EIGHT HUNS KILLED FOR ONE CANADIAN IN SOMME BATTLES

Frank Stinson Writes of These "Bloodiest Fights."

DEAD COVERED GROUND

Says "Our Artillery Has It All Over the Germans Now."

How furious the fight along the Somme has become and the great part troops from Canada are taking in it are indicated in a letter from Frank Stinson, to his father, George Stinson, 10 Campbell street. "We fought some of the bloodiest battles that were ever fought in this world or ever will be. The Canadians made a name for Canada that will live forever," he writes.

"The Somme is where the big push is on, and I can tell you that we did some fighting down there. We lost a lot of men, but for every one lost we killed eight Germans.

"This battalion was in that great charge the Canucks made on October 1. The ground was simply covered with dead and wounded, and it was just a case of walking over them, for there was no time to stop and help them.

"Our artillery has it over the Germans, any old way you take it, and we have big guns to burn now that shoot shells from 13 to 1,800 pounds, and these guns are wheel to wheel on the western front, where we have just come from. It is simply hell down there where men fall by the thousands every day, and where the cannons fire millions of shells, on an average, every day. Now this is the simple truth, and anyone that has fought on the Somme has certainly done their bit if they never do any more.

"Our section went in with 28 bombers and came out with six. We lost our officer in the bargain, but they sure gave Fritzie hell. Well, I guess I had better quit, for I could write you a book of our doings, and then would not have told it all. I am writing this down in a dugo t about 50 feet below the surface.

"We are on this part of the line for a rest after being on the Somme six weeks."

CLAIMS $2,000 DAMAGES FROM CARADOC TOWNSHIP

Frank Iles Alleges Defendant Failed to Clear Out Drain.

The case of Iles vs. Caradoc Township, an action for $2,000 for alleged damages under the municipal drainage act, opened at the courthouse at 10 o'clock this morning before George F. Henderson, Dominion Government drainage referee.

Frank Iles, a farmer living near Mount Brydges, in his statement of claim states that he served notice in the year 1911 on the township, stating that the defendants should clean out and repair the Humphrey drain. He further claims that the township neglected to do this, and as a result asks that $2,000 be awarded for alleged damages.

The defendant, Caradoc Township, denies that any such damage has resulted, and the township claims that the municipal drainage act was complied with in every respect.

A large number of witnesses remain to be examined, and the case, it is expected, will require the greater portion of the day to try.

THINK ORDER-IN-COUNCIL NO BETTER THAN A JOKE

Council Not Going to Bother Protesting to Retailers About Prices.

London will not take any notice of the order-in-council recently issued by the Dominion Government. It provides that councils have the power to send notices to the retailers that they are charging excessive prices, and that prosecutions will follow.

However, the order is so full of holes that it is believed it would be impossible to get convictions, and there is no machinery provided by which combines could be attacked.

Toronto has discovered this, after going into the matter, and will not do anything more.

Locally it was soon discovered that the order-in-council was a joke, and no steps were take to enforce it.

The failure of the governments of the Dominion and the Province to deal adequately with the question has caused the council to take no action whatever, figuring that the problem is too big to be handled by individual municipalities.

WEEK OF PRAYER ENDS

Interesting Meetings Have Been Held at Y. W. C. A.

The world's week of prayer, specially observed by the local Young Women's Christian Association, was brought to a conclusion by a very largely attended and interesting meeting in the central rooms, Park avenue, on Sunday afternoon, addressed by Mr. Gilchrist, military Y. M. C. A. secretary.

Each afternoon last week from 5 to 5:30 o'clock, a prayer meeting, open to the public, was held at the central rooms, addresses being delivered by a number of local clergymen and other speakers.

Exceptional interest was manifested in the half hour of prayer each evening at the residence for association members, large numbers attending.

LAST HONORS PAID TO HONORABLE JAMES DUFF

Public and Private Funeral Service Held at Alliston.

[Canadian Press.]

