General News

THE SITUATION AT BERLIN.—A *Herald* Berlin Letter of the 24th inst., says that the uppermost feeling in Berlin at the present moment is an intense longing for peace, especially among the lower classes, whose desire is emphasized more strongly day after day. They feel the early inclemency of the season, and picture to themselves the sufferings of their friends in the field. Their last penny has been invested in woollen underclothing and socks, to be sent off to the army, and they loudly clamor for the termination of the war. A single battalion of Landwher, under Gen. Kummer, at Metz, in repelling Bazaine's sortie on the 7th, lost over 400 fathers of families, leaving as many widows and 1070 orphans. In the suburbs of Berlin the shops of the smaller mechanics are closed and so are those of the small butchers, bakers and artizans. They have all gone to the front, say the written placards on the shops and lodgings. These and other evidences of distress among the people have aroused a feeling in favor of immediate peace. Dissatisfaction prevails in political circles on account of the secrecy observed by the Government, relative to the negotiations for the entrance of the Southern States into the German confederation. The only information vouchsafed comes from Versailles, and represents Bavaria and Wurtemburg eager to rush headlong into the arms of the Confederation, while it is well known that the Liberals of Munich, Stuttgart and other places openly demand a German Parliament and a new revised constitution. The position of the Prussian leaders is by no means the same as at the opening of the war, when every body approved the situation and were willing to make sacrifices in behalf of the country. Now they are tired of the war. They are satisfied with the victories and unwilling to go further for the purpose of ambition and aggrandizement.

EXECUTION OF MARGARET WATERS.—The scene at the hanging of Margaret Waters, the English baby farming murderess, in Horse-monger Lane jail, London, on the morning of the 11th, is detailed by the English papers. The last appeal to the Home Secretary on her behalf was vainly made on the previous day, and she prepared for death. She slept restlessly about two hours, rose early, dressed, and received the chaplain. The execution was private, yet a small but orderly crowd gathered before the gate. At 9 o'clock the bell began to toll, and she left her cell for the scaffold. On the way, she was pinioned, herself assisting. She mounted the steps unaided, and without any signs of fear, took her position on the drop. While the executioner was adjusting the white cap and the noose, she uttered a most fervent and touching extemporary prayer for forgiveness, and with the words still upon her lips the bolt was drawn and she soon ceased to live. After the coroner's inquest, the body was interred within the walls. The woman was a widow, about 31 years old, slim and rather short, with regular and pleasing features, and far above the average in intelligence. To the last she disclaimed any murderous intent, and her conduct while under sentence was of a propriety befitting her awful position.

If Bismarck means to make the German Fatherland, in the words of the national song, "as far as German tongue shall ring," and the other nations of Europe were to apply the same principle, nearly every state in Europe will have to be dismembered. Two provinces of Russia, Esthonia and Courland, speak German. Are these to be incorporated with the Fatherland? One-third of the Swiss country comprises German-speaking territories. Are these also to be annexed? Dutch is only corrupt German. Does the Northern Bund contemplate placing another Gottingen at the Hague, in order to teach the inhabitants to speake their language with more correctness? As to the six provinces of Austria, their fate is sealed. In Holstein, it is impossible to say where the German ceases or the Dane begins. In Calais and Boulogne the population is as much English as French; in parts of Guernsey as much French as English. There are districts in the Pyrenees which are neither Spanish nor French, but a melange of both. In Bohemia, the German and the Sclavonic; in the Tyrol, the German and Italian; in Alsace, the German and the French, neutralize each other. If each state was to insist upon governing every man belonging to its nation, it is evident that every community in Europe would be embroiled with its neighbor in a struggle after the impossible.

THE FISHERIES DISPUTE.—It is ascertained on the best authority that the vexed question between the United States and Canada, relative to the fisheries, will be settled at an early day to the entire satisfaction of the American fishermen. There is no desire on the part of the Canadian authorities to make trouble about the matter, or take undue advantage of existing treaties. At least, this is the way in which the Canadian officials represent the matter to the State Department. It is understood that as soon as the new Minister to England reaches London, this will be among the first questions to receive his attention. The President would have had it settled this Fall, but for the fact that Mr. Motley will not remain long enough to complete the negotiations, and it was thought best to allow things to remain long enough to finish the negotiations. It is safe to say, however, that there will be no serious trouble about the matter, notwithstanding the somewhat belligerent attitude of General Butler in his speech the other day before his fishermen friends in Massachussetts.—*Washington Correspondent Boston Post.*

