THE CHIGNECTO POST
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E. WOODWORTH, Manager.

CHIGNECTO POST

Board of Works

Deserve Success and you shall Command it.

VOL. 15.--NO. 36. SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1885. WHOLE NO. 765.

J. WILSON & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Marbleized Slate Mantels
—AND—
GRATES.
DEALERS IN
Stoves, Ranges, &c.
104 PRINCE WM. STREET,
ST. JOHN, - - - - - N. B.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

—It takes 1,000 roses to yield two grains of attar.

—Some apple trees in Kansas are said to have borne three crops of apples during the past year.

—Silk culture in America is likely to prove profitable—to those who have Russian mulberry trees, and silkworm eggs to sell.

—It is said that a very good lubricant for use on sewing-machine and similar bearings is made by mixing with olive-oil enough kerosene to "cut it."

—The soot swept from the chimneys in London is said to be not less than 50,000 tons annually, and brings over £40,000 ($200,000) for fertilizing purposes.

—London *Truth* mentions a nobleman who voted for making boycotting a criminal offence, yet last week took his custom away from a butcher who opposed home agriculture by selling New Zealand mutton.

—A French chemist has obtained from the outer layers of birch bark a black gum which possesses the ordinary properties of gutta percha, and also the power to resist the injurious influence of the air and the corrosive action of acids.

—Seventy-five years ago the first tomatoes grown in America were cultivated as a strange and showy horticultural curiosity in a garden in Salem, Mass. Forty-five years ago, or a little more, they began to be used as a vegetable in the season.

—Mr. Seymour Dean, Sharon, Conn., related at a recent meeting of the local Farmers' Club, which met around the post office stove, that a cow was once wintered well "on whole boiled corncobs; no grain or fodder of any kind."

—A Scotch farm of 1,600 acres, arable, rents now for $5,500, a reduction of nearly one-half since 1875. Considering that it is in the centre of the favorably situated and beautiful country of Roxburg, *The North British Agriculturist* thinks the fall "rather startling."

—In Great Britain 990,000,000 gallons of beer are annually brewed; in Germany, 900,000,000; in the United States, 600,000,000; in France, 157,500,000; in Austria and Hungary, 285,000,000; in Belgium, 210,250,000; in Holland, 34,000,000; in Russia, 8,000,000; in Switzerland, 13,500,000; in Denmark, 28,000,000; in Sweden, 21,000,000; in Italy, 4,000,000. Total, 3,246,250,000.

—In the lead production of different countries Spain holds the first place, the amount reaching some 120,000 tons in one year, or one-sixth more than America, which comes next on the list, while Germany follows with 90,000. Of Spain's total production some 67,000 tons are derived from one district, that of Linares, in which more than 800 mines are registered.

—From the paintings found by Wilkinson at Benis Hassan it appears that the art of glass-blowing was known at least 3,200 years ago. It is said that some Anglo-German manufacturers have recently turned out glass as hard and tough as cast iron, and they intent to make of this hard and comparatively light crystal stairs, street lamp posts, and gas and water pipes. It is thought that they can make these and similar articles of glass 30 per cent. cheaper than they can make them of cast iron.

—At Fleishmann's Dairy Experiment Station, in Germany, a newly patented apparatus for the treatment of milk to preserve it for a somewhat longer time than it will usually keep, was lately rested, with very favorable results. The process consists in heating the milk for a short time to about 140 degrees, and then quickly cooling it to about 50 or 60 degrees. Milk so treated kept sweet thirty hours longer than without the treatment, and had no trace of the taste peculiar to boiled milk. The operation required only an hour's time, and the apparatus was easily cleaned.

Various Causes—

Advancing years, care, sickness, disappointment, and hereditary predisposition—all operate to turn the hair gray; and either of them inclines it to shed prematurely. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR will restore faded or gray, light or red hair to a rich brown or deep black, as may be desired. It softens and cleanses the scalp, giving it a healthy action. It removes and cures dandruff and humors. By its use falling hair is checked, and a new growth will be produced in all cases where the follicles are not destroyed or the glands decayed. Its effects are beautifully shown on brashy, weak, or sickly hair, on which a few applications will produce the gloss and freshness of youth. Harmless and sure in its results, it is incomparable as a dressing, and is especially valued for the soft lustre and richness of tone it imparts.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is colorless; contains neither oil nor dye; and will not soil or color white cambric; yet lasts long on the hair, and keeps it fresh and vigorous, imparting an agreeable perfume.

