

## JOHN CATTO &amp; SON

## Last Days

OF THE

## January Sale

During the last days of January, immediately preceding stock-taking, we offer many special price inducements to reduce bulk for this event.

## Towel Bundles

A great array of Hemmed Huck Towels in bundles of 6 Towels—extra value at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 per bundle. Hemmed Huck and Damask Towels in bundles of 6 Towels, at \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.45, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.00 per bundle. Regular prices \$2.00 to \$4.00 per dozen. This will be the last Towel announcement before stock-taking.

## Bath Towels

Brown Linen Turkish Towels 25c each. Regularly 40c each.

## Table Linens

Fine damasks in every size at very special prices, in a great range of handsome new patterns. Look these over before the end of January. There are genuine reductions in this big layout of handsome napery.

## White Quilts

In satin damasks, dimities, mercerized and honeycomb. Large exhibit of these beautiful goods. All re-marked at special prices to reduce stock before inventory.

## Down Quilts

Splendid display of various sizes and coverings, etc., etc. Regularly \$10.00 to \$15.00. STOCK REDUCTION PRICE—\$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.00 EACH.

## MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY FILLED.

## JOHN CATTO &amp; SON

55 to 61 King Street East.

TORONTO.

## HOUSE DECLINES TO ABOLISH THE SENATE

Continued From Page 1.

house, and it involves a wrong exercise of political patronage which has often been condemned by non-members opposite.

"I have been reading an English review which says that if the upper chamber is not representative, and is not of equal quality with the other, a grammarophone would do for the other house, and that is what people will be saying, that a grammarophone or a rubber stamp would do for a senate. But the senate can be made a useful body. The best men in the country should be in it. They should frame bills and make necessary investigations."

**Responsibility of Premier.** The prime minister had said in answer to arguments: "What would you do?" "My answer is, if the prime minister is not prepared to assume responsibility, let him make way for those who are. He has given a pledge to do this work for his party, pledged themselves to reform the senate. When is the fruit of that promise to appear? It seems further away than ever."

Mr. E. L. Macdonald, in a resolution, said that had the fathers of confederation realized the progress that had been made, they would not have decided on a second chamber. They thought it would be a safeguard against the passage of ill-considered legislation, and provided it as a "cooling" period. The senate was supposed to exist to correct bad laws passed by the commons and to protect minorities. As Canadian legislation is to be passed upon by the home government, the necessary protection could be given by the commons. Besides the members of the commons, being members of an elective chamber, are more directly responsible and are more likely to protect their interests than the appointed members of the senate.

Mr. Lancaster then proceeded to argue that the senate falls in its duty to protect minorities. He instanced his bill to protect French crossings. After four years' discussion the commons, from Sir Wilfrid Laurier down to the most recently elected back benches, adopted it unanimously. Altho the bill was in the interest of the French, it was not a minority bill. It was a commons bill, and the commons twice rejected the measure, and finally passed it in a modified form.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in taking up the defence of the second chamber, pointed out that this was the first session in which the member for Lincoln had introduced the resolution, and he hoped that next year he would present some tangible plan.

**Question of Disallowance.** The Imperial Government had said that the commons would be far worse than no check at all on legislation. Certainly it was a most important relation between Canada and the mother country. The prime minister then referred to the recent Ontario legislation respecting the Ontario Electric Commission and Hydro-Electric Commission, which the Dominion had been asked to disallow. That legislation was a most infamous invasion of private rights, but he would not advise the government to exercise the power of disallowance.

He was in favor of bicameral system of legislation, and thought a reformed senate, partly nominative and partly appointive, would suit the purpose.

Mr. Sproule was of very much the same opinion as the premier in regard to the upper house. He did not approve of the idea of an elective upper house, but there might be something in the suggestion that certain number of the senators should be elected by the legislatures.