DIVORCES.—The return made to the Home Office by the Registrar of the Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Court for last year, shows that 265 petitions for dissolution of marriage were filed in the year, and 86 for judicial separation of man and wife; 193 decrees *nisi* and 159 decrees absolute were made for dissolving marriages, and 25 for judicial separation. All these numbers are above the average. Since the court was established, in 1858, 1,575 marriages have been made. The re-marriages of divorced persons in this country do not appear to be many; if the registers can be depended upon as showing them they are very few. The Registrar General reports in England and Wales only 40 marriages after divorce. Sixteen divorced men married spinsters, and two married widows; 17 divorced women married bachelors, and four married widowers; and one divorced man married a divorced woman.

THE EMIGRATION FROM LIVERPOOL.—The exodus from Liverpool during the past month has been much below that of the previous year. Up to the end of the month of September, there sailed from Liverpool 32 ships with 15,300 passengers, of whom 2,266 were cabin passengers. Of this number of vessels 26 went to the United States with 13,255 passengers, of whom 1,876 were in the saloon. For Canada there were 5 ships with 1,979 passengers, of whom 349 were cabin passengers. For Victoria there was 1 ship with 96 passengers, of whom 31 were in the cabin. Amongst the ships which sailed there were 21 "not under the act," with 941 passengers; to Victoria 1 ship, with 40 passengers; to South America 5 ships, with 144 passengers; to Africa 3 ships, with 48 passengers; to the East Indies 1 ship, with 24 passengers. When compared with the corresponding period of last year there is a decrease of 2,406 passengers.

Late Telegrams.

EUROPEAN.

LONDON, Nov. 5, P. M.—The attempt at revolution in Paris appears to be effectually suppressed.

The National Guards, in immense numbers, had felicitated Trochu on his escape from the Rioters and the personal bravery he exhibited at that trying time. The general made a short speech, in replying, in which he said the republic alone can save us. If it is lost we shall all be lost.

The election in Paris on the question of maintaining the power of the Government of national defence, has resulted in an overwhelming majority in favor of the Government. The returns of the city are nearly complete, with the exception of three arrondissements.

In round numbers the the vote stands—ayes 442,000; nays 49,000—a majority of 393,000.

Perfect tranquility existed in Paris, according to the latest despatches.

There has been no military movement since Sunday.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—The German troops are concentrating at Orleans. Very heavy reinforcements are being continually sent forward. Other bodies of military are destroying the railways around Dijon.

Belfort, a fortified town in the Department of Haut-Rhin, and thirty miles to the south and west of Colmar, has been invested by the German forces.

The French troops have been repulsed at Montbellard, a town forty miles north of Besancon. An American who left Paris last Saturday, under permission from Bismark, says that beef is being sold in Paris in lots of only four ounces each. Horseflesh was sold from eight to eighteen cents a pound, according to quality.

He says also that the people of Paris will vote on the questions which have arisen in connection with the recent insurrection. The vote will be on the issue whether they will or will not support the present government of Trochu.

Despatches forwarded here from Berlin report that General Garibaldi, and all his Brigade of Mobiles, were surrounded by the German troops at Val, a village three or four miles north of Brignoles, where I before reported Garibaldi to be massing his forces. The whole force was captured and Garibaldi himself made prisoner.

Bazaine has published here a defence of himself. He declares that the combined influences of famine and disorganization of his command compelled the surrender of Metz. When he finally capitulated he had only 65,000 really able-bodied combatants remaining. The rest were disabled and in hospital; and in every respect the condition of troops was dreadful.

Despatches from Tours state that the immediate conclusion of the armistice is considered to be certain.

Berlin despatches state that the bombardment of Paris is delayed because the preparations are incomplete.

The Berlin "Gazette" says officially that if the proposed Armistice is granted, Paris will not have the right to revictual.

The people of Berlin all believe that a peace will be negotiated during the suspension of arms.

A report from Paris says that the Emperor Napoleon has appointed an agent to pay all tradesmen's bills contracted by the Imperial household, and that he has advertised an auction of all his goods, to come off two months after the siege is over.

LONDON, Nov. 4, evening.—The text Granville proposed to Prussia is published. He deplores the continuance of the war, and calls attention to the present state of affairs, and the misery it has entailed. Admits the revictualling of Paris to be authorized by war usages, and urges an armistice enabling the Convention of a Constituent Assembly and the establishment of peace, and believes that representations to France would not be without effect.

