midway.

ly all mounted, racing our

Saved from her Ancestors.

Is Consumption hereditary? Well, even so, hereditary Consumption no longer means, of necessity, an early death—No! nor even a life of sickness and weakness, although it does mean a life of constant care, to prevent the ever ready disease from attacking the predisposed lung tissue and getting its grip upon the structure of the lungs. By keeping the general health lung tissue and getting its grip upon the structure of the lungs. By keeping the general health lung tissue and getting its grip upon the structure of the lungs. By keeping the general health lung tissue and getting its grip upon the structure of the lungs. By keeping the general health lung tissue and getting its grip upon the structure of the lungs. By keeping the general health lung tissue and getting its grip upon the structure of the lungs. By keeping the general health lung tissue and getting its grip upon the structure of the lungs. By keeping the general health lung tissue and getting its grip upon the structure of the lungs.



tion" to live a long, healthy and active life. This has been proven over and over again. Post Mortem examinations have shown that the cause of death to such people has been by disease entirely foreign to any affection of the lungs. For more than half a century Shiloh's Consumption Cure hasbeen peculiarly successful. It frees the system of Consumption germs, tones it, gives strength and vigor and builds up the flesh. It is an infallible remedy, guaranteed not to fail:-if, after using two thirds of the contents of a bottle the purchaser is dissatisfied with the results, the purchase money will be returned in full upon taking the remaining one third to the druggist from whom it was bought. There is no risk, financial or otherwise, in trying Shiloh's great cure. The following testimony from Miss Harriet Tempest, of Detroit, Mich., is encouraging

and convincing: S. C. WELLS CO., Toronto-For these last 25 or 30 years of life, I am indebted to Shiloh's Consumption Cure. Our family has always, so far as I can learn, been afflicted with the "scourge of Consumption." My Ancestors have all died young. An uncle and his family and myself have so far escaped. I, from using "Shiloh, and he, because he went when quite young to live in South Africa, the climate of which country seems to have saved him.

Of course I have always taken care of my general health, avoiding colds, etc., as much as possible and have steadily used your Consumption Cure, and here I am, close upon fifty years of age and as strong and healthy as most people and as likely to reach old age. I am very enthusiastic about Shiloh's Consumption Cure, can you wonder at it? Sold in Canada and the United States, 25c, 5oc and \$1.00, in England at 1s. 2d., 2s. 3d. and 4s. 3d.

BRITISH INVADE BOER TERRITORY

(Continued from Page 1.)

half an hour, when the gun firing lyddite silenced them. Then another Boer gun to the north opened on the Royal as the riflemen had good cover. The shelling continued all day and last

With the Boers surrounding the British in overwhelming numbers and having artillery, it was evident that it would be impossible to retain Slingersfontein, which the British evacuated under cover of darkness, falling back upon Rensberg. The British casualties were lighter than might have been expected in the circumstances.

BOER LOSSES.

Advices from Cape Town state that the Boer Mauser cartridge manufactory at Modderfontein has been blown tory at Modderfontein has been blown at Modderfontein

killed by the explosion. COL. PLUMER'S ADVANCE. London, Feb. 14.-Advices from Ga-

berones, dated Feb. 4, says: The artillery duel between Col. Plumer's force and 500 Boers continued until today, when the British dropped two shells into the Boer fort. The Boer guns into the Boer fort. The Boer guns have since been silent. Col. Plumer's advance has been checked by floods.

A dispatch from Mafeking said the garrison could hold out until June. The Daily Chronicle publishes

following dispatch from Mafeking, dated Jan. 29: "The Boers shelled the women's laager for two hours on Friday, Jan. 27. Boer women, warned by spies evidently, went into the trenches, clapped their hands and hurrahed when the shells fell near the English women. Lady Sarah Wilson was slightly wounded. Major Gould-Adams and Capt. Wilson received contusions from shell fragments."

COURT-MARTIALED.

A Ladysmith dispatch, dated Thursday, Feb. 8, says: Mr. H. C. Foss, a resident of Ladysmith, has been court-martialed and sentenced to a year's imprisonment at hard labor for time in the Free State. He had been garrison was on the eve of starvation and capture.