Alliston, Ont., Nov. 21.—This town was in mourning today when prominent men from all over the province, and hundreds of friends from nearby places gathered to do honor to the memory of the late James Duff, minister of Agriculture. Sir John Hendrie, lieutenant-governor, Premier Hearst, Hon. W. J. Hanna, I. B. Lucas, T. W. McGarry, Dr. Preston, F. G. McDairmid and G. Howard Ferguson represented the Ontario Government, while Hon. Frank Cochrane was present on behalf of the Dominion Government. The town provided a luncheon for out-of-town friends who remained for the services which were held at 2:30, in the Presbyterian Church, which followed the private service conducted at the house. The public service was conducted by Rev. W. G. Hanna of Cookstown, assisted by Rev. Mr. Cree of Alliston.

LOCAL NEWS

PAY CAR HERE.—The Grand Trunk pay car arrived in the city this forenoon, and all the employees in the city were paid by check today.

EXECUTIVE MEETING.—The executive of the London Red Cross branch will meet Wednesday at 10:30 o'clock in Hyman Hall. A full attendance is requested.

AUTO STOLEN.—An auto belonging to Fred Beltz was taken from in front of a York street residence last evening. The car is No. 12423. The police are working on the case.

FOR LADY BEATTY FUND.—Mrs. Boomer acknowledges the following donations to the Lady Beatty sailor fund: Mrs. Gartshore, $5; Port Stanley Chapter, I. O. D. E., $25.

DIED IN ACTION.—Pte. Alexander Clanachan of the 10th Battalion is reported to have died in action. Prior to enlisting he resided with Mrs. Fullerton, 48 Becher street, this city.

HELPING BELGIANS.—New subscriptions for the Belgian relief fund have been received as follows: From F. R., $2; M. E. R., $2; Port Stanley, I. O. D. E., $15.

OFF TO HAMILTON.—E. C. Mitchell, John Bridge, A. T. McMahen, Sam Stevely, A. B. Greer and Dr. H. T. Reason went to Hamilton today to attend the annual session of the Associated Boards of Trade.

READ POEMS AT TEA.—At a tea given by Miss Helen Merrill at the Heliconian Club, Toronto, on Monday, Rev. R. W. Norwood of Cronyn Memorial Church delighted the guests by reading a number of his poems.

PLAY IS TONIGHT.—Through an error it was stated in last night's paper that the play, "The Silver Lining" was to be presented by St. Mary's Dramatic Society on Monday night. This should have read Tuesday night.

TO ATTEND CONVENTION.—City Clerk Baker will leave tonight for Springfield, Mass., where he will attend the annual convention of the National Municipal League. He will be away the balance of the week.

TWO TRESPASSERS.—Mitchell Gainer and James Traven, both of Lucan, appeared before Squire Chittick today, charged by a Biddulph Township farmer with trespassing. Traven was fined $5 and costs, and Gainer $2 and costs.

COMING HOME FOR REST.—Major A. E. Somerville, who went overseas in command of A Company of the 135th Battalion, is understood to be on his way home. Since landing in England, his health has not been the best, and he is coming home for a rest.

AN ASSAULT CASE.—Crown Attorney McKillop is in Glencoe today, prosecuting in the assault case of Shiels vs. Shiels, two brothers, John Shiels charges his brother, Andrew, with assault, growing out of grievances, it is claimed, extending over some months.

PERMIT FOR GARAGE.—A permit was issued this morning by Building Inspector Piper to Barton & Rumball for an addition to their garage on the Hamilton road, to cost $2,000. The permits for the month now amount to $30,000, and for the year to nearly $875,000.

HELD FOR THEFT.—A lad who is alleged to have broken into a store at Lucknow was arrested by Detective Egelton yesterday afternoon while he was sight-seeing on Dundas street. He will be taken to Lucknow for trial today.