The armistice commences on the 4th November, and ends the 28th.

A decree, ordering the elections will be issued to-morrow. The Constituent Assembly is convened to meet on the 15th inst.

The elections in Paris, on the question of maintaining the powers of the national defence committee, resulted in an overwhelming majority in favor of the Government. The National Guard marched in battalions to the polls and deposited their votes. They were all "yes."

Seventy thousand Prussians from before Metz are half way to Paris. Fifty thousand more are marching on Garibaldi at Besancon. Garibaldi has 25,000 men in his command.

LONDON, Nov. 3, evening.—Despatches from various points indicate very certainly that the negotiations for an armistice have proved successful.

Bismark has proposed terms of an armistice, to last twenty-five days, during which a Constituent Assembly shall be elected and meet. The full text of the conditions has not transpired, but it is reported that the military status is to remain unchanged, and that Paris may receive provisions during the interval.

The Reds have also made a riot in Marseilles and attempted the assassination of the new governor of the city.

Eugenie has gone to Hanover. The Duchess of Hamilton and the Princess of Monaco have left Wilhelmshohe for Frankfort.

MADRID, Nov. 3.—One hundred and eighty of 340 deputies in the Cortes are in favor of the Duke of Aosta's election to the Spanish throne.

There are rumors current here of disturbances and fighting on the frontier near Perpignan.

LONDON, Nov. 3, p. m.—The wreck of the steamer *Combat* lies in the course of vessels following the Irish coast, through the north channel, and is a dangerous obstruction to navigation.

Consols 92 1-6 and 93. Liverpool breadstuffs market continues dull.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—General Schenck, of Ohio, has been tendered the mission to England. Gold 110¾. Money easy.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3, evening.—Gold continued to decline this afternoon under the accumulated rumors of the European armistice and steady peace, and closed the week at 110 and 110¼. Sterling exchange 109¾ and ¾.

Special to Herald.

LONDON, Nov. 7, p. m.—The *Times* this morning says the armistice turned on the question of free ingress and egress at Paris during the 25 days—Thiers insisting and Bismark refusing. During conference between Thiers and Favre, at Sevres, the Paris forts maintained a steady fire on the place of interview. Conference lasted over eight hours. The general feeling is spreading all over France in favor of calling the Duke Daumale to the Presidency of Republic. Everything is quiet around Paris. There has been no fighting for several days. The war goes on. N. Y., 7, Gold 110¾.

Holloway's Pills.—Important to the Sick.—Though the mind be downcast, and the body enfeebled by continued indl position, the sufferer should at this season make a last effort to regain health by taking Holloway's purifying Pills, which, by cleansing the blood, will search out the hidden cause of mischief, and expel the seeds of most diseases. No invalid is too much reduced to undergo this very gentle treatment with safety and advantage; neither youth nor the age need fear any injury to the system from a regulated course of these Pills.

Married.

On Tuesday, 25th Oct. last, at the Catholic Chapel, Miscouche, by the Rev. R. B. McDonald, Mr. Honore V. DesRoche, Merchant, to Adelade, fourth daughter of Mr. Felix Gaudet, both of Miscouche.

Died.

At Souris, on the 2d inst., after a short illness, John McDonald, Esq., aged 51 years.

On August 17, at his residence, Grey Street, Shortland, New Zealand, George Edwin, fourth son of the Hon. George Bagnall, late of New Glasgow, Prince Edward Island, B. N. A., aged 21 years.

Commercial.

BOSTON MARKET, Nov. 2.

The following are the wholesale prices obtained by commission houses for produce in good condition:—

BUTTER.—There is no improvement in the market, and prices for anything below choice grades are weak. We quote fine at 38 to 40 cts per lb.

EGGS.—The market is firm at 31 cts. to 32 cts. per dozen for prime Eastern.

VEGETABLES.—The market is slightly improving, and potatoes are selling at 75 cents to 80 cents per bushel.

HAY.—There is a good demand and hay finds a ready sale at last week's rates. We quote prime Eastern cargo hay at $29 to $30 per ton; choice Northern and Eastern car loads at $29 to $30 per ton; inferior $19 to $21. Straw $27 per ton.

OATS.—The market remains dull—sales at 54 to 57 cents per bushel.

