

The Granite Town Greetings

VOL. 4

St. George, N. B., Wednesday June 16th, 1909.

No. 50

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Situated on the Magaguadavic River--a sail of four miles from St. Andrews Bay with good mooring for Yachts

The Lodge is the Centre of one of the most picturesque Golf Links in New Brunswick

For those who may prefer camping, furnished tents will be provided at short notice. As only a limited number can be accommodated, application for rooms should be sent in early

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Maintenance of Navy Must be the First Consideration

London, June 8.—The second meeting of the Imperial Conference was held today under the presidency of Reginald McKenna, First Lord of the Admiralty. Foreign Secretary Grey also was present and both ministers spoke on the navy. "If the navy fails," declared the Foreign Secretary, "it will be useless to discuss any other subject."

solidate and to quarrel as little as possible with other people and to uphold in the councils of the world the ideals of Great Britain. With so much at stake the maintenance of the navy must be the first consideration not only for the home government but for all the self-governing dominions of the empire.

Scene in British House

One sodden day years ago a thin, smallish, and, at a distance, almost commonplace-looking man with Welsh mountain imagination in his eye and a mass of black hair at the back of his head like a misplaced Celtic fringe darted across Palace yard and past the entrance of the Press gallery of the House of Commons, like a heron.

This week, in the most important moment of the parliamentary year I recall his words. The Press gallery policeman has a way of soaking up the best current thought. That "young fellow is a big man."

Having once swallowed the whole Liberal programme of the last quarter of a century, it was a superb treat to listen to Mr. Lloyd-George unfolding his first Budget.

Leaving party politics on one side, it was a thrilling performance. Intellectual acuteness, human eloquence, alluring promises, by turns shocked, rasped, delighted, excited and puzzled the thronged House of Commons.

Charming Scene One of the most charming scenes I have enjoyed in the House of Commons for years was that which occurred when Mr. Lloyd-George's breaking, falling voice, unwontedly thin and poor even at the start, wore down after three hours' output and threatened to peter out.

Together the speech of the young Welsh orphan from Llanwestun lasted four hours and a half. Mr. Asquith would have the sledge-hammered it into the m. ds of the assembly in a couple of hours.

At the date of her launch she was the veritable Dreadnought of her age, her bottom being 2145 tons. At the present time she only carries twenty-four light guns for saluting purposes--nearly a hundred fewer than formed her armament at Trafalgar.

Pains of women, head pains, or any pain stopped in 20 minutes sure, with Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets. See full formula on 25c. Box. Sold by all Dealers.

W. S. Carter to be Chief Superintendent of Education

At a meeting of the executive of the government, held Tuesday 8th, inst. it was decided that W. S. Carter would receive the appointment of chief superintendent of education in succession to Dr. Inch, resigned.

W. S. Carter, the government's appointee, is of Loyalist descent. He was born at Kingston, the old shiretown of Kings county, where he received his early education at the grammar school, subsequently removed to Hampton.

In 1881 he was appointed mathematical master at the St. John High School, which position he occupied until January, 1886, when he resigned to become inspector of the district of the city of St. John and the counties of St. John and Charlotte. This position he has held up to the present.

WIDE EXPERIENCE

Inspector Carter has had experience in all branches of school work, both county and city, and is also the holder of a certificate for proficiency in manual training. He was the first teacher representative in the senate of the University of New Brunswick and is at present president of the Alumni Society.

Victory is 144 Years Old Now

London, May 29.—Nelson's famous warship victory is 144 years old this month. She was put afloat at Chatham dockyard on May 7th, 1765, and herage at Trawalgar, therefore, was more than forty years, or double the effective life of a modern warship.

The first victory of which any record appears in the annals of the British Navy bore the flag of Admiral Sir John Hawkins in the conflict with the Spanish Armada. The immediate predecessor of the ex-citizen ship was a first-rate of the line of one hundred guns. During a violent tempest on Oct. 8, 1744, she was caught in the Race of Alderney and lost.

There perished in Admira, Balchen, "one hundred gentlemen's sons," and her crew of close upon a thousand hands. This is believed to be the most disastrous shipwreck in all history.

Although popular idea associates the present victory with Nelson's immortal triumph she had established a glorious record prior to Trafalgar. She carries the flags of Keppel and D'Orvilliers at Brest, of Howe, at the relief of Gibraltar of Hood, at Toulon, of Hotham off Hyeres, and of St. Vincent in the famous fight of 1797.

The victory has recently been restored more closely to the semblance of her original appearance, save that her spare remains much more dwarfed than when she sailed the seas. She was the first ship of war to carry royals and top-gallant studding sails. Her top-sides are in a good state of preservation, albeit showing many signs of wood worm. Her bottom consists of bricks and mortar. Probably less than one-third of the wood-work now remains in the hull, which was severely knocked about during the French wars. It is computed that if all the trophies fashioned out of "genuine timber from the Victory" could be collected they would suffice to build four such ships as she.