THE AUSTRALIANS.

'A dispatch from Cape Town says that the entire Australian infantry has been mounted. This was done because most of the men were fine horsemen. Only 15 per cent of the command needed coaching; the remaining 85 per cent were thoroughly at home on a horse.

British Casualties

TO DATE, 10,515. Killed. Wound- Miss-tilled. ed. ing. Totals

Totals ... 1,629 5,430 2,893
Other fatalities ... 563
Grand total ... 10,515 Grand total THE WOUNDED.

A Pietermaritzburg dispatch of Feb. 13 says that Major Brasier-Creagh, sur-geon in charge of the ambulance train from Frere to Modder River, brought 95 wounded British soldiers there today.

Of this number, six were officers. He
also brought in three wounded Boers, all of whom had been shot in the thigh. On the way down the Boers talked freely to the surgeon. The wounded men stated there were only a few English, Irish or other foreigners fighting with the Boers in Natal. The Irish Transvaal Brigade, they said, was on the western border, probably with Gen. Cronje, at Medder River. The men said they had been in three British hospitals, and had been treat-ed with greatest kindness and consideration by officers and men. were especially grateful to the Brit-ish surgeons. One of the Boers said he had offered his guard £80 to allow him to escape, but the guard refused.

Perosi stock company with a capital of \$50,000 has been formed in Milan for the performance of church

AT SUNNYSIDE

London Times' Account of the Affair in Which the Canadians Figured.

London, Feb. 15.-The part taken by the Canadian and Australian contingents at Sunnyside is thus described by a correspondent of the Times: On the day before Christmas Col. Pilcher, Lieut. Atkinson, who worked at Belmont, got wind of the assemblage Irish Rifles, but rather ineffectually, of a considerable Boer force at Sunnyside farm, 30 miles distant, and determined to try to attack it before the pounder in order to bomsoard the camp enemy got wind or his intention. 10 though they had been accustomed to of England and the United States were from the north. That attempt was plainly visible, as the gun could be some miles around, which proved his some miles around, which proved his maxims, under Capt. Bell, of the applause. evening. The Boers brought up a 40- mined to try to attack it before the usm of life, behaving the camp bounder in order to bombard the camp enemy got wind of his intention. To though they had been accustomed to pounder in order to bombard the camp enemy got wind of his intention. To though they had been accustomed to good sense, as the negroes are all in the pay of the Boers, no matter how loyal they may pretend to be to the British-a fact which the British do well to take heed of, for it has cost them pretty dearly already. On Christmas Eve he started out, taking two guns of the Royal Naval Artillery, us on the flank, and although they a couple of Maxims, all the Queens-landers and a few hundred Canadians. were finally cleared off, they never Col. Pilcher's force numbered about 600 Advices from Cape Town state that men. He marched swiftly all night, he Boer Mauser cartridge manufac- and got to Sunnyside farm in good time near them.

The enemy were found in a laager in a strong position, on some rather steep kopies, and it was evident that they were expecting strong reinforcements. Col. Pilcher at once extended his force so as to try and surround the kopjes. While this was going on Lieut. Aide, with four Queensland croopers, was sent to the far left of what was supposed to be the Boer position. His fit and thoroughly trained. orders were to give notice of any at-tempt at retreat on the part of the enemy. He did his work well. Getting close in to the kopje, he saw a number of the enemy sli king off, and at once challenged them. As he did so a dozen Boers darted out of the kopje, and Aide opened fire on tnem, which caused the Boers to fire a volley at with two bullets in his body. One went martial was that the sergeant Lieut. Aide fell from his horse through the fleshy part of his stomach, entering his body sidewise; the other went into his thigh. A trooper named ed, one of the privates was admonish-McLaud was shot through the heart ed, and the third was sentenced to and fell dead. Both the other troopers were wounded. Trooper Rose caught a horse and hoisted his lieutenant into the saddle and sent him out of

danger. Meantime the R. H. Battery, taking circulating false reports calculated to discourage the troops, and for advising soldiers to desert. Mr. Foss, who is a native of Natal, resided for some great fear into the Boers, and a general holf set in. The Boers fired as eral bolt set in. The Boers fired as twice warned for asserting that the they cleared, and if our fellows had been formed up in the style usual to the British army in action, we would have suffered heavily. But the Queenslander bushmen had dropped behind cover, and soon had complete possession of the kopjes.

