

WILLIAMS
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NINETEENTH YEAR

The Toronto World.

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TEN PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING APRIL 12 1898—TEN PAGES

THE WAIN BARS MUST STOP SAYS PRESIDENT MCKINLEY.

In the Interests of Humanity and Civilization This Message is Sent Out.

CONGRESS WILL NOW HAVE TO DECIDE.

In Both the Senate and House of Representatives There is a Strong Feeling That the Deliverance of the President Does Not Go Far Enough—Senator Foraker is Among Them, and He Expresses His Strong Disapproval—Mr. McKinley Says He Will Carry Out the Wishes of Congress, According to the Constitution and the Law.

"In the name of humanity, in the name of civilization, in behalf of endangered American interests, which give us the right and duty to speak and to act, the war in Cuba must stop."

"The issue is now with the Congress. It is a solemn responsibility. I have exhausted every effort to relieve the intolerable condition of affairs which is at our doors. Prepared to execute every obligation imposed upon me by the constitution and the law, I await your action."

The above paragraphs give the pith of President McKinley's deliverance to Congress. The message will be subject to the regular routine, and most likely several days will elapse before any decisive action is taken.

UNDUNTA by the disappointment of last Wednesday, the multitude again beset the Capitol this morning, the people who were disappointed when they had camped out on the marble terraces all night, but the thousands did not begin to arrive until about 9 o'clock.

The experience of last Wednesday, when thousands who held tickets to reserve galleries could not even get to the corridors, had resulted in better arrangements so far as the reserve galleries were concerned, and all holding tickets were accommodated. The multitude suffered, however. As on Wednesday last, many women fainted in the crush and were carried out, and others dropped out of lines at last from fatigue and exhaustion. There was less evidence of excitement than on Wednesday last.

OUTLINE OF THE MESSAGE.
Washington, April 11.—The President's message asks Congress to authorize the President to take measures to secure a termination of hostilities in Cuba, and to secure the establishment of a stable Government there, and to use the military and naval forces of the United States as may be necessary for those purposes. The President says the only hope of relief from a condition which can no longer be endured is the enforced pacification of the island. The issue is now with Congress and he awaits its action, standing prepared to carry out every obligation imposed on him by the constitution.

Spain's decree for a suspension of hostilities is submitted to Congress for its consideration, and the President says that if the message attains a successful result, "then our aspirations as a peace-loving people will be realized. It falls to me to express only another justification for our contemplated action. The Maine incident figures prominently in the message. The President argues that the wreck of the Maine in Havana harbor shows that Spain is not able to guarantee security to foreign vessels. Spain has disavowed any connection with that disaster, and has offered to submit to arbitration all the differences which may arise from that affair.

THE MESSAGE IN FULL.

Circumstances Leading up to the Present Situation Reviewed in Detail by Mr. McKinley.

The following is the message in full:

To the Congress of the United States: Obedient to the precept of the constitution which commands me to respect the law, I am constrained to give you this time to time to Congress, the situation of the state of the Union, and to recommend to their consideration such measures as I deem it my duty now to recommend. It becomes my duty now to address your body with regard to the grave crisis that has arisen in the relations of the United States to Cuba, which has led to the war that has been waged in the neighboring island of Cuba. I do so because of the intimate state of our own Union, and my conviction that the course which it is now necessary to pursue upon the nation to adopt must needs be in the traditional policy of our Government. If it is to be in accordance with the principles laid down by the founders of the Republic, and religiously observed by succeeding Administrations to the present day.

