Tuesday, October 1, 1867.

Death of Sir Erederick Bruce.

The telegraph anneunces the death of Sir Fredrick Bruce, the British Minister at Washington. No particulars are given, and the announcement is made in an indefinite way, as though the operator below took it for granted that the melancholy circumstance had been previously announced here. From the wording of the despatch, however, one political riot. there is no doubt in our mind that the great diplomatist is no more. The illness to which Sir Frederick succumbed must have been of brief duration, for it is not over a month since we heard that he was rusticating at Auburn, in the State of New York, in company with Mr Seward. Str Frederick Bruce succeeded Lord Lyons, as Minister at Washington, some two years ago. He was a gen-tleman of kind and amiable dispositions, possessed great ability, and was a universal tayorite with Ameri-

English and Continental Echoes.

The French and Prussian journals are quarrelling merrily over their international relations. A report had been spread that the French Government had forwarded a despatch to Berlin advocating the claim of Denmark to North Schleswig. This the Moniteur denied. Thereupon the North German Gazette affirmed that a note had been read, but not left, and the French papers quizzed the Moniteur. It is now stated officially that a note was sent to the French Charge d'Affaires, and was read by him to the Prussian Minister without instructions, so that the Moniteur is technically in the right. The papers, however, take the opportunity of abusing their adversaries, the Prussians declaring that the French shall not interfere in Germany, the French retorting that Prussia is peaceful because if she went to war she would lose all she has acquired. The Constitutionnel has been directed to ex. plain that the two Cabinets are not hostile, and the order of the day in Paris appears to be "no war till next year." It is believed by well informed persons however, that if the Grand Duke, as rumoured, surrenders Baden to Prussia, than the true number .- Times. August 9th. war will be immediately inevitable. The Duke of Cambridge has finally passed judgment upon the Simla scandal. In a well written but excessively lengthy despatch his Royal Highness decides that the extra duties performed by aides-decamp in India cannot be considered "military duties involving military subordination;" that the guilt or innocence day advanced the volume increased in densof Captain Jervis-as to the pickles-is, ity, until towards evening the clouds at least, doubtful; that he was not guilty smoke had become so opaque as to almost of insubordination in declining to furnish obscure the mountain. After nightfall a light his books ; that the recommendation to breeze lifted the smoke, and flames were obmercy ought either to have been attended served to leap high in the air; at times to, or the entire case referred home for quently great balls of fire appeared to be final decision. His Royal Highness considers that the original trial of Captain range, and then all would be lost again be-Jervis was "unadvisable and inexpedient." declares the orders to the staff improper and unlike any he has ever seen, suggests that Sir W. Mansfield might have behaved in a "more conciliatory," manner, and regrets that he did not follow the "proper and judicious" course of perspnal explanation. As to the trial, his Royal Highness regrets that Sir W. Mansfield "allowed his better judgmen; to be overruled," and declares that his remarks on the court-martial have a "tendency to weaken the independence of courtsmartial." to bring contempt on military tribunals," and to affect the discipline of the Army in a very material degree." Lord Derby, in the debate on the Com-mons' amendments, took occasion to give incurred. Certain imperial acts are brought an odd little rap to the Commons. It into force, and the Governor is authorized to seems that when the Managers of the two appoint any Stipendiary Magistrate and Jus-Houses met in conference, the Lords si capped and the Commons stand uncovered. The Commons think that undigni- does not exceed \$500. Summonses are fied, and now, therefore, always send their made returnable in three days, and an appaper of "Reasons," to the Upper House | peal to the Supreme Court on points of law by clerk. Lord Derby thinks this as is secured. The Judge of the Supeme by clerk. Lord Derby thinks this as ridiculous as if a baron refused an invitation because an earl would go down to dinner before him. We regret to notice the death of Mrs Austin, probably the best translator from German into English in all cases be made by the Judge or Judge of the Supreme Court and all fees more made by the Judge or Judge of the Supreme Court and all fees more made by the Judge or Judge of the Supreme Court and all fees more made by the Judge or Judge of the Supreme Court and all fees more made by the Judge or Judge of the Supreme Court and all fees more made by the Judge or Judge of the Supreme Court and all fees more made by the Judge or Judge or the Supreme Court (if he think fit) may act as County Judge; questions of fact may be tried by a judge or security being given, is empowered to issue writs of the Supreme Court (if he think fit) may act as County Judge; questions of fact may be tried by a judge; questions of fact may be tried by a judge; questions of fact may be tried by a judge; questions of fact may be tried by a judge; questions of fact may be tried by a judge; questions of fact may be tried by a judge; questions of fact may be tried by a judge. ever known in literature. She had a of the Supreme Court, and all feee must be ever known in liferature. She had a paid into the Treasury. Mr Pemberton is faculty quite special to herself of making the first appointment under the act. The Germans talk as they do talk, and yet as they would have talked had they thought in English. She will be greatly missed by a circle of friends, for whom for years she held a salon which in some years approached the best French examples. The Czar has abolished a strange custom recently described by our Russian correspondent. The cure of souls in Russia has for years been hereditary. The son of a priest becomes a priest, or if he has only daughters, the eldest conveys the parish to her husband. Of course the priest is as little of a pastor as is well possible, but he is much linked with the peasantry, and the government, to improve the character and diminish the popularity of the priesthood, have abolish ed its hereditary character. Henceforward the best candidate is to be appointed, which, as nobody ever takes the office

