Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

Senate Reading Room
10julyog

The Toronto World.

RUBBER HOSE
for Steam, Water, Air, Acid, Oil, Brewers, Fire Protection and Pneumatic Tools. Superior in quality. Satisfactory in service.
THE GUTTA PERCHA & RUBBER MFG. CO.
of Toronto, Limited.

TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR — TEN PAGES——MONDAY MORNING JUNE 22 1903——TEN PAGES — ONE CENT

Liberal Members Scoff at Andrew Pattullo's Motion

Put Up by Mr. Gibson, Whose Pet Schemes Were Being Hit, Rumor Says.

Ottawa, June 21.— (Special.) —The protest of the Ontario legislature against the exercise of alleged provincial powers by the Dominion parliament is laughed at o n Parliament Hill. It was idle to suppose that this parliament would disclaim any authority it has assumed under pressure of a resolution. It was still more absurd to hope that the issue of Dominion v. Provincial Rights could be tested successfully in connection with the Toronto and Hamilton Railway bill.

Pattullo Put Up to It.

Andrew Pattullo, M.L.A., fathered the resolution, requesting the Dominion not to encroach on the sphere of provincial jurisdiction. Rumor may be doing Andrew Pattullo an injustice, but rumor, which is not discredited by prominent Liberals, declares that Attorney-General Gibson put Pattullo up to move that resolution. Mr. Gibson is financially interested in the Hamilton Radial Railway. He is interested also in the Cataract Power Company. The Toronto and Hamilton Railway would adversely affect the interests of the Hamilton Radial Railway.

Part of a System.

Furthermore, the Toronto and Hamilton Railway is part of a projected system to Niagara Falls and Buffalo. It is to receive its motive power from Niagara Falls power companies, which will be competitors of the Cataract Power Company. Members friendly to the Toronto and Hamilton Railway, some of them Liberals, assert that if the bill had gone before the Ontario legislature, Attorney-General Gibson would have found a way to kill it or to so emasculate it as to make the enterprise impracticable. The bill had to be brought to Ottawa, these members assert, to escape the enmity of the Attorney-General of Ontario.

Mr. Gibson's Fine Hand.

In the resolution passed by the Ontario legislature the same authorities see the fine hand of Mr. Gibson laboring on behalf of the corporate interests with which he is identified. It is also stated that the Ontario act governing electric railways is so narrow as to prevent progress along these lines of enterprise. The Hamilton Radial Railway, it is claimed, was generously endowed with powers. Since the enfranchisement of that company no electrical company has been able to secure anything but the narrowest of powers, thus making the Hamilton Radial Railway a practical monopoly in a big field. For this state of affairs Attorney-General Gibson is held responsible.

No Friend of Municipal Rights.

The World correspondent does not vouch for the correctness of these charges that tend to shake public confidence in Hon. J. M. Gibson. He merely acquaints The World's readers with rumors which are receiving too much attention to pass unnoticed. It is obvious, however, that if the Ontario act governing electric railways is unworkable, municipal rights will not be assisted by resolutions like that proposed by Andrew Pattullo. This parliament cares very little for municipal rights, and it would regard a pretext such as the alleged insufficiency of the Ontario act as full justification for trespassing on the provincial sphere in the interest of the municipalities whose interests are menaced by certain clauses in the Toronto and Hamilton bill now before the Dominion parliament.

Things to Clear Up.

Enquiry is in order. This enquiry should show: First, what powers were conferred on the Hamilton Radial Railway Company; what clauses, if any, in that company's franchise are similar to the objectionable clauses in the Toronto and Hamilton Railway bill. Second, the attitude of J. M. Gibson towards the Hamilton Radial Railway bill. Third, the sufficiency or insufficiency of the Ontario act respecting electric railways.

If this parliament is to be dissuaded from enfranchising companies like the Toronto and Hamilton Railway it will have to be shown that such companies can secure power sufficient for their purposes in the provincial legislatures. The rumors that are afloat must be shown to be foundationless before Ontario municipalities can hope for a fair hearing at Ottawa.

FAILED TO SAVE HER LIFE.

Buffalo Man's Blood Infused Into His Wife's Arteries.

Buffalo, June 21.—An infusion of blood, from her husband's body, into the arteries of Mrs. Emily Christensen of No. 12 Littell-avenue, one of the Volunteers of America, failed to save her life, at the General hospital yesterday. Andrew, her husband, a man none too strong, risked him own life by allowing the surgeons to take a pint and a half of blood from his body and infuse it into his wife's, but the woman died. Mrs. Christensen had suffered from pernicious anaemia, a wasting of the blood, and it was in the hope that, as a last resort her life might be saved, that the infusion of blood was made.