**Demand for Reform General.** Hon. George E. Foster, quoted from Liberal newspapers to show that a de-

## THE WEATHER

OBSERVATORY, TORONTO, Jan. 30. 8 p.m.—The depression which was last night over the lake region has moved with increased intensity to the Gulf of St. Lawrence, causing gales from Ontario eastward, with a moderate snowfall in Quebec, and rain in the maritime provinces. The weather has been comparatively mild over the greater portion of the western provinces.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 43 below—34 below; Prince Rupert, 40 below—30 below; Kamloops, 4—20; Calgary, 26—38; Edmonton, zero—38; Battleford, 4 below—18; Moose Jaw, zero—15; Qu'Appelle, 10 below—22; Winnipeg, 22 below—6; Port Arthur, 18 below—2; Parry Sound, zero—10; London, 15—17; Toronto, 15—20; Ottawa, zero—20; Montreal, zero—30; Quebec, zero—26; St. John, 22—35; Halifax, 4—12.

**Probabilities.** Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Fair and moderately cold at first, then becoming milder, with light falls of snow or rain by Wednesday. Ontario and Upper St. Lawrence—Fine and decidedly cold to-day, moderating by Wednesday. Northwest—Lawrence and Gulf—Fair and decidedly cold. West—Decreasing northwesterly and westerly winds, fair and decidedly colder.

**Superior.** Higher temperatures; partly fair; light local snow, chiefly on Wednesday. Partly fair; turning colder again by night, with light snowfalls or drizzles. Saskatchewan—Cold, with light snowfalls. Alberta—Partly fair, but some light snowfalls.

## THE BAROMETER.

Time.	Ther.	Bar.	Wind.
8 a.m.	28.8	29.8	40 W.
Noon	19	29.3	40 W.
4 p.m.	19	29.3	45 W.
8 p.m.	15	29.58	20 W.
24 hours	15	29.58	20 W.
6 a.m. below:	highest, 29; lowest, 15; snowfall, 0.2.		

## TODAY IN TORONTO.

January 31. Royal Alexandra—Edward Terry, in "The Magistrate," 8.15. Princess—When Sweet Sixteen, 8.15. Grand—Al H. Wilson, in "A German Prince," 8.15. She's—Vaudeville, 2.15 and 8.15. Star—Burlesque, 2.15 and 8.15. Gayety—Burlesque, 2.15 and 8.15. Majestic—Vaudeville, 2.15 and 8.15.

## STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

Jan. 30.	At	From
Hibernian	Portland	Glasgow
Island	Belfast	St. John
Kamara	Melbourne	St. John
Edinburgh	New York	Glasgow
Caledonia	New York	Glasgow
Columbia	Glasgow	New York
Edinburgh	Boston	Boston
Adriatic	Southampton	New York
Gotland	Antwerp	New York
Edinburgh	London	New York
Cedric	Alexandria	New York
Corican	St. John	Liverpool

## BIRTHS.

SHORE—On Monday, Jan. 30, 1911, to Rev. and Mrs. T. E. Egerton Shore, 139 St. Clair Avenue, a daughter.

TURNER—On Saturday, Jan. 28, 1911, at 75 Hurndale Avenue, to Mr. and Mrs. Turner, a son.

## MARRIAGES.

KERR—McILMOYLE. At Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 29, 1911, Mr. William Kerr, Ont., to William J. Kerr of Harris, Ont.

## DEATHS.

LAMBERT—At her late residence, 285 Euclid Avenue, Toronto, Jan. 29, 1911, Hattie Lambert, beloved daughter of Hannah Lambert and Mrs. W. Fitzgerald, Funeral notice later.

LENNEX—On Monday, Jan. 30, 1911, at 29, Annie, wife of Rev. Lambert Lennex, and daughter of the late Wm. Lennex, died at her residence, 418 Markham Street, William McConnell, in his 55th year.

Funeral Wednesday at 2.30 p.m. from St. John's Church, 30 St. John's Street, to the cemetery.

PAIR—On Monday, Jan. 30, 1911, at his late residence, Dixie, W. H. Pallett, in his 80th year.

Funeral Wednesday, Feb. 1, at 2 p.m. Interment at St. John's Cemetery, Dixie.

ROBINSON—On Monday, Jan. 31, 1911, at his late residence, 314 Pacific Avenue, Matthew G. Robinson, in his 83rd year.