Another trooper, named Victor Jones, was shot through the brain, and 14 others were more or less badly wounded. The Boers then surrendered. We took 40 prisoners, and found 14 Boers dead on the ground, besides a dozen wounded. They were all Cape Dutch, no Transvaalers being found in the ranks. We secured 40,000 rounds of ammunition, 300 Martini-Henris and only one Mauser rifle, which was in the posses sion of a Boer commander. After securing all we took, we moved on and looked at some of the farms near by, as from documents found in camp it was certain that the whole district was a

563 perfect nest of rebellion. Quite a little store of arms and ammunition was discovered by this means, and the occupants of the farms transported to Belmont. Our fellows carried the little children and babies in their arms all the way, and marched into Belmont singing, with the little ones on their shoulders. Every respect was shown to the women, old and young, and to the old men, but the young fellows were closely guarded all the time. The Canadians did not lose a single man; neither did any of the others, ex-

cept the Queenslanders. The account of the same engagement, sent by the correspondent of the Reuter's Telegram Company, is in part as follows. "The Queenslanders did the scouting admirably, and we were able to advance within two and onehalf miles of the kopje. Here, just below a ridge occupied by our Queens-lander scouts, which hid us from any possible observant enemy, Col. Pilcher called another halt and made his plan of battle. He determined to give Maj. De Rougement command of what was practically an independent column, consisting of his two guns, under Lieut. Atkinson; the Toronto company of the Canadians, under Capt. Barker,

IMPAIRED DIGESTION,

REECHAM'S
PILLS

BILIOUS AND NERVOUS DISORDERS;

CONSTIPATION, Kindred DISORDERED LIVER and WEAK STOMACH, Diseases FEMALE AILMENTS.

Sold everywhere, in boxes, at 25 Cents at all Druggists. Annual sale over 6,600,000 boxes.

| Kindred

and the mounted infantry in charge of Lieuts. Ryan and Smith. "Along a valley, and parallel with Sunnyside, ran a low, rocky ridge, about 30 to 40 feet high, and distant that Ladysmith may yet be rescued. about 30 to 40 feet high, and distant from the kopie about 125 yards. De Rougemont, one of Lord Kitchener's Soudanese warriors, saw that it was the key of the position, and he immediately swung around his column, making a front of his left and brought

it parallel to the kopje. The ridge lay between us and the enemy, supposing "A Greek Slave" company appeared him to be holding the kopjes at about at the Grand Opera House last night The audience was one of the largest and best pleased of the season, demon-"There was no time for hesitation, and Maj. De Rougemont did not hesitate. There was the possibility be-fore him of the enemy, who were nearmen to the little ridge, and forcing us to retire further up the ridge. Our little body of 100 infantry were coming along as fast as it was possible for infantry, but not fast enough to make certain of seizing the small Without a moment's hesitation Maj. De Rougemont, escorted by a little handful of mounted infantry, started rapidly forward with his two guns and ordered 'action front' at a point which commanded the laager as well as all approaches to the ridge from the laager. The first shell fell just in front of the white tents of the rebel laager, the second bursting in

see the rebels streaming out in frantic haste for the kopjes above. The rebels, having taken up a position on the right of the kopjes, opened heavy and fairly accurate fire on the This corner was a little warm, Perceiving this, Major Rougemont requested me to ride to the Canadians, who were coming up about 400 yards behind, and order them to double into action. I galloped and delivered the order to Capt. Barker. I shouted out the words: "The major wishes you, Capt. Barker, to bring up your men at the double quick." There were signs of delight on the faces of the Canadians, various exclamations, indicating their satisfaction at the order. I heard one of them say to his comrade, "At last we we are going to have our

chance. As soon as the Canadians arrived in the neighborhood of the guns, Major De Rougemont led them across the open to the little ridge in front of the guns, which were left in charge of and worked them remarkably well, for the rest of the day. The enemy directed his fire on the new arrivals, and the Toronto boys got their bap-tism of fire, behaving throughout as right, and firing proceeded merrily for a few minutes, when our artillery fire, aided by that of the Canadians, was altogether too much for them. Henceforth for the rest of the day the enemy's fire was completely held by

THE CANADIANS

became dangerous.