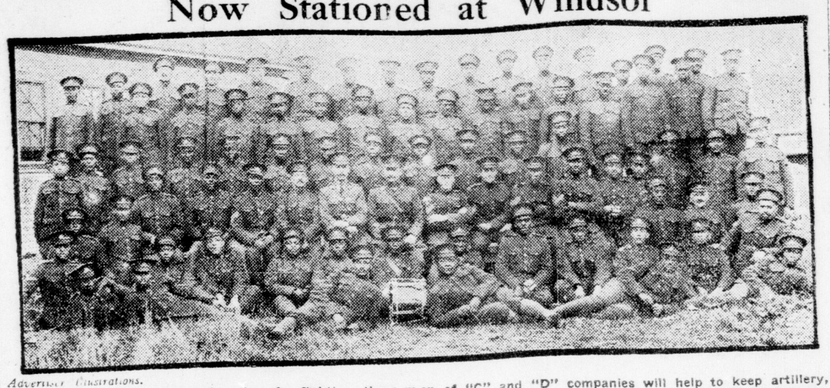
TOOK NO PART.—The complainant in the case of damage to property on Inkerman street, wishes to have it understood that she had no part in the "tongue lashing" given Chief Williams by others corcerned, but that she left the court immediately after decision was given.

MUST SUPPORT WIFE.—Thomas E. Fielder appeared in police court today, and pleaded guilty to a breach of the wives' maintenance act. The information was laid by Jessie Fielder, his wife. He was ordered by the acting magistrates to pay into the court $5 a week for the support of his wife.

ILL WITH PNEUMONIA.—A message was received this morning by Mrs. J. Baer of 961 Ormsby street, that Pte. Harry Clinton Stanley Baer, No. 226047, is dangerously ill in No. 42 Casualty Station suffering from pneumonia. A similar message was also sent to Frank Baer of Pottersburg.

CONDITION IMPROVES.—The condition of Edward Ingram of 1069 Francis street, who was injured by a shotgun wound in the leg on Saturday afternoon last, is as good as could be expected. He was injured, while out hunting, by the accidental discharge of the gun and it was at first feared that blood-poisoning might result, but at Victoria Hospital today it was stated his condition was not so critical as it was yesterday.

Colored Companies of Construction Battalion Now Stationed at Windsor



Advertiser Illustrations.

In training for work rather than for fighting, these men of "C" and "D" companies will help to keep artillery, railroads, and other means of communication in repair during the Allies' struggle in Europe. In Windsor they have well lighted, clean barracks, and are well fed. In the companies are several Americans, and others have come from British Columbia to join. Those recruiting the battalion say there is a great chance for quick promotions for colored men, as officers are in demand. All non-coms. are colored, as well as the chaplain and doctor. Capt. A. McConnell, in command, has many years of experience in building roads and constructing railways.

CUTTING OF GRANTS RANK INJUSTICE TO SPECIAL SERVICE CO.

Soldier Talks of Canadian "Scraps of Paper."

SOME CALLED OVERSEAS

After Having Been Deprived of Patriotic Fund For Two Months.

The injustice of cutting off the patriotic allowances of the married men in the Special Service Company has been made apparent in the last few days through the selection for active service of twelve men of the company.

The order came to these men to report to overseas battalions for active service after they had been in the Special Service Company for some time, and as a result of the ruling that came from patriotic headquarters at Ottawa these men and others have lost two months' patriotic allowances, which their families need, and may lose more.

As men become fit for service, they are selected from the Special Service Company, and most of them have the expectation that they will yet be called up, and, in fact, some of them have been warned to prepare for active service.

Deserved the Money.

These men all signed up for overseas service, and gave up positions in various parts of Western Ontario. They are separated from their families at the present time, quite as much as though they had gone overseas, and when they were cut off without anything but a curt notification, they complained bitterly. Furthermore, they have the support of their own officers and many other officers in their grievance.

"Canada has its scraps of paper as well as Germany," said one man who was earning $25 a week before the war and who left a wife and family to get into the fighting harness of the nation.

Allowance Promised.

"When I enlisted I was told that as long as I wore the uniform I would be given the patriotic allowance. I did not consider it charity, and none of the other men believe that they were to be regarded as charitable objects. The officers in charge of the local patriotic funds all seemed to regret the cutting off of the allowance, but they should have reported to Ottawa that they were bound by their word of honor to continue the allowance. We have lost the money for two months, and so far we have heard nothing to lead to believe that the bond we were given is to be honored. Every man of us is willing to do his part in the firing line, and would much rather be there than here. We only ask to be treated fairly so that when we are called up, as our twelve comrades have been, we will know that the country is doing its best to give us the treatment it promised."