Funeral Wednesday, Feb. 1, at 2 p.m. to Prospect Cemetery.

WILSON—On Sunday, Jan. 29, 1911, Charles R. Wilson, aged 72 years, residence, 38 Silver Avenue, on Tuesday, at 2 p.m. Interment in respect to the family.

## IN MEMORIAM

JOHNSTON—In loving memory of Noble Henry Johnston, who died Jan. 29, 1911. I do not forget nor do I intend. I think of him daily and will to the Sixteen years have passed, but still in my mind.

Is my dearest brother, who was so loving and kind. I cannot tell the pain he bore. I did not know he passed away and never said good-bye.

—From Sister.

mand for the reform of the senate was general. He pointed out that there were only 20 Conservatives in the commons, and the commons of 87, which was absurd. Soon there would be none. The whole difficulty he said, was that the commons was not representative and tenure of office. A strong committee of both houses should be appointed to make a study of the commons and report to the government their plan of reform.

**Use Gibbons' Toothache Gum.** Price 10c. 246

**A THRILLING EXPERIENCE**  
Caught by Ice, Jumped From Floe to Floe in the Darkness.

SAILLIT STE. MARIE, Mich., Jan. 30.—Leaping from cake to cake of the floating ice floes in the St. Mary's River last night, two men and three women reached shore safely after a thrilling experience. The party was spending the evening fishing in a shanty out on the river, when a fifty-mile gale arose, and a great mass of ice was released at the rapid and driven down stream with terrific force.

All around the fishing shanty the ice began to break and the five men and women started for the shore in a race for their lives, jumping from floe to floe in the darkness. The men took turns in helping the women, and one of the latter fainted from fright and exhaustion.

The cries of the party finally attracted attention from people on shore, who assisted in the rescue.

## PRESS CABLE RATES.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable).

## CANADIAN DUTY STAYS TILL RESTRICTIONS OFF

Sir Wilfrid Replies to Query Regarding Ambiguously Worded Pulp Regulation.

OTTAWA, Jan. 30.—(Special.)—W. F. Maclean (South York) in the house of commons to-day interpellated the government on an interpretation by the American Newspaper Publishers' Association that the reciprocity pact would mean from paper into the United States. The minister of finance is urged that, inasmuch as no export duty is imposed by any of the provinces on pulpwood cut from crown lands which enters into the manufacture of paper made in Canada, whether for home consumption, or export to the United States, then, by an ambiguously worded regulation, the real issue has been waived.

If this statement was true, Mr. Maclean pointed out that there was a joker somewhere in the wording of the arrangement. Sir Wilfrid Laurier replied that he had no information other than that contained in the correspondence before the house. Mr. Fielding, who came in to the house later when the question was renewed, said he had no information to do with the interpretations of the arrangement on the part of the United States. The fact was that the Canadian duty would not be removed until pulp and all kinds of wood from Canada was admitted free of duty and without restriction whatsoever.

**"Shabby Treatment."** Mr. N. Rhodes (Cumberland, N.S.) called the action of the government to mind that had been styled "shabby treatment" by the minister of finance on Thursday last, when the communication to the house the result of the conference in Washington.

Mr. Rhodes read an article which complained that when the presidential message was sent to congress at 4 o'clock a thousand word summary had been prepared which was at once given to the press. In Ottawa on the other hand the press had to wait for nearly two hours before any summary could be formed.

Mr. Fielding explained that the difference of time at which the arrangement could be made public at the two capitals was due to the difference in constitutional conditions. Copies of the president's message are handed out, under seal not to be released until the reading commences. In Canada the practice has been to communicate such matters first to the house of commons.

**Summary Might Have Been Prepared.** W. F. Maclean, while admitting that this was the practice, said a summary could have been prepared and handed to the press when the minister began to speak.

R. L. Borden agreed with him and said that a summary might likewise have been given to the opposition. Mr. Borden likewise said that the rule of practice would have been disregarded by the handing out of a statement more particularly as the tariff changes were only suggestive, and did not come into force on the day announced, and as a matter of fact might never be effective.