PROVISIONS.—There is a moderate demand for small lots of provisions, but trade is dull and prices exhibit no improvement. We quote jobbing prices of the wholesale trade as follows: Clear pork, $29 50 to $30, and city packed, $32 to $32; mess do, $27 50 to $28, and extra prime $23 to $24 per bbl. Lard, city tubs, 17c. per lb. Hams, 20c. to 21c. per lb.

HALIFAX, Nov. 7.

The produce market is improved in prices since last week. Potatoes (calicoes) selling at 25 to 30 cents, and Jacksons from 33 to 35 cents per bushel. Oats are still keeping between 42c. and 46c. per bushel. A few lots selling as low as 41 cents. Mess pork, $24 to $25. Prime mess $21 to $22. Butter, according to quality, from 20c. to 25c. per lb. Turnips, 25c. per bushel.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

Nov. 1.—Brig Selina, McRae, Plymouth; 38 tons limestone. Laura, Connolly, Halifax; bal. Mary, McMillan, Isaac Harbor; 52 bbls. herring. Argos, Finlaysen, Liverpool; mer. St. Mark, Pelrine, Harbor Bouchie; bal. Sir Colin Campbell, White, Caraquet; herring. Jane, Dwyer, Cow Bay; coal.

2d.—James, Lintlop, Isaac Harbor; herring. Mary Edith, Thorburn, Lock Port; herring. Villette, McNeill, Pictou; 54 tons coal. Adelie, Cogswell, fishing voyage; 100 barrels mackerel. Daniel, Walsh, Pictou; 44 tons coal. Perseverance, Powell, Buctouche; lumber. Albert Edward, Atkinson, New Castle, lumber. Margaret Jane, Chapman, Buctouche, lumber.

3rd.—Nellie Gray, Forsey, Halifax; 40 bals. herring. Ella, Montgomery, Boston; mer. Georgia, Connell, Montreal, flour; &c. Crown Point, Dixon, Newbury Port, 100 bbls. apples. Barracouta, Cook, Gloucester, 50 bbls. apples. Ricket, Griffin, Halifax; sundries. Wave, McDonald, Arichat; limestone. Elzire, Derrion, Chatham; deal. Commerce, Doan, Halifax and Boston; mer. Vanna, Campbell, Pictou; 30 tons coal. Pandora,——, Yarmouth; herring, &c. Hope, McFadyen, Pictou; 41 tons coal. Alexander, McNeill, Richibucto; lumber.

4th.—Nancy, ——, Halifax; mer. Break of Day, Campbell, Pugwash; 45 tons limestone. Mary Alice, Dicks,——, 70 bbls. herring. Bessie Gardiner, Gardiner; Liverpool, N. S., bal. S. McDonald, Paoli, Pictou; 60 tons coal. Dusky Lake, Roberts, Cape Canso, bal. Letitia, Thorburn, Halifax; 6 casks molasses. Margaretha, Gallant, Pictou, 38 tons coal. Consort, Budrot, Arichat; 100 bbls apples. Catherine Royal, Budrot, Lingan; 212 tons coal. Victory, Vincan, Arichat; bal. Theresa, Fraser, Liverpool, mer.

5th.—Banquet, McNeill, Isaac Harbor, bal. Hope, Forbes, Port Hawkesbury; 33 bbls. herring. J. J. Clarke, Lee, Gloucester; flour and apples.

6th.—Gazelle, Irving, Richibucto; lumber. Georgia, Connell, Pictou; coal. Spray, Rees, Richibucto; lumber. Alexander, Crawford, Bay Verte; lumber.

8th.—Barves, LeBlanc, Shediac; bal. Mary Kate, Gillis, Pictou; 61 tons coal.

CLEARED.

Nov. 1.—St. Lawrence, Evans, Shediac; 49 bbls. eggs, 38 do. pork and 6 casks pelts. Princess of Wales, Cameron, Pictou; 37 bbls. pork and 720 lbs. lard. Kate, Walker, Halifax, 2,557 bushels potatoes, 150 do. turnips, 7 bbls. oysters.

2nd.—Mount Vernon, Campbell, Pictou; bal. Georgia, Connell, Pictou; sundry goods. Mary Ann, Hobbs, Pictou; general cargo.

3rd.—Jabez, Simmon, Bermuda; 3000 bushels oats, 80 bbls. potatoes, 50 bushels turnips, 30 sheep and 200 tons coal. Neptune, Richardson, Buctouche; sundries. Commerce, Doane, for Boston, 226½ bbls. mackerel, 10 do. eggs, 36 bushels potatoes, and, for Halifax, 90 bbls. pork. Princess of Wales, Cameron, Pictou; 156 bbls. pork, 102 bushels oats.

