

LIGUSTICUM GRAYI, C. & R.: Macoun, Cat. Can. Plants, Vol. II., p. 327.

Woods on the mountains at Ainsworth, Kootanie Lake, B.C., alt. 5,000 feet. (*John Macoun.*)

LIGUSTICUM SCOPULORUM, Gray.

Specimens collected by Prof. John Macoun, at Roger's Pass, Selkirk Mountains, B.C., in 1890, have been doubtfully referred here by Prof. Coulter. Not before recorded from Canada.

HELIANTHUS GROSSE-SERRATUS, Martens.

Along the Grand Trunk Railway, near Stamford, Ont., 1895. (*R. Cameron.*) Introduced from United States.

CLADOTHAMNUS CAMPANULATUS, (Greene, Erythraea, Vol. III., p. 65.

Shrub 3 to 5 feet high, with few and stoutish ascending branches; leaves lanceolate, 1 to 3 inches long, tapering to a short petiole, which, together with the veins beneath, is more or less strigose-hirsute with red hairs; flowers solitary or in pairs or threes, from lateral buds, on pedicels  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch long, those setose-hispid with red hairs; sepals ovate-oblong, densely ciliate with short gland-tipped hairs; corolla light salmon colour, campanulate, the petals joined at base into a short tube; anthers opening only by a pair of large round terminal pores.

Credited to British Columbia by Dr. Greene, but all our specimens, both from Vancouver Island and the mainland, are *C. pyrolæflorus*, Bong. The new species should be looked for by collectors in British Columbia on the higher mountains of the Coast Range. We have specimens of *C. pyrolæflorus* collected at Sitka by Bongard himself.