FIRE AT ARTHUR.

Arthur, June 21.—A serious fire broke out about 10 o'clock this morning in Scotts' Block, which was occupied by J. Skerrits & Co.'s bank, Mitchell & Co.'s large general store, F. S. Mitchell and William Peterkin's dwelling above, also C. Jerome's new photograph gallery, which was just fitted up. The building was entirely destroyed. Mitchell & Co. had $7000 insurance on stock, but there will be a heavy loss, as there was over $5000 worth of stock which was not removed. William Peterkin, F. S. Mitchell and C. Jerome saved nearly everything. J. Skerrits' insurance on contents is unknown; $2400 insurance on building.

SOUTH AFRICAN SERVICE.

Montreal, June 21.—The three steamship lines, the Allan, Elder-Dempster and the Furness, forming the South African service, have terminated their partnership by the Allans' withdrawal. In future the two other lines will send a ship every two months.

OLDEST PRIEST DEAD.

Middletown, Conn., June 21.—Bernard O. Sheridan, the oldest priest in point of service in the Hartford Diocese, died here to-day. He was ordained at Montreal 56 years ago.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Toronto Methodist Class Leaders, Parliament-street Church, 8 p.m.
Federated Council of Building Trades, Richmond Hall, 8 p.m.
Baseball, Toronto v. Worcester, Diamond Park, 4 p.m.
48th Rend, Queen's Park, 8 p.m.
Vaudeville, Hanlan's Point, 8 p.m.
Vaudeville, Munro Park, 8 p.m.

RECORD WHEAT CROP.

Winnipeg, June 21.—Statistician Snow of Chicago, who is touring Manitoba and the Northwest Territories with an excursion party of agriculturalists, reports crop conditions as near perfect as possible. He estimates the spring wheat acreage as 20 per cent. larger than last year, and the wheat crop at 85,000,000 bushels, compared with the official estimate of 68,000,000 bushels last year.

LORENZ WILL HOLD CLINIC IN MONTREAL HOSPITAL

Famous Vienna Surgeon Receives Warm Welcome in the Metropolis.

Montreal, June 21.—(Special.)—The famous Dr. Lorenz received a warm welcome here from the medical fraternity, but the practical part of the visit will not be realized till to-morrow. The doctor left for Quebec last evening, but will return in the morning.

At the clinic he will hold at the General Hospital on Monday afternoon, all the leading physicians of the city will be present. In the evening the visiting doctor will be tendered a complimentary banquet by the members of the profession.

Arrangements are also being made to have the doctor hold a clinic at the Royal Victoria Hospital.

SEND THEIR MONEY HOME.

Emigration of Norwegians Offset by Remittance From America.

Copenhagen, June 21.—The emigration figures for May, 1903, show that more than twice as many persons emigrated from Denmark to America as during the same period last year, and the "American fever" shows no signs of abating. It is shown, however, that the money sent back by Scandinavian settlers in the United States offsets to a large degree the loss to the country caused by the emigration of so many of its best citizens.

Figures recently published in Christiana, show that during 1902 a total of 14,000,000 kroners was remitted in this way to Norway alone in bank drafts, postal orders and thru the steamship companies. A considerable sum is also sent back every year in the shape of loose bills inclosed in letters.

YELLOW JACK DECLINES NOT A CASE SINCE 1901

Remarkable Showing of Health Department of Island of Cuba.

Washington, June 21.—A copy of the monthly report of Dr. Carlos J. Finlay, chief sanitary officer for the Island of Cuba, which has been received in the Cuban legation here, contains the following:

"The showing for 1902 and the beginning of 1903 is very satisfactory, not only in regard to the complete exemption from yellow fever and smallpox, but also in the number of deaths from malaria and in the total mortality. There has been no smallpox on the Island since July, 1900, nor yellow fever since September, 1901, and the progressive decrease in malaria, has continued without interruption. The condition regarding tuberculosis is not, however, so satisfactory. There has been an increase of five to six per cent. in deaths from that disease in each of the years 1901 and 1902; and at the present time the proportion of deaths from that cause to the general mortality amounts to over 16 per cent. The superior board of health is making serious efforts to increase the efficiency of sanitary measures in that direction."