4th.—St. Lawrence, Evans, Shediac; 61 bbls. mackerel, 34 do. pork, 5089 lbs. butter, 813 lbs. lard and 4 horses. Lavinia Elizabeth, Hawes, Halifax; 1500 bushel potatoes, 80 do. turnips, 100 do. oats. Margaret Ann, Empre, Halifax; 2000 bushels potatoes, 60 do. turnips.

5th.—St. Lawrence, Evans, Pictou; 28 bbls. pork, 400 lbs. lard. Emerald, McDonald, Halifax; 1100 bushels potatoes, 500 do. oats, 50 do. turnips. Victor, Benoit, Halifax; 3000 bushels potatoes, 700 do. oats, 200 do. turnips. Margaret Jane, Steele, Halifax; 1200 bushels potatoes, 146 do. oats, 50 do. turnips. Perseverance, Powell, Pictou; bal.

7th.—Georgia, Connell, Quebec; 105 bbls. oysters, 10 half do. mackerel, 70 do. pork. Hope, McFayden, Pictou; bal.

New Advertisements.

18- NEW STORE. -70.

NEW GOODS!

The Subscriber has opened a New Store on Queen Street, in Dunn's Block, nearly opposite Mr. Watson's Drug Store, where he offers for Sale, a carefully selected Stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, Paper Collars, &c.

He, also, calls particular attention to his

TEA.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

A. G. McDOUGALL.

Ch'town, Nov. 9, 1870.

Steamboat Engines FOR SALE.

ONE pair of Steamboat Engines connected, direct acting, inverted cylinders of 23 inch diameter, by 16 inch stroke, together with screw, propeller and shaft. Also, spare propeller and shaft, diameter of propeller 7 feet 2 inches, and 8½ feet pitch, and donkey steam pump 8 inch diameter; also cylinder & boiler 14½ feet high, 9 feet wide and 10 feet long, containing two furnaces 3 feet wide by 6 feet long, and 144 tubes, 6 feet long by 3 inches diameter, made from heavy material. Also, one spare set of engine connections, piston and brasses. The whole is guaranteed to be in the best of order, and complete in all parts.

For particulars apply to EDWARD MORRISEY, Charlottetown Foundry, or to

ADAM McKAY, Halifax, N. S.

Ch'town, Nov. 9, 1870. 1 & p 8m

Molassses.

Just Received, on Consignment,

10 pun. Choice Retailing Molasses.

VERY CHEAP.

MACEACHERN & Co.

Italian Warehouse, Ch'town, Nov. 9, 1870. 21

New Advertisements.

Extensive Sale of DRY GOODS, &c.

THE Subscriber will Sell, by Auction, at Exchange Building Sale's Room, on Thursday Next, Nov. 10th, at 3 o'clock, p. m., and to be continued each following evening, at 7 o'clock, until the whole is disposed of,

A Large and Varied Assortment of

Pilots, Beavers, Petershams, Doeskins, Whitneys, Scotch Tweeds, Wincey's, &c. Also, a large lot of Blankets, newly made, Clothing, Rubber and Oil Cloth Coats, Cotton Warp, Hoop Skirts, Flannels, Drawers, Wool Scarfs, Neckties, Shirt Collars, Socks, Mitts, &c.

This new and varied lot of Goods, just imported from England, via St. John, N. B., will be sold without reserve.

☞ Terms at Sale.

J. T. KIRK. A. McNEILL, Auctioneer

Exchange Building, Ch'town, Nov. 9, 1870. 1i

"Italian Warehouse."

JUST RECEIVED, from London and elsewhere—

100 chests and half chests TEA,
5000 lbs. Jamaica COFFEE,
50 hhds. SUGAR,
50 pun. MOLASSES,
100 doz. PICKLES and SAUCES,
400 boxes RAISINS,
10 kegs Green GRAPES,
10 bbls. CURRANTS,
10 " London Crushed SUGAR,
20 casks & 200 cases Brandy and Gin,
Casks & qr. casks Superior Wines, &c., &c., &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

MACEACHERN & Co.

Ch'town, Nov. 9, 1870. 1m

Flour. Flour.