Mr. Fielding said that he could not see that there was any ground for a grievance. He had observed the usual rule, and under the rule not even the leader of the opposition was entitled to advance information.

**The Quebec Bridge.** In reply to a question by R. L. Borden, regarding the completion of the Quebec bridge, Hon. George P. Graham replied that the various tenders named dates from June, 1914, to December, 1916, all contingent upon the masonry being completed by November, 1911. He estimated the value of the bridge at \$10,000,000.

The steel in the new piers is valued at \$300,000. The total cost of the bridge, date had been \$1,164,487. The contract price for the removal of the debris of the old structure was \$67,750, of which \$44,500 had already been paid.

The following figures were furnished to E. Paquet (L'Islet): Regarding the removal of pulp and wood pulp exported into the United States for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1910:

Pulp wood	36,075,628
Wood pulp	5,204,507
Total	41,280,135

The importation of pulp and wood pulp into the United States for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1910, were:

Printing paper	\$234,730
Ruled, bordered, coated, and other papers	90,943
Paper, all kinds, n.p.	927,130
Wall papers	206,662
Wrapping paper	58,192

**Incorporation of Trust Companies.** There was long the removal in commons on a bill to incorporate the Security Trust Co., Regina, which was in the hands of W. M. Martin, member for that place. It was proposed to throw out a clause allowing directors living at a distance to give consent to proceedings in writing, when acquired in by the full board. On a division the clause was retained by a vote of 53 to 29. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Brodeur, Mr. Pugsley, Mr. Foster and Mr. Maclean (S. York) contending for the regular method.

In this connection Mr. Maclean (S. York) urged upon the minister of finance the necessity of having bills incorporating trust companies uniform, as in the case of insurance and railway legislation, and that properly tabulated returns should be made to the government by trust companies, which were becoming large factors in the money market.

Mr. Fielding admitted there was some virtue to the suggestion.

**Protection of the Public.** On the whole question of public protection Mr. Maclean said: "I believe the protection of the public in the case of banks is by public inspection, and not the double liability. I do not like to see the government evading its responsibility and putting it upon the directors and shareholders. I believe that a system of public inspection would be for the benefit of the shareholders as well as the depositors."

Hon. G. E. Foster asked whether the minister or any official of the finance department had received any communication, verbal or written, before the issue of the certificate of the treasury board to the Farmers' Bank, giving warning or suggesting an enquiry as to the standing of the promoters of the bank, or the manner in which its deposit with the government was secured.

Mr. Fielding replied: "The govern-

## Health Officer Swears Coughing Is Dangerous

In His Sworn Testimony in Trial of Toronto Street Railway, Dr. Hastings States the Danger of Being Crowded in a Closed Car Next to or Near a Cougher.

Toronto's Medical Health Officer, Dr. C. O. Hastings, was then called by Mr. Drayton. Asked if, apart from coughing and sneezing, overcrowding was dangerous, he said that any straining or sneezing was dangerous, but exhalations from coughing and sneezing were the most dangerous.

"Is it not a fact that kissing is dangerous and liable to be infectious?" asked Mr. Dewar of the witness.

"I think coughing is more dangerous."

"If your opinion is so strong as to the damage from coughing, why is it that you have not brought the matter to the attention of the City Council and ordered the City Engineer to exercise his authority to limit the number of passengers that cars may carry?"

"I have already discussed the situation with Mr. Drayton, but it is quite impossible to dispose of all the problems connected with my office at once." (From newspaper report of trial.)

Many people regard a cough as a simple incident. It is much more. Dr. Hastings simply expressed in his evidence what the medical profession has for years in-

## CURES

Croup

Whooping Cough

Severe Chest Colds

Bronchitis

Asthma

Pneumonia

La Grippe

Throat Irritation

Tickling in the Throat

Soreness and Dryness in the Throat

Irritation and Inflammation of the Bronchial Tubes and Lungs

'sisted on—that a cough means a dangerous and almost invariably an infectious condition—dangerous not only to the cougher, but to those about.