COLLIDED WITH ICEBERG.

Norwegian Barque Belfast Abandoned in Mid-Ocean.

London, June 21. — The German steamer Theodore Wille, Capt. Mayenhoff, arrived at Gravesend to-day from Quebec, having on board the crew of the Norwegian barque Belfast, Capt. Moe, Belfast May 16 for Miramichi, N.B., which was abandoned June 10 in a leaky condition, the result of a collision with an iceberg the previous day in latitude 47 N and longitude 48 W.

Metal Ceilings and Roofing. A. B Ormsby & Co., cor Queen and George St

MAJOR POND DEAD.

New York, June 21.—Major James B. Pond, the well-known manager of lecturers and singers, died to-day, at his home in Jersey City, aged 65 years, as the result of an operation on June 17, in which his leg was amputated.

Did you ever try the top barrel

If Not, Why Not?

You should have an Accident Policy. See Walter H. Blight. Phone 2770, Medical Building, Bay and Richmond-streets. 136

THE DIFFERENCE.

He stole a tart
From the baker's cart—
"Oh, what a thief!" they cried,
They sent him to jail
Without any bail
And published it far and wide.

He stole some gold
(A million cold)—
They said, "What a financier!"
They set him on high
With worshipful eye,
And hustled his past to the rear.
—Eleanor H. Porter in Lippincott's.

SUICIDED IN ST. LOUIS YOUNG CANADIAN'S DEED

John Flett Wrote a Letter of Advice to the Public Before Firing Fatal Shot.

St. Louis, Mo., June 21.—(Special.)—The dead body of John Flett was discovered in Forest Park Saturday. A bullet hole in his right temple and one behind his right ear and a 36 calibre revolver lying by his side clearly pointed to suicide.

The dead man was about 24 years old. Two letters which he had written and sealed were found on him. One was addressed to Mrs. J. Couper, West Broad-street, Dunnville, Ontario, and the other to the public. The latter read.

"To whom it may concern: Please have my body shipped to our family burial lot, Chippewa, Ontario, Canada.

"Notify Mr. John Flett, care of Flett, Lowndes & Co., Toronto, Ont.

"Personal—I am 24 years old. Blasted hopes, caused by my own folly, has caused me to do this. Tell some paper to publish this article: 'To all youths, to my dear boy friends,—I am going to give you a little advice. Take it. I am 24 years old, left school when I was 15, had an excellent mother and father, who loved me. I secured a position in a bank, began to go out nights, and there is the foundation, the starting point of all my blasted hopes.

"'Boys, do not go out nights nor frequent saloons. Saloons and most places which appeal to your pleasures, if pandered to, will surely bring you to a bad end. Stay home with mother and father, or accompany them somewhere. Always choose your company. Guard your honor, as it is priceless. If once lost it cannot be regained.

"'Make a confidant of mother, and when the time comes for you to enter life as a citizen, in whatever capacity you may enter, be sure of your surroundings and your companions. If circumstances permit, stay by the old home, be it ever so humble, as it is far superior to the grandest hotel life.

"'Be fair. Be honest. Honor your mother and father. Do not lie or even prevaricate, and success will be yours eventually.'"

Not Known Here.

Mr. John Flett was seen by The World in reference to the above despatch, but was unable to throw any light on the suicide's identity. He had no relative in St. Louis, he said. Mr. Flett was informed of the tragedy by the St. Louis police on Saturday, but he replied that he did not know the young man.

BOATS CAPSIZED.

During a Squall Two Parties of Pleasure-Seekers Were Upset.

Rochester, N.Y., June 21.—The first drowning accidents of the season occurred to-day at Irondequoit Bay, near this city. Andrew Hertfelder, a tailor, 20 years of age, and three others, were in a 16-foot sailboat, which was caught in a stiff northwest squall. The boat was under full sail when the squall struck it and it was instantly capsized. Only one of the occupants could swim, and two of the others clung to the boat until rescued. Hertfelder went down in 72 feet of water, and the body may never be recovered. A yacht sailed across the bay in charge of C. H. Wolters and rescued the others.

The second accident occurred at almost the same time and about 1000 feet from the first. Three men were out in a rowboat when water began pouring into the boat and one of them becoming frightened jumped out. This capsized the boat, and Joseph Lester, one of the occupants, was drowned.

CONTROL MEXICO'S LIGHTING.

