perhaps a subspecies of it, but the abdominal bands are much paler, and the markings differ in many details.

Hab.-Steamboat Springs, Colorado, May 27, 1 9.

Nomada (Gnathias) bella Cresson.-1 2.

Andrena prunorum Gillettei Ckll .- 4 &'s.

Andrena (Micrandrena) amplificata, n. sp.

d.—(Type.) Length, 9 mm., or slightly over; black, with the front and abdomen very dark bluish; pubescence white, long on head and thorax, black at sides of face and on upper part of cheeks; clypeus very pale yellow, with the usual black spots, the lower edge black; head broader than long; tongue very short; cheeks ordinary; front longitudinally striate; antenne black, third joint about as long as the next two together; mesothorax microscopically tessellate, with sparse but distinct punctures, shining in the middle; area of metathorax not defined, granular, slightly plicate basally; legs black, with white hair, slightly yellowish on inner side of tarsi; spurs dark; tegulæ dark; wings smoky; stigma large, ferruginous; nervures fuscous; b. n. falling short of t. m.; first t. c. not ending very close to stigma; apex of marginal cell on costa; abdomen with a sericeous surface, and scattered piliferous punctures only; no distinct hair-bands, but indications of a fringe on segments 2 and 3 laterally; apical ventral plate emarginate.

Q.—Length, 9 to 11 mm.; body colours as in male; hair of head and thorax above slightly ochreous; hair of face, scape, cheeks and pleura black (in large specimen pale on upper part of pleura); clypeus shining, with well-separated punctures and a median smooth line; process of labrum narrowly truncate; antennæ dark, third joint longer than next two combined; front striate; facial foveæ dark seal-brown, about half as wide as space between eye and antenna, separated from eye by only a shining line, scarcely going below level of antennæ; scutellum very smooth and shining, with scattered punctures; wings reddish; middle and hind basitarsi large and broad, with black hair; femora and tibiæ also with black or sooty hair; apical hair of abdomen soot-colour; second segment depressed nearly one-half (less in large specimen); pygidial plate triangular, narrow at apex. The large specimen differs in a few details, and might be thought distinct, but I am confident that it belongs with the others.

Hab.—Steamboat Springs, Colorado, May 27. I believe it gathers pollen exclusively from the Cruciferæ, principally from Thelypodium. It