motion embodied constitutional reform, Mr. Meredith attempted to show that the cost of civil government in Canada, populated by only 5,000,000 people, was excessively costly. At the time of Confederation civil government in Upper and Lower Canada cost \$22,722 31, while last year, throughout the whole Confederacy, \$3,800,000 were spent on the same item. In Canada at the present time there were seven Legislatures and 67 Cabinet Ministers—altogether too many to govern such a small body of people. He thought it was unnecessary that the House meet more than once in every two years. There was too much tinkering with the legislation of the country. Yearly sessions induced a continual amendment of the law. In the neighboring Union four of the States had adopted the biennial session principle, while the Mississippi Legislature met only every four years. Mr. Meredith then went on to argue that it was within the power of the Ontario Legislature to decide on the holding of the British North America Act did indeed provide that the session of the Provincial Houses should be held annually, but a subsequent section modified this provision, and affirmed the right of a province to alter its constitution so long as no attempt was made to abolish the office of Lieutenant-Governor or abridge his power. He hoped that the Government would meet the issue without shirking.

Sir Oliver Mowat replied at considerable length. He said that the leader of the Opposition had been struggling for a score of years by every means in his power to accede to office. He had attempted to popularize Conservatism and failed. Now he tried the Radical dodge and joined at old institutions. He would fail, however, as signally in the latter role as in the former. Sir Oliver did not think that the proposal embodied a reform. It was against the public interest. If the Opposition won at the next general elections, which was altogether unlikely, they would find themselves pledged to biennial sessions. They would then have two years supply voted them. During that time they might indulge in every kind of iniquity and the populace would have no redress. If the people wished biennial sessions, though, it was in the interests of the Government to adopt the principle. He thought that the leader of the Opposition had exaggerated the pecuniary saving that would result. Supposing \$60,000 cost were incurred, representing 2 per cent. on \$2,000,000, surely it was to the advantage of the people—even if the small rate of interest mentioned was consumed through the method—that the system of audit actually supplied by a session of the House should not be discontinued. It was just as reasonable to argue that a bank should have an inspection every two years. No one, however, had ever heard of any well-regulated financial institution so conducted.

Mr. Mowat was about to object to biennial sessions on the ground that it would deprive members of a valuable training, when Mr. Meredith interjected "Better come every six months."

"Oh, well," returned Mr. Mowat, "draw the line somewhere." Mr. Mowat, proceeding, said while economy was of the very greatest importance, it should be in mind that saving was not always economy. It was not in this instance. He could confidently say to the country that the system of annual sessions, notwithstanding the cost, was infinitely superior to that now proposed.

Mr. Wood (Hastings) spoke.

Mr. O'Connor moved an amendment that the session of the House be not always biennial, but that it be held every six months, and if the session was prolonged over that period \$300 in all, this he thought, was the best means of saving.

Mr. Clancy went one better by moving as an additional amendment that the amendment just mentioned should be inoperative until the adjournment of the debate at 11 o'clock.

FREDDY AND LOUISE.

Miss Morris Marries One of Mrs. Langtry's Former Admirers—A Unique Gift.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 14.—Miss Louise Morris and Fred Gebhard were married at noon to-day. The wedding was a very quiet affair.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The important news was flashed over the wire from Baltimore yesterday that the last present of the gallant Freddy Gebhard to Miss Louise Morris was a solid silver bathtub, not one of those common everyday German silver, but the real stuff. The vessel is as commodious as the workmanship displayed on it is intricate and ingenious. Tall and beautifully proportioned as Miss Morris is, she will be able to disport herself in this lover's gift without fear of stubbing her pink toes at one end of it or abrading her scalp by sudden contact with the other.

This little piece of bonbord furniture is beautifully embossed. The exterior resembles a perfectly laid out flower garden in miniature, while the interior is delicately chased. On the bottom of the tub are embossed Miss Morris' initials in huge letters. It weighs 200 pounds avoirdupois weight. The market price for silver at present is 83 cents per ounce. This double-decked and triple-riveted vessel suggestive of female exuberance, there are 3,200 ounces. At 83 cents at once this amounts to \$2,656 for the metal alone.