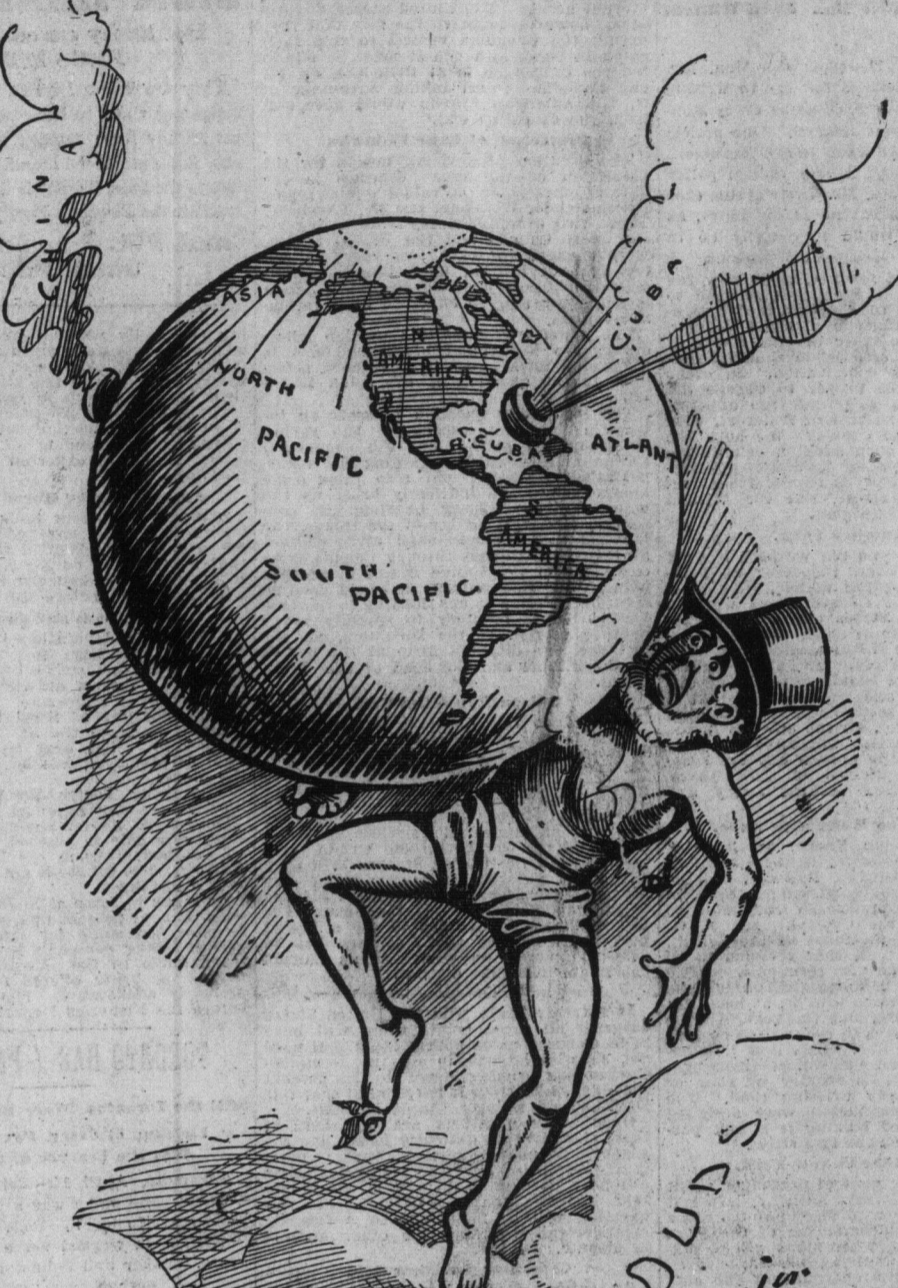
A Successor to Former Revolutions.

The present revolution is but the successor of other similar insurrections which have occurred in Cuba against the dominion of Spain, extending over a period of nearly half a century, each of which during its progress has subjected the neighboring States to great effort and expense in enforcing its neutrality laws, caused enormous damage to our commerce, and in some cases, caused irritation, annoyance and disturbance among our citizens, and by the exercise of cruel, barbarous and unvindictive practices of warfare shocked the sensibilities and offended the humane sympathies of our people.

Ravaged by Fire and Sword.

Since the present revolution began in February, 1895, this country has seen the fierce domain of our threshold ravaged by fire and sword, in the course of a struggle unequalled in the history of the island, and rarely paralleled as to the number of the combatants and the bitterness and ferocity of the contest by any revolution of modern times, where a dependent people, striving to be free, have been opposed by the power of the sovereign State. Our people have beheld a once prosperous community reduced to comparative want, its lucrative commerce virtually paralyzed, its fields laid waste, its mills in ruins, its people perishing by tens of thousands from hunger and destitution. We have found ourselves constrained, in the observance of that strict neutrality which our laws command, to police our own waters and watch our own shores in the prevention of any unlawful act in aid of the Cuban cause. Our trade has suffered, the capital investment in Cuba has been largely lost, and our people have so severely tried as to begot a perilous unrest among our citizens, which has inevitably found expression from time to time in the National Legislature, so that issues wholly external to our own body politic engage

A GREAT SHOCK TO THE OLD MAN.



