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VOL. XXIX., NO. 242. MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 1, 1892. WHOLE NO. 9321

The Privy Council

Allows the Manitoba Separate School Appeals.

The Queen Must Call Gladstone to Form a Ministry.

Marriage of Victor C. Cavendish to Lady Evelyn Montrose.

Narrow Escape From Death of Princess Beatrice.

Spread of the Cholera—Views of Eminent German Medical Authorities—The Greatest Peril to America Lies in the Importation of Rags.

Another Royal Engagement.

LONDON, July 30.—It is stated that the engagement of the Duke of York, son of the Prince of Wales and heir presumptive to the British throne, and Princess May, daughter of the Duke of Teck, will be officially announced soon.

Narrow Escape of Princess Beatrice.

BERLIN, July 31.—A wing of the castle at Heilingenberg, near Jugenheim, was discovered to be on fire at 1 o'clock this morning. The fire originated in the sleeping apartment of Princess Beatrice. The most valuable part of the structure was not touched by the flames.

The Queen Must Make a Choice.

LONDON, July 31.—Land and Water, an unusually well informed politico-society journal, says that when the Duke of Devonshire visited the Queen a few days ago, her Majesty said that she relied upon his advice to assist her in avoiding the necessity for sending for Mr. Gladstone to form a new Government. The Duke, it is reported, said in reply to her Majesty that there was but one alternative for her to adopt—she must either call upon Mr. Gladstone to form a ministry or must abdicate the throne.

A Brilliant Wedding.

LONDON, July 30.—Victor C. Cavendish, nephew of the Duke of Devonshire and heir to the dukedom, was married this afternoon in St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, to Lady Evelyn Montrose, eldest daughter of the Marquis of Lansdowne. The ceremony was witnessed by a large and fashionable assemblage. Many members of the aristocracy having returned to London expressly to attend the wedding. The gifts to the bride were numerous and costly—jewels from the Duke of Devonshire, the Marquis of Lansdowne, the Duke of Westminster and many others. Among the most costly gifts were a watch and a bracelet set with diamonds and rubies from ex-Empress Eugenie.

O'Brien on the Irish Crute.

LONDON, July 31.—In a speech to-day in Mallow Wm. O'Brien said that the Irish cause now occupied a position which their forefathers had never dreamed of. He condemned those evil prophets, the Parnellites, who, he said, are exerting themselves to throw out Mr. Gladstone and discourage him by heaping difficulties in his path as if he were a terrible ogre. It was not Liberal treachery that would effect home rule, but dissensions among Irishmen. He, however, believed that among the nine Parnellites elected to Parliament, there were men who could never be persuaded to unite to defeat home rule. The Irish had the best of all guarantees against Liberal treachery. They could and would turn Liberal traitors out of office within 24 hours.

The Manitoba School.

LONDON, July 31.—The Privy Council delivered judgment yesterday in connection with the Manitoba separate school question. There were two appeals to be decided—that of the City of Winnipeg vs. Barrett, and the City of Winnipeg vs. Logan. In both of these cases their Lordships allowed appeals with costs. The actions were the outcome of separate school agitation in Manitoba. When the Legislature abolished separate schools a test case was submitted to the Supreme Court at Ottawa, where it is still pending. Meantime the city of Winnipeg endeavored to collect taxes for the public schools, but Messrs. Barrett and Logan refused to pay said taxes unless a fair proportion to separate schools. The case went through the different Canadian courts, and were finally taken to the Privy Council asking leave to appeal, which was allowed with costs.

A Company and Its Agent.

Connecticut Fire Insurance Company vs. Kavanagh—Appeal dismissed with costs. In this case the company sued Kavanagh, who was their agent in Montreal, of fraud in connection with an insurance of property of Warden King & Sons, Montreal, destroyed by fire some time ago. It appears that the insurance was placed in Kavanagh's hands and that he transferred it to another company. The Connecticut company claimed that this was irregular, but Mr. Kavanagh pleaded that he acted only in the ordinary way. The company was defeated in lower courts and asked leave to appeal, which has been refused.