Montreal, June 21.—(Special.)—It is understood that a deal has about been concluded by which the Mexican Light, Heat and Power Company, which is chiefly composed of Canadian capitalists, will in the near future control the electric light plant of the city of Mexico, now owned by Siemens & Halski. It is said that the net earnings of this concern are about $250,000 and the Canadians believe this can be increased to $500,000, which will be a fine side asset for the Mexican Light, Heat and Power.

HAVANA'S STREET RAILWAY.

Montreal, June 21.—(Special.)—Mr. Edwin Hanson of the banking house of Hanson Bros. and president of the Havana Electric Railway Company, reached here yesterday from England and announces to-day that financial arrangements have been completed in London for the very considerable extension of the company's lines in the Cuban capital. It is also said that in due time the Havana Electric will have 100 miles of track.

MULLAH ON BRITISH FLANK.

Aden, June 21.—It is reported that the Mad Mullah is three miles west of Damot with 3000 of his horsemen, watching the movements of the British Somaliland expedition under Gen. Manning.

There have been several skirmishes this week between the British and the Mullah's scouts.

EDWARDS & COMPANY, Chartered Accountants, 26 Wellington St. East Geo. Edwards F. C. A., A. H. Edwards.

HONORS FOR CANADIANS.

Montreal, June 21.—(Special.)—It is generally understood here that the coming honors will include the names of H. Montague Allan, president of the Merchants' Bank of Canada and eldest son of the late Sir Hugh Allan of Ravenscraig, and Dr. Louis Frechette, Canada's national poet.

A Good Tobacco to Smoke.
Clubbs' Dollar Mixture has a delicious flavor; will not burn the tongue; sold at a popular price; 1 lb. tin, $1.00; 1-2 lb. tin, 50c; 1-4 lb. package, 25c; sample package, 10c, at A. Clubb & Sons, 49 King W.

Try the decanter at Thomas', three for a quarter.

Funeral of George H. Brooks.

The funeral of the late George H. Brooks (Harry) will take place this afternoon from 362 East Queen-street to Mount Pleasant Cemetery, and will be attended by the officers and members of Loyal True Blue Lodge, No. 40, L.O.L. No. 585, and R.B.P. No. 292. His death occurred in London on Saturday, and he is survived by his wife and one child.

Nothing but the finest goods at Thomas

X RAYS CURED CANCER.

French Doctors Claim to Have Made a Discovery.

Paris, June 21.—Two doctors of Lille claim to have discovered a real cure for cancer by means of treatment with the Roentgen rays. In applying the X-rays they use a very feeble current, and what are called soft bulbs. By applying the bulbs to the affected part of a woman patient pain was relieved as if by a miracle after three minutes. By repeating the application, each time for only three minutes, a scar is soon formed over the wound, the tumor diminishes and the crust falls off in a few days, leaving the wound entirely cicatrised.

In a case where they treated cancer of the internal organs, the patient being 65 years old, vomiting was stopped on the first application. After seven applications of three minutes each the woman was perfectly cured. A number of other patients have been submitted to the treatment and the doctors are waiting to see if the cure will be permanent.

REGULAR RATE CHARGED GRAFTERS HAD A SYSTEM

Prevailing Rake-Off to Postoffice Officials Was Forty Per Cent.

Washington, June 21.—The most interesting feature of the postal service scandals which are now engaging the attention of high officers of the Postoffice Department is the growing belief that the conditions of irregularity and criminality which have been disclosed are not simply the result of the heretofore prevailing tendency towards personal gain, but are due to the operations of an organized scheme of "graft."

The attention of the investigating authorities was first attracted by the fact that the prevailing rakeoff on departmental contracts was 40 per cent. Former superintendent of the free delivery division, Machen, is charged with having received 40 per cent. of all sales to the government of the patent fastener used on street letter boxes. Charles McGregor and C. Ellsworth Upton, two of Machen's subordinates, are charged with having received 40 per cent. on sales of rural free delivery mail pouches to the government. Other officers of the Postoffice Department who will soon be indicted by the Federal grand jury are alleged to have received 40 per cent. on sales of various supplies used in the postal service. These contracts were made thru the salary allowance division.

Forty per cent. is said to have been the rake-off given to postal officers in the sale of the cash registers to the government. One reason why the high officers of the department are extremely reticent in discussing this 40 per cent. graft syndicate is that they are absolutely astounded at the condition of affairs to which the present indications seem to point and wish to be absolutely convinced that they are right before public announcement is made.