ATLAS (preparing to drop the Earth): By ginger, I've been going round all the time with a blooming bomb-shell on my shoulders!

TROLLEY PATENTS PUBLIC.

New York Court of Appeals Decides That the Walker Manufacturing Company Can Work Away.
Cleveland, Ohio, April 11.—The Walker Manufacturing Company of this city has received notice of a decision from the New York Court of Appeals, which it is claimed, makes the Electric Street Railway trolley patents public property. Under patents granted to Vandopool, the General Electric Company has for years held the exclusive right of manufacturing trolleys. Some time ago, the Walker Company began the manufacture and sale of an electric trolley on an extensive scale, resulting in a series of suits against that company by the General Electric Company, a his last statement of the assets of the General Electric Company, President Coffin included an item of one million dollars as the value of the Vandopool trolley patents.

RECIPROCITY MATTERS TO BE TALKED OVER.

The Deliberations are to Take Place at the Canadian Capital.

Mr. Laurier Attended Council Yesterday, and This Particular Matter Was Up for Discussion. The Negotiations Began at Washington a Few Months Ago to be Resumed—General News from Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 11.—(Special).—The Prime Minister was at his office to-day and attended a meeting of the Cabinet this afternoon. The question of reciprocity negotiations with the United States Government has been under discussion at several meetings recently, and in a few days Parliament will be informed as to the progress which has been made. After the apparent failure of the informal discussions with General Foster, a few months ago, to reach a basis on which to conduct more formal negotiations, matters drifted along for several weeks without anything being accomplished. So anxious is the Mother Country for a friendly agreement between Canada and her powerful neighbor, that extraordinary efforts have recently been put forth to secure a resumption of discussion, with apparent success. It is now definitely settled that formal negotiations are to take place in the very near future, and at Ottawa. The selection of the Dominion Capital as the place of meeting is a great honor, and it may fairly be hoped that the results accomplished will be such as to justify self-congratulations in the order sense of benefits fairly and honorably secured for the country at large. The plenipotentiaries on behalf of Great Britain and Canada will be Sir Julian Pauncefote, Sir Richard Carter, and Sir Louis Davies. The latter will visit Washington within the next three or four weeks to discuss preliminaries with Sir Julian and the Washington Cabinet.

Just now, in the height of the Cuban excitement, it is useless for one of our Ministers to go there. I am informed, however, on the best authority, that the preliminary negotiations have been conducted through the friendly spirit, so that, short of most pressing domestic business in the United States necessitating a postponement, the Ottawa conference will convene here during the month of June.

Six Topics to be Discussed.
The draft agreement covering the subjects to be discussed embraces six topics, but it is possible others may be added later.

1. The question of pelagic sealing and the proposed revision of the Behring Sea regulations.

2. The transshipment of fish in bond, caught in American vessels from Canadian ports.

3. The proper proportion of fisheries of the two countries.

4. The enforcement of the Alien Labor law.

5. Reciprocity in trade "without necessarily disturbing any existing industry on both sides of the boundary."

6. Transportation of troops.

These six topics, it will be seen, cover the ground.

Continued on Page 2.

Go to the Dogs.

Flourishing Plants Greatly Reduced.

Dunlop's Easter stock of flowering plants is being sold off this week at greatly reduced prices. Anemones and Rhododendrons at \$1. Lilac trees in full bloom \$1.50, dainty pots of Lily-of-the-Valley and Violets—Dutch Hyacinths and ferns at lowest prices, 5 King west, 445 Yonge.

Diapers all successful at the stomach, and makes you feel first-class Adams Tuffi Frutti. Beware of fraudulent imitations.