Canadian Husband and Wife Case.

The case of Smart vs. Smart was also dismissed with costs. This was a case in which a mother endeavored to retain possession of her child against her husband, from whom she is separated. The wife won the case in a Toronto court, and the husband went to appeal with the above result.

The Dreaded Cholera.

BERLIN, July 31.—The Preussischer Zeitung yesterday published a lengthy article on the precautions which should be taken to prevent the introduction and spread of cholera, and this fact leads many to believe that the authorities consider an epidemic of the disease imminent. The representative of the Associated Press has interviewed three of the medical authorities of Germany—Prof. Koch, Dr. Virchow and Dr. Hirsch, of the Berlin University—all of whom have served upon sanitary committees in past epidemics. Dr. Virchow will shortly go to Russia to study the epidemic there. Dr. Virchow said that the cholera appeared to be localized in Russia at present, but it may appear here at any time. Concerning America, he said: "No one need tell your people that they must remove all dust and dirt and exercise the utmost cleanliness and that they will be all right." Dr. Hirsch said: "I had formed an opinion that the disease had changed its character, owing to the immunity of other places in spite of the constant recurrence of the disease in Italy and Southern France since 1883, but its rapid progress in Russia and its reported appearance in Northern France proves otherwise. I think that sooner or later it will attack all Europe. There is, however, little fear of an epidemic in Berlin, as the city's sanitary condition is perfect. I have thoroughly studied the condition of America and there is little danger of an outbreak of the disease there, provided thorough cleanliness is maintained and sanitary precautions are adopted. With a complete inspection of all steamers arriving at American ports there is little danger of infection through travelers. One danger to America is the Canadian frontier. Canada has imported several epidemics of cholera and typhus fever from England, and might do so again. The greatest danger is in the importation of rags. The American authorities should strictly prohibit the importation of rags from an infected district or from any district where cholera might be suspected of existing. Immense quantities of rags, gathered in all parts of Europe, are shipped from Stettin, Konigsberg and Hamburg, and these may carry infection, as they are subject to little or no inspection." Prof. Koch referred the reporter to the article in the Reichsanzeiger previously mentioned. As the article in question is supposed to be the work of Prof. Koch it is assumed that he also expects that the cholera will spread to Berlin.

The cholera has decreased in the towns in Russia in which it first made its appearance, but in those places more recently affected by the disease it is increasing rapidly. It has also broken out in several districts which have hitherto been free from its ravages. In Astrakhan, on the 26th inst., 46 new cases of cholera and 42 deaths from the disease were reported, and on Wednesday there were 39 new cases and 25 deaths. In Samara, on the same date, there were reported, respectfully, 120 new cases and 74 deaths, and 130 new cases and 64 deaths, and in Rostov 105 new cases and 70 deaths. At Baku on June 27 there were 190 new cases and 141 deaths. The scourge holds full sway in Nijni-Novgorod, where on Thursday last 74 new cases were reported and 30 deaths occurred. In Koobar, the most seriously affected of the western districts, were 85 new cases and 24 deaths on Wednesday. In Baghestan, on the same day, there were 372 new cases and 184 deaths, and in Tuck 383 new cases and 205 deaths.

Long Drawn Out Litigation.

Ontario Bank vs. Murry—Appeal dismissed with cost. The judgment in the case of Murray and the Ontario Bank is in favor of the estate of the late Alexander Murray, confirming the estate in their privilege and lien on the bonds of the Sorel Railway Company. This is no less than the eleventh judgment given in favor of the estate throughout several years of litigation.

The Queen's Speech.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Parliament will meet on Thursday next. Owing to certain preliminaries the Queen's speech will not be read until Monday, Aug. 8. The Queen will sign the speech at a meeting of the Privy Council at Osborne House on Saturday.