The revelations up to date point to the fact that this alleged syndicate was not a haphazard affair, but an actual organization with a directing head and officers designated to perform the details of the work. That the machinery of this remarkable concern worked smoothly is shown by the fact that for year after year its operations were continued without the slightest suspicion being aroused, and that it was not until the investigation of postal service scandals had been in progress over three months that the matter was seriously taken up by the officers in charge of the inquiry. Now that the matter has been considered, it will be pushed to as speedy a conclusion as possible, and new charges of conspiracy to defraud the government will be brought to the attention of the Federal grand jury here and in New York.

BOTH SIDES COMPLAIN OF BROKEN AGREEMENT

Coal Operators Have Grievances for Conciliation Board to Adjust.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 21.—When the Conciliation Board meets in this city on Thursday the operators will have grievances to be adjusted, as well as the miners and this will be a surprise to many of the latter, who believed that the coal companies had nothing to complain of. The operators will take exception to the many petty strikes, which are the cause of much inconvenience and annoyance; also that the non-union men are being interfered with and that the coal output is lessened by the practice of employes remaining at home on certain days without permission.

The miners will offset this with the charge of discrimination that some of the men active in the strike have not been given work since; that the award of the committee has been violated by a change in the condition of mining at many places, which does not permit the miners to make as much now as before the strike and that the operators have broken the old custom in the Schuylkill region by having the men work an hour longer on Saturday. Among other important questions which the miners want settled will be the reduction of yardage, check weighmen, hours of labor for drivers and company hands.

SAFE BLOWER IS DYING.

Dropped a Can of Explosive and His Body Was Mangled.

Noblesville, Ind., June 21.—George Marvin is in the county jail here in a dying condition as a result of an alleged attempt to blow the safe in a general store at Jolietville. Citizens of the village, who were awakened by a terrible explosion, found Marvin lying unconscious near the store with one arm blown away and his body otherwise so terribly mangled that he cannot live. When the citizens approached a second man ran away. The accidental dropping of a can of nitro-glycerine was the cause of the explosion.

HIT BY LIGHTNING 100 TIMES.

Washington, June 21.—Within the last ten years the Goddess of Liberty which stands on the dome of the capitol has been struck by lightning more than one hundred times. Workmen who have been washing the bronze statue for the first time in a decade have discovered this many marks made by the thunderbolts. The gold and aluminum tipped prongs of the crown of the goddess, which were expected to serve as lightning rods, have been melted off. They will be replaced with approved lightning arresters.

CARDINAL VAUGHAN DEAD BODY WILL LIE IN STATE

Sketch of the Career of the Catholic Primate of England.

London, June 20.—The Right Rev. Herbert Vaughan, Cardinal and Arrchbishop of Westminster, died at midnight, aged 71 years.

The Cardinal, who had been sinking for some weeks from heart disease and dropsy, died peacefully. His death was not expected so soon.

Yesterday he was wheeled in a bath chair about the corridors of St. Joseph's College, which he founded with money which he collected in America anad elsewhere. On the previous day he appeared in the college chapel in his cardinal's robes and made a farewell address to his bishops and priests.

His body will lie in state in the Cathedral at Westminster, another monument of Cardinal Vaughan's work, and will be buried at St. Joseph's College.

SKETCH OF HIS CAREER.

Busy was the life of the late Cardinal the Right Rev. Dr. Herbert Vaughan. The scion of one of England's oldest and most aristocratic families, born with the prospect of inheriting a fair amount of the world's goods, he nevertheless elected to join the ranks of the English priesthood, a class noted for hard work and comparative poverty. He was the son of a soldier, and at first he thought of going into the army. Indeed, in the days of the Crimean War he was a volunteer, and before the enemy invented a new and serviceable rifle pit.

He was a hard worker everywhere, even from the days of his boyhood. He was also outspoken upon every subject he deemed it his duty to discuss. He belonged to that large class of English Roman Catholics who do not care for the Irish, fellow religionists, tho they be. Hence, when the Irish home rule question came into practical politics, Cardinal Vaughan at once declared his opposition to the scheme. To the last he was a strong Unionist.

His Ancestry.

He was intensely English, which is another way of saying he was patriotic, as became the descendant of an ancient line. His father was Colonel Vaughan of Courtfield, Herefordshire. The Vaughan of Courtfield derive from an ancestor common to the Earls of Pembroke and of Powis, and to the Herberts of Muckross, and the Joneses, now again Herberts of Llanarth—viz., Herbert, Count of Vermadois, who came over to England with William the Conqueror and they all bear the same arms.