The Casualty Company has also been given the same treatment by headquarters of the Canadian Patriotic Fund.

APPEAL DISMISSED

Gootson Bros. Must Pay $3,000 to Bank of Toronto.

The appeal of Gootson Bros. from judgment given the Bank of Toronto for over $3,000 in the county court on October 6, 1916 has been dismissed by the court of appeals with costs.

The action was entered against Gootson Bros. and the the defence entered was that the signature of the firm's name was signed by Meyer Gootson was not valid and was disputed by his brother, Morris Gootson, who appealed against the judgment on these grounds.

TWO NONACENARIANS DIE IN CITY THE SAME DAY

Mrs. Brooks Lived in City 50 Years—John Sebben an Ingersoll Man.

Mrs. Charlotte Brooks, one of London's oldest residents, died at her home, 123 Inkerman street, today, at the advanced age of 92 years and 2 months. Mrs. Brooks was born in England, and came to Canada 66 years ago. She has lived in London about 50 years.

Six of her eight children survive her—Mrs. Uren of Ingersoll, Mrs. John Geary and Mrs. Jennie Tait at home, William and John Brooks of London, and Robert Brooks of London Township.

The funeral will take place Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, the service being at 2 o'clock, in charge of Rev. J. H. Boyd of Adelaide Street Baptist Church. Interment will be made at Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

Another nonagenarian, John Sebben, died today at the Aged People's Home, aged 96 years. Mr. Sebben was a former resident of Ingersoll. The body was forwarded to Ingersoll by John Ferguson's Sons on the G. T. R. at 2 o'clock today.

PERSONALS

Miss Kathleen Crandall of Clinton, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Eaid, Waterloo street, for a few days, has returned to her home.

* * *

Clifford J. Patten, a former Londoner, who was a week-end visitor in this city, has returned to Toronto.

Richmond Street Property Sold For Sum of $15,000

Sam Badalato Purchases Building Lately Occupied by P. J. Watt as a Liquor Store, From R. C. Eckert.

The third important sale of Richmond street business property within a month was consummated yesterday when R. C. Eckert sold to Sam Badalato the three-story building at 356 Richmond street, for the sum of $15,000.

The property was formerly occupied by P. J. Watt, who retired from business recently. It has a frontage of 20 feet on the east side of Richmond street, and is assessed for $[illegible],500. The property sold at the rate of $750 per foot.

Drop in Value.

The first recent sale was that of the Western Hotel property to J. W. Westervelt of the Forest City Business College. This property went for $14,000, although it had a frontage of about 104 feet and was assessed for $23,500. The advent of prohibition caused it to depliete in value.

Price About $23,000.

The second sale was that of the Fraser-McMillan warehouse to Spittal Bros. This property is at 333 Richmond street and has a frontage of 25½ feet, being assessed for $18,000. The first report that it was sold for $30,000 was erroneous. The figure was about $23,000. The building is rented at present to the militia department as a storage and cannot be occupied by the owners until the termination of the war.

Property Improved.

The Eckert property is to be used as a fruit store by the new owner. Mr. Eckert made considerable improvement before the sale. He has owned the property for some years.

Other deals in Richmond street business property are said to be developing.

Stop Our Advertising? Not Much!

(From Hardware and Metal Magazine.)

There are still people who do not believe that flying machines can fly. There are a few bright spirits who scoff at science and loudly declaim that the earth is flat, f-l-a-t.

And there are still merchants who do not believe that advertising pays.

There are certain men who avowedly do not believe in advertising in any form, who do not think it possible to get business by publicity who blink their eyes at the lessons of the mail order houses, and would rather let the cobwebs grow across their doors than break into print with a sales announcement. It sounds incredible. But the fact remains that there are such men. And some of them are hardwaremen.

One of them came to light a short time ago at a meeting of retail hardwaremen. The dealers in hardware in a certain town in Canada have been holding meetings regularly for some time past, with the object of getting to know each other better and of solving some of the evils that crop out when the dogs of trade are let loose. Their meetings have been friendly and of practical value to all concerned.

At the last gathering, however, one of the members rose up with a suggestion.