RECEIVED per Steamer "Georgia," from Montreal—

200 bbls. No. 1 Superfine FLOUR.
Strong Bakers' do.
Fancy do.

For Sale Low.

A. B. SMITH.

Ch'town, Nov. 9, 1870.

Remember that

MASON & HENDERSON,

QUEEN SQUARE HOUSE,

Queen Street,

HAVING nearly completed their Importations for the Season, call the attention of the inhabitants of Prince Edward Island to an early inspection of their Stock, which will compare with any on the Island, for

QUALITY, STYLE & PRICES.

Having purchased in the best markets, by one of the firm, for Cash, enables them to offer the whole of their Stock at very low rates.

☞ We invite special notice to our various assortment of Carpeting, Hearth Rugs, Matts, Room Papering, and Furnishing Goods.

MASON & HENDERSON.

Charlottetown, Nov. 9, 1870.

REMOVAL.

GENTLEMEN'S

OUTFITTING WAREHOUSE

REMOVED TO

Reddin's Corner,

QUEEN STREET.

OWING to the increase in the Subscriber's business, he is necessitated to remove to larger Premises, and having received, per "Etna," *via* Halifax, over

Two Hundred Pieces of Choice Tweeds, Beavers, Pilots, Napps, Meltons, Fancy Coatings, &c., &c.,

TOGETHER WITH

Furnishing Goods,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

He is now prepared to accommodate his Customers in first-class style. Cutters and Workmen unsurpassed in P. E. Island. Nothing will be left undone to ensure satisfaction. A call solicited.

J. W. FALCONER.

Ch'town, Oct. 5, 1870.

HATS, CAPS & FURS!

BOOTS & SHOES!

RECEIVED from England, United States, and Canada, a full and complete assortment of the above GOODS, embracing all the leading and most fashionable Styles for Fall and Winter.

LADIES FURS,

Latest Styles, all New Goods. No old nor moth-eaten Furs which have been kept over from last year. All Furs warranted free from moths.

A. B. SMITH,
South Side Queen Square.

Ch'town, Oct. 12, 1870.

N. B.—Highest Price in Cash paid for MINK, MUSKRAT, OTTER, FOX, and other Fur Skins.

New Advertisements.

Fall and Winter

GOODS!

1870.

MACKINNON & MACDONALD

Have just received, per Steamers "Dorian," "City of Baltimore," Brig "Argos," Barque "Theresa" and others

Their Fall Stock of DRY GOODS,

IN

Broad Cloths, Doeskins, Tweeds, Fancy Coatings, Moscows, Pilots, Whitneys, &c.

Dress Materials, Ladies' Cloth and Velveteen Jackets, Velveteens, Skirts and Skirting.

Fancy Goods, Scarfs, Shawls, Sontags, Cottons, Cotton Warp and Clothing.

Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, and Furs.

Hardware!

Iron, Steel, Plough Metals, Shear Plates, Shovels, Hoes, Traces, Back Bands, Hames, Nails, Window Glass, Paints, Paint Oil, Olive Oil, &c.

Tea,

A superior article, Sugar, Groceries, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold at lowest Market Prices.

McKINNON & McDONALD.

Dodd & Roger's Brick Building, Queen Square, Nov. 9, 1870.

Boot & Shoe Factory.

THE Subscriber begs leave to intimate to his friends and the public, that he has opened a Shoe Shop on

DORCHESTER STREET.

Opposite the residence of OWEN CONNOLLY, Esq., where he is prepared to execute all orders in the above line.

WILLIAM DOUGAN.

Ch'town, Nov. 9, 1870.

KENT STREET

CLOTHING STORE.

THE Subscriber has just received, per Ships "New Dominion" and "Argos," from Liverpool, and "Lelia Alice," from London, a full supply of

Cloths and Trimmings,

Suitable for a first-class Merchant Tailor's Establishment, consisting in part of—

Beavers, Whitneys,
Pilots, Meltons, Sataras,
Black and Fancy Tweeds,
Doeskins and Superfine Black Cloths.

The above Goods having been selected for the Subscriber, by a competent judge, they can be recommended to the public as superior articles. Having been purchased at the manufactories for Cash, they can be sold very reasonable. Being a practical tailor himself, and understanding his business thoroughly, he can afford to sell cheaper than those who know nothing about the trade. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, and he will guarantee you better value for your money than can be had at any other Tailoring Establishment in the city.

P. REILLY.

Ch'town, Nov. 9, 1870.