Sir Stafford Northcote, very sensible, very official, and very tame. The Viceroy is blamed, Sir Cecil is blamed, the Board of province than anybody directly connected with it. Nobody is punished, though every-body is considered guilty, and officers held responsible for not preventing the loss of 600,000 British subjects by starvation are treated more mildly than they would have been if they had expended too many office pen-knives. The order is thoroughly discred itable to its author's sense of responsibility for a people who have on earth no other protector, and who died of starvation without

Wednesday, Sept 25th. BRITISH COLUMBIA-The Government have laid before Parliament the official correspon dence which took place relating to the union of Vancouver Island with British Columbia, the latter giving its name to the now united colonies. The union, which was authorized by Imperial Act of 1866, was proclaimed in both colonies on the 16th of November by Governor Frederick Seymour, who then proceeded to constitute a Legislative Council. In obedience to Her Majesty's commands he responsed four members of the old Council, with a new treasurer, the late treasurer having left the colony; he also appointed on his own responsibility nine gentlemen whose names were on the commission of the peace, to be members of the Council, and leat her have to be members of the Council; and lastly, he apportioned nine seats to be filled on the recommendation of the people-five for the mainland, four for the island. The mode of selection adopted was the same as that previously existing. On the island the old ranchise was retained and on the mainland the selections were made by universal sufrage, Indians and Chinese not being allowed o vote. The appointments were made for two years. It was allowed by general consent that such good elements for the constitution of a Legislative Body were never before collected in these colonies. The finances of both were in a very unsatisfactory condition at the time the union took place; union and and is, therefore, more than double the size painter and carpenter. of the United Kingdom. Up to October, 1866, only about 60,000 acres were settled by white men. The Legislative Assembly of

THE REPORTED ERUPTION-A good many people pay nocturnal visits to Beacon and Church Hills for the purpose of obtaining a sight of the fire which is now raging in or on a mountain in the Cascade Range, some thirty miles east of Mount Olympus and sixty-five miles distant from our city. Smoke was first observed issning from the summit vomited forth from the topmost peak of the hind a dense volume of smoke. On Monday and Tuesday evenings the same phenomena were seen from our hills. A gentleman from Port Townsend says that the 'eruption' (or whatever else it may be) is seen from that town. There it is believed to arise from burning fir trees, with forests of which the mountains of the Olympian range is densely clothed. But whether the fire arises from a 'mountain in labour' or from burning wood, the sight is a grand one, and will reward a few moments walk to either Bescon or Church Hills.

THE COUNTY COURT ACT .- The leading features of this bill, which was lately signed by the Governor and is now law, are as follows : All former acts and all rules and orders of the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of Vancouver Island, are repealed and distice of the Peace to be County Court Judges, who shall have power to adjudicate in cases where the amount sought to be recovered County Court Bill passed the Legislative Counsel on the 2d of April, but only received the Gavernor's assent on the 17th instant.

DELIBERATE SUICIDE OF A BOY TEN YEARS OF AGE-A despatch from Healdsburg, Calis fornia, says: Joseph Gurnett, a little boy ten years of age, living at Windsor, Sonoma County, committed suicide on last Saturday under the following circumstances: He had sold a stake rope of his father's, who promised him a thrashing if he did not return it. He went to the drug store and in his father's same obtained a bottle of strychnine, saying that it was for the purpose of killing a dog. From these he went to the school house and crawled underneath and swallowed most of the poison. He made a pillow of a mass of paper, folded his arms over his breast and covered his eyes with his cap. In this posi-tion he was found dead yesterday afternoon

THE Court.—The last mosquito having disappeared rom the environs of the city of ed, which, as nobody ever takes the onice voluntarily, is a satisfactory reform. Sir for the winter. The Sparrowhawk will confort the deed man's throat decision on the Orissa report. It is just like a few days.