"I propose that we all agree to stop advertising in every form," he said. Advertising was a useless expense, he went on. It was costing them all more or less money, and if everyone agreed to drop it, why it would not be necessary for any of them to spend a cent.

Quite apparently he regarded advertising as outlay pure and simple; a form of extravagance into which they had all strayed because the other fellows were doing it.

Across the room was a hardwareman who used newspaper space extensively and so judiciously that, when he advertised an article, he generally sold that line out. Advertising was as valuable to him as his good will, in fact, it was part of his good will. This man looked at his chief competitor, also a big advertiser, and it was quite probable that a broad smile passed between them. The spokesman, you see, was not a big advertiser himself. His "big pushes" in the advertising field were little better than half-hearted nudges. He spent cents where the other men spent dollars.

It was a good deal the same as if Venezuela had suggested to Great Britain a mutual scrapping of fleets in the interest of economy.

The suggestion, therefore, fell upon unresponsive soil. In fact, it was promptly voted down. But the mover still had another shot in his locker.

"Then," he said, "if we can't agree to stop advertising, let's agree to stop quoting prices in our ads."

It was as though a pacifist had wormed his way into the trenches and, after failing to convince the soldiers that they ought to stop fighting, addressed them as follows: "Well, if you refuse stop shooting, at any rate stop aiming straight!" Just exactly as bad as that. Advertising pays best when prices are quoted. Prices are the life of advertising. A bare announcement that "J. Blank sells hardware" is not without value. But it is only when J. Blank tells the public that he sells goods at such a price that customers begin to line up in front of his store.

Of course, the other men present knew this. They were in the custom of quoting prices in their advertisements and had no intention of killing the goose that laid the golden eggs.

Her Soldier-Dolly Lost, She Appeals For Aid to Police

Little Tot Enlists the Help of Detectives in Dire Extremity.

Wandering into the police station at ten minutes to ten this morning, a 5-year-old tot looked up into the face of Detective Thomas Nickle and said, "Please, mister, will you help me find my soldier dolly? My sister came down town with it yesterday afternoon, and she lost it, and I thought maybe you could help me find it."

"Well, well, so you lost your soldier dolly, and you have came to the police station to report it," said the genial detective, with a smile.

"Who sent you here?" was asked.

"Oh, I just come myself, because I want to see if you could find it."

Further questioning revealed that the little girl's name was Constance, and that she lived on Maple street, but she could not be induced, if she did remember, to tell the last name.

"What does your father do?" was asked next.

"He works," said Constance.

Detective Nickle assured her that if her dolly was found it would be announced in the newspapers, and with this information she left with the words, "All right. I'll call again."

CONTESTS SON'S WILL.

[Canadian Press.]

Riverhead, N. Y., Nov. 21.—William T. Shannon of 300 Somerset street, Ottawa, today filed objection to the probating of the will of his late son, William Purdy Shannon of Bayport and New York city. The estate is estimated to be worth half a million dollars. The father was not mentioned in the will. It is said the son was displeased because his father married after the death of his first wife and hence omitted him from the division of his estates. The father asks a trial by jury of the issue.

Lighting Streets With Power From Springbank Park

Utilities Commission Reckons This Will Save City $500 Monthly.

The utilities commission is lighting the streets of the city with power generated at Springbank. With the coming of cold weather, the peak load is mounting, with the result that the power unit at the park is being utilized. About 200-horsepower is being developed, and it is expected that $500 a month will be saved the city by the use of this machinery. Of course this will apply only to the minter months.

BABY DRINKS GIN FROM BOTTLE—DEAD

Montreal Boy Crushed to Death in An Elevator.

[Canadian Press.]

Montreal, Nov. 21.—As a result of drinking a quantity of gin from his father's bottle yesterday, Adrien Beauchamp, aged two years, died before medical aid could reach him.

Israel Mendelsohn, a 12-year-old office boy, met a horrible death before the eyes of the elevator operator and a passenger when he was crushed between the elevator car and the shaft between the fourth and fifth floors of the new Birks' building last night. After being carried from the fourth to the fifth floor his body became released and fell to the bottom.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

DIED IN HOSPITAL.