Silver workers in New York who were allowed to feast their eyes on the beautiful vessel before it was swathed in tinted cotton and sold to the press, preparatory to being sent to Miss Morris, say that it could not possibly be made for less than \$2,500. This brings the cost of the gift up to \$5,156. The interior of the bathtub is fitted up with receptacles for soap, brushes, sponges, etc., and near the head of it is a dainty silver manicure set. There is also a comfortable head-rest, with an open space for a rubber air-pillow, should the fair owner desire to take a dolce-far niente bath. Altogether this little piece of water bric-a-brac is decidedly Gebhardesque.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

A COLLECTION of miscellaneous books from Napoleon's library at St. Helena has just been sold at auction in London at low prices. They were once the property of Jerome Bonaparte.

A few days ago Mr. Tome, of Maryland, left \$6,000 on an express train running from Washington to Baltimore. The money has been returned to him. Evidently the porters on that line aren't used to large tips.

Two persons playing dominoes ten hours a day, and making four moves a minute, could continue 118,000 years without exhausting all the combinations of the game, the total of which is 248,528,211,840.

HORTENSE THEVANNON BRISLEY died in San Francisco in 1898 and her body was sent to New York for burial. It was placed in a vault in a cellar and forgotten. A few days ago it was found and she was buried.

A ROYAL Bengal tiger was operated on at Darakoo, Wis., recently for appendicitis and a pair of spectacles was removed from his verminiferous appendage. A tiger who will swallow spectacles is very short-sighted.

SOMETHING of the misty climate of England may be grasped through the meteorological reports for the past twenty-nine years. They show that the most cloudless month in all that time yielded only 60 per cent. of possible sunshine.

In the island of St. Helena's total revenue for 1892 of £7,691 is included the odd item "£139 received from dealers throughout the world for postage stamps." The population of the island is but about 4,000, and is steadily decreasing.

PETROLEUM has been known from a very ancient date. Italy, Persia, India, the borders of the Caspian Sea, Java and North America possess petroleum springs, discovered ages ago. About 1859 the existence of large petroleum reservoirs was signalled in Pennsylvania.

The highest broad-gauge railroad in the United States is the Denver and Rio Grande, and its highest point is at Marshall Pass, where it climbs to a height of 10,855 feet above the sea. There are some narrow-gauge roads that go a little higher, but this is the highest point attained by a through route.

BEAUTY competitions have lost their charm in Europe, and a variation of the idea

E. & J.

THE WEATHER TO-DAY—Rain or sleet—warmer.

GOOD

EYES.

We want your eye. Please don't pluck it out. In this day of sham and cheat it will be worth more to you than to us. But look and read. That's what we mean. You see our desire is to have every lady fashionably attired, and we are well aware that almost every lady in London wants to be just so. Now, come with us for a moment and see (use your eyes) if we can save you money, if we can impart to you the latest ideas in all that goes to make a lady look her best. If we can't, then no one in London can.

Again, you see our New Spring Goods are constantly arriving. Each day brings something new. Prints, Light Tweeds for Spring, Worsted Tweeds and Hopsackings. These are among the latest. The Tweeds have small, neat figures, as also have the Hopsackings. Figures are a special feature this season, and a lady without a figure—at least a lady without a dress of this material—will not be considered stylishly dressed. Small Jacquard Effects and plain colors are also much sought after. But there are so many beautiful things to enumerate. It almost bewilders one to go through the entire stock. Each piece presents its claim with equal force. They are all fashionable, and have been carefully selected.

How about that Waterproof? We have them. You want them. Prices and sizes to suit everyone.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM,
147, 149 and 151 DUNDAS STREET.

is under way in Belgium, where an ugly man's exhibition, to be held in Brussels shortly, is being worked up. A substantial prize awaits the competitor who vanquishes all comers by the hideousness of his countenance.

The Khedive of Egypt lately presented a beautiful bracelet to a young Englishwoman who took his fancy, the value of which is beyond calculation. It is gold set with sapphires, and each stone is upward of 4,000 years old. Some of these belonged to high priests in the days of the Pharaohs and the inscriptions on them relate to magic.