Parade of Mounted Infantry in Toronte -The Sleepy Sentries.

Toronto, Feb. 15 .- The mounted infantry, who will leave for Halifax tonight, paraded the streets yesterday, in the presence of a big crowd of speciators, who shouted good-byes and cheered them. Horses and men are

The patriotic concert, held at Brockville Tuesday night, was a great suc-

cess. Receipts, \$280. Ottawa, Feb. 15.-Hon. F. W. Borden, has received a repart from Col. Otter, giving details of the courtmartial of three members of the Royal Canadian Regiment at Modder River for having been asleep while on sentry duty. The finding of the courtcharge of the post, who was one of the culprits, was severely reprimanded, one of the privates was admonish-

eight days confinement. Lieut. McLean, of the St. John Company, who has resigned to join the Imperial Field Artillery, made a great with Lord Methuen with his maps of the country. Gen. Methuen was highly impressed with Lieut. Mc-Lean's efficiency, and promised to indorse his application for a commission in the imperial army. Lord Methuen carried this out, and thus the Royal Canadians lose one of their most promising subalterns.

SATISFACTION

[Continued from page 1.]

British force threatening his left wing on a position stretching from Spyfon-tein, by Magersfontein, by Jacobsdal, Cronje is forced to decide whether he will remain or retire. If he elects to go, Kimberley will be relieved at once. If he chooses to stay he will have to entrench in his rear or his works will be carried. If his rear is entrenched, he will probably be held in check in his present position while Kimberley

EAGER FOR THE NEWS. The news of Lord Roberts' move

was not given out until 11 o'clock last night, but even at that hour the telegraph boards at the clubs and hotels were quickly surrounded by crowds of men, who discussed the new advance, which was felt to be marked by a concentration of purpose, energy and rapidity that augur well for the

events that are to follow. The London Standard's military ex-pert says: "Clip Drift appears to be just above David's Graaf. By holding this point Lord Roberts has PENETRATED THE BOER POSI-

TION, which extends from Magersfontein to Jacobsdal. Any Boer forces that may have been at Jacobsdal have been isolated from Cronje's main body. The British commander can develop his flank attack against the Boer and has, as a further point in his favor, that the line of retreat of the Boers to Bloemfontein is intercepted. Through the gap which French holds, with some 8,000 men, the sixth and seventh division will advance and move against the Boer flank."

SCIENTIFIC STRATEGY. The London correspondent of the Tribune says of the operations: This entire movement, with its concentra-tion of nearly all the British battaiions outside Natal, and slender columns left under Gatacre and Clements, has been brought about by scientific stratesy, under a rigorous operation of the censorship, the utility of which has been demonstrated at last. An army been massed where the enemy are the ing, healing and curing the affections weakest, and the previous balance of of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, forces in the military problem has been bronchitis, etc. corps and strong auxiliary forces have

suddenly upset. This column on the Riet has a promise of potency for the relief of Kimberley, and a subdequent advance upon Bloemfontein, and is so at a diversion of military resource

Amusements.

A GREEK SLAVE.