The late Cardinal has sevaral relatives in this country. One of the nearest in relationship is Mrs. Henry Siegel of New York City. Most of his brothers and sisters gave themselves up to religion. Of Colonel Vaughan's eight sons, six entered the church, five of them passing the succession of Courtfield to a younger brother in order to do so. Roger Bede Vaughan, now dead, became Archbishop of Sydney. Father Jerome Vaughan founded several Benedictine communities. Father Bernard Vaughan became a celebrated preacher in the Jesuit Society. Father Kenelm Vaughan was a missionary in South America, and with his brother, Father John, was attached to the House of Expiation in Chelsea, London. Six sisters of the Cardinal took the veil. All his father's brothers became priests. The family in past times has produced many distinguished ecclesiastics. Cardinal Vaughan was a grandnephew of Cardinal Weld and a nephew of the Bishop of Plymouth.

Educated at Stonyhurst.

Born in 1822 he was educated at Stonyhurst, the great Catholic public school of England, and at various places abroad, chiefly at Rome. After he entered the priesthood in 1854 he joined Dr. Manning's community of Oblates in London. Later he founded the St. Joseph's Society o fthe Sacred Heart for Foreign Missions, and as a missionary in 1863 he visited America, where a college of the society for the education of negroes was established at Baltimore.

He was appointed Bishop of Salford in 1872, and dusing his incumbency of that diocese built the enormous College of St. Joseph's Seminary Society, at Mill Hill, Middlesex, and founded other eclesiastical institutions. In 1892 he succeeded Cardinal Manning as Archbishop of Westminster, and in the following year was created a cardinal. Knokn as the statelliest member of the Sacred College ,he was even in his seventieth year called "the handsomest man in England." The cardinals in Rome used to call Manning "the diplomat." They nicknamed Cardinal Vaughan "Il Diavolo" (the devil.)

One of his great schemes was the erection of a Roman Catholic Cathedral of Westminster. He lived to see this magnificent edifice almost completed. He became a leader in social and educational reform. The late cardinal had advocated the provision of public places of recreation, including theatres of varieties, by municipal authorities. He would permit the drinking of lager and light alcoholic refreshments at these places. He was, however, a good friend of temperance, and only ceased to be a total abstainer when he received doctor's orders.

Religion in Public Schools.

About eleven years ago he declared himself emphatically upon what is still a burning question both here and in England—religion in the public schools. His Eminence said:

"I recognize Protestants as fellow-Christians. With regard to the Bible in the board schools, as I said at my enthronement in the Pro-Cathedral, so I say again to-day, that unless the scholars in the board schools be taught to believe with divine faith and to practice the doctrines of the Bible, they are not taught the Christianity of the Bible. Christian education in England is at this moment on an inclined plane. It is sought to banish the teaching of definite doctrinals of Christianity from the national system of education.

"We ask, as far as I know, much what the church in America asks in the matter of grants to Catholic schools. We do not ask the state in this country to pay a farthing to our schools for instruction in the Catholic religion. We demand equal payment for secular instruction, and we will look after the religious instruction ourselves, without cost to the state. I lay down as a general principle a Catholic education for every Catholic, be his place in the social order what it may. And until that is fully acknowledged we are not getting fair play."

Literary Attainments.

He was a man of considerable literary attainments, and frequent pastorals and essays from his pen used to appear in the Manchester papers and other periodicals. He was the owner of The Tablet, which, it is said, Cardinal Wiseman had founded. A few years ago he precipitated a controversy in religious circles in England which raged for a long period, by propos-

Continued on Page 10.

New Flag Agitates French Sacred Heart Is Favored

Liberals May Hold Aloof From Unveiling of Bourget Monument This Week.

Montreal, June 21.—(Special.)—There are two things looming up here in the public eye which are causing no little interest in the community, viz., the carrying of the new religious flag, known as the sacred heart, and the unveiling of the monument to the late Archbishop Bourget, which has been erected in front of St. James' Cathedral, Dominion Square.

Both of these events will take place on St. Jean Baptiste day, which falls on Wednesday next.

Want a New Flag.

A certain section of the French-Canadians have agitated the adoption of the sacred heart as the national flag, claiming that the tri-color is the flag of the French revolution. This, however, has been hotly contested by probably the majority, who say that while they have no objections to the sacred heart as a religious banner, it can neve rtake the place of the tri-color.