Filth Results in Cholera.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The Times announces that cholera has broken out in Toringo, Durmah. Many shops there have been closed on account of the provests' illness, and business is at a standstill. Many persons are quitting the place. The outbreak was due to the filthy condition of the town.

New King Installed by the British.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Advices from the Gold coast say that the British have installed a new king in Eastern Crabe, abolished human sacrifices and other fetish rites and expelled all the priests and priestesses. The new order of things has caused great rejoicing among the natives.

Celebrating Columbus.

CADIZ, Aug. 1.—The Christopher Columbus celebration was formally begun yesterday by the departure hence for Huelva of the Columbus caravel Santa Maria, towed by the Hielgo and escorted by the British cruiser Scout, the French cruiser Haroncelle, several Spanish warships and a flotilla of small steamers. The spectacle was a fine one, and an enormous crowd lined the quays and ramparts. The man-of-war Lapanto saluted the caravel as she passed out. A brilliant company gathered at a fete given by the Minister of Marine in honor of the event.

Moors Fired on Spaniards.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The Spanish gunboat Piler, while passing along the Northern coast of Morocco, was repeatedly fired upon by a considerable body of Moors. The Spaniards hoisted the royal standard of Spain and answered the Moors with rifles. This seemed to add to the rage of the Moors, who redoubled their fire upon the gunboat. The Spaniards then turned their machine gun upon the enemy, and the Moors fled into the desert. It is not believed that the Moors were regular Moorish troops, but that they were one of the bands of insurgents that are roaming around the country, and some of which are actuated by a fanatical hatred of Europeans. There is a strong feeling in Madrid that the European powers will have to take decisive action regarding Morocco.

A Brutal Officer.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Corp. Feber has been retired from the Hungarian army for an act of unparalleled cruelty. About ten weeks ago Feber began drilling a raw recruit. When the recruit had drilled a few minutes Feber struck him in the face, kicked him and asked him what he meant by entering the army with his hair uncut. The recruit said he would go at once to the barber's. Feber caught him by the collar and said: "No, I will fix that." Feber then had kerosene brought, pouring it on the recruit's head, and then touched a match to his hair. The recruit ran groaning into the barracks, where a comrade threw water on him, and thus saved his life. It is said that Feber's punishment will be followed by the disciplining of Col. Scotti, who, instead of reporting the outrage to the divisional commander, let the whole affair rest after reproving Feber.

Startling Confessions.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—A man who is confined in prison in Glasgow has confessed to the authorities that he was implicated in the murder of Lord Leitrim, who was shot and killed April 2, 1878, while driving near his residence in county Derry, Ireland. The prisoner also stated he was concerned in the killing of Lord Mountmorris at Rushen, county Mago, Ireland, Sept. 25, 1880. He further says he was hired to assist the man who killed the informer, James Carey, who was shot on board the steamer Melrose at Port Elizabeth, South Africa, by a passenger named O'Donnell. The authorities are carefully investigating the story of the man, whom they have subjected to a most searching inquiry, and are endeavoring to secure proof of his statements. They refuse to divulge the prisoner's name or to furnish any information regarding him. None of the persons concerned in the murders of Lord Leitrim and Lord Mountmorris were ever caught.

Bismarck's Pilgrimage.

JENA, Aug. 1.—Prince Bismarck was enthusiastically greeted on arriving here. He made a tour of the town in a carriage, the university students in full strength forming a guard of honor and lining the whole route of his drive. Replying to an address presented, Prince Bismarck said that the defeat of France was a necessity because if she had not been humbled she would have hindered German unity. People said that the Bismarck policy had luck. He wished he could say that other Ministers and Chancellors were lucky. Some found fault with his criticisms, but he would continue to speak his mind whatever the consequences might be.

