

trived to disconcert their plans. Pope Paul IV. confided the charge of the missions in Canada to the *Recollets* of Paris.

**1620.** Henri Prince de Condé surrendered his viceroyalty in favour of the duke de Montmorency for eleven thousand crowns. Champlain was confirmed in his post of lieutenant-general by the new viceroy, and his appointment and past services were especially recognized by the king. On this occasion Champlain was accompanied to Canada by Madame Champlain, his wife, and by a number of persons whom he induced to embark with him with a view to settling in the country. The *Recollet* Fathers laid the foundation stone of their chapel this year. Lord Baltimore founded a settlement in Newfoundland, but shortly left for Maryland.

**1621.** The Association formed for the purpose of trading with Canada, was suppressed, and its rights were conferred upon William and Emeric de Caen. The first child of European parents was born at Quebec on 24th May, being the son of Abraham Martin and Margaret Langlois. The boy's name was Eustache. The whole of Acadia was granted to Sir William Alexander (afterwards earl of Stirling), who first gave it the name of Nova Scotia.

**1623.** M. Pontegravé returned from Canada to France, his health being much impaired. William de Caen visited Quebec. Father Joseph Caron, accompanied by Gabriel Segard, went on a mission to the Huron settlements near lake Simcoe, to use their influence in establishing a general pacification amongst the Indians, and succeeded in arranging a treaty of peace between the Hurons, the Iroquois, and Algonquins.

**1624.** Champlain sailed from Quebec for France on the 15th August; he was accompanied by his wife and two *Recollet* priests. Emeric de Caen was left in charge of the little colony at Quebec, now numbering about fifty souls. A stone fort was erected at Quebec this year. Henri de Levy, duc de Ventadour, nephew of the king, purchased the viceroyalty of Canada from the duc de Montmorency. Sir William Stirling's patent confirmed by Charles I., 12th July.

**1625.** Fathers Charles Lallemant, Enemonde Massé, and Jean de Brebœuf, of the order of Jesuits, came to Canada under the auspices of the duc de Ventadour, who took great interest in promoting the propagation of the Catholic faith. Nicholas Viel, a *Recollet* priest, drowned by the upsetting of a canoe, at the place now known as the *Sault au Recollet* (Island of Montreal). Baronets of Nova Scotia were created this year, with certain grants and privileges, with a view to aid in the settlement of Nova Scotia.

**1626.** Champlain returned to Canada in the summer, accompanied by Father Caron and M. Boullé. M. de Queylyus arrived at Quebec from Normandy, having been appointed vicar-general of Canada. The French established a settlement at Placentia bay, Newfoundland.

**1627.** The company known as the "One hundred Associates," was established by royal edict dated 29th April, "for the primary purpose of converting the native Indians to the Catholic faith," and "for the purpose of obtaining for his Majesty's subjects new commercial advantages, derivable from a better management of the fur trade, or from the discovery of a route to the Pacific ocean, and to China, through the great rivers and lakes of