For sale by all druggists.

—Ayer's Pills cure constipation, improve the appetite, promote digestion, restore healthy action, and regulates every function. They are pleasant to take, gentle in their operation, yet thorough, searching, and powerful in subduing disease.

Drive it away.

Drive away all poisonous humor from the blood before it developes in scrofula or some chronic form of disease. Burdock Blood Bitters will do it.

Newfoundland.

BY E. JACK.

The Island of Newfoundland varies from most of the American Continent in the fact that its forests contain no squirrels, porcupines, lynxs, skunks, fallow deer, moose, raccoons or minks; neither are frogs, toads or snakes found in its lakes, fields or fens; while the shad, perch and chub are unknown to its ponds and shores. Saint Johns, I had almost forgot to mention, possesses an excellent graving dock only opened this fall. It was erected by Messrs. Simpson, who have done their work well, completing the dock before the date limited in the contract. The cost was $550,000. The length of this dock, over all, is 630 feet, width on top, 132 feet 6 inches, width of gate 85 feet, draft of water in spring tides 25 feet. Two steamers were in it being repaired the day I visited it.

The Newfoundland railroad has been carried to Harbor Grace, a distance of 86 miles from Saint Johns, and daily trains are running between the two places. A few days before Christmas I availed myself of an opportunity of seeing part of the island and of travelling over this railway. In order to see as much as possible, myself and companion took the mail stage from St. Johns to Portugal Cove, a distance of nine miles, thence we crossed Conception to Brigus Bay, 18 miles, in a steamer which runs regularly between these two places. Portugal Cove is a small fishing village with a population of a few hundreds. On either side high and bare hills rise steeply from the sea; indeed, there seems to be nothing but rock in this spot. There were hardly any trees visible; wood was so scarce that we met several dog teams hauling it to the village from a distance of several miles. Brigus, which contains about two thousand inhabitants, owns probably 40 schooners, averaging 50 tons each. These are chiefly engaged in the Labrador, cod and herring fishery. They leave Brigus for Labrador about the 10th of June; the codfish when taken are salted in bulk and dried on the Labrador shore, although the weather there is more uncertain than it is in Newfoundland. When the fish are completely cured they are taken by other vessels sent down by the suppliers and carried to market. The Brigus schooners, when they go to Labrador, take with them salt and all other fishing appliances. There are not less than 800 men, women and children who go down there from Brigus in these vessels every year. Their ordinary time for leaving Labrader is from the first to the last of October. One hundred quintals per man per season would be a good catch of codfish. A good many fishermen this season have not got five quintals. Brigus used to be a great place for seal catching. One season as many as forty vessels were fitted out there for this business, now there is net one.

The following facts about Labrador fishing I obtained from an old fisherman of Brigus, who had frequently been on that coast. Herring are caught close to the Labrador coast; the best are caught in September. Very few were taken last season. The greatest quantity of these fish are caught about 80 or 100 miles north of the mouth of the Belle Isle straits; further north they are of larger size, but not so abundant. Very few United States fishing vessels go to Labrador. Most of this business is in the hands of Newfoundland people. There are no lobsters on the Labrador coast, but plenty of crabs. Codfish are caught there in fish traps, which are placed not far from the shore, usually in about 12 fathoms of water. A leader is placed at the shore and extends out for a distance of 40 fathoms; this leader is a net reaching from the surface of the water to the bottom; at the end of the leader the trap is placed. This consists of a net which reaches from the surface to the bottom; it is in the form of a long box, about 60 fathoms round. The fish follow the leader out until it meets the trap, where there is a small opening; this they enter, and failing to find their way out are captured. The trap has a bottom as well as sides. It is never drawn until there be at least five quintals of cod in it. The quantity of fish in it is ascertained by means of a water telescope, which enables one to see fish readily in the water at a depth of from 10 to 12 fathoms. As many as 100 quintals have been taken in one of these traps at a single haul. I was somewhat astonished to learn from my informant that a few Norwegians come down to the Labrador coast to fish.