strating once more Londoners' preference for comic opera. It was a briliant performance. The scene was in Rome, about A. D. 90, and there were represented flower girls, Chinese slaves, Persian slaves, Egyptian slaves, Greek girls Creek slaves. girls, Greek slaves, African attendants, patricians, the Roman prefect, a Per-sian soothsayer and others. The scenery and properties were the same a used in Daly's Theater, London, England, and they were exceedingly gor-geous. The company was large, tal-ented, and distinguished for personal beauty, the dances and grouping were graceful and varied, and the opera was a distinct musical success. Out of the multitude of pleasing sensations produced through eye and ear by the wealth of scenic embellishment, the elaborate costumes, personal charms the middle, and immediately we could of the performers, the tuneful and semusic, the catchy lyrics, the graceful dances, the witty dialogue, and the mirth-provoking antics of the comedians, that which lingers most pronounced is probably the recollection of the male value. tion of the male voices. In no other recent great comic opera success has such prominence been given the tenor and baritone soloists. The tenor was Mr. Albert A. Parr, a native Canadian, and his singing was applauded with the utmost enthusiasm, repeated en-cores being demanded. Mr. Hugh Childers, baritone, was also heard with appreciation. Of course, to Miss Dorothy Morton, the highest honors were due. Her rendition of the solo, "The Golden Isle," was exquisite, and the diden Isle," was exquisite, and the audience insisted on a recall. Miss Minnie Ashley, in a dainty soubrette part, captivated the audience by her winsome manner and graceful dancing. Kate Michelena, who had a leading part is an attractive hearty and ing part, is an attractive beauty and sweet singer. Albert Maher was a droll and finished comedian, and Herbert Sparling proved a capital foil.

The finale was unusual. Miss Dorothy Morton led in singing "God Save the Queen," and the patriotic fervor of the audience was intensified when the flags of England and the United States were



THE HIGHWAYMAN" TONIGHT. "The Highwayman," by DeKoven and Smith, will be heard at the Grand tonight, with Katherine Germaine as the "star." It may be said that De-Koven and Smith's happiest efforts have been their pictures of the past. The very name of "The Highwayman" serves, in the mental eye, to turn the hour-glass backward to the time of stage coaches, country squires, top-boots and the "gibbets and hulks," to a time when the shrill whistle of the locomotive was unknown. To a time when Paul Clifford, Gentleman Joe, Old Rags, Jack Ketch, and Mr. James Maclaine, in "laced clothes, hat and feathers," were displaying that lighthearted recklessness usually associated with the gentlemen of their profession.

SPECTACLE MATINEE AND NIGHT SATURDAY.

Dickson & Mustard's big scenic spectacle, "Humpty Dumpty," which is undoubtedly one of the successes of this season's amusements, will be seen here at the Opera House, mat-inee and night, Saturday. The organization presenting this, the most popular of Mother Goose's rhymes, is a mammoth one, comprising nearly half a hundred people, and the scenic embellishments are said to eclipse in magnificence any spectacle seen upon the stage in recent years. Nothing but praise is heard from every city where "Humpty Dumpty" has had his "fall and rise." The specialty features of the production are of a high order, and the laugh-provoking antics of "Humpty Dumpty" and his assoclates are sure to please the old and young alike. JOHN E. YOUNG'S OPERA COM-

PANY.

John E. Young and his merry opera company of 35 people will be at the Grand in repertoire comic opera all next week. Every citizen of London, who enjoys a good hearty laugh, and wishes to feast his eyes on the most gorgeous and finest musical presentation ever given on any stage in London, should see John E. Young and merry opera company in their brilliant opening performance Monday night at the Grand. Among the principals are Robert Dunbar, leading tenor, formerly with Thomas Seabrook and Lillian Russell; George Olnit, former leading baritone at Her Majesty's Theater, London, England, John E. Young and Thomas White, the celebrated comedians, whose team work is considered the best on the American stage. Mamie Scott and Laura Russell are operatic artists, whose culture has shone in metropolitan operatic productions. The petite little prima donna soprano, Minnie Jarbeau, will undoubtedly be-come a great favorite here, as she has everywhere the company has appeared. She has a marvelous voice, which never fails to arouse the utmost enthusiasm. The chorus is excellent, and the costumes are of dazzling splendor. This engagement bids fair to prove the best of the season.

Why will you allow a cough Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving healing and curing the affections.

TWENTY-FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT

The Canadian

Savings and Loan Company, London, Can.