The Hat Question at Dinners.
The hat question which will suggest itself in one way or another to every man about this time of the year, is settled more easily, satisfactorily and agreeably, at Dinners than anywhere else in Toronto. There are more new hat styles at Dinners to select from, and a larger variety of correct shapes in the different styles, to suit the differences in the shapes of men's faces, and the greater variety of qualities affords the better grading of prices which men find at Dinners.

Pepper's Turkish Baths 127-9 Yonge St. Ladies, Gents, day and evening 50c.

Such a sight is refreshing. You can see them at Dunlop's salerooms surrounded by roses, lilies of the valley, Easter lilies, tulips and mimosa. They are truly a welcome omen of the Easter season. Dunlop has made great preparations for Easter, and his salerooms show how he has succeeded.

Telephone 3821, E. Harbor & Co., 31 Front Street W., far up-to-date printing, quick and neat. Popular prices. 246

Leakeview Hotel.

Parties looking for winter accommodations should not overlook the Leakeview, corner Winchester and Parliament streets, under terms to weekly boarders. —lined for \$20 per week. — 246

Gibbons' Toothache Gum cures in an instant. Sold by Druggists. Price 10 cents.

Continued on Page 2.

Armistice Proclamation is Sent Out by Captain-General Blanco of Cuba.

SPAIN YIELDED TO THE WISH OF THE POPE

The Decree Has Been Sent Out to All the Commanders of the Army Corps and Will Be Given Effect on the Day Following Its Receipt—Gen. Blanco Has Cabled to Madrid to Find Out With Whom He Shall Carry on Negotiations—A Good Deal of Excitement in Madrid—Troops Leaving Cadiz for an Un-announced Destination.

Washington, April 11.—The State Department to-day received General Blanco's proclamation ordering a cessation of hostilities in Cuba. It was cabled to the Spanish Minister here, and by him delivered to the department. The proclamation is as follows:

"His Majesty's Government, yielding to the reiterated wish expressed by his Holiness the Pope, has been pleased to decree a suspension of hostilities with the object of preparing and facilitating the restoration of peace on the island, in virtue whereof I believe it convenient to order:

"From the day following the receipt in each locality of the present proclamation hostilities are ordered to be suspended in all the territory of the Island of Cuba."

"The details for the execution of the above article will be the object of special instructions that will be communicated to the several commanders-in-chief of the army corps for easy and prompt execution, according to the situation and circumstances of the case. (Signed) Blanco."

SPANISH REPRESENTATIVE AT VIENNA SAYS SPAIN WILL NEVER RENOUNCE HER SUVEREIGNTY.

New York, April 11.—The World publishes the following from Havana: General Blanco has received from Madrid instructions to give out the edict, granting an armistice. He has asked with whom he shall carry on negotiations. When a reply is received from Sagasta he will publish the edict. Public opinion is undecided while waiting for explanations. Nevertheless, patriotism is on the increase. Volunteers while drilling this morning shouted through the streets, "Viva Espana!" "Viva Cuba Espanola!"

Heavy carts are loaded with cannon and ammunition. War preparations go on in spite of the nervousness of peace. Nevertheless, Havana promises to keep quiet to the end. Diario Marina and El Pais, in prominent editorials, attack General Lee and Captain Sigsbee for their behavior in Cuba.

WILL NOT GIVE UP CUBA.

Spanish Representative at Vienna Says Spain Will Never Renounce Her Sovereignty.

New York, April 11.—A despatch to The World from Vienna says: The Marquis de Hoyos, the Spanish Ambassador to the Court of Vienna, said to The World correspondent: "The Spaniards insist upon Cuba's independence we must draw the sword and fight till the last drop of blood for the integrity of the Spanish possessions. Spain desires peace. If she has war with America all Europe will suffer. The war will extend over every sea, and first of all to China. To offer a truce to Cuba would be to renounce all authority over her. Only the Cuban Colonial Assembly can decide Cuba's fate. Spain is prepared to grant the fullest autonomy, but cannot, most not, renounce sovereignty." The general tone of the comments here appears to be one of disappointment, it being alleged that the United States is getting everything its own way. The Spanish officials are throwing off on the troubled waters by representing that the government has simply made a mistake in the will of the Pope, which carries through the war. Besides, many families who are fastidious, and friends owing to the prolongation of the war will have to be one of disappointment, it being alleged that the United States is getting everything its own way.

