no matter what adjustments have to take place in the business world when the war is over that the basic industry of Alberta—livestock raising—will had its own for years, and that the farmes of this country will be able to continue doing a prefitable business all through the period of adjustment. If we can keep our heads, cultivate habit

make steady and substantial progress A Question re U.S. Income Tax Protection, Prefe discussed

September 25, 191

HON. Walter Long, pertfolio of colonite present Britis cently made an about Imperial Pasid that a committee of liberations he had preside a clearly worked out a shoption of Preference valve, about which, how no details. In an article whole question, the Man is, the newspaper which to some in Great Britain and ability, and which wide reputation as a strain of free trade, begins by that the present British erament, which is reprevabeles of economic opicitien, was created to c time, not to frame policies for the time and goes on to say:

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States has been transformed from a beef-exporting to a beef-importing nation. Ten years ago they were exporting \$150,000,000 worth of beef annually. Today they are importing beef. I have been informed from authentic sources that their beef cattle have decreased enormously during the last ten years, and the average price of milk cows have more than double in that thme, and within the same period the population of the United States has increased 20 per cent. The ranges of Mexico have been pretty well stripped of their beek apply, and, of course, the countries of Sarope are quickly using up their stock. Foreign agents are now in the United States and Canada seeking out high types of breeding animals with which to restock the fields of Europe.

Now, what does all this mean to us and our mixed farming country? It seems to me that it clearly proves that

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Editor, The Guide: Through the press I noticed that a number of Wa-nipo Americans, going to Washington, to pelition that government for exem-tion from the U. S. income tax, they being obliged to pay a similar tax in this country. Mr. Editor, there are thousands of U. S. citizens among you thousands of U. S. citizens among you

being obliged to pay a similar tax to this country. Mr. Editor, there are thousands of U. S. citizens among your readers who are interested in this matter, and I hope you will ventilate the injustice in your columns soon. Now, unless Uncle Sam loosens his grip in this income tax matter, many thousand of Americans will have to pay a double income tax.—J. E. Gustus, an American, Calgary.

This matter of income tax liability by citizens of the United States resident in Canada, was recently taken up by residents of Winnipeg who are in the category. A committee was appointed which selected two delegates to proceed with delegates similarly appointed in Montreal and Toronto, to Washington, where they laid a memorial before the ways and means committee of the house of representatives. In the report made by that delegation it is stated that their representations were received with sympathetic consideration by the chairms of the committee, as well as by the representatives of the United States government before whom the matter was placed during the time the delegation remained in Washington. Before leaving Washington the delegation was given assurance that an amendment was being drawn up for addition to the present enactment of tax legislation to provide that citizens of the United States residing outside of their own country, and earning their income in foreign lands should pay income taxtion under the laws of the country in which they live, such sum to be deducted entirely from whatever tax such citizens of the United States, however, must pay a tax to the treasury at Washington. This proposed amendment has still of course, to pass the house of representatives and the senate at Washington.

Cattle Loans in U. S.

Cattle Loans in U. S.

In view of the comparatively recent amendment to the Canadian Bank Act to permit loans to farmers on the security of livestock, interest attaches to the announcement of Secretary McAdoo that the American War Finance Corporation has perfected its plans for making direct loans, under the prevision of the War Finance Corporations Act, to individuals, firms and corporations whose principal business is the raising of livestock, including cattle, sheep, goats and hogs.

The corporation has decided to create, under authority of the Act, two agencies, one at Kansas City and one at Dallas. These agencies will be known as the Cattle Loan Agencies of the War Finance Corporation, and their business will be confined entirely to the consideration of applications for direct loans to cattlemen.

Each of the two cattle loan agencies will be conducted by a cattle loan committee. The cattle loan committee. The cattle loan committee will in turn create such local organizations as may be necessary to carry the plan into execution.

Commenting on the scarcity of cotton and wool in Germany, Berlin advices say that suits of clothing which cost \$25 in peace-time now cost \$75 to \$100; adding that a well-known Berlin firm is now charging \$250 for an ordinary suit.

Taking 100 as a rating to signify "very good," 80 as "good," and 60 as "fairly good," the French Agricultural Ministry gives this year's wheat crop 72, against 61 last year, rye at 73 against 65, barley at 73 against 63, and oats at 68 against 60.