synopsis we give of the matches. The targets and scoring are substiantially the same as ours; all the shooting at 200 yards is in the standing position.

NO. 1. DIRECTOR'S MATCH. Five shots at 200 yards, open only to directors of the N. R. A.; any military rifle, including specials. J. S. Shepherd The sixth prize was taken with twelve points. NO. 2. JUDD MATCH. Open to all comers; any military rifle, including specials; 200 yards; 7 rounds; the aggregate of two scores to count for the first five prizes.

 II. R. Anderson
 31 34 65

 T. J. Dolan
 32 32 64

 J. S. Shepherd
 31 32 63

 G. B. Thompson
 31 32 63

 27th place taken with 31.

NO. 3. WIMBLEDON CUP MATCH. Open to all citizens and residents of the United States; 1,000 yards, 30 shots; any rifle within the rules; cleaning allowed; position, any without artificial rest.

Mr. Todd also won the cup last year.

NO. 4. PRESIDENT'S MATCH FOR THE MILITARY CHAMPIONSHIP OF U.S. A.

First stage, 7 shots at 200 and 500 yards; open to all members of the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps, or the National Guard. Second stage—open to all prize winners in the first stage; 10 shots at 600 yards; position, any; rifles same as in first stage, but .50 calibre Remington State model will receive one point allowance.

F. W. Yates	E. F. Young 30 34	64
Second	Stage.	
F. W. Yates 44	M. Doolan	45

J. K. Green..... 45 N. D. Harrell...... 44

NO. 5. THE SHORKLEY MATCH.

Any military rifle, including specia's; 10 shots at 800, 900, and 1,000 yards, any position.

The prize list includes scores made with Remington Sporting, Sharp's Military, Lee, and other rifles. Twelfth place was taken with 107, with a sporting rifle.

NO. 6. CONTINUOUS MATCH.

7 shots at 200 yards; any rifle within the rules: military rifles allowed one point on cach score, provided they are not cleaned between shots, and such handicap to be added to the competitor's first shot below five. The aggregate of three scores to count for each of the first five prizes.

John Corrie 35 35 33 103 Fifth place was taken with 101, twenty-eighth place, two scores, with 62.

NO. 7. GOVERNOR'S MATCH.

Seven shots at 500 yards, any position, any military, including specials. The aggregate of three scores to count for first five prizes, aggregate of two scores to count for the others. Two points allowed on the aggregate of the three scores in the first five prizes to State model rifles of 50 cal., one point allowed on aggregate of the two scores.

T. J. Dolan 102 won 5th place and 60 (2 scores) 18th place.

NO. 8. ALL-COMERS' AND MARKSMEN'S BADGE MATCH.

Five shots at 200 and 500 yards, prone at 500, Remington 50-cal.

Shepherd. J. S. Twenty-sixth place taken with 23, 20-43.

NO. 9. BROOKLYN FURNPTURE COMPANY MATCH.

Open to reams of four from any regiment, company or battery in Second Divisien, N.G., S.N.Y.: Remington rifle, State model, 7 rounds at 2.0 and 500 yards, prone at 500 yards. Twenty-third Regiment, team B..... 110 123 233

NO. 10. HILTON TROPHY MATCH.

Open to teams of 12, from the Army, the Navy, the National Guards, U.S., the Regular Army, the Militia, the Volunteer, the Navy of any country; 7 shots at 200, 500 and 600 yards; any position at 500 and 600 yards; any military rifle which has been adopted as an official arm by any State or government; ammunition, any.

Military Division of Atlantic (U.S. Springfield)	997
New York State team (Remington 50-cal)	968
Pennsylvania State team (Springfield 45-cal)	937
The best individual score was 92.	901

NO. 11. SHORT RANGE TEAM MATCH.

Open to teams of four, from any club or military organization; 10 shots at 2°0 yards; any rifle within the rules; military rifle teams allowed 6 points, provided none of the team clean out between shots. AC 15 45 44 100 Zettler Rifle Club

N. R. A. Club (allowanco 6)	45 40 42 49	180

NO. 12. INTER-STATE MILITARY MATCH.

Open to one team from each State and Territory in the U.S., consisting of twelve mem-bers of the regularly organized and uniformed National Guard or militia; 10 shots at 200 and 500 yards, at 500 yards prone; any military rifle which has been adopted as an official arm by any State or Government.

Pennsylvania. Highest score, 43, 47-90; lowest, 78.1,014, also won last year.

NO. 14. NEW YORK STATE NATIONAL GUARD MATCH.