The St. Mary's College boys hoisted the sacred heart at the fete dieu procession, and it remains to be seen which flag will secure the greatest prominence on Wednesday next.

Conservatives Prominent.

Then, as regards the unveiling of the Bourget monument, it should be said that the addresses will be delivered by the Archbishops of Quebec and Ottawa, Sir William Hingston and Hon. L. O. Taillon, and people are noticing the fact that the two lay gentlemen are Conservatives.

Some time ago, when Mgr. Bruchesi asked the Montreal City Council to contribute $2000 towards the Monument Fund, the French Liberals, and especially the French radical press, opposed the grant so strenuously that His Grace wrote the Mayor withdrawing the request. In view of these happenings, it will be interesting to notice the political stripe of those who gather around the monument of the dead Archbishop on Wednesday next.

Old politicians will likewise remember that Sir George Cartier incurred the displeasure of Mgr Bourget for refusing to disallow the New Brunswick school law, and the energetic Archbishop was credited at the time with Sir George Cartier's defeat in Montreal West by the present Sir Louis Jette.

TIMID CANADIANS.

Buffalo June 21.—Dr. McClelland Pomeroy, president of the Canadian Club, at a meeting in the parlors of the Genesee Hotel Saturday night, intimated that the reason why the club was not as prosperous as he thought it should be was because its members were timid about acknowledging they were Canadians. He said business men and young men in the various walks of life in this city who are natives of Canada seem apprehensive about admitting they are Canadians for fear of prejudicing their prospects.

POLITICAL PRISONERS WILL BE FREED BY KING

His Majesty Using Every Means to Conciliate the Irish.

New York, June 21.—The delay in the passage of the Irish Land Purchase bill is the cause of great annoyance to the King, cables The American's London correspondent. His Majesty is unwilling to visit Ireland next month unless the bill is passed.

The King, it is reported, summoned Balfour and urged upon him that the bill must be passed at all hazards before he visits Ireland. The King is convinced if he visits Ireland on the heels of the passage of the bill his welcome will be extraordinarily enthusiastic. Undoubtedly, the King is deeply concerned in the efforts to conciliate Ireland.

The correspondent was informed it was the King who suggested the idea of the Land Purchase bill to Wyndham, and that His Majesty, not content with the passage of the bill, seeks to obtain before visiting Ireland the relief of all Irishmen imprisoned for political offences. The King already has intimated to the Irish government that Patrick McHugh, imprisoned for contempt of court, must be released as soon as possible.

Lord Dudley, the Irish viceroy, after dining with the King Thursday night, went to the House of Commons and had an interview with John Redmond. Judge Ross, who sentenced McHugh, is one of the few officials in Ireland opposed to the land bill. It is reported that he will resist the efforts to release McHugh, but the intervention of the King is certain to procure McHugh's release soon.

All arrangements have been completed for the King's tour of Ireland and signs are not wanting that if the land bill is passed before his visit the King will receive an unprecedented welcome from the Irish who for centuries have received visits from British sovereigns with unconcealed displeasure.

LOWELL STRIKE IS OFF INVOLVED 17,000 MEN

"We Shall Rise Again and Conquer," Said Union President, Smiling.

Lowell, Mass., June 21.—The textile council this afternoon declared the great strike in the Lowell mills at an end. Every union affiliated with the council was represented and the vote was unanimous.

Mule spinners and loom fixers were included in the vote, despite statements that they would oppose a return to work.

There was no dissension. The situation was discussed carefully and with no suggestion of excitement. The vote showed every delegation favorable to a return to work, and the sentiment was that the vote take immediate effect.

When asked for a statement, President Conroy smilingly said: "We now worship at the altar of defeat; but later we shall rise again and conquer."

The strike began on March 30 and involved about 17,000 operatives. The mills were shut down until June 1, when the agents opened the gates and the majority of the operatives went back to work.

The strike has cost in wages about $1,200,000. It is understood that the agents will take back all the old help they have room for, and will make no discrimination against the leaders of the strike movement. The high price of cotton precluded any hope of the success of the strikers' campaign for a 10 per cent. increase.

STILL PRECARIOUS.

Rev. Dr. Caven still continues in a very precarious condition. He took nourishment well yesterday, but the distinguished patient is very weak, and no general improvement was noted.

BIRTHS.

ARMSTRONG—On June 21 at 5 Glenhaillie-street, Toronto, the wife of William Armstrong of a son.