TRADE SALE.

Flour, Tea, Sugar, Apples, Crockeryware, Soap, Cider, &c., &c.

THE Subscriber will offer, at Auction, on or about 15th November, viz:—

150 bbls. Canada FLOUR,
10 " Kiln-dried CORNMEAL,
20 chests Congou TEA,
20 half chests "
20 crates assorted CROCKERYWARE,
5 hhds. and 6 bbls. SUGAR,
10 puns. MOLASSES,
25 boxes Halifax SOAP, (Mott's.)
10 bbls. N. S. CIDER,
50 bbls. choice Winter APPLES.

Due notice of day of Sale will be given

FENTON T. NEWBERRY.

Nov. 2, 1870.

GOODS!

THE Subscriber has received, ex *Marion*, from Glasgow, and to arrive, by *Theresa*, from Liverpool, the following Goods:—

10 hhds. DeKuyper GIN,
15 bbls. Hennessy's & Otard's BRANDY,
100 cases Scotch WHISKEY,
100 " Old Tom GIN,
10 cases Shamrock WHISKEY,
16 qtr. casks Campbelton WHISKEY,
5 bbls. SHERRY,
15 " pale ALE,
50 chests superior TEA,
60 boxes Liverpool SOAP,
2 casks Crosse & Blackwell's PICKLES,
30 boxes T. D. PIPES,
10 crates assorted EARTHENWARE,
4 bbls. CONFECTIONERY, S. Mixtures
15 tins black PEPPER,
15 boxes STARCH,
50 " GLASS, 10×12, 8×10,
2 bbls. LOGWOOD,
1 bbl. CUDBEAR,
1 case Wine CRACKERS, (in tins)
10 bbls. crushed SUGAR,
10 " brown, "
10 " Soda CRYSTALS,
10 " Bicarb SODA,
1 case Nixey's Black LEAD,
30 boxes Valentia RAISINS,
4 cases Barcelona NUTS,
3 bbls. CURRANTS,
40 bags NAILS,
70 kegs PAINTS,
4 casks Paint OIL,
20 bbls. Kerosene do.,
30 coils 6 & 9 thd. MANILLA.

All of which will be sold Cheap for Cash or Approved Paper.

A. W. OWEN.

Nov. 3, 1870. 3i

G. & S. DAVIES,

Have just opened, at the

London House,

A large and very superior assortment of

Ready-Made Clothing,

Cut in the latest London Styles, consisting of

Overcoats, in Melton, Whitney, and Beaver, double and single breasted. Windsor, Oxford, West of England, and Prince Albert Sacques.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Pilot and Whitney Reform Reefers and Napoleon Sacques; University, Australian, Black and Fancy Tweeds and Doeskin Suits to match.

Under Shirts, heavy Serge and Fancy Flannel Shirts, in great variety.

Also, a fashionable assortment of

LADIES' WINTER MANTLES.

G. & S. DAVIES.

Queen Square, Nov. 2, 1870. 2m

Fall and Winter

GOODS!

THE Subscribers have received, per Steamers and Sailing Ships, from England, Scotland, Canada, and the United States,

127 Packages DRY GOODS,

which they offer, Wholesale and Retail, at their usual low prices, for prompt payment.

G. & S. DAVIES.

London House, Queen Square, November 2, 1870. 2m

CHARLOTTETOWN Woollen Factory Company.

ANOTHER CALL ON SHARES.

THE Directors of the Charlottetown Woollen Factory Company have ordered a Call of TEN PER CENT. on each and every Share held in the said Company, to be payable at the Secretary & Treasurer's Office, on or before Thursday, the 1st of December next; also, that all Shareholders in arrears, and those who subscribed last Spring, be notified to pay up at the same date (1st Dec. next,) whatever amounts they have unpaid, short of Seventy-five per cent., the total per centage now called in. The Directors further intimate that as they are making arrangements to procure Machinery to be shipped in April next, the balance of the Stock will be required about the 1st of March, 1871.

By Order,

DAVID LAIRD, Sec. & Treas.

Ch'town, Nov. 2, 1870. 4in

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber requests all persons indebted to him, by note of hand or otherwise, for the services of the Horse "CLYDE," to call at the different stands where the Horse stood, or at J. D. McLEOD's, Queen Square, Charlottetown, and pay the same without further notice.

WILLIAM MILLIGAN.

Lot 13, Oct. 26, 1870.