At a demonstration by the students, Prince Bismarck delivered an important political oration. He said: "I have sworn to found a Protestant empire. It is therefore out of the question to try to rule with a Catholic party as the chief factor. We must take the present Catholic party as an example, and must imitate them and form a united party against Catholic influence. I say nothing against the supremacy of the Catholic party or of Catholic influence or of foreign influence. It would even be preferable to have a papal nuncio in Berlin so that irresponsible party leaders should not as at present give colored and untrustworthy reports to the Pope." Referring to what he called the false policy of the Government, the ex-Chancellor said that so fast as the Government gains a Germanizing influence over the polls that influence is captured by the Catholic party. He concluded by comparing himself to Goethes Goetz Von Berlichingen, who, although a faithful subject of the Kaiser's, refused to recognize the Kaiser's commissioners, and when besieged gave free utterances to his opinions. He was to-day, he said, in the same position—a faithful servant of the Kaiser, but he had the right to express the sharpest criticism on the Kaiser's advisers. The speech was received with enthusiastic applause. The Prince and party departed for Schoenhausen at 3 p.m. They were accompanied to the railway station by large crowds.

Six Boys Drowned.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 31.—Near Winchester to-day six boys were drowned in the Kentucky River by the overturning of a skiff.

Drowned at Owen Sound.

OWEN SOUND, July 31.—A young man, Joseph Silverthorne, lost his life here this morning by drowning. His body was cared for by the Order of Foresters, he being a member of that society.

Great Icebergs at Sea.

NEW YORK, July 31.—Captain Ash, of the Red Cross Line steamer Portia, which arrived from Pilley's Island and St. Johns, Nfld., yesterday, reported passing through a field of icebergs, nearly 50 of the Arctic monsters being encountered. On one of them were two polar bears. Another huge iceberg was encountered at midnight in a heavy fog. It was sighted just in time to enable the steamer to avoid collision.

"Canadian Aggression."

WASHINGTON, July 30.—In the Senate to-day Mr. Higgins offered a resolution in reference to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, its large subventions from the Canadian and British Governments, and its discriminations against American railroads and American commerce, and directing the committee on interstate commerce to investigate the whole subject of the aggressions of the Canadian Pacific Railway and its affiliated Pacific Ocean steamer line on American commerce, and to report as to the propriety of suspending the privileges of transit trade on the west side of the continent and to recommend such other legislation as may appear necessary in order to protect the international and foreign commerce of the United States against Canadian aggression. The resolution was referred to the committee on inter-state commerce.

Gala Day at Brampton.

BRAMPTON, Ont., July 30.—Brampton was en fete to-day, it being the place selected by the employes of the C. P. R. for their annual excursion and picnic. The merchants and citizens generally decorated their business places and residences. Flags were displayed in profusion all over the town. The mayor and corporation attended to the wants of the visitors and all vied with each other to welcome the immense throng of railway people who began to arrive by special trains at an early hour. By 11 o'clock five very heavy excursion trains had discharged their cargoes adjacent to the Agricultural Park the race track, which was thrown open for the visitors, and is particularly well adapted for the purpose of picnics and games. Fully 3,000 railway people assembled and immense crowds of citizens joined in the afternoon, when a programme of sports was carried out.

Steamship Arrivals.

July 31.	At	From
Alsatian	Queenstown	New York
Bavarian	Glasgow	Montreal
La Champagne	London	New York
Eastern Prince	Southampton	New York
Etruria	New York	Liverpool
Armenia	New York	Liverpool
Scotia	New York	Liverpool
Adriatic	Queenstown	New York
Aug. 1.	At	From
Weimar	New York	Bremen
Monte Video	London	Montreal
Buenos Ayrean	Father Point	Glasgow
Assyrian	Rimouski	Liverpool
Lake Superior	Liverpool	Montreal

United States railroads earned $87,000,000 during May.

Arkansas has a wonderful cave in the Ozark Mountains.

TERRIBLE BURNING ACCIDENT.