Open to teams of 12 from each regiment, battalion or soparate company of infantry of the National Guard of the State of New York; 5 rounds at 200 and 500 yards, prone at 500 yards; Remington rifle, State model. Twenty-third Regiment, Brooklyn...... 231 247 478

Best score 44

NO. 15. FIRST DIVISION NATIONAL GUARD MATCH.

Restricted to 1st Div. N.G., S.N.Y., a similar match to the last.

No. 16. A similar match for the second division.

NO. 17. GENEBAL SHERIDAN'S SKIRMISHERS' MATCH.

Open to teams of 6 from the Regular Army, Navy, Marine Corps, National Guard, vol-unteers or militia of any country, State or Territory, 600 to 200 yards and return, second-class targets, the military rifle with which the organization has been regularly armed, unless such be a magazine gun, in which case any military rifle which has been adopted as an official arm by any State or government. an official arm by any State or government. Fourth Artillery...... 291 268 210 769

NO. 18. "ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL" MATCH.

Open only to members of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and National Guard or Militia of any State or Territory : rifle, the U.S. service, 45-cal., or the Remington State model, 50-cal.; 200 yards, 7 shots.

NO. 19. CHAMBERS STREET MATCH.

All comers, 500 yards, 7 thots each. position any; any rifle within the rules; no cleaning allowed; military and special military rifles will be allowed one point each score, the aggregate of two scores to count for each of the prizes.

L. Geiger, with no points; J. S. Shepherd, T. J. Dolan, C. H. Gaus and Geo. Joiner with one point each, and J. F. Kline with two points allowed all made double possibles, 70 points; 61 took 20th place.

BRIGADE CAMPS.

The brigade camps are over, and they have been on the whole most successful. That at Kingston, thanks to the energy and executive ability of Col. Villiers, ably seconded by Col. Kirkpatrick and the officers of the Royal Military College, proved most interesting and instructive not only to men but also to officers. Kingston should be selected as the regular camping ground. It it be not desirous to trespass on the grounds of the college, a space large enough to encamp 3,000 men could readily be selected on the heights; and a 'ne parade ground is there now, for men learn drill more quickly on rough than on smooth ground.

In connection with brigade camps we have long thought our battalions, as now organized, are rendered inefficient, by a defect easily remedied. We refer to the six companies of forty-two men each, including the band, which compose most of our rural battalions. Not to discuss the subject, we simply outline our plan. Each rural battalion should consist of not less than seven companies, exclusive of the band. This would give one company daily to be broken up in succession for duties, leaving six good ones for parade, a right and a left wing of three each. The men remaining from the duty company would, of course, be distributed among those on parade. The band should be extra, thus allowing no captain the excuse of coming to camp with a handful of men in the hope that the band might be attached to him. The staffsergeants also should be over the company strength.

Another point to be considered is, should small cities and large towns have regular battalions? We believe it would be much better both for the force and for the city or town if the battalions in such places were provisional, i.e., of four companies. There would then require to be but one major and a smaller staff. Let us take Belleville for example. There are the 15th battalion, six companies ; and one of the 49th, all drawn from a population of ten thousand souls, or a draft nearly equal to a war conscription. We respectfully submit that under such circumstances a four company battalion would be better. Let the two extra companies be given to the 49th, which covers a district in which troops might readily be required to assist in restoring law and order.

Of course we think our plan a good one, and shall be glad to hear the views of others on the subject. - Victoria Warder.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE RELATIVE POSITIONS OF STAFF-SERGEANTS.

To the Editor of the Canadian Militia Gazette :

Will you please publish a list according to seniority of the non-commissioned officers attached to our Infantry School Corps. I do not mean the names of the several non-coms attached to the several schools, but simply the ranks held by them, according to seniority, from Sergt.-Major down. I ask the question merely to decide where the rank "Staff-Sergt. Instructor" comes in. Also please say if a Pioneer-Sergt. is a Staff-Sergt.

By publishing the above asked for information in an early issue of. THE GAZETTE you will confer a favor on

"A ROVAL GRENADIER

[The relative standing of the various non-commissioned officers is shown by para. 469 of the regulations and orders for the Militia, 1883, with the single exception of the Quarter Master Sergeauts, who should come next after the Sergt .-Major. The Sergeant Instructors are, consequently, senior to the Bugle-Major, but junior to the Sergt-Major and Q. M. S. There is no Canadian regulation to define the position of a Pioneer-Sergt; but he is not recognized as a Staff-Sergt., and must therefore be classed with the Company Sergeants, according to seniority. Section 7, para. 152 Q. R., defines his position as that of a sergeant, and in the army he ranks as a company or "stripe" sergeant.

This also covers the enquiry of "A Militiaman," Toronto, made a few days previously.-EDITOR.]