FITZGERELD & SHAW, Attorneys and Solicitors,

—AND—

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

OFFICE:

O'Halloran's Building, Great George Street,

Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

R. R. FITZGERALD. - - R. SHAW

Nov. 2, 1870. 2m

Tea! Tea! Tea!

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Lelia Alice," from London,

107 Chests Congou Tea,

A very superior article

J. & T. MORRIS.

Nov. 2, 1870. ar ls p sj 3in

Wood Wanted.

IN Large or Small Quantities, 1,000 to 2,000 Cords of WOOD, in Logs, Timber, Spars and Cordwood, to be of Oak, White Ash, Birch, Beech, Elm, Spruce, Pine, Cedar, Fir, and Poplar, to be delivered at the

"Hillsborough Mills,"

Corner of Pownal and Water Streets.

ALSO:

Ash Hoops and Hoop Poles.

For further particulars apply to OWEN CONNOLLY, Esq., or to

CARVELL BROS.

Ch'town, Nov. 2, 1870. tf

TO ARRIVE!

EX *ARGOS, LELIA ALICE*, and Steamers from Canada,

25 Chests Congou TEA,
35 Half Chests do.
31 Crates Assorted Crockeryware,
1000 Bbls. Canada FLOUR,
Hhds. and bbls. SUGAR,
Hhds. MOLASSES,
Boxes SOAP, &c., &c., &c.,

which are offered WHOLESALE to the Trade, Cheap for Cash, or approved credit.

FENTON T. NEWBERRY.

Ch'town, Oct. 19, 1870. tf

Lottery,

In aid of the New Church at Vernon River.

A SPLENDID SILVER JUG, valued at about One Hundred Dollars, currency, and presented by a lady parishoner, for the benefit of the New Church, about to be erected at Vernon River, will be disposed of, by lottery, on

St. Patrick's Day, next.

Tickets, only 1s. 6d. each, to be had at the stores of the Hons. D. Brenan and P. Walker, and at Owen Connolly's, Esq., also from the Committee of Management, at Vernon River.

The winning number will be published in the first issue of the HERALD, after the day of drawing. The names of all purchasers of tickets to be forwarded to the Revd. James Phelan, P. P. of Vernon River, on or before the 10th March, next.

The Jug can be seen at the store of the Hon. D. Brenan.

Vernon River, Nov. 2, 1870.

A Proclamation.

I, D. H. MACKINNON, do, by virtue of authority vested in me, as Proprietor of the "New York Clothing Emporium," issue this my Proclamation, the 29th day of October, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy, which, like the laws of the Medes and Persians, is binding to all intent and purposes, that, whereas, this fashionable Street has been neglectfully miscalled Great George Street, which is not in keeping with the intelligence of the residents thereon, nor appropriate to the business thoroughfare of so magnificent a location for business purposes. Considering that all the Great Georges have passed from the scene of action, Little Georges, being exempt from such horrors, on account of inability, shall henceforth pass into obscurity, like all their ancestors, and substitute in its place a name which will give new life and vigor to the artistic skill and mechanism displayed on so successful a street each day; therefore, I proclaim its name shall henceforth and forever be called

"BROADWAY!"

Where I sell the Handsomest and Stylishest fitting Garments ever manufactured in Charlottetown or any other place. You can call, gentlemen, and examine my Stock of Cloths, my Fashionable made up Garments to order, my ready-made Garments, which alone excels any custom work in Charlottetown. Come and we will suit you to anything you want in our line, to suit your own notions of comfort and style, as well as our stylish and comfortable ideas, cut and mechanism. You can have all these Cheap, at

The New York Emporium,

Broadway, - - - Charlottetown,

By D. H. MACKINNON.

ANOTHER LIBERAL OFFER!

ALL New Subscribers for one or more of our Periodicals, for the year 1871, remitting direct to us the yearly subscription price before the First of January, will be supplied with whatever they may subscribe for from the First of October, of the present year—that is, THREE MONTHS GRATIS. We publish

The Edinburgh Review,
The Westminster Review,
The London Quarterly Review,
The North British Review,
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

TERMS:

For any one of the Reviews	$4.00	per an.
For any two of the Reviews	7.00	"
For any three of the Reviews	10.00	"
For all four of the Reviews	12.00	"
For Blackwood and one Review	7.00	"
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews	10.00	"
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews	13.00	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	15.00	"

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO.,
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Sept. 15, 1870.