A man named Nathan Simpson was charged yesterday at the Police Court with supply-Revenue is blamed, but everybody is blamed gently, except unlucky Colonel Nicholls, with assaulting the officer in the discharge of chief of the Public Works Department in his duty. The Magistrate was not clearly Orissa, who was less responsible for the satisfied with the evidence on the first charge; but on the second charge the prisoner was fined \$25 or two months' imprisonment. The officer bore evident marks of baving been roughly handled ... Charles Fisher appeared to answer a charge of assaulting a squaw. A necessary witness being absent, the prisoner was remanded until Saturday.

INDIAN CLAIMS .- The Red River Norwester of the 13th ult says :- The Indians of many of the interior districts are beginning to be aware of the intended sale of this country by the Hudson's Bay Company, and a great deal of excitement is the consequence. Notwith-standing the assurances of the Hudson's Bay Company employees that such is not the case, they have their doubts, and if the company did really make a sale without consulting them, they would find their trading posts nore warm tahn comfortable when once the Indians came to know of it.

PRECISELY !- Mr Seward remains in the Cabinet to negotiate the exchange of British Columbia for the Alabama claims. So says the telegraph and the point is very finely made indeed; nevertheless, the law of nomenclature beats Mr Seward. British 'Columbia' was predestined to Jonathan; and that's why they called it Columbia. 'Hail! Columbia' was written on purpose, and to that ecstatic tune the British 'sister' will fall into line without any Cabinet or any Mr Seward-S F News Letter:

AFFAIRS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA-British Columbian papers discuss the question of union with the dominion of Canada, a project w ich is very favorably regarded, but there is a difference of opinion as to whether the proper time for it has yet arrived, and whether this colony may not with a little patience 'place itself in a position to be admitted into the great British American family with more respect.'-Times, August 5th.

THE THEATRE.-Manager Marsh has leased the consequent large reduction of expenditure the theatre and is now engaged in putting it came none too soon. As a general rule all in thorough repair for the coming season. salaries, from the Governor's downwards, The floor of the stage will be relaid, the have been reduced, with the exception of the boxes newly decorated, the whole interior of judicial department; but permanent economy the house painted and ornamented, and new was looked for from amalgamation of offices scenery and curtains provided. The place rather than from reduction of salaries. The will be greatly changed for the better after colony contains about 280,000 square miles, it has passed through the hands of the

CONFEDERATION-A letter has been received from Hon. Mr Tilly, Minister of Vancouver Island, in a memorial to Her Customs in the Canadian Dominion, in Majesty last year, stated the population of which the writer announces his intention of he two, exclusive of Indians, as not exceed- pressing for the Confederation of this colony ing 10,000 persons; but the Governor, in a with the Dominion. This is good news. We despatch accompanying the memorial, ob- hope the efforts of Mr Tilly will be crowned served that this estimate was much lower with success, and that the days of the Seymour Administration are few.

> SPECIAL NOTICE TO GOVERNMENT OFFI-CIALS .- The mail steamer will leave for San Francisco at THREE O'CLOCK this afternoon, sharp. We give this timely notice so that despatches that were left behind on the last mail day, as well as those row preparing, may not be again delayed. Remember the hour! Three o'clock, sharp!!!

THE notorious Broadhead, the Sheffield trades' unionist and murderer, has been readmitted to fellowship by the Saw Grinders' Governor fired at them, and wounding Union, and some of those in attendance at one, they all fled from that part of the the meeting described him as "the best man in the trade."

THE YELVERTON CASE-The House of Lords has decided adversely to Mrs Yelverton's application, and that lady announces in a communication to the Times, 'another seven years' war' against her husband, Major Yelverton.

THE New Brunswick elections took place yesterday. Much interest is manifested in the result, the question being the endorsement or the rejection of the action of the in the cells. On the arrival of the mili-Confederation delegates.

SIR Morton Peto will retain his seat in Parliament until he is requested to resign. He does this to enable the liberal party of Bristol to agree on a candidate.

MR WADDINGTON-This gentleman will not leave to-day for Canada. He is detained n consequence of the new phase which the Overland Road question has assumed.

POINT WILSON-We understand that the U S Government are about to purchase Point Wilson, at the mouth of Port Townsend harbour, for the purposes of a fortification.

THE annual salaries of the clergy of New York amount to \$504,400.

Panama.