Heroic Conduct of a Girl at Windsor, Ont.

She Sacrifices Her Own Life to Save That of a Baby.

WINDSOR, Aug. 1.—Yesterday morning fire broke out in the house of a family named Smith, consisting of the aged mother, two single daughters, Florence and Alice, and a married daughter, Mrs. Green, and her baby, who about a month ago moved to Windsor from Wyoming, Ont. In an effort to save Mrs. Green's baby, Florence Smith was badly burned, but the doctors say she cannot live. The girl, with a bravery seldom seen, dashed into the house and managed to reach the room where the child was. When she went to return she found that she was cut off in every direction by the flames. She hugged the child close to her, and by going through a sheet of fire reached a window, her nightdress and hair all afire. With the child still in her arms she made a jump, and as soon as she reached the ground it was found that the flames had burned everything from her. While she was battling with the flames upstairs, the mother and other daughter, Alice, had entered one of the lower rooms to recover a roll of money and some jewelry. The mother soon returned, her body and arms badly burned, and Alice was seen to stumble just outside the doorway. Capt. Murdock, who was one of the first to reach the fire, saw her, and, unmindful of danger, made a rush and caught her in his arms. She was also horribly burned and the screeching of the poor women as they rolled in the grass was too horrible to describe. She was burned from the top of her head to the soles of her feet and inhaled some of the fire. Mrs. Smith and the other single daughter, Alice, are in a critical condition, but it is thought they will pull through if inflammation does not set in. The baby is all right with the exception of a slight burn on the forehead. The house was completely destroyed. Loss, $600; insurance, $400. None of the furniture was saved.

Late Canadian News

Two Little Boys Kidnapped by Gypsies—Another Hunt for the Whisky Smugglers.

Two little boys have recently disappeared from their homes in the suburbs of Quebec, and it is said the lads have been kidnapped by gypsies.

Goldsmith, the cloak manufacturer, who is alleged to have absconded from New York, has been fully committed for extradition at Montreal.

On Saturday morning the residence of Nicholas Bulger, St. Catharines was damaged by fire. The mother of Mr. Bulger was burned about the face.

The Department of Marine intends building a new lighthouse on the Gulf of St. Lawrence, off the coast of Labradore.

The Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition closed Friday. The experiment of a summer fair has proved a great success.

The cutter Constance has again left the port of Quebec after the smugglers. A detachment of battorymen have also gone on board.

The death of Mrs. Daly, Stratford, widow of the late T. M. Daly, for many years M. P. for North Perth, is announced.

The bodies of the six victims of the Wiarton drowning accident have not yet been recovered.

In 1894 there will be a Masonic demonstration in Kingston on an extensive scale. That year will be the centennial of St. John's Lodge, and over $3,000 will be expended in connection with a celebration of the event. Masons from all over Canada and the United States will be invited.

There were 55 deaths in Toronto last week, 29 being those of children.

There is great anxiety among the business men of Montreal regarding the proposed retaliatory measures of the United States.

Of the 55 deaths in Toronto last week 29 were those of children.

Mrs. Mary Warren, of Hamilton, is 106 years of age, and is still in fairly good health.

A grand lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen will be instituted at Winnipeg on Aug. 24.

John Andrews, a popular young man of Port Arthur, was drowned while bathing in Leon Lake Sunday morning.

A measure will be introduced at the session of the Northwest Legislature next month to give the people voting by ballot.

A young man named Joseph Silverthorne was bathing at the C. P. R. docks at Owen Sound on Sunday, when he got beyond his depth and was drowned.

Six houses on Florence street, in the northwest section of Toronto, collapsed Saturday evening, but the inmates miraculously escaped serious injury.

Mr. A. E. Morrow, B. A., classical master of the Clinton Collegiate Institute, has been appointed to a similar position in Winnipeg Collegiate at a salary of $1,200.

