

here within three years, he shall be put in the House of Correction. This they call "taking measures to prevent the occurrences of such imposition." But really there seems so little probability that any Irishman once fairly at home shall come back here for the purpose of being tried for the offence of going, that we doubt whether the imposition would be materially checked. The true way for the Commonwealth to save its money and its reputation, is to repeal the wretched statute under which these cruel exiles have been practised, and these voluntary travellers sent out with "dead-heads."—Boston Daily Advertiser.

ONLY AN IRISHMAN.—When Concannon, Callan, Doherty and M'Dermott, were inhumanly slaughtered for no other offence but their Irish birth, in broad daylight, and no trials followed, we were told that bad as was the spirit manifested, it was the spirit of Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and New Jersey, not the spirit of the country. When the aged Mr. Quinn and above twenty of his countrymen and women were savagely put to death in Louisville, on Monday, August 6th, '54, we were told again that the country was not answerable for Louisville; that the river ruffians were beyond all control of law and opinion; that their deeds ought not be charged upon the country in general. We answered to that argument that "the country" had never disclaimed these outrages or denounced their authors, yet we were quite willing to let it go to the world, and be believed by as many as could command credulity enough for its reception.

A sad and conspicuous case has at last arisen to test the justice of the country, where the guilty party is a native and the victim is Irish. At the hour of eleven in the forenoon, a Member of Congress, in the dining-room of the most frequented hotel in the Federal Capital, assails a waiter as "a damned Irish son of a b—h," because he will not violate the rules of the house; then draws a pistol from his pocket, holds the waiter with one hand and shoots him dead with the other. Here is as plain a case of noonday murder as ever stained the calendar. It is committed by a Member of Congress, by one chosen and sworn to uphold the legal Constitution of the country, by one who represents the character, as well as the legislative authority, of the country, by one who, if abroad, would justly expect to be treated as a representative of the American people—as one of the rulers of this republic.

What follows? Do the officers of the law so conspicuously outraged, use their best efforts to punish the high placed criminal? Does their civic courage rise in proportion to the standing of the formidable offender? No such thing. The very officers of the law instantly combine to protect the murderer and defeat the ends of justice. The Marshal (Hoover) lodges the "honorable" criminal in his own house, thus taking him at once out of the common category; the prosecuting officer (Key) is missing during the preliminary examination; the two Justices agree to "be divided," but neither tells us which was for, or which against committal without bail; finally, \$10,000 bail is taken for the Californian Thug, who the very next day, with his ungloved blood stained hands, walks into the hall, and takes his seat among the legislators of the country.

But the most atrocious circumstance is still to come. Had Herbert been caught picking a pocket on Pennsylvania Avenue, he would have been instantly expelled from the House. As it is, some of the members, desirous to do their duty and save the credit of the country, move an inquiry into his offence. A shameful debate followed.

Now, in relation to that division on Herbert's case, we have a duty to perform, and we shall not shrink from discharging it. That duty is, to announce in unmistakable terms to the adopted citizens of Irish birth throughout the country, that the Democratic party in Congress, have shamefully deserted their own professions of impartiality between different classes of citizens, and that they have, as plainly as deeds can speak, declared the murder of a man of Irish birth by one of their colleagues to be a trifle wholly unworthy even of inquiry. Is the Democratic party mad, or is it only rotten, that it should so belie itself? With half a dozen exceptions every man of the majority for Keating's murderer is a professed "Democrat." What then does it mean? Or can it mean anything but one thing—that an Irishman born, however peaceable or loyal, is only fit to be used by the Democratic party, and when used, set up for a target, and shot with impunity. This is what it means, and to this meaning we shall hold the entire party. We hold Mr. Pierce, Mr. Douglas, and Mr. Buchanan, responsible for this conduct of their confidants and supporters. They were all in Washington; it was for days the topic of the town; if their friends have taken sides against the victim and against common justice, they are not wholly above suspicion. A few days ago the blood of Thomas Keating was on the hands of but one Democrat; it has spread since then, and it is now upon the souls of the 79, who refused all inquiry. It is on the Democratic party, as a party, and accused be he who helps such a party into power, until that blood is lawfully purged away.