A new invention is one for moderating the tone of a piano—a thing which is calculated to call down on the inventor the blessings of suffering neighbors. It can be applied to the action of most vertically strung upright pianos, does not injure the instrument at all, and subdues the tone delightfully. It is operated by a stop at the end of the keyboard.

SOME of the odd personal names met with in this country originated in English workhouses, where it used to be a common thing, as Dickens intimates in "Oliver Twist," to name foundlings for some useful article, the asynym, or for anything else that might strike the stupid fancy of the authorities. Thus many persons were launched upon the world bearing the names of the days of the week, or some church or street near by, and a hundred and one other things furnishing equally absurd cognomens.

MODEL tenement houses have paid well in London. Sir Sydney Waterlow made the first experiment of the kind in 1890 when he built at his own expense four blocks in Work street, Finsbury. The buildings accommodated eighty families, or 400 persons, and such was their success that in three years, in conjunction with several friends he started the Improved Industrial Dwellings Company, of which he is chairman. That company has spent over £1,000,000 in the erection of dwellings on forty-five estates in London. The dividend paid is 5 per cent, and the average rent of each room is 50 cents.

The death of one or two hundred passengers made so little impression upon Capt. Adams, of the ship Samos, that he forgot to enter it upon the log. An English coast liner died at Jeddah about three thousand Mahometan pilgrims returning from Mecca were taken on board. While rounding Cape Guardafui the vessel was caught in a monsoon, and sixty or eighty of the people were washed overboard and drowned. The luggage on deck was knocked about and so injured the passengers that a number of them died—nearly two hundred in all—from various causes.

LITTLE Addie Cunningham, of Fall River, has passed through a remarkable experience. On the 16th of last September she was eating watermelon when a seed lodged in her windpipe. She was seized with a terrible fit of coughing, and for weeks her life was despaired of. Physicians could do nothing for her and she wasted away to a skeleton. She was seized with a terrible fit of coughing a few days ago and the melon seed was thrown out. It was three times the regular size of the ordinary seed and contained a long sprout, which was evidently growing in her windpipe. She was immediately relieved and can now breathe easily.

Teacher—What makes the earth go round, Tommy? Tommy—Please 'm father says bad whisky will do it. No matter how fair and square he may want to be the average poultry dealer is compelled to earn his living by foul means.

TAKING THE CORPSES.

Having Fun with a Busybody Would-be Political Leader.
(Hamilton Herald.)

Dr. Ryerson not only wants to tax churches, but he is after the poor corpses in the cemeteries for ground rent. Just what he means to do with the bleached bones of the departed is a question that is causing some concern. You can't very well send a corpse to jail for refusing or neglecting to pay its taxes, and if you did somebody would be sure to get it out again on a habas corpus and there would be no end of a row.

While it seems only the decent thing that corpses should bear their full share of taxation along with those of us who are not corpses but have strong hopes of attaining that dignity sooner or later, it is a bit difficult to see how the tax can be applied so equitably that no corpse will pay more than its proper share. A corpse with a bang-up spring style monument with gilt letters on it and an iron chain around it, should certainly pay more than one without these fancy testimonials to virtues that are usually conspicuously absent in life, but the question is how much?

This is a broad question, and Dr. Ryerson should go about it cautiously, if he can go about anything cautiously, and refrain from writing letters to the newspapers until he has talked matters over with the remains of the dear departed and find out just what they all think about it themselves. They will probably object to any proposal to tax them on incomes, but they should be willing to pay ground rent without making a fuss over it. The corpses have been permitted to go free too long. It is high time for them to be made to understand that they cannot be permitted to enjoy the comforts and conveniences of death uninterrupted without paying for it.

Sixty Wedding Guests Poisoned.

BOSTON, Mass., March 14.—Physicians at the North End were called to attend 60 patients this morning, all of whom showed symptoms of poisoning. Those afflicted were all Hebrews, guests at a wedding last evening. In one case nine members of a family were attacked with violent pains and nausea, and the doctor that was called thought that their illness was the result of arsenical poisoning. It has been ascertained that all the guests who ate chicken at the wedding supper were affected. They are all now doing well.

Expressions of great surprise are hardly in good form, yet when some penniless fellow marries a rich farmer's daughter people may be pardoned for exclaiming "For the land's sake?"