While riding on a separator at the Winnipeg Industrial Fair on Saturday afternoon a 7-year-old boy fell off and was crushed to death by the wheels, which passed over him.

The quarantine against Victoria, B.C., has been raised by Vancouver, New Westminster and United States ports on Puget Sound, and steamers are now running daily between the island and mainland.

The overwhelming testimony given in favor of prohibition in Manitoba at the recent election was the cause of a monster thanksgiving service held by the temperance people in Winnipeg Sunday.

WORK AND WAGES.

The entire non-union crew of the vessel Richard III. was kidnapped by union sailors at Nanaimo, B. C., Saturday and made prisoners several hours. Two of the leaders of the union sailors were arrested, tried and found guilty, and sentenced to 16 months imprisonment each.

Montreal railmakers' strike is settled. The men get an advance of from 10 to 15 per cent.

The first bonnet was brought to the United States about 50 years ago.

WONDERS OF MARS.

Discoveries Made by the Great Lick Telescope.

Exposure of the "Canal" Yarn and Investigation of the Tiny Moons.

LICK'S OBSERVATORY, Cal., Aug. 1—The giant telescope presented to the University of California by James Lick is making a record for itself during the present apposition of Mars. Many of the Milanese Astronomer Schiaparellis' fanciful details are shown to have no existence. This will be a bitter disappointment to many visionary theorists who have found in the existence of "three canals" and particulary in the announcement that all were seen to be divided most indisputable evidence that Mars was inhabited by human beings. The most startling of the million observations are those made on the two tiny moons of the planet which were first discovered by Asaph Hall in Washington during the apposition of 1877, and which have since been seen at brief intervals and only in the very largest telescopes. Not only have these little attendants, by long odds the faintest planetary bodies to be seen anywhere in the sky, been in plain view for the best part of the month, but of late astronomers have regularly observed their eclipses in the shadow of Mars. The satellites are seen to disappear in eclipse upon reaching the line of shadow with almost the same instantaneous effect which is seen when the dark limb of the moon passes over a bright star in the sky. Within two-tenths of a second the whole body of the moon is seen to be immersed in the shadow cast out in the space by the globe of Mars. The inner satellite of Mars has no larger area than an ordinary California ranch, and is so near to the planet that if there are any inhabitants they can easily find out whether this satellite is inhabited, the distance being less than one-sixtieth that of the moon from the earth. The inner satellite is probably eight miles in diameter, the outer one about twenty. The first is less than 4,000 miles from the surface of the planet, and the other about three times that distance. The inner one completes one revolution in less than eight hours, so that it seems to be "new" three times a day.

A CREDITABLE TURNOUT.

The City Corporation Men's Procession in Connection With Their Picnic.

The first annual picnic of the corporation men was heralded this afternoon by a flourish of trumpets and a procession. These faithful conservors of the city streets gathered on the Market Square, and shortly after 1 o'clock started for Queen's Park via Dundas street, amid rows of admiring spectators who lined the sidewalks.

First came Sidney Loveless, chairman of the picnic committee, mounted on a spirited charger and bedecked with a waving ostrich plume. The Seventh Band followed in a bus, playing the new selection, "Boom-ta-ra," vigorously. The city engineer and E. T. Essery beamed from beneath the roof of a covered rig. Maurice Baldwin came next in charge of the new street sweeper, which was nicely decorated. No. 1 ward lead with a vehicle handsomely decked out with evergreens and mottoes. Then followed a long string of typical corporation wagons laden with picnickers. The majority were barren of embellishment, although a few were pettily rigged up. The street-sweepers had rather a novel turnout. The fire department was represented by Chief Roe, No. 2 supply wagon under Foreman Finclater, No. 1 hook and ladder truck driven by T. Hartley, and No. 3 wagon under Foreman G. Aitken. Ald. Connor, Ald. Garratt and the reporters brought up the rear in a hack. The affair was very creditable to the promoters, and the picnic will make a very agreeable departure from the routine of corporation work.