Leaving Brigus harbor after night, we travelled through a rugged but well settled country of about 18 miles, when we reached Harbor Grace, crossing on our way a little bridge where Lord Baltimore once had a mill, one of the sills having been dug up to make way for the foundation of this bridge. Harbor Grace is a scattering town of about 5,000 inhabitants. It is prettily situated around the shores of a bay which is surrounded by hills of moderate elevation. It is supplied with gas and water and appears to be thriving. H. M. S. "Tenedos" was lying at the wharf to keep the peace, as the Orangemen intended to walk on St. Stephen's day. The bloody rows which have disgraced this place can be justly charged to both parties, who, pretending to be the advocates and defenders of religion, have cast aside all the feelings of humanity. As a fit sequel to murder, perjury is being perpetrated in the trial for murder now progressing in St. Johns to an extent probably unheard of on the American continent.

The morning after our arrival at Harbor Grace we went two miles to Carbonear, another fishing town of smaller size, but one which was said to be gaining upon the larger rival. The road between the two places passed over high hills, the view from which in summer must be very pretty.

Returning to Harbor Grace, we took the train next morning for St. Johns. In places our route followed the shores of bays, giving here and there charming views of rugged hills and deep dales. The first half of our road was chiefly through unsettled lands, which were covered by a growth of small firs. There were alongside of the road innumerable quantity of lakes (here called ponds); these are said to abound with trout; if they do, Newfoundland is the best place in America for the trout fisherman, as in numerous places a canoe could be lifted from the cars to the water. The interior of the country is composed of low ridges and barrens. The ridges, judging by the cuttings had much less loose stone in them than one sees in the interior of New Brunswick on the South West Miramichi and some other streams, but the timber was nearly all too small, indeed, to be of any use for deals, or battens; indeed it was nearly all fir, or, as they call it here, "var."

The Newfoundland railroad is well built and the road-bed and ballasting as good as need be. Some of the curves are much too sharp and gradients too steep; with these exceptions the road will compare favorably with any narrow guage road that I have seen.

Montgomery's Death.

It was four o'clock in the morning of December 31, 1775, during a violent snow-storm, that the attack on Quebec was made. The little American army had undergone inexpressible hardships during the campaign, and the soldiers were half starved and half naked. It took all the magnetic power of Montgomery to stir them into renewed action. "Men of New York," he exclaimed, "you will not fear to follow where your General leads; march on!" Then placing himself in the front, he almost immediately received the mortal wound which suddenly closed his career.

Thus fell Richard Montgomery, at the early age of thirty-seven. Three weeks before his death he was promoted to the rank of Major-General. Young, gifted, and brave, he was mourned throughout the country, at whose altar he had offered up his life—apparently in vain; for his fate decided the battle in favor of the British.

The story that he was borne from the field of battle by Aaron Burr, under the continued fire of the enemy, has always been received with doubt. It may now, upon the highest authority be pronounced to be without foundation.

It was rumored, but not ascertained by the British for some hours, that the American General had been killed. Anxious to ascertain, General Carleton sent an aide-de-camp to the seminary, where the American prisoners were, to inquire if any of them would identify the body. A field-officer of Arnold's division, who had been made prisoner near Sault au Matelot barrier, accompanied the aide-de-camp to the Pres de Ville guard, and pointed it out among the other bodies, at the same time pronouncing in accents of grief a glowing eulogium on Montgomery's bravery and worth. Besides that of the General, the bodies of his two aides-de-camp were recognized among the slain. All were frozen stiff. General Montgomery was shot through the thigh and through the head. When his body was taken up his features were not in the least distorted, his countenance appeared serene and placid, like the soul that had animated it. His sword, the symbol of his martial honor, lay close beside him on the snow. It was picked up by a drummer-boy, but immediately afterward was given up to James Thompson, Overseer of Public Works and Assistant Engineer during the siege, who had been intrusted by General Carleton with the interment of the body. Through the courtesy of the British General, Montgomery was buried within the walls of Quebec with the honors of war.—LOUISE LIVINGSTON HUNT, in *Harper's Magazine for February.*