By the arrival of the Constitution we (S F Call) have dates from the Isthmus to the 29th ultimo. The Star and Herald, of that and preceding dates, has the following :

The Panamenos are congratulating them-selves that the day is not far distant when they will be in telegraphic communication with the United States and the Old World. Twenty-two hundred dollars have been subscribed in Panama for the purpose of purchasing a a fire-engine.

The noted ex-President Leonardo Calan-

che, who has been allowed to return to the State by the clemency of General Olarte. has been endeavoring to get up a revolution the design of which was to place Mosquere again in power. Olarte nipped the scheme in the bud by quietly arresting all the ringleaders.

Sandwich Islands.

[DATES TO AUGUST 31.]

By the steamer this morning we have reports of a most revolting affair committed on a Hawaiian coaster. Neville, Sheriff in Kona writes as follows: "A sloop that was built up here a short time since to go to Kau, put the latter. in at Palilua and started again at night. The vessel was not heard of until last Saturday and then it turned out that the two men who

composites taye resumed mining, operations

INDIAN WHISKEY SELLING AND ASSAULT- | and took all the blood from it he could get put it into a bucket and drank it. The names of the two men are Rogers, survivor, Glenny, dead. Rogers is in a very low state and when I went down to see him at midnight, his breath was like a rotten corpse, but I am doing all I can to bring him round and Mr Williamson is very kindly helping me."-

Advertiser 10. It seems to us (Advertiser) that some action ought to be taken here by Amrricans and others, including merchants, planters and all others residing through the Islands, which might exert a favorable influence with the American Senate (in regard to the reciprocity treaty.) For instance, let petitions to the Senate be circulated among the residents of

Dominion of Canada.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

The Rev. Mr McDonald, of St. Francis Co, Victoria, was drowned while attempting to cross the River St. John near Fort Kent at a ford. The night was dark, and it would appear that he missed the

Speaker Colfax, Senator Pike, and a party of tourists from the United States ately visited New Brunswick.

The entire community yesterday was deeply pained to hear of the sudden death of John M. Robinson, Esq., Q. C., one of the oldest and most respected members of the Bar, and a highly esteemed citizen .-St. John Globe.

Sackville was visited by a very severe storm on Friday last. The dykes were broken down, cattle drowned, and other damage done.

Doctor George E. Day, of this city, offers himself as a Candidate of the representation of the county St. John in the House of Commons.

NOVA SCOTIA.

The Halifax Sun says that on Sunday, August 25th, the prisoners in the Provincial Penitentiary in that city, to the number of fifty or sixty, mutinied while at dinner together in the dining-room, on account of the alleged bad quality of their food. The Governor was sent for, and the prisoners presented their plates of food to him, asking him if it was fit food for men to eat. He tasted and replied that it was. On being told by the Gov. ernor that he would send for the doctor and have the food inspected, they at once commenced throwing it about in every direction; and followed up their riotous conduct by smashing all the glass and sashes of the dining-room, breaking the reading-desk, tearing the maps, etc. They then went and bellowed furiously. A message was sent to the fort for assistance, and a company of artillery was despatched to the prison, the other troops being absent on service. Meanwhile a portion of the prisoners kept up the work of destruction, and began breaking up the locks of the cells, so that they could not be fastened up. To prevent this the prison and rushed up stairs, where they continued their work of destruction, throwing down large blocks of granite. They broke the glass and sashes, and fearing that they would break the bars also, several shots were fired in that direction, which drove them from that side to the opposite side below, where they commenced the same work. Here shots were again fired, and several of the prisoners wounded. They then kept under cover. tary, the wounded were conveyed to the

QUEBEC.

hospital and the rest locked up.

Last night the Baron Falkenberg, the Consul of Sweden and Norway, gave a dinner at the Stadacona Club, in honour of the officers of the corvette Norrkoping, now lying in this port. A number of out citizens were invited to meet them and had a pleasant evening-Quebec Chronicle. The Quebec Chronicle suggests that

Sir Allan McNab's police bill should again be taken up and passed by Parliament. It provided for the raising of about five hundred men, and the establishment of a force on the Irish Constabulary model.

The bust of Sir Etienne Tache, for the Parliament Buildings, is almost finished, and is said to be a striking likeness.

Prince Edwards Island.

The Charlottetown Islander says of the Island Colony of Prince Edward :- "In fact, we are quite prepared to hear from all quarters of the island, that if the Canadians will give us the \$800,000 for the benefit of the tenantry, and allow the annual rate of eighty cents per head, increasing it as the population may increase, the people of the island will hold up their hands for Confederation."