Let them not suppose this matter is going to drop here. One who seldom drops anything has it now in hand, and he distinctly warns the Democratic Representatives at Washington, that if justice is not done on the murderer Herbert, they will be held accountable, as the party who interposed to screen and protect him from the penalty of his guilt.—American Celt.

A SOLVENT FOR NEW YORK PREJUDICE.—It is not many months since a colored man came to this city from abroad. A New York merchant had been in business connection with him for several years, and from that business connection had realized a fortune, and felt that he must treat him kindly. When Sunday came he invited him to go to church with him. He went, and the merchant took him into his own pew near the pulpit, in a fashionable church. There was a prominent member of the church near the merchant, who saw this with the utmost amazement. He looked, and looked again. He could not be mistaken—it was a genuine "nigger," and not a counterfeit. Midway in his sermon the minister discovered him, and was so confused by it that he lost his place and almost broke down. After services, the man who sat near the merchant went to him, and in great indignation asked, "What does that mean?" "What does that mean?" "That you should bring a nigger into this church?" "It is my pew." "Your pew, is it! And because it is your pew you must insult the whole congregation?" "He is intelligent and educated," answered the merchant. "What do I care for that;

he is a nigger!" "But he is a friend of mine." What of that? Must you therefore insult the whole congregation?" "But he is a christian and a member of the same denomination." "What do I care for that? Let him worship with his nigger Christians." "But he is worth five million dollars," said the merchant.—"Worth what?" "Worth five million dollars!" "For God's sake introduce me to him," was the reply.

NEW WAY OF APPLYING LEECHES.—"Well my good woman," said the doctor, "how is your husband to-day?—Better no doubt."

"Oh, yes surely," said the woman. "He is as well as ever and gone to the field."

"I thought so," continued the doctor—"the leeches have cured him. Wonderful effect they have. You have got the leeches of course?"

"Oh yes, they did him a good deal of good, though he could not take them all."

"Take them all? Why, my good woman, how did you apply them to him?"

"Oh, I managed nicely," said the wife looking quite contented with herself. "For variety sake, I boiled one-half and made a fry of the other. The first he got down very well, but the second made him very sick. But what he took was quite enough," continued she, seeing some horror in the doctor's countenance, for he was better the next morning, and to-day he is quite well."

A VERY LUCID EXPLANATION OF A DARK POINT.—Two men whose vocation for ploughing and chopping wood had been changed by the doctrine of private judgment to that of expounders of "the word," were once at loggerheads on a general Scripture question. The one maintained that there are no such things as miracles recorded in the Bible, that everything was natural, as natural" to use his own expression, "as rolling off from a log."

His adversary objected to him the resurrection of Lazarus and told him he would like to see him explain that on natural principles.

"Well," said he, "I admit that Lazarus was dead; but when he was brought out into the air and the sun shone on him, and there was so much noise and talk about him, why, you see, the life kinder come right back to him!"

PREMATURE BURIALS.—The haste which some people manifest to write their friends' obituaries often gives rise to grave mistakes, which would be ludicrous were it not for the solemnity with which the subject is invested. In the year 1832, while the cholera was raging in this city, those who died of the epidemic were sometimes buried with an indecent haste and lack of ceremony, which under other circumstances, the public would not have tolerated.—Late one afternoon an honest citizen was just sitting down to dinner, and preparing to rest after the fatigues of the day, when his dream to comfort was suddenly interrupted by the ringing of his door-bell. He went to the door, and was met by a strange face, which seemed to have some connection with a dead-cart, with all the paraphernalia of hasty burial, which a second glance told him was stationed in front of his dwelling. The unexpected visitor attempted some apology, but it was impossible to conceal the fact, that he had called on unpleasant business—in fact, to transport the master of the house to the nearest cemetery, whose synonym—the place appointed for all living—seemed suddenly to have acquired an interpretation which was probably never contemplated by the psalmist. The gentleman refused, certainly with some show of reason, to enter the vehicle, at least, he added, till after dinner, and returned to discuss that meal with what relish he might. Not long ago, a dead body was taken from the water at Alexandria, Virginia. Having been recognised and claimed by the wife of a citizen as the corpse of her husband, it was duly borne to the grave, with due solemnity, followed by the widow and children in all the habiliments of woe. Several days passed, when the husband and father whose funeral had lately been celebrated, suddenly returned, in the full enjoyment of perfect health. The surprise with which he was greeted, and his own at learning what had occurred, may be imagined. The sequel of this strange story did not terminate so happily. The sexton, it seems, had run up a large bill for funeral expenses, which the city authorities refused to allow, and the consequence was that the man actually had to pay for his own burial.