—At a country house, at luncheon, after morning service at the parish church, the pupular young curate was accosted by a venerable old gentleman of his own profession—"How long, sir," said he, "did it take you to write that sermon you gave us this morning?" "Oh," cavalierly answered the young ladies' pet, "about a week." "Dear me," replied the other, it took me four."

—We advise every farmer or stock raiser to invest in *Sheridans Cavalry Condition Powders* and feed them out of their herds this winter. Depend upon it it will pay big interest. Don't buy the large packs as some of them are worthless.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Diamonds are from thirty to forty per cent. cheaper now than they were two or three years ago.

—Hon. Peter Mitchell has purchased the Montreal *Herald.* The price paid is said to be twenty thousand dollars.

—Schuyler Colfax, who was Vice-President during Grant's first term of office, dropped dead in the Railway depot at Mankoto, Minn, on Tuesday.

—A Texas county judge recently delivered a farewell address which excited the admiration of all his friends until some officious person discovered that Washington had delivered the same address many years ago.

—The engagement of the Princess Beatrice to Prince Henry Maurice of Battenburg, was opposed by the Queen, who wanted to say with King Lear "yet have I left a daughter." But her Majesty has given them her blessing, provided they will not reside out of England.

—The Rev. T. De Witt Talmage announces his willingness to join a conspiracy made up of commercial men, editors and preachers who shall agree to trust God and be cheerful. "If we want to prostrate business talk in a dolorous tone and keep on talking."

—Lady Hillyar, who died a short time ago in England, was the widow of an Admiral and the mother of two Admirals of the British Navy. She was ninety-six years old, and Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburgh had promised to dine with her on her hundredth birthday—if she reached it.

—It is two years since the graving dock at Esquimalt Harbor was begun by the Dominion Government, and something like $250,000 was expended on it. Work was suspended for a time, but is now to be resumed. The total cost will be about $600,000. Its present length, 400 feet, is wholly inadequate for the accommodation of modern ocean steamships.

—The late Archdeacon Abraham Nelles, of Brantford, Canada West, spent fifty-five years in the ministry among the Indians of the Six Nations an the Grand River Reserve, officiated in the old Mohawk Church of St. Paul's, the first church erected in Canada West, in the tower of which hangs a bell dated 1786, and in the churchyard of which lie the bones of the famous and sanguinary warrior and chief, Joseph Brant.

—The Winter Carnival at Montreal will open on Monday, the 26th inst., and be continued till the following Saturday. The Programme includes, tobogganing, sleighdriving, promenade and other concerts, fancy dress carnivals, fancy dress ball, fancy skating tournament, snow shoe steeple chase, snow shoe torch light possession, snow-shoers attack on Ice Palace, hockey match, trotting races, farmers' drive, fireworks etc. The Ice Palace, which is in the form of a feudal castle, is 160 feet in length and 100 feet high, and is constructed of 16,000 blocks of clear ice. There will also be an ice Condora or cairn, fifty feet in diameter and seventy-five feet high, surmounted by a colossal figure of a snow-shoer, and a mammoth ice lion on a lofty pedestal built of huge blocks of ice. At night the Ice Palace, the Condora and the Lion will be illuminated by electric light.

Fishermen's Superstitions.

The custom of setting nets on Christmas Eve is still observed throughout Sweden. The fishermen of Orkney, on All-Hallow E'en, sprinkle what they call forespoken water over their boats, and make the sign of the cross upon them with tar. Among fishermen, Candlemas day, the first Monday in April ("the day on which Cain was born and Abel was slain") the second Monday in August ("the day on which Sodom and Gomorrah were destroyed,") and Dec. 31 ("the day upon which Judas was born,") were regarded as evil days. At Prestonpans it was so common to set sail for the fishing localities on Sundays that the clergymen of the town preached against it. The fishermen, to avoid any evil consequences, made rag babies and burned them on the tops of their chimneys.

