

the World's Fair, in the shape of axe and tool handles, and was much admired ; being so tough, the handles of tools can be made lighter and more handy than with any other wood, not even excepting White Ash. We have also a very large supply of Bird's-Eye Maple, so called, from the polished wood resembling bird's-eyes, and which I have seen in large quantities condemned to the log-fire, along with other very valuable woods, such as Rock Elm, White Oak, White Ash, Black Cherry, Bass, or White wood, (the Lime-tree of this country), and Black Birch and Black Oak and Beech, and many others, ruthlessly dragged to the mighty pile to be burned, to make room for the growth of human food.

Timber, however, has of late become a much more valuable article, and there is not now the same ruthless destruction that there used to be. The saw mills of the country, now so wonderfully increased in number and power, supply a demand for the best descriptions of timber, for which the manufacturers find a very ready sale in the United States, and the railroads will, in their *formation*, create some demand, as well as in the facilities of furnishing supplies to other consumers, which they will everywhere present.

This is a very important feature in the advancement of Canada, that our splendid forests containing the timbers I have named above, as well as red and white Pine to an unlimited extent, and also Tamarac

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