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tity, and l exports one hunes it has o fifteen le finest, pose the een, and White sashes, bingles, out to in shooks, an immense quantity being annually shipped to the West Indian markets. In ship-building it is used for water-ways in vessels of the seven years class, and for finishing the interior of ships' cabins, and is found to be very suitable for masts, bowsprits, &c. It is likewise converted into baulks, deals and scantling for export to Great Britain and elsewhere. The baulks in many cases square over three and four feet. This wood is of a light color, is easily worked, makes a good appearance, and when devoid of sap and properly seasoned, will last for a long time.

RED PINE. — The Red Pine grows to a height of seventy and cighty feet, and two feet in diameter. It is much impregnated with resinous matter, grows exceedingly straight, and is quite free from limbs until near the extreme end. The grain of this wood is coarse, but when devoid of sap, (of which this tree bears a large proportion,) is said to be durable. It is used pretty generally for the planking of ships, and owing to its elasticity, the ship-builder holds it in much esteem for hooding ends. Pumps for coasting and inland vessels are invariably made from this wood; and for abatments, piles, and planking for wharves, it is very much in repute.

PRINCE'S PINE. — This tree is very numerous in various parts of the Province. In height and diameter it somewhat exceeds the Red Pine. The fibre bears a striking resemblance to Southern Pitch Pine, which is indigenous to milder latitudes. The grain appears to be very resinous. The Prince's Pines are generally found in low land, and present an exceedingly picturesque appearance. The timber prepared from the tree under notice, is devoid of knots, and makes rather clean work.

ELM.

Ulmus.

There are two species of Elm — the Red and White. They are very numerous, and to be found in various localities throughout the Province. In many cases the white exceeds ninety feet in height, and attains a circumference of twelve feet; while the red, although lofty, is scarcely to be found of so large proportions. The appearance of both species of the Elm tree is very imposing, the foliage being very luxuriant, and the trunk bearing the same proportions from the base to within a few feet of the summit.

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