The death occurred at St. Joseph's Hospital on Sunday evening of Mrs. Anna Brayly, wife of Fred Brayley of Langton. Mrs. Brayley was 37 years of age and died following an operation. Besides her husband she is survived by three daughters, the youngest being 4 months of age. The body was forwarded yesterday from the funeral parlors of E. C. Killingsworth on the L. & P. S. R. at 1:20 o'clock to Langton.

The funeral will be held Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock in Langton. The interment will be at Marston.

Returned Soldiers First Choice For Munitions Jobs

Imperial Munitions Board Announces They Will Have Preference.

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, Nov. 21.—The explosives department of the Imperial munitions board is prepared to give employment to returned soldiers in connection with construction and operation of chemical and explosives plants which are being erected in Canada on behalf of the British Government. Not only are ordinary laborers required, but positions are available for skilled workmen.

Large plants are being erected and operated at Trenton and Renfrew, Ont. Workmen of various trades are required at once, and preference will, in every case, be given to returned soldiers, provided they are willing to accept permanent positions.

FEW LONDON MEN ARE JOINING 63RD BATTERY

Recruits Mainly Come From Out-of-Town and Some From States.

Major Cameron, O. C. the 63rd Battery, states that very few Londoners are enlisting in his unit. He has obtained five new men in the last two days, but all come from out-of-town points. Donald Cameron, a man with twelve years' experience in the American navy and a native of Highgate, Ont., was one of the last. J. W. Lampman of Hamilton, W. C. Davis of Exeter, Peter Allan of Rome, Italy, and T. Rogers from Springfield, Ont., were the others.

A number of ex-United States army, navy and coast defence men have signed on, and it is proposed forming them into a separate gun crew. All of them have had some experience with guns and are very keen on the idea. It is hoped to foster a spirit of friendly rivalry which will prove of benefit to the unit as a whole.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, Nov. 21.—Arrived: Steamship Dante Alighieri, from Naples.

OPENS THE EYES TO OPPORTUNITIES FOR FOREIGN COMMERCE

Enemy-Made Goods Exhibition Ready For Opening.

WOOD PULP POSSIBILITIES

Imitation Silk, Rope, Sacking All Made by Germans From It.

Opening Tuesday morning, the British Board of Trade's exhibition of enemy-made goods, in the top story of the National poolroom building, promises to be a source of interest to every Londoner throughout the week. That even those whose employment prevents them coming during the day may see it, the exhibition will be open Thursday and Friday nights. On other days it will close at 6 o'clock. No admission is charged.

The products of every manufacturing trade is to be seen. Nearly all of them are from Germany, but a few are from Austria. Labels on each article designate in what market or country it was sold prior to the outbreak of war. This is to further one of the chief aims of the board of trade, that of demonstrating to Canadian manufacturers how many markets are open to them. British and Canadian trade has been restricted, it claims, by the fact that it manufactured articles only for a home market, hundreds of possible outlets for goods in foreign lands and in British colonies have been despised.

Outside Opportunities.

"Many of the people who visit this exhibition miss the chief point of it," said A. W. Kennedy of the commercial intelligence branch of the department of trade and commerce to The Advertiser. "They see that many of the goods are cheap and immediately say: 'We have no use for them.' They do not realize that there is a tremendous market for these goods in other parts of the world, and that it might as well be supplied by Canadian manufacturers as by German."

The extent to which Canada might develop the wood-pulp industry through her practical control of the raw material is demonstrated by a number of finished products from Germany. One process develops a material that closely resembles silk, and when made into a shawl is difficult to distinguish from the real material. The price is less than half that paid for silk. Rope can be made from wood pulp, as the exhibits clearly demonstrate, and a sacking for coffee or sugar, which far surpasses the usual canvas material used here is another production. That wood shavings usually regarded as waste, can be put to use is shown in exhibits of imitation straw manufactured from them. It is of even a finer quality than the real material, and has come into wide use as material for hats in the United Kingdom since the beginning of the war.

Germany's Forte.

Much of Germany's supremacy in foreign markets came from her ability to underbid competitors, and that she was able to do this is attributable to the fact that she made use of all waste material and made articles no better than was demanded by the purchasers. Blankets on exhibition might be mistaken for wool products, but they are manufactured from cotton waste. They would be useless in Canada, because of their light weight, but those in charge of the exhibition state that there is a great demand for them in South Africa, particularly amongst the natives.