What is our Remedie?

MR ADITOR seing a notice in your paper sumtime ago that all Pigs and Goats going at large would be shot your corespondent forgot to mention the chickens the greatest nuisance of All we can fence out the fermer but not

peaple having gardens can not have any thing in sefftey even cloaths lying out are destroyed. Now what is our remedie are the no Law to prevent it

STRICHNINE!!



Ayer's

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the eystem from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, curred by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well-known public persons:

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4. From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE. As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.
Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess.
They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowles, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease. Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

Dear Bro. Aver: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine. I place great dependence on that effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing, as I do, that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache anybody can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE.

Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders — Liver Complaints. From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEFARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856. Sir: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best eathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious discusses obstimate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrheen, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for bitious dysentery and diarrhoa. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood. From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extra-

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am
called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of
digestion and purify the blood, they are the very
best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends.
Yours, J.V. HIMES.
WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.
DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my
practice, and find them an excellent purgative to
cleanse the system and purify the fountains of the
blood.
JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D

blood. JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D. Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Bropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada. Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it, for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife,
Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken
at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the
natural secretion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the
stomach and expel worms. They are so much the
best physic we have that I recommend no other to
my patients.

my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis.

Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.
HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chromic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well. SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec., 1855.
DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that has afflicted me for years.

VINCENT SLIDELL. afflicted me for years.

"To Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for \$1-Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass. MOORE, & CO.,

Corner of Yates and Langley street

Pharmaceutical Preparations,

Photographic Sundries, Drysalteries Drugs, Colors. Paints,

Glass Ware, Medicine Chests. Veterinary Sundries

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of charge, monthly, by

BURGOYNE, BURBRIDGES & SOUIRE 16 Coleman Street, London.

Glectric To SPECIAL TO THE DAILY

MANCHESTER, Sept 19. Fenian riot occurred to-day sons were killed and wound poilice force conducted K arrested here, and Deary fro railroad, preparatory to ren to Dublin for trial, were att mob, armed with clubs, sto arms, and had a desperate police were overpowered and rescued and carried off in ti city is now quiet, one po killed and several wounded, were badly wounded; pounds sterling are offered ture of the prisoners ; but yet been found. Many of t orrested.

London, Sept. 20.—Pr Rome are nearly completed ored that Garibaldi will fix as the day on which the at made. MANCHESTER, Sept. 17.

one of the leaders of the Fe in Ireland, was arrested to identified; he will be be and tried for treason. BELFAST, Sept. 17 .- A buried to-day who was supposecret director of the Fenial

His funeral was made the extensive demonstration. being in the procession. The Cabinets of Berlin a negotiating a commercial t Germany and Austria of tions. It will tend to make tions between the two catisfactory than since the

The Cable.

HEART'S CONTENT, S Cable of 1866 was repa under the direction of Sir S and is now in good working

Canada. OTTAWA, Sept. 21.been prorogued until Nove

Mexico. NEW YORK, Sept. 18 .-Mexico correspondent of says, Castillo and all the I als at Queratero sentenced been pardoned.

Eastern Stat

CHICAGO, Sept. 19th. special says Hancock h Washington, being summ Grant.

This evening the organ declares that peachment no Senator pressed an opinion befor allowed to sit in judgme

Johnson. WASHINGTON, Sept. 1 of Sir Frederick Bruce, isting relations with Er garded as a serious ca the present temper of t tion as exhibited by the not seen how he can be NEW YORK, Sept. 19

tention of resignation. The attempt to purcha has tailed. The Plains

special says Grant disc

The Indians have noti

tractors of the Kansas P that it shall not be built Hayes, as they mean wa Great excitement preva route, and laborers ar leaving.

California MONEY MAR

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23-New York this morning at 142%. Sterling, 10934@li Legal Tenders are house, at 70 and selling at 70½. PRODUCE MA

FLOUR-Sales of 1000 b brands in half and qr sacks WHEAT-Receipts for hours ending to-day noon The market is quiet. Good can hardly be quoted abounclude 1000 sacks Fair, \$1 good shipping at 22c. BARLEY-470 sacks of

We quote new at \$1 85. Chevalier at \$1 95. OATS-Market quiet; quie This evening, in New You steady. Wheat \$2 75, ste

SHIPPIN ARRIVED, Sept. 22-Ste

from New York.

Mexico.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16. City of Mexico letter, da says there is considerable excitement over the Pre The factions are active, are neglecting no opport the chances of Juarez. making the Mexican