Coughs neglected lead only one way. Don't allow your cough to carry you that way a moment longer. Cure it now with Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine.

As a means of building up the system to prevent disease, and as a convalescent food to restore strength to the body after such wasting diseases as pneumonia and la grippe, there is no treatment comparable to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

With Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to enrich the blood and increase the vitality of the system, and Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine to loosen the cough, allay the inflammation and heal and soothe the ulcerated linings of the throat and bronchial tubes, you have the strongest combined treatment known to the medical profession.

In the great majority of homes, Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is kept constantly at hand as a cure for coughs and colds and preventive of such serious diseases as pneumonia and consumption.

## Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine

25 cents a bottle; family size, three times as much, 60 cents, at all dealers, or portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. To protect you against imitations, the on every bottle.

## SALARIES SOAR AGAIN SCHOOL BOARD LIBERAL

Teachers and Officials Share in Fresh Distribution of Plums.

School trustees may come and go, but apparently salaries increase to teachers and officials are to continue indefinitely.

C. A. B. Brown's finance committee of the board of education last night made numerous salary recommendations in behalf of their 130 sister teachers of the fifth to ninth years to ask an increase of \$50 to place them in what they felt was their proper proportion to those of the fourth year.

The medical inspection recommended was sent to the board as drafted. An increase of \$600 was granted Dr. Embree for additional services.

Assistant principals were recommended an increase of \$100 per year, minimum to be \$1000 and the maximum \$1500.

On account of doing commercial work, Misses Emily Bagg (Dufferin), Josephine B. Griffin (Wellesley), and Bells A. Clarke (Givens) were recommended \$50 above their regular salaries.

Misses F. Simms and L. Carruthers were granted an increase of \$50 each for teaching special classes for defective pupils.

The manual training assistants were recommended an increase of \$100, and a maximum salary was placed at \$1500.

Kindergarten assistants were granted \$150 per day and domestic science assistants \$200.

An increase of 5 per cent. was recommended for the caretakers. Superintendent of Buildings Bishop recommended that his assistant, Mr. Waste, have his salary increased from \$200 to \$2400, and other lesser increases for the office staff.

Five shop foremen are raised \$50 each. Mr. Kerr, the clerk of supplies, was granted an increase of \$200; Mr. Lennox, \$100, and all the office staff received a recognition of \$50 increase.

Inspectors Bruce and Elliot were both recommended an increase of \$100, and a maximum salary was placed at \$3000.

**Ennisville Lodge Social.** Nearly 200 members and friends of Ennisville Purple Star L. O. E. L. No. 711, turned out to their social entertainment in Victoria Hall last night. The proceeds of the event will go to the furtherance of the hospital fund.

## Order GodCrust Bread To-day---

If you enjoy good eating, in particular good bread, don't miss having God Crust on your table seven days in the week.

At all good grocers or delivered regularly at your door by a courteous driver or

At any of our branches

150 Bay St.—Main 740	437 King W.—Main 357
46 King E.—Main 1410	563 Bloor W.—Coll. 1843
446 Spadina—Coll. 65	784 Yonge—North 547
1408 Queen W.—Park 479	452 King W.—Main 5919
399 Roncesvalles—Park 4108	355 Broadview—North 4624

Wasmills Main 7372

## ASKS CITY TO PROTEST AGAINST TARIFF DEAL

Controller Church's Resolution Calls For Popular Vote on Reciprocity.

The reciprocity issue will come up before the board of control at its morning session. It will be introduced by Controller Church with the following resolution:

"Whereas a bill is before the parliament of Canada, now in session to materially alter the fiscal system of Canada, and materially alter the tariff, by which we people of the Dominion of Canada have become a happy, prosperous, and successful nation, enjoying, as we do, our own economic independence of the United States embracing, as it substantially does our own markets for our own products and our own work for our own products."

And whereas without reciprocity with the United States, our fiscal policy has become a success and Canada a nation by virtue of her own economic independence of the United States."

And whereas a reciprocity agreement without the consent of the people of Canada has been openly entered into to subvert, hinder and defeat the expressed intention and vote of the people of Canada regarding reciprocity and the present fiscal policy of the Dominion expressed at the polls from 1888 to date.