The Swedish anglers say that if a woman strides the rod no trout will be caught that day. They also consider it unlucky to turn the prow of the boat toward the shore. Pins found in church and made into hooks, brought good luck; tackle, stolen from a friend or neighbor, brought better luck than that bought with money. A sneeze on the left side of the boat was a bad omen; a sneeze on the right side of the boat was a good omen. Children on board the vessel brought good luck; cats on board brought bad luck. Fihermen while standing or walking considered it unlucky to be numbered.

—"I wish I was an owl," said the young lawyer, as he gently felt the dimensions of her alligator belt. "Why?" she asked: "Because then I could stay up all night, you know, dear," he replied. "What would you want to do such a ridiculous thing as that for?" she tittered. "To wit: To woo!"

Does this Refer to You?

Are you troubled with biliousness, dyspepsia, liver or kidney complaints, or bad blood? If so you will find a certain cure in Burdock Blood Bitters.

(From The Scotsman, New York.)

THE CANADIAN HIGHLANDER.

BY CHARLES MACKAY, LL. D.

I.

Thanks to my sires, I'm Highland born,
And trod the moorland and the heather,
Since childhood and this soul of mine
First came into the world together!
I've "paidled" barefoot in the burn,
Roamed on the braes to pu' the gowan,
Or clomb the granite cliffs to pluck
The scarlet berries of the rowan.

II.

And when the winds blew loud and shrill
I've scaled the heavenward summits hoary,
Of grey Ben Nevis or his peers
In all their solitary glory,—
And with the enraptured eyes of youth
Have seen half Scotland spread before me,
And proudly thought with flashing eyes
How noble was the land that bore me.

III.

Alas! the land denied me bread,
Land of my sires in bygone ages,
Land of the Wallace and the Bruce,
And countless heroes, bards and sages.
It had no place for me and mine,
No elbow-room to stand alive in,
Nor rood of kindly mother earth
For honest industry to thrive in.

IV.

'Twas parcell'd out in wide domains,
By cruel law's resistless flat,
So that the sacred herds of deer
Might roam the wilderness in quiet,
Untroubled by the foot of man
On mountain side, or sheltering corrie,
Lest sport should fail, and selfish wealth
Be disappointed of its quarry.

V.

The lords of acres deemed the clans
Were aliens at the best, or foemen,
And that the grouse, the sheep, the beeves
Were worthier animals than yeomen;
And held that men might live or die
Where'er their fate or fancy led them,
Except among the Highland hills
Where noble mothers bore and bred them.

VI.

In agony of silent tears,
The partner of my soul beside me,
I crossed the seas to find a home
That Scotland cruelly denied me,
And found it on Canadian soil,
Where man is man in Life's brave battle,
And not, as in my native glens,
Of less importance than the cattle.

VII.

And love with steadfast faith in God,
Strong with the strength I gained in sorrow,
I've looked the future in the face,
Nor feared the hardships of the morrow;
Assured that if I strove aright
Good end would follow brave beginning,
And that the bread, if not the gold,
Would never fail me in the winning.

VIII.

And every day as years roll on
And touch my brow with age's finger,
I learn to cherish more and more
The land where love delights to linger.
In thoughts by day, and dreams by night,
Fond memory recalls, and blesses
Its heathery braes, its mountain peaks,
Its straths and glens and wildernesses.

IX.

And Hope revives at memory's touch,
That Scotland, crushed and landlord-ridden,
May yet find room for all her sons,
Nor treat the humblest as unbidden,—
Room for the brave, the staunch, the true,
As in the days of olden story,
When men outvalued grouse and deer,
And lived their lives;—their country's glory.

London, Eng., Dec. 12, 1884.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, *149 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure

The symptoms are moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching, very distressing, particularly at night, seems as if pinworms were crafting in and about the rectum; the private parts are some times affected. If allowed to continue very serious results may follow. "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT" is a pleasant, sure cure. Also for Tetter, Itch, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Barbers' Itch, Blotches, all scaly, crusty Skin Diseases. Sent by mail for 50 cents; 3 boxes $1.25, (in stamps.) Address DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa., Sold by all druggists.