Cutlery, enamel ware, wooden ware, are all to be seen. The majority of it is of poor class, but sells readily in some countries. For instance, clasp knives, sold to West African natives at the rate of three for two cents, are to be seen, as well as razors which cost only a few pence. Machines for cutting brush and cane were made in Germany from stamped steel, no edge being placed on them. They fulfilled the requirements, and soon put the higher-priced and better-made British goods from the market. Imitation leather forms an interesting section of the exhibit. The samples from Germany prove that it can be made cheaply here as well as there.

Long Exhibited.

The articles were loaned by the British Board of Trade to the Canadian Department of Trade and Commerce. They have been in Caanda only a short while although they have now been exhibited for nearly two years. They were shown first through the United Kingdom, and were the means there of causing the manufacture of many of the lines being taken up. Dublin was the place in which they were first shown before coming to Canada. They were collected by the British Board of Trade in the first months after Britain's declaration of war on Germany. Letters were sent to British merchants in all parts of the world asking for samples of the goods they bought from Germany and the prices paid. The attached prices form a basis for the estimation of cost by manufacturers here, and have been another means of causing the manufacture of the various lines to be taken up.

Although exhibited in Montreal only a few weeks ago, spring bolts which were shown there have been reproduced by a Canadian manufacturer of better quality but at the same cost. Other firms have taken up the manufacture of lead pencils. Any of the articles on exhibition will be lent to those who consider they are capable of reproducing gthem, and the commercial intelligence branch is particularly anxious to obtain the names of firms who will endeavor to take over the manufacture of articles. Information is provided as to where markets can be found by weekly bulletins issued free of charge.

FIVE LONDONERS BACK ABOARD THE GRAMPIAN

[Canadian Press.]

Quebec, Nov. 21.—Amongst the invalided soldiers landed here from the Grampian Monday were:

London—B. H. Burgess, C. P. Carter, A. Smith, A. Fryer, J. W. Cook.

St. Thomas—J. F. Phelps, W. J. Weaver.

WORK FOR GERMANY OR INSTANT DEPORTATION

Belgians of All Classes Called Up by Germans for Examination.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Nov. 21.—The common council of Antwerp has refused to deliver lists of the unemployed to the Germans, according to a Reuter's Amsterdam dispatch quoting the Telegraaf. As a consequence, the dispatch says, the Germans are now calling men of all classes to the police stations for examination as to the identity of their papers. These men are said to be given the choice of a German labor contract of three or six months or immediate deportation to Germany. The Telegraaf adds that an official letter has been sent to all burgomasters demanding lists of unemployed under penalty of deporting citizens of all classes to Germany.

FOUR MEN CHARGED FOR NEGLECTING TO AFFIX WAR STAMPS

Local Men Brought Into Police Court Today.

ALL CASES ADJOURNED

Defendants' Counsel Succeed in Having Trial Delayed a Week.

W. H. Thornton, grocer at the corner of Ridout and Dundas street; F. E. Jones of Woods' Fair, East London; Gordon Lamb, barber, and G. E. Lewis, manager Canadian Small Wares, appeared in police court today, each charged with a breach of the special war revenue act of 1914, the informations being laid by Herman J. Dager of Toronto, inland revenue officer. The information read in each case that the accused "did sell a package or bottle containing a preparation subject to a war tax and that the requisite war tax had not been attached," which was a violation of the war revenue act.

A. H. M. Graydon, acting for the prosecution, and representing the inland revenue department, asked that the cases be proceeded with, and said that he was ready.

Counsel for defendants asked for an adjournment until Tuesday, November 28. This was granted by Acting Magistrates Henry Macklin, J. P., and J. J. Dyer.

The defendant in one action is expected to show that he did not make the sale, but that a clerk did, and will endeavor to avoid responsibility under these conditions, but Mr. Graydon produced an authority, citing Mr. Justice Hodgins, that the proprietor in an action of this kind was responsible, differing in this respect from railroad companies and their servants, as defined under the Dominion railway act.