More recently, at South Boston, a man stepped off from the Old Colony Railroad bridge into the water, and was drowned. From papers found on his person it was supposed that he was a French bootmaker who resided in Philadelphia. A telegraphic despatch was accordingly sent to his family, informing them of their bereavement, and asking for instructions respecting the disposal of the body. The Boston authorities received a prompt reply from the reported dead man, stating that since, according to the best of his belief, he was alive and well, they might for the present suspend all solicitude about his remains.

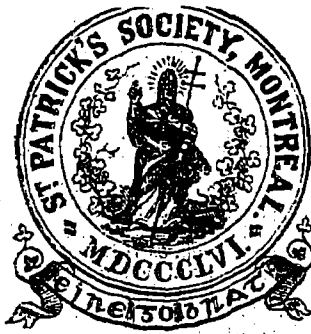
DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

This great medicine has supplanted all others for the cure of diseases of the Liver. Its effects are so salutary and speedy, and at the same time so perfectly safe, that it is not surprising it should supersede all others. Invented by a very distinguished physician of Virginia, who practised in a region of country in which Hepatic, or Liver Complaint, is peculiarly formidable and common, and who had spent years in discovering the ingredients and proportioning their quantities, these Pills are peculiarly adapted to every form of the disease, and never fail to alleviate the most obstinate cases of that terrible complaint. They have justly become celebrated; and the researches of Dr. McLane have placed his name among the benefactors of mankind. No one having symptoms of this formidable complaint, should be without these invaluable Pills. Have you a pain in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, which increases with pressure—unable to lie with ease on the left side—with occasional, sometimes constant, pain under the shoulder-blade, frequently extending to the top of the shoulder? Rely upon it, that although the latter pains are sometimes taken for rheumatic, they all arise from disease of the Liver; and if you would have relief, go instantly and buy a box of Dr. McLane's Liver Pills.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. McLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, and take none else. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. McLane's Liver Pills, also his Celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and Canada.

LYMANS, SAVAGE & Co., St. Paul Street, Wholesale Agents for Montreal.

Lately, in an action of ejectment, tried before Mr. Justice Williams, at Carmarthen, the jury, after an absence of two hours, returned the following verdict: "We don't know nothing about it—no, not we."



THE regular MONTHLY MEETING of ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY will be held at ST. PATRICK'S HALL, on MONDAY EVENING next, the 2nd of June, at EIGHT o'clock.

N.B.—Cards of Membership will be ready for distribution.

By order, T. C. COLLINS, Rec. Sec.

WANTED,

FOR the CATHOLIC SEPARATE SCHOOL of WILLIAMSTOWN, GLENGARRY, a TEACHER holding at least a Second Class Certificate of qualification. Personal application immediately to be made to G. E. Clerk, Esq., TACE WITNESS OFFICE, Montreal, C. E., from whom the necessary information can be obtained. May 28, 1856.

WANTED,

FOR the CATHOLIC SEPARATE SCHOOL at CANIFTON, a Duly Qualified Teacher holding a Second Class Certificate, who is qualified to Teach both the French and English language. A liberal salary will be given. Application to be made to the undersigned Trustees. JOHN BYRON, SIMON McCAFFREY.

May 28, 1856.