GENTLEMEN—PERMIT US TO ANNOUNCE THAT WE SUPPLY EVERY REQUISITE FOR A GENTLEMAN'S TOILET, FROM A COLLAR BUTTON TO AN ULSTER; OVERCOATS, COATS, WAIST-COATS, PANTALOONS, CRAVATS, COLLARS, GLOVES, CARDIGANS, GUERNSEYS, UNDER-WEAR. WE WATCH OUR CUSTOMERS' INTERESTS, AND THEREBY SERVE OUR OWN.

Dunlap, MacDonald & Co.
AMHERST, N. S.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED: Two car loads FLOUR and FEED, and have four car loads of the same coming. Also, selling FELT OVER-SHOES at ten per cent. discount.

J. H. GOODWIN.
Point de Bute, Dec. 31st, 1884.

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All Legal Business attended to promptly.

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Special attention given to the collection of Accounts in all parts of the United States and Canada.

New Harness Shop.
Opposite Brunswick House.
Down with High Prices.
PLEASE call and inspect our Stock, all new and of best American Oak Tanned Leather, before purchasing elsewhere. Repairs cheaply and promptly attended to.
june12 1y JOHNSON & DOBSON.

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Barrister-at-Law, Notary Public, &c.
Office; In Office of late Hon. E. B. Chandler.
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Special attention given to the Collection of Debts in all parts of the Dominion and the United States.

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Prompt attention given to the Collection of Debts in all parts of the Provinces and States.
ALLAN W. CHAPMAN.
HENRY A. FORSTER.
Dorchester, N. B., 26th Jan'y, 1884.

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Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Music Hall Block, - - - - SACKVILLE, N. B.
A good assortment of Silver-Ware and Jewellery constantly on hand. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Apples. Apples. Apples.
CHARLES DONALD & CO.,
79 Queen Street, LONDON, E. C.
WILL be glad to correspond with Apple Growers, Merchants and Shippers, with a view to Autumn and Spring business. They will also give the usual facilities to customers requiring advances.
aug13 9m

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Were Awarded the ONLY MEDAL given for
CONFECTIONERY
At Dominion & Centennial Exhibition.
Samples now on view in our Warerooms. An inspection is invited.
DOCK STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

S. B. ANDRES.
Marble, Freestone & Granite Works;
AMHERST, N. S.

On hand, a Choice Lot of Monuments, Tablets and Head-Stones of New and Elegant Designs. The subscriber has taken pains in the selection of the best Quality of Stock for Durability and Fineness of Texture, and is prepared to attend to orders to the satisfaction of all who may favor him with their patronage. Designs furnished on application free of charge. S. B. ANDRES.

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Have rebuilt and are now Running the
Amherst Wood-Working Factory,
and with the aid of good men and good machinery are prepared to fill Orders at short notice for
Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Window and Door Frames, Brackets and Mouldings of all Descriptions, Kiln Dried Lumber and Building Material, Planing, Sawing, &c.
Stores and Offices fitted out. All orders promptly attended to. may7

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Surgeon Dentist.
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Office Hours—9 to 12 A. M., 1 to 5 P. M.

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HAVING returned to Sackville will attend to the usual practice of his profession. Chief attention devoted to GENERAL DENTISTRY and CONSUMPTION.
Hutchinson Place, Westcock.
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Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE: Opposite St. Joseph's College,
MEMRAMCOOK, N. B.
Special attention given to Diseases of the EYE and EAR. dec29 tf

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Ophthalmic and Aural Surgeon to
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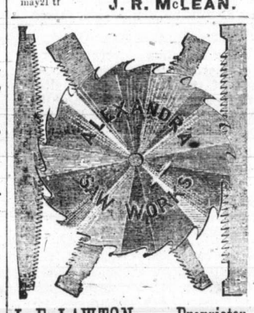

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