London Waterworks.

Tenders for Supplies.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the office of the undersigned, up to 5 p.m., on Monday, March 23.

For the following supplies, required by the Waterworks Department, for the year 1894: Cast iron pipe, pipe laying, lead pipe, brass work, hydrants, valves, iron castings, stop cock boxes, hardware, coal, lumber, oils, book binding. Specifications may be seen at the office of Moore & Henry, Albion Building, lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Wm. JONES, chairman; JOHN M. MOORE, engineer and superintendent. 28n wvt yv

BEWARE

Of Personators and Others Making False and Malicious Statements.

Through exercising every effort to establish a business upon the principle of giving Good Teas and Coffees at moderate prices, it has come to my knowledge that I have been subjected to personation, untruthful and disparaging comments, at the hands of various parties, who apparently wish to damage the good reputation of my Delicious Blend of Pure Indian Teas and Finest Blend of Coffees are gaining amongst a large number of consumers. I hereby warn the public against the practices of those who stoop to such mean methods. My own agents carry with them convincing proofs of representing me. I simply invite the public to try my goods and judge for themselves.

S. FUGE

Indian and Ceylon Tea Importing House

212 Dundas street, London, Ont.

Telephone 888. zxy

F. G. RUMBALL,

Wholesale & Retail Lumber Merchant

Largest stock of maple, basswood, elm, cherry, walnut, sycamore, chestnut, ash, oak, etc., in Western Ontario. Inspection solicited. Prices on application.

Office and Yard—York Street, just west of Carlton House. zxy

WHAT A SNAP!

Parnell & Brighton's Bread

Delivered to any part of the city at

4 cents per loaf.

COFFEE HOUSE

MARKET SQUARE.

Everybody that calls on us for a meal or a snack goes away satisfied. A few more try six dinner tickets 90 cents. Luncheon at all hours from 5 cents up. JAS. BURNETT, proprietor.

2 SPOONS.

The smaller one, filled with SKREI Cod Liver Oil, will do more building up than the large one filled with the best of the many emulsions now in the market. SKREI costs no more and does three times as much work as three bottles of emulsion. Almost tasteless. Prepared only by

K. CAMPBELL & CO., Montreal.

NAVIGATION AND RAILWAYS.

OCEAN

Tickets, cabin, intermediate and steerage, outwards and prepaid at

LOWEST FARES

Steerage fares now include all necessities for the voyage. Sailing lists, tickets, etc., at the

"CLOCK"

Corner Richmond and Dundas.

E. De la Hooke, Agent.

IN FULL SWING!

—THE—

Great Sale

OF THE

Rolfe

Bankrupt

Stock

STILL CONTINUES

We must vacate the premises now occupied by us at the end of the month. We don't want to move any of this stock if we can help it, so we are cutting still deeper into the prices. These are

Mere Pickings

from the great many good things we have to offer you. Read about them here; come and handle them at the counter. The impressions made from the latter will be more favorable to your purchasing than the former, though the types tell of LOW—VERY LOW—prices.

LINENS

Bleached Huck Towels, 45x24 inches, 30c, worth 45c.

Large Size Linen Towels, 250 pair, worth 40c.

54-inch Table Linen 18c, worth 25c.

60-inch Table Linen 55c, worth 75c.

66-inch Table Linen 58c, worth 75c.

68-inch Fine Bleached Table Linen 95c, worth \$1.40.

Prints and Cottons

Best English Prints 9c, were 12½c.

Fast Color Prints, light and dark, 7c, were 10c.

32-inch Shaker Flannel, good patterns, 8c, were 12½c.

30 yards Fine Factory Cotton, worth 7c yard, for \$1.50 per piece.

We have a few dozen pairs of Black and Colored KID GLOVES, small sizes only, 5½ and 6. The regular prices for these were \$1 and \$1.15. We will clear out the lot at 50c a pair.

Belding's Wash Silks,

ALL COLORS.

Two Skeins for 5c.

\$1 and \$1.13 Ladies' Vests, spring weights, 75c.

SPECIAL SALE OF DRESS

PATTERNS THIS WEEK.

HODGENS

BROS.

202 Dundas