CAREY, BROTHERS, CATHOLIC BOOKSELLERS,

24 St. John Street, Quebec.

BEG to call attention to the following new and standard CATHOLIC WORKS:

- All for Jesus; or, The Easy Ways of Divine Love. 2 6
By the Rev. F. W. Faber, D.D.
Growth in Holiness; or, The Progress of the Spiritual Life. By the same Author. 2 6
The Blessed Sacrament; or, The Works and Ways of God. By the same Author. 2 6
Lingard's History of England, in Svols.; Paris edition 39 0
McGeoghegan's History of Ireland, in strong and handsome binding. 12 6
Mooney's History of the Antiquities, Men, Music, Literature, and Architecture of Ireland. 17 6
The Complete Works of the Right Rev. Dr. England, Bishop of Charleston. 50 0
Miscellaneous; a collection of Reviews, Lectures, and Essays. By the Right Rev. Dr. Spalding, Bishop of Louisville. 10 0
History of the Catholic Missions. By J. G. Shea. 8 0
Principles of Church Authority; or, Reasons for Recalling my Subscription to the Royal Supremacy. By the Rev. R. J. Wilberforce, M.A. 3 9
Trials of a Mind. By Dr. Ives. 2 6
The Christian Virtues, and the Means for obtaining them. By St. Alphonsus Liguori. 3 12
Catholic History of America. 2 6
Lectures and Letters of Rev. Dr. Cahill. 2 6
Letters on the Spanish Inquisition. 2 6
Life of St. Ignatius Loyola. By Father Daniel Barolotti. 3 vols. 10 0
The Jesuits—their studies and teachings. By the Abbe Maynard. 3 9
The Pope, and the Cause of Civilization. By De Maistre. 6 3
Questions of the Soul. By Hecker. 3 9
Eucharistica. By the Most Rev. Dr. Walsh. 3 12
Life of St. Rose of Lima. 2 6
Life of Blessed Mary Ann of Jesus. 2 6
Tales of the Sacraments. By Miss Agnew. 3 9
Bertha; or, The Pope and the Emperor. 2 6
Florine; A Tale of the Crusades. 3 9
Prophet of the Ruined Abbey. 2 6
The Cross and the Shamrock. 2 6
The Lion of Flanders. 3 9
Veva; or, The Peasant War in Flanders. 3 9
Ricketicketack. By Hendrik Conscience. 3 9
Tales of Old Flanders. 3 9
The Blakes and Flanagan's. 3 9
Life and Times of St. Bernard. 5 0
Lives of the Early Martyrs. 3 9
Fabiola. By Cardinal Wiseman. 3 9
Well! Well!! By Rev. M. A. Wallace. 3 9
Witch of Melton Hill. 2 6
Travels in England, France, Italy, and Ireland. By the Rev. G. H. Haskins. 2 6
Besides a general and well assorted Stock of Bibles, Prayer Books, Doctrinal and Controversial Works.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have just published, with the permission of His Lordship the Bishop of Tioa, Administrator of the Diocese of Quebec,

A PRACTICAL CATECHISM

OF THE SUNDAYS, FEASTS, AND FASTS,

THROUGHOUT THE YEAR.

200 pages. Price 9d. Sent, free of Post, on receipt of the price in Postage stamps.

CAREY, BROTHERS, Catholic Bookstore, 24 St. John Street, Quebec.

May 7th, 1856.

M'DUNNOUGH, MUIR & Co.,

185 Notre Dame Street, Montreal,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, DIRECT FROM PARIS,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS, GOLD ORNAMENTS, &c.,

For the use of the Clergy and Religious Communities.

—ALSO,—

A WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, SMALL

WARES, TRIMMINGS, &c. &c.

N.B.—Last Year's DRESSES at Half Price.

Terms.—CASH, AND ONLY ONE PRICE.

May 9.

INFORMATION WANTED,

OF MICHAEL CLIFFORD, a native of Cork, Ireland, who left his native place a few years ago for the city of Toronto, C.W. Direct to the TRUE WITNESS Office.

BAZAAR FOR THE PROVIDENCE CONVENT.

This Bazaar, in aid of the funds of the Providence Convent, under the patronage of the Mayorress, will be opened in the Hall of the MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, Great St. James Street, on TUESDAY, the THIRD of JUNE; and will remain open for several days.