"War is not a Sham, but Your Army is a Sham."

"The manager of a stage army could learn a good deal from the Army Council in the art of making one man appear as several."

A remarkable indictment of the Government's much-talked-of Special Reserve was made in the British House of Lords when the Duke of Bedford, using the above phrase to show the contempt felt for the hollowness of this arm of the service, and Lord Newton exclaiming: "Paper soldiers, paper men! And a good many of these paper men turn out to be paper boys!"

Earl Roberts, alert and hale, his bronzed face lighting up with pleasure at congratulations on his golden wedding, walked into the House with the briskness of a subaltern.

Lord Weymas, vigorous and enthusiastic at ninety-one, pointed to the two Field Marshals present (Lord Roberts and Lord Grenfell), and asked them to say what they thought of the Haldane Army scheme. Mr. Haldane stood at the rail in front of the throne listening intently.

"War is not a sham, but your army is a sham," said Lord Roberts, who rose from the front cross bench and addressed a terse, still assembly.

"We are told that the army of 315,000 men will suffice. Will suffice for what? Will it suffice to prevent a foreign army from invading this country?"

"I do not know what the Territorial Army is intended for. A noble lord said that you must give it a test. What test? There is no test in the world but one, and that is war. Are you going to wait until war comes?"

"I think it is a most extraordinary position that we are in at this moment. We have no army. The Duke of Bedford has shown that we have no army. We have neither an army to send abroad or to defend our country at home.

"Some enquiry should be made, and we should not let the people of this country think they are living in safety, and that we have an army fit to deal with any enemy who may come here. You will soon regret your action now."

"But it is to me a perfect marvel how anybody can see what is going on all around and not know that our army would be perfectly useless if a European power were to attempt to send an expeditionary force."

"No country in the world would attempt to defend itself with the paucity of men that we have, and they so little trained. I cannot understand how we can all sit quietly and think we are making an army when we are doing nothing of the kind."

"Men are marching before the Lord Mayor of London, but that will not make an army. War is not a sham, but your army is a sham. You never will have an army until you make up your minds to take the national into your confidence and tell them what the danger is."

"If the nation came forward there would be no difficulty in the world in getting the army. Men would then have to come and join the army because the nation would insist on it."

"We are thousands and thousands of officers short. I pointed that out in 1905, but nothing has been done to alter it. These training colleges will not alter it. They existed before in another name. They will make no difference."

"I hope you will take the country into your confidence and not tell them there is no danger, and not tell them that the 315,000 men will suffice."

"So long as the country is told there is no danger you will never have an army."

The Earl of Crew, who replied for the Government, began by chiding the

Duke of Bedford for being "unbusiness-like" and "ironical."

"It is no use blinking at the extreme difficulty of creating an Imperial Service Army," he said, and at the same time keeping up a sufficiently well-trained force at home. Of course, Earl Roberts' paucity is a simple one, but that is not the paucity of noble lords opposite. Besides, the cost would be enormous. It seems to me premature at the present time to hold an enquiry into a system which has been authorized by your lordships."

TOWN COUNCIL

A very interesting meeting of the town council was held Monday evening, at which a number of citizens indicated their interest by attending. The Mayor and all the councillors were present. Dr. H. I. Taylor was re-appointed a member of the school board. The Marshal's report was received and accepted, and there were also reports from the wharf and street committees. The question of town officials, being in the employ of the town, caused a rather acrimonious discussion, and brought out different interpretations of the law bearing on the matter. It was intimated that if the business was to be carried on according to the strict letter of the law, some interesting facts might be brought out that would affect members of the board.

The heated discussion was brought to a close by the mayor stating that under no circumstances would he sign orders for payment of bills for work performed by members of the council.

On motion of Ald. McKenna the clerk was instructed to bring the matter of painting the telephone poles in town, to the attention of the company. A number of bills were presented and ordered paid.

The mayor stated that legal advice had been asked in reference to taxing the Bank of Nova Scotia, and would be presented later for action.

The clearing up of the town dump, payment of the Marshal's salary, and some minor matters were dealt with and council adjourned.

Steamer Coggor Bros. arrived here Tuesday morning with freight from St. John.

A. D. Wetmore, Truro, went out on Monday's train to St. Stephen.

Samuel Dodds was a passenger out on Monday's train to St. Stephen.

Miss Ethel McNichol arrived here Saturday, and is the guest of Mrs. Thomas Kent.

Miss Lillian Hickey is visiting relatives in town.

Mrs. McCready, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Stewart, returned to her home in Waweig Monday.

Mrs. Thomas Coyne, St. Stephen, was called here Monday owing to illness of her mother Mrs. Conley.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

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