The annual meeting of The Canadian Savings and Loan Company was held at their office, Richmond street, London, on the 14th inst., the President, Mr. Robert Fox, occupying the chair, and the Manager, Mr. M. H. Rowland, acting as secretary. Among those present were Messrs. J. W. Jones, Rev. James Little, John Christie, A. Durand, Robert Lewis, A. B. Cox, O. Baynes, A. Greenlees and Charles H. Elliott. The following report and financial statement was read:

The Directors beg to submit their Twenty-fifth Report and Balance Sheet for the information and approval of the Shareholders, and to congratulate them upon the continued success of the business of the Company. This being the Quarter-Century Report of the Company, the Directors have thought it the Quarter-Century Report of the Company, the Directors have thought it advisable to append a Comparative Table, showing the growth of the Company during the last twenty-five years. Nearly every year has seen a substantial addition to the Reserve Fund, and the Assets have steadily increased, until they now reach the handsome sum of \$2,029,000, having increased \$200,000 during the last three years.

The result of the year's business is very satisfactory, the profits (including the amount brought forward from last year, \$3,980 51) after paying interest on deposits and debentures, expenses of management, taxes, commission, etc., amount of \$63,319 25. Out of this amount two half-yearly dividends of 3 per

amount of \$63,319 25. Out of this amount two half-yearly dividends of 3 per cent each, amounting to \$45,000, have been paid, \$2,000 written off the office building account, \$12,500 added to the Reserve-Fund, and the balance, \$3,819 25,

Although the current rate of interest on loans is lower than formerly, a lower rate has been paid upon borrowed capital, and the margin of profit has thus been maintained. The funds of the Company have been fully employed and representations. ployed, and repayments of interest have been satisfactory. The large increase in the debenture issue is a very gratifying feature of the year's business. The real estate on hand (other than the office building), including all properties unsold, which have come into the Company's hands under power of sale, or otherwise, consists of three properties, which aggregate in value \$2,900. The Reserve Fund, which now amounts to \$237,500, equals nearly 32 per cent of

the paid-up capital of the Company.

We regret that Mr. Thomas A. Browne, who has acted as auditor of the Company for the past ten years, found it necessary to resign his position on account of changes in his business. The vacancy thus caused has been sat-

isfactorily filled by the appointment of Mr. Andrew Ellis.

The accounts of the Company have received the usual monthly audit, and the auditors' certificate will be found appended. All of which is respectfully submitted.

ROBERT FOX, President. London, Ont., Jan. 23, 1900.

COMPARATIVE TAB	LE SHOW	VING GROWTH OF COMPANY.
Reserve Fund. May, 1876 \$ 7,316 00 1877 15,000 00 1878 25,000 00 1879 34,446 00 1880 41,500 00 1881 87,504 00 1882 112,000 00 1883 120,000 00 1884 128,000 00 1885 135,000 00 1886 141,000 00 1887 150,000 00	Assets \$ 115,911 00 270,000 00 394,000 00 505,018 00 633,637 00 1,192,831 00 1,431,863 00 1,536,572 00 1,604,755 00 1,647,961 00 1,708,077 00	Reserve Fund. May, 1888. \$160,000 00 \$1,675,852 00 1889. 170,000 00 1,694,508 00 1,732,700 00 1891. 187,500 00 1,782,700 00 1892. 195,000 00 1,825,334 00 1893. 200,000 00 1,834,593 00 1,785,625 00 1894. 200,000 00 1,834,593 00 1,785,625 00 1895. 200,000 00 1,807,724 00 1896. 205,000 00 1,814,254 00 1897. 210,000 00 1,843,392 00 1,897,724 00 1898. 220,000 00 1,950,731 00 1898. 220,000 00 1,950,731 00 1,972,765 00 1,97

Dec. 1899, Reserve Fund, \$237,500 00; Assets, \$2,029,055 00.

Financial Statement of the Canadian Savings and Loan Company, of London, Canada, for the Year Ending Dec. 31, 1899.