The doors will be opened each day at two o'clock in the afternoon. There will be, a well kept and abundantly furnished Refreshment Table, a table for lotteries, another with an elegant assortment of children's dresses, and a large collection of elegant objects offered to raffle. Every day, from two to four o'clock, there will be a raffle and lottery expressly for the children.

All persons desirous of contributing to this charitable work, are respectfully invited to forward their donations as soon as possible, either to the Directors, or to the Providence Asylum.

MONTREAL MODEL SCHOOL.

THIS SCHOOL will be REMOVED on the first of MAY next, to that large Stone Building lately erected by the Catholic School Commissioners, at the corner of Cote and Vitre streets.

Parents and Guardians are positively assured that the greatest possible attention is, and will be paid to the moral and literary training of the children composing this School.

No Teachers are or will be engaged except those thoroughly competent, and of good moral character.

There are vacancies for sixteen Boarders and a great many Day Pupils. The Principal receives Boarders as members of his family, and in every respect treats them as his own children. Board and Tuition, or Tuition, extremely moderate. There will be an extra charge for Music, Drawing, and the higher branches of Mathematics.

The French department is conducted by Mons. P. Gar-not.

On no account whatever will any boys be allowed to remain in the School but those of exemplary good conduct.

For further particulars apply to the Principal. The most convenient time is from 4 to 5 o'clock, P.M.

W. DORAN, Principal, Member of the Catholic Board of Examiners. Montreal, March 13, 1856.

INFORMATION WANTED.

OF JAMES CULLIGAN, a native of Money Point, Co. Clare, Ireland, who left Montreal in July last; when last heard from was at New Castle, near Toronto, C.W. Any information of him will be thankfully received by his sister, Ellen Culligan, 38 St. Charles Lorrance Street, Montreal, C.E.; or at this Office.

Toronto papers will confer a favor on a poor girl by inserting the above.

CENTRE OF FASHION!

MONTREAL

CLOTHING STORE,

85 McGill Street, 85

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

D. CAREY

IS NOW RECEIVING, and will continue to receive, a splendid assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS;

Consisting of BROAD BEAVER and PILOT CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DOESKINS, TWEEDS and VESTINGS.

Constantly for sale, an extensive and general stock of

FASHIONABLE READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Of every description, which cannot, in point of advantage to the buyer, be surpassed by that of any house in the trade. Also—Shirts, Collars, Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, Braces, Gloves, &c. &c.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

The services of RANCOUR, the celebrated CUTTER, having been secured, a grand combination of Fashion and Elegance, together with a Correct Fit, will characterize the Custom Department. September 30.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber begs to notify his Friends and the Public generally, that on the 1st May next, he will REMOVE his HORSE-SHOEING SHOP from Haymarket Square to 23 St. Bonaventure, and corner of Little St. Antoine Streets, where he will carry on the HORSE-SHOEING BUSINESS as heretofore.

Feb. 15, 1856.

JAMES MALONEY.



EMIGRATION.

PARTIES desirous of bringing out their friends from Europe, are hereby notified, that the Chief Agent for Emigration has received the sanction of the Provincial Government to a plan for facilitating the same, which will obviate all risks of loss or misapplication of the Money.

Upon payment of any sum of money to the Chief Agent, a Certificate will be issued at the rate of Five Dollars for the Pound Sterling, which Certificate on transmission will secure a passage from any Port in the United Kingdom by Vessels bound to Quebec.

These Certificates may be obtained on application to the Chief Agent at Quebec; A. B. Hawke, Esq., Chief Emigrant Agent, Toronto; or to

HENRY CHAPMAN & Co., Montreal.

Dec., 1854.

M'CONOCHY & CUNNINGHAM,

Plumbers, Brass Founders and Gas-Fitters,

RECOLLET STREET,

Near St. Peter Street, Montreal.

BRASS CASTINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. February, 1856.

J. FLYNN'S REGISTRY OFFICE,

Removed to No. 4, Bleury Street;

Where Single Copies of the TRUE WITNESS may be had.