Two Little Girls Drowned.

PERTH, Ont., July 30.—About 6 this evening two little girls, daughters of Joseph Auburn and James Court, aged 9 and 13 years, met their death while bathing in the river. Their bodies were found and a doctor was summoned, but too late.

Drowned in a Reservoir.

ESSEX, Aug. 1.—Jas. Campbell, son of Mr. Wm. Campbell, ex-Reeve of Colchester North, living at Gesto, about four miles from here, was drowned yesterday afternoon while bathing with a number of companions in the reservoir at Walker's cranberry marsh.

Murder Over Five Cents Worth of Pie.

JACKSON, Miss., Aug. 1.—At a negro frolic near Terry Saturday night Hal Foster was killed by Merriner Williams, the weapon being a pocket knife. The killing was over five cents' worth of pie, for which Foster paid Williams a nickel with a hole in it. The murderer escaped.

Cut Two Horses' Tongues Out.

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., Aug. 1.—Some wretch went last night to a field where two horses belonging to Mr. O'Brien, in whose stable the great fire started, and cut the animals' tongues out. This cruel act is supposed to have been prompted by a spirit of revenge for losses by the conflagration. The utmost indignation prevails, and a liberal reward has been offered for the scoundrel's arrest.

A Desperate Act.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., August 1.—As the Placerville train was coming into the city a Mexican named Jacob Alcarez, with his 3-year-old son in his arms, threw himself on the track in front of the locomotive, his intention being to commit suicide and kill the child. Engineer Hanford performed a remarkable feat. He reversed the engine and clapped on the air-brake, stopping the train within a distance of a few feet. Jackscrews were got out and the locomotive had to be raised before the man and child could be liberated. Strange to say neither were killed, and, although both were terribly mangled about the head and face, both will recover. Alcarez's wife died a week ago and he has been despondent ever since.

THE TURF.

A London cable says: Lord Rosslyn and Col. North have arranged a match between their respective champions—Buckwaver and Rustburgh to race a mile and a quarter at even weights for $1,000 a side. The race takes place at Newmarket this autumn, and is already the subject of much comment. It is much more sportsmanlike in character than any which has been made since the days of the late Admiral Rous.

The beauty of a lovely woman is the music.—[George Eliot.

Beef, Iron and Wine

An elegant and efficient tonic for enriching the blood, giving tone and vigor to the entire system. This preparation is especially recommended to those whose duties entail an amount of labor in excess of their energies. It can be taken with immunity by the most delicate person. Price, 50c per bottle.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE,
256 DUNDAS ST., LONDON,
And Corner Richmond and Piccadilly Streets. zxv

COMING AND GOING.

Visitors to the City and Londoners Away From Home.

Wm. Bruce, mayor of Listowel, with his wife and family, are on a visit to Winnipeg.

Mrs. E. J. Liddicoatt is visiting her sister, Mrs. (Rev.) James Ferguson, at Granton.

Miss Ida Hindley, of Port Stanley, is spending a few days with Miss Lily White, Langarth street.

Mrs. Wm. Purdom, of Chicago, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Burr, 521 Pall Mall street, city.

Rev. Wm. and Mrs. Godwin, of London West, have returned after a pleasant three weeks' trip to Kingsville.

Rev. J. A. Macdonald, of Knox Church, St. Thomas, has gone to Muskoka and Parry Sound for his holidays.

Mrs. Paul C. Renaud and Miss Amelia Renaud are visiting friends in London, Ont.—[Detroit Free Press.

Mr. Wm. Thornton, of London, Ont., who visited his son, Mr. Edward Thornton, has returned home.—[Detroit Free Press.

Rev. John Somerville, M.A., pastor of Division Street Presbyterian Church, Owen Sound, is spending his holidays in London.

Mrs. King Houston and son Earl, of Petrolea, have returned home after spending a month with friends in Thamesford, Aylmer and London.