Dr. — PROFIT AND L	oss account. Cr
Interest on deposits\$22,233 80	Balance brought forward\$ 3,980 Interest on loans 103,942
Interest on deben- tures 10,803 76 \$33,037 56	Rents 697
Municipal taxes on office and income 987 11	
Government tax and registration fee 645 00 1,632 11	
Dividend No. 47, June 30	
Expenses of management 8,677 46 Commission on loans 1,596 48 Losses on real estate 357 21 Carried to Reserve Fund 12,500 00	
Written off office building ac-	The second of the same and the second
Carried forward. 3,819 25 Total\$108,620 07	\$108 62
	AND ASSETS.
LIABILITIES.	ASSETS
To the Public— Savings deposits.\$721,300 12	Cash value of investments. \$1,982,59 Real estate on hand. 2,90 Office premises. 22,00

LIABILITIES. To the Public— Savings deposits,\$721,300 12 Debentures 312,922 19 Accrued interest on same 3,514 33 \$1,037,736 64	ASSETS. Cash value of investments. \$1,982.598 4 Real estate on hand. 22,000 0 Office premises. 22,000 0 Cash in banks. 18,538 9 Cash on hand. 3,018 5
Capital stock\$750,000 00 Reserve Fund 237,500 00 Balance at credit of profit and	
991,319 28 Total\$2,029,055 89	\$2,029,055

We hereby certify that we have audited the accounts of the Canadian Savings and Loan Company of London, Canada, for the year ending Dec. 31, 1899, and find the same correct and in accordance with the statement above set We have carefully examined the vouchers and bank accounts monthly, and have checked all the entries in the Company's ledgers. We have also examined the securities of the Company and find them in order.

A. T. MeMAHEN, ANDREW ELLIS, Auditors.

.\$2,029,055 89

London, Jan. 23, 1900.

The President, in moving the adoption of the report, said that the showing made this year is certainly a very good one. For many years we have had the pleasure of presenting very successful reports, but that this one was probably the best we have ever had, the addition of \$12,500 to the Reserve Fund bringing that fund up to \$237,500, is most satisfactory and gratifying to the shareholders and we feel that such a statement must be gratifying to the shareholders, and we feel that such a statement must be an assurance not only to the stockholders that the usual dividend will be maintained, but also to the depositors and debenture holders of their absolute security. The Directors, Manager and other officers have always worked for the best interests of the Company, and those doing business with them, and the result shown is in a great measure due to their care and energy. The Manager, besides attending to his office duties in a most satisfactory manner, has devoted considerable time to inspecting the securities in company with our valuators, who have stood loyal to The Canadian, giving

Mr. John Christie, Vice-President, seconded the adoption of the report, and also commented upon the continued success of the Company. The report was then adopted.

The following gentlemen were then elected Directors for the ensuing year: Robert Fox, Robert Lewis, John Christie, J. W. Jones and A. B. Cox. At a subsequent meeting of the Directors. Mr. Robert Fox were appointed President, and Mr. John Christie and Mr. Robert Lewis, Vice-President,

A WONDERFUL ANTISEPTIC COMPOUND A Medicated Toilet Scap of the Purest. Awarded Silver Medal Greater Britain Exhibition, 1897. A FEW REASONS WHY YOU SHOULD USE NOVO. WHAT IT WILL DO.

Reg. No. 3007.

1—Prevents all contagious diseases from approaching where it is used.
2—It will clean and polish paint work and not kill the gloss on the paint.
3—It will clean carpets without taking them up.
4—It will clean linoleums like new.
5—It will clean bicycle chains and rims.

Novo is claimed to be the cheapest and best paint.

WILL DO.

6—It will clean and remove paint, oil and grease stainsfrom woolen and cotton clothing. Also cleans coat collars and hats.
7—It contains no alkali and is strongly recommended for washing the head, as it imparts a silky and natural gloss to the hair, and is especially useful for children.

Novo is claimed to be the cheapest and best paint. Novo is claimed to be the cheapest and best paint Price IUC & ZUC BIOCK cleaner on market. Try it on finger marks on doors. R. H. LAVERS & CO, Ltd., Atlas Works, East Float, Birkenhead, Liverpool, Eng. A. M. SMITH & CO., Sole Agents for London.

The Royal Bank of Canada (the Merchants' Bank of 'Halifax) will increase its capital by one million dollars, so the directors decided at meeting yesterday.

Mrs. C. C. Catt, of New York, has | ver.

been elected president of the National American Woman Suffrage Association to succeed Susan B. Anthony. One year's sweepings of the British mint yield over \$5,000 in gold and sil-