**Resolution of Protest.** "Be it resolved that the board of control recommend the city council as follows:

(a) To pass a petition protesting to the Dominion Government against the enacting of said reciprocity treaty agreement or connections as being subversive and inimical to the best interests of the people of Canada as a whole, and the Canadian people, and an unjust and unwarranted attack on the present success and prosperity of the country, the future success of federation and the British preference;

(b) That we respectfully request the representatives of the City of Toronto in the house of commons by every lawful means to hinder and prevent such an agreement passing the said house of commons without the consent or expression of the people of Canada;

**Asks Referendum.** ("c) That as it is further the opinion of this council that such an unjust and unwarranted agreement should not be signed, sealed and decreed without the authority, sanction, approval and consent of the people of Canada, so expressed at the polls that the parliament of Canada should follow the precedents established by many of the municipalities of England regarding the fiscal affairs of the United Kingdom and submit the said Fiedling-Paterson agreement to a vote of the wisdom and judgment of the people of Canada, or that the said administration of the day should appeal to the country for its approval as a condition precedent thereto, inasmuch as the administration at present has no authority or mandate from the people of Canada, to enter into such a new and very reactionary agreement; so submitted at a hearing to-morrow on the fresh fish clause of the proposed reciprocity agreement between Canada and the United States."

(e) That his worship the mayor, if deemed necessary, be requested to convene a meeting of the citizens in Massey Hall to protest against such an agreement being entered into without the authority and consent of the people of Canada, and in opposition to the present and future best interests of the country."

**Fishing Interests Protest.** GLOUCESTER, Mass., Jan. 30.—A committee representing the fisheries industry of this city left for Washington late to-day to appear as protesting at a hearing to-morrow on the fresh fish clause of the proposed reciprocity agreement between Canada and the United States.

**Killing Salt Industry.** WINDSOR, Jan. 30.—E. G. Hender-

## MANAGER OF THE CANADIAN SALT WORKS THIS CITY, DECLARES THAT THE PLACING OF SALT ON THE FREE LIST MEANS THE EXTINCTION OF THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS.

"Salt is largely over-produced in the United States," he said, "and now they may dump that commodity into this country without hindrance, while we are denied competition by many hand-saps."

**Meeting of Protest.** LONDON, Jan. 30.—The Canadian Associated Press learns that the preliminary steps are being taken by a committee of Canadians for a mass meeting here to protest against the reciprocity agreement with the States.

**Endorse the McCall Bill.** BOSTON, Jan. 30.—Representative Cushing of Boston offered resolutions in the house this afternoon endorsing the president's reciprocity plan, and the McCall bill in congress. The resolutions were referred to the committee on rules.

**Thinks it Insufficient.** OTTAWA, Jan. 30.—In an interview to-day, Mr. Medgen of Portage la Prairie expressed dissatisfaction with the reduction of duty on agricultural implements as proposed in the reciprocity schedule. He thinks it insufficient and will reintroduce his resolution on the subject.

**Want Bounties Renewed.** OTTAWA, Jan. 30.—Representatives of the Dominion Steel Company who are in the city are urging the renewal of the steel bounties which expire in June. One argument is that it would offset, or tend to, the effect of the proposed reciprocity agreement upon this industry.

**Oppose Reciprocity.** COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 30.—Representative Wilber to-day introduced in the house a resolution calling on congress not to ratify the proposed tariff agreement with Canada, on the ground that it would menace American agriculture.

**MORE POWER FOR MONTREAL.** MONTREAL, Jan. 30.—(Special.)—The Montreal Light, Heat and Power Co. made a new contract to-day with the Shawinigan Company, by which they agree to take 63,000 horsepower from the company, or an additional annual amount of 40,000 horsepower.

**St. Alban's Lodge.** St. Alban's Lodge, No. 18, of the S. O. E. B. held their 22nd anniversary celebration in the S. O. E. hall last night, the affair taking the form of a concert and dance. Many singers and other musicians added to the pleasure of the program