MARRIAGES.

WILLS—SADD—On Saturday, June 20th, 1903, by Rev. Dr. G. M. Milligan, Mabel, youngest daughter of the late James Sadd, to Edwin Gordon Wills, both of Toronto.

DEATHS.

ROGERS—At 25 Metcalfe-street, Toronto, on Sunday, June 21, 1903, Addison E. L., only son of Walter D. and Eliza A. Rogers, aged 23 years.

Funeral private on Tuesday, the 23rd, at 12 o'clock. Interment at Newmarket on arrival of the G.T.R. train leaving Toronto at 1.45.

SANFORD—At Newcastle, very suddenly, Olive Wilmot Sanford, wife of Henry Sanford of Bridgeport, Conn.

Funeral at Newcastle, Monday, June 22, at 2.30. Special train will leave Toronto at 12 o'clock.

SMYTH—At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Hill, 21 Hanover-place, on 20th inst., Mrs. Anne Smyth, relict of the late William Smyth of Bolton, in her 73rd year.

Funeral Tuesday, 23rd, to Toronto Gore, via Bolton.

DIVORCE CASE OFF.

Ottawa Witnesses Breathe Easier, as Petitioner Has Gone.

Ottawa, June 21.—(Special.)—Several prominent residents of Ottawa who had been nervously looking forward to being summoned as witnesses in a local divorce case must have breathed easier during the last 48 hours in consequence of a rumor that the case might not be proceeded with at the present session of parliament, and that the petitioner had left Ottawa accompanied by her son, who has hitherto lived with his father.

During the last half dozen years the domestic differences of Mr. and Mrs. Gough have furnished material for much comment in Ottawa social circles, where, prior to her departure from her home, Mrs. Gough was a shining light. Of humble but thoroly respectable origin she received a good education. Not long after her marriage she astonished her friends by developing into a distinguished-looking and accomplished personage, with fascinating manners, and she soon floated in upper circles in Canada, and in British life in a colonial capital as the wife of a prosaic civil service clerk henceforth became intolerable, and an action for divorce upon the usual alleged grounds was set on foot. This action was of course resisted, and the religious faith of the parties and the possibility of recriminatory evidence being offered has probably led the lady to eetermine to "let well enough a one." She arrived here some weeks ago and stayed at one of the leading hotels. Negotiations, it is said, for a legal separation and the custody of the children were opened, but with what result is not known.

SENATOR H. J. CLORAN.

Ottawa, June 21.—United Canada, the Independent Catholic weekly, says: As we go to press this week, United Canada is authoritatively informed that H. J. Cloran, K.C., of Montreal, has been appointed Senator to succeed the late Hon. James O'Brien. No more popular appointment has been made since the Liberals came to power in 1896. Mr. Cloran is eminently qualified, richly deserves it, and is highly acceptable to his own people.

Pearl Grey Alpines.

In light colors and featherweights of felts. These are good hats for this season. There are some Italian Alpines of remarkably light weight and flexible material, especially imported by the W. & D. Dineen Company for their particular trade; also many designs by Dunlap, Heath and Stetson, the greatest of the world's makers. Prices start at $2 and run as high as $5.

FAIR AND MODERATELY WARM.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, June 21.—Rain has fallen to-day in the Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence Valleys, and a few scattered showers have occurred in Western Ontario. Elsewhere in the Dominion the weather has been fair. The general indications are for unsettled weather.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: New Westminster, 52—68; Kamloops, 56—74; Calgary, 40—72; Qu'Appelle, 38—66; Minnedosa, 42—66; Port Arthur, 46—62; Parry Sound, 54—68; Toronto, 54—73; Ottawa, 56—58; Montreal, 54—56; Quebec, 56—64; Halifax, 44—58.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Easterly winds; fair and moderately warm to-day, then showery again.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Clearing and a little warmer.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Easterly winds; cloudy and cool, with showers.

Maritime—Easterly winds; cloudy and cool, with rain in western portion.

Lake Superior—Unsettled and showery.

Manitoba—Fair and warmer.

Corrugating Iron Roofing and Siding A. B. Ormsby & Co., cor. Queen and George Sts. Ring Main 1725.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

June 21.	At	From.
Montreal	Father Point	Cardiff
Bleucher	New York	Bremen
Columbia	New York	Glasgow
La Gascoigne	New York	Havre
Westernland	Philadelphia	Liverpool
Livonian	London	Montreal
Bohemian	Boston	Liverpool