If a conviction is registered in any case, the minimum penalty is a fine of $50, or up to $200.

MANY ONTARIO MEN GIVEN DISCHARGE WITH WAR WOUNDS

Three Hundred More Returned From the Front On Monday.

[Canadian Press.]

Quebec, Nov. 21.—The work of discharging the 300 odd men returned from the front yesterday on the Allan Liner Grampian is going on at the local discharge depot and today a list of the men is available. It shows a number of Montrealers, a big lot from Toronto and several from other points in Ontario.

Among the men, four are blind, four lost an eye, and thirty-six are crippled by the loss of a limb. Following is a list:

Sorel—E. Lemire.

Boiseville—W. Labelle.

St. Jean—H. Lacoste, J. Martineau.

Montreal—I. Currie, L. Darmour, M. Howard, N. E. Levesque, E. Dubuc, G. Verhaven, A. Williams, C. Vidler, E. Sainter, W. Riley, J. McCann, C. R. Moody, E. Lavoie, W. Heron, W. E. Hutchison, F. H. Griffiths, H. Gilbert, N. Dube, T. G. Deery, C. A. Donoyon, H. J. Dayluce, E. Cardinal, A. Carter, C. G. Butchart, F. W. Dunn, A. Maltais, J. H. Davies, A. Marsh, F. Cantin, Jas. Fisher, D. Gilbert, Wm. Owen, T. Ritchie, T. H. Welch.

Many From Toronto.

Toronto.—H. Wilmshurst, R. Postlethwaite, L. W. Pattison, E. D. McNeely, F. G. McCoy, C. H. Luke, C. Howard, W. Glanfield, W. R. Gash, F. C. Fleming, A. Finch, J. Elliott, J. J. Darlison, W. G. Bloom, L. H. Bodman, A. A. Ashleigh, A. Austin, T. B. Bemner, P. Hannowin, W. Hill, G. H. Hulbert, J. B. Jacobie, F. G. Jackson, A. W. Lewis, J. Read, H. G. Reimer, E. I. Schuer, A. H. Sparrow, E. Sullivan, H. Watson, J. A. Alder, S. S. Austin, A. Deadman, E. I. Palmer, Jas. Tolcher, F. E. Webster, H. Wild, T. E. Bragg, A. Burrow, A. M. Crisp, F. Pucker, J. Dennan, Wm. Higgens, B. S. Jackee, G. C. Lowther, G. Moore, H. B. Marsall, C. A. Poynton, A. Stoud, D. Seeds, A. Sterling, F. Strong, F. Thornton.

Ottawa.—W. M. Lewis, H. Gagnon, I. Boyle, H. F. Brayshaw, Thos. Bryant, J. W. Gates, Jos. St. Denis, R. W. Tidgewell.

BOTH PLEAD GUILTY.—Pte. Fred Garvin, late 153rd Battalion, and Pte. H. E. Masden, also formerly of the 153rd, have both signed confessions of having been guilty of desertion and courts-martial have been dispensed with. They will suffer the penalties which would have been inflicted under a court-martial.

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The Common Law

—AT THE—

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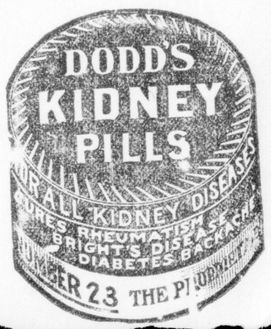
WEDDINGS

CREGELIUS—SILVER.

On Saturday, November 18, Miss Florence Silver of London was united in marriage to Carl Douglas Cregelius, also of London. The service was performed by Rev. D. C. MacGregor at St. Andrew's manse.



Doctor Tells How to Strengthen Eyesight 50 Per Cent in One Week's Time in Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eyestrain or other eye weaknesses? If so, you will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says, after trying it: "I was almost blind; could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glasses, and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can even read fine print without glasses." It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time, and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules. Here is the prescription: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and allow to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start, and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note.—Another prominent physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Bon-Opto is a very remarkable remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists, and widely prescribed by them. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances, or refund the money. It can be obtained from any good druggist and is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family." Standard Drug and W. T. Strong sell it.