BRITISH COAST GUARDIAN CHARTERED.

Philadelphia, April 11.—The British steamship Hampton has been chartered to carry 250 tons of coal to the Cape Verde Islands, the present rendezvous of the Spanish torpedo boats, in this circumstance unusual, as heretofore all coal shipments to those islands have been supplied from Cadiz. Other shipments are to rapidly follow. The Hampton's cargo in order that the naval armaments will be ready for the commencement of possible hostilities, when such shipments would be stopped.

CREW GOT SCARED.

Portland, Eng., April 11.—The new United States torpedo boat Somers, formerly Disgenesi and the torpedo boat Somers, which was the name of the United States vessel, in here last night. Such a heavy sea was encountered that the boat was nearly buried, and it was deemed safer to return. About thirty of the Toledo's crew refused to sail in her, necessitating the shipping of others to fill their places.

SPANISH TROOPS ON THE MOVE.

London, April 11.—(Special).—The Daily Telegraph from Gibraltar says that the Spanish cruisers Cristobal Colon and Infanta Maria Theresa have left Cadiz for a destination Andalusia, with six battalions, each a thousand strong. Additional troops, the despatch asserts, will leave Cadiz by the mail steamer during the next few days for Cuba.

WOODFORD HAS NOT LEFT.

Madrid, April 11 (12:45 p.m.)—General Woodford, who questioned today, reviewing the reports in circulation as to his departure for Cuba, has not yet made any declaration about not leaving, and added, significantly: "I have no expectation that the Government will direct me to apply for my passports, or that the Spanish Government will press them to me."

PASSED THE CANARY ISLANDS.

Sanchez, Canary Islands, April 11.—Colon and Maria Teresa have passed this island, which is the last of the Canary Islands. A detachment of Spanish infantry and two batteries of mountain artillery have arrived here.

MINISTRY STRONGLY SUSTAINED.

Madrid, April 11 (noon).—The result of the Senatorial elections is that 140 Ministers have been elected out of 189 Senators voted for.

GO TO THE DOGS—PAVILION.

Manitow Mineral Water is the best table water in America. It is a great health restorer to sufferers from dyspepsia or rheumatism. Swan Bros., agents, 162 and 164 King-street east. Send for circulars.

SPRING WEATHER CONTINUES.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Kingston, 28—55; Edmonton, 28—50; Calgary, 28—48; Qu'Appelle, 30—40; Winnipeg, 42—41; Port Arthur, 28—44; Pary Sound, 26—32; Toronto, 40—62; Ottawa, 34—58; Montreal, 36—62; Quebec, 28—58; Halifax, 39—44.

PROB: Winds mostly southerly; fine, not much change in temperature.

READ ON PAGE TWO WHAT YOU CAN BUY IN THE CLOTHING AT OAK HALL, TORONTO, FOR FIVE DOLLARS.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

April 11.

From	To
Genoa	New York
Gibraltar	New York
Karmania	New York
Lebanon	New York
Liverpool	New York
London	New York
Lyons	New York
Manila	New York
Medan	New York
Penang	New York
Rangoon	New York
Singapore	New York
Sourabaya	New York
Swatow	New York
Tientsin	New York
Yokohama	New York

THE POPE IS DELIGHTED.

London, April 11.—The Roman correspondent of The Daily News says that the Pope, being awakened and furnished with the account of the granting of the armistice, declared that it was one of the greatest pleasures of his latter years, and expressed a confident hope of warding off war. At the Vatican it was pointed out that since the Queen Regent's personal letter to Queen Victoria, the Pope had received a letter from the British, support Spain.

EMPEROR WILL VISIT CANADA.

Manfred, Ont., April 11.—(Special).—Dr. Kingston is leaving Westport, and is succeeded by a Dr. Hall of Waterdown, who arrived on Thursday night's train with his wife and two children. While getting off the train it started before Mrs. Hall was off, and she fell down and had one foot taken off and the toes of the other one. Amputation took place the same night, and there are but slight hopes of her recovery. Great sympathy is felt for the newcomers.

LADY EAST HER FOOT.

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