Mrs. R. Wallace, of Richmond street, has gone on a visit to her son John in Aylmer and points farther east for the benefit of her health.

At the Tecumseh House are: John Fraser, Geo. D. Ross, Montreal; J. G. Pike, Chicago; E. H. Petrequin, Detroit; L. Langrall, Baltimore; Arthur W. Adamson, Arthur Reith, Fort Saskatchewan, N. W. T.; John H. Valentine, Newburgh, N. Y.

At the Grigg House are: J. E. Doane, Alfred Moore, T. Martin, Ed J. Hayhurst, W. W. Woolway, Detroit; J. H. Barrington, D. Ross, Montreal; J. J. Messer, Hamilton; A. Leandon and daughter, Parkhill; U. P. Mills, Mills; W. A. Burns, Jos. Brown, St. Thomas; Frank Kirchmer, Toronto; Dr. Geo. F. Clark, Geo. F. Clark, jun., Dr. C. W. Moriett, Aylmer.

Miss Maude Lindsay, of Strathroy, is visiting friends in this city.

Miss L. Irwin, of London, is visiting Mrs. A. E. Veal, Brantford.

Miss Edith McLeod, Hymen street, is visiting friends at Windsor and Kingsville.

Miss Sarah Kelly, of Central avenue, is spending a couple of weeks at port by the lake side.

Mr. Carson, public school inspector, leaves this week for a holiday visit to Michigan.

Mrs. W. C. Coo has returned from a visit to friends at Toronto, Cobourg, Montreal and Quebec.

Misses Fanny and Minnie Trebilcock, of Piccadilly street, this city, are rusticating at Burlington Beach.

Miss May Young, of Glencoe, is, with Miss Ada Irene Horton, enjoying the shades of Fir Brae, city.

Miss Lucas, of Markdale, who has been visiting friends in western towns, is in the city, the guest of Miss Orme.

Messrs. F. Haylock, W. Dorah and F. S. Fincham, of this city, left Saturday for the Kingston School of Gunnery.

Mr. Robert D. Kilgour left this evening for the Maritime Provinces on a two months trip in the interests of his firm.

Mrs. George Wrigley is the guest of Mrs. Harvey Morris and Mrs. Hector McLean, a sister of A. C. Stewart, city, in Wallaceburg.

Mr. H. Woodman, N. G., I. O. O. F., has returned from St. Thomas, where he has been visiting a sick brother belonging to London.

Mrs. C. H. Fewings and daughter, of Elmwood avenue, South London, have arrived home after several weeks visiting at Buffalo and vicinity.

Miss Belle Ross, of this city, was one of the guests at the wedding of Miss Margaret Ross to Mr. R. N. Wall at Detroit recently. It was an attractive event.

Mrs. W. D. Brock and family return tomorrow from visiting Mrs. J. L. Bradshaw, and go west to Watford, Warwick, Wyoming and Sarnia to visit friends during August.

Mrs. H. K. Burden and Master Frank Burden, of South London, accompanied by the former's sister, Mrs. D. H. McDougall, of Rochester, N. Y., leave to-day to visit relatives and friends in Exeter and vicinity.

"How to Cure All Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. Lymans, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents. ywt

JOHN FRIEND, People's Confectioner.—Remodeled store and much roomy; business on more extensive scale. Everything best quality. Canned fruits always on hand. 117 Dundas street. ys

Views of London streets and public buildings to be had at WESTLAKE'S photo studio, 254 Dundas street. ywt

Have you tried it? If not buy a tin of Burns & Spence English Enamel Paint Brunder. It covers more than double the size of any other paint. Japanese Gold cheapest in the market. Japanese Gold Paint, also Silver and Bronze, 25 cents. Paint, also Silver and Bronze, 25 cents. "Gem" Gold Paint, 10 cents. E. N. Hewitt, 199 Dundas street. ywt