CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDERER.

SACKVILLE, N. B., OCTOBER 11, 1888.

—Snow fell generally in northern New Hampshire, Saturday night.

—Farmers of Contocook, N. H., report potatoes frozen in the ground.

—The first sod of the Cornwallis and Kingsport railway was turned last week.

—There was shipped from Port Arthur on Monday last a car load of silver ore valued at $75,000. Its destination was Newburg, N. J., where it will be treated.

—At a recent conference of miners held at Manchester, at which 250,000 miners were represented, it was decided to strike on October 29th, unless the demand for an advance of 10 per cent. in wages is acceeded to.

—Mr. Ernest Cochrane is in the city, says the Winnipeg *Call* of late date, completing arrangements for the sale of 6,000 sheep now on the Cochrane ranch. It is the intention of the company to confine their operations solely to horse-raising in the future.

—The Medical Health Officer of Toronto protests against the Provincial Board's policy in not quarantining Buffalo on account of the smallpox epidemic. He claims that all the cases in Toronto were imported from Buffalo.

—The Dominion revenue for the first quarter of last fiscal year (1887-8) was $8,077,445. For the first quarter of the current fiscal year it was $8,500,000. The expenditure for the first quarter of last fiscal year was $6,837,813; for the first quarter of the present fiscal year, $6,750,000.

—The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* claims that a new international society has been discovered, with head offices in New York. Branches of this association are said to exist all over the United States and Europe, and the new society is much more bloodthirsty and far reaching than the old society of the same name.

—The Pope celebrated high mass for the dead in St. Peter's Rome, last Sunday to solemnize the close of his Jubilee. The congregation numbered twenty thousand persons. Admittance was by ticket. His Holiness was given an enthusiastic reception and was greeted with prolonged cries of "Viva." He appeared to be deeply moved.

—Senator Sherman was in Pittsburg last Friday en route from New York to his home at Mansfield. In an interview he said that Congress would probably adjourn in a week There would be no vote on the Senate Tariff Bill, but at the next session a new tariff bill would undoubtedly be passed. Referring to the annexation of Canada he said; "I consider it only a question of time until Cadada is a part of the United States, Whether it be one year or ten, Canada will undoubtedly be annexed."

—When Senator Morgan told a New York *Sun* reporter that Canadians cannot "live in close proximity to a Government like ours for any considerable length of time without imbibing all the affection for our institutions that we possess," he simply displayed his want of knowledge. If there is one thing more than another upon which Canadians are united it is that our Parliamentary institutions are infinitely preferable to those of the United States. The Senator meaus well, but he doesn't know.—*Empire.*

—The St. Paul, Minn., *Pioneer Press* prints a carefully tabulated statement giving the actual results of this season's threshing in 83 counties of Minnesotia and Dakota, practically covering the great wheat belt. It shows a net decrease as compared with last years wheat crop of 40 per cent., which would make the present wheat crop of Minnesotia and Dakota fifty-five to sixty million bushels. In the Red River Valley and through the frosty region of northern Dakota there is not half a crop, and the grain is poor in quality.

—*United Ireland*, Mr. Wm. O'Brien's paper, boasts that "Cleveland is avenging Ireland's wrongs by his retaliation measure." As it is Canada that is to suffer by the avenging process; and as Canada has through its parliamentary bodies received several official snubbings for its expressions of sympathy with Irish aspirations; and as it is only half a dozen years since the Canadian Parliament voted a hundred thousand dollars for the relief of Mr. O'Brien's compatriots, it would be thought that some sense of gratitude in even this man would serve to mitigate the transports of his joy at a blow struck at a people who had done so much for the country whose cause he assumes to advocate.

—According to a despatch sent by Mr. Erastus Wiman to the Toronto papers, but afterwards countermanded, the coming report of Senator Sherman's committee on the relations of Great Britain and Canada to the United States will submit proposals for the absorption of the Dominion into the Republic. The negotiations are to be made with Great Britain and Canada, and the price to be offered is the payment of the Canadian debt, assumed at $300,000,000. That there is even a possibility of this insulting proposition being made by a Senate committee is proof positive that there is not the slightest chance of obtaining unrestricted reciprocity except by annexation. And yet Grit writers and orators are assuring all who will read and listen that unrestricted reciprocity is the one thing needful for Canada, and that to obtain it nothing is required but to turn out the present Government at Ottawa.

Cardwell.

The Grit newspapers are trying to derive consolation from the fact that the majority of 165 by which Mr. Robert White was elected in Cardwell last week was smaller than some of the majorities received in the same county by his father, the late Hon. Thomas White. As the Opposition did not venture to put a candidate in the field, it might seem at the first glance that the result was "none of their funeral," but when it is remembered that the Cardwell Grits gave their support to the resident Conservative candidate because Mr. White was the Government nominee, their reason for wishing to belittle Mr. White's victory becomes apparent. An analysis of the vote in Cardwell shows that very little comfort can be obtained by the Opposition from the state of the poll, for, outside of the township of Caledon, the home parish of the resident candidate, the majorities of Mr. Robert White were larger than those of his father in 1887. For instance, in Adjala there was a Grit majority of three in 1887, while last week there was a Conservative majority of fifty-three. In Albion in 1887 there was a Convervative majority of 77; in 1888 the Conservative majority was 89. In short, outside of Caledon, the Conservative majority in 1887 was 423, and in 1888 it increased to 478. The Township of Caledon gave a Grit majority of 17 in 1887 and last week it was carried by Mr. Stubbs by a majority of 313, a result obtained by working the local candidate cry for all it was worth. Under these circumstances the Grits are not likely to get much satisfaction out of the Cardwell election, and the attempt to prove by it that the popularity of the Government is waning is not likely to prove eminently successful. The effort to show that the result in Cardwell was a victory for unrestricted reciprocity is equally a failure, for Mr. Stubbs, although professedly in favor of the fad, declared that he could not support any scheme for the introduction of manufactured goods free of duty. As this is a prominent feature of the unrestricted reciprocity scheme, it is evident that Mr. Stubbs cannot fairly be ranked among its supporters. Mr. White has no reason to be ashamed of the majority received in his first contest, although it was smaller than the majority obtained in the same constituency by a very able a popular Cabinet Minister. Mr. Thomas White was first returned from Cardwell by a majority of only 25, and it is probable that those who seek comfort in the smallness of his son's majority would hail with delight a few victories by Grit candidates even if they won by much smaller majorities than 165.

The Weather and the Crops.

A comparison of reports from various parts of this county shows that English hay was fully an average yield, but owing to the remarkably rainy haying season, a large part of the crop was more or less injured. Some farmers complain that scarcely any of their hay was got up undamaged, but others were fortunate enough to secure nearly all their crop in good order. Messrs. McMannus, of Memramcook, for instance, commenced haying on the 15th of July and cut over 500 tons, all of which, except a small quantity of Broadleaf, was secured without injury. Broadleaf, as a rule is a very small crop this season, and much of what there is has been hurt by the rain. Along the Petitcodiac and in some other places large quantities of this kind of hay have been carried away by the floods, while on the Tantramar and on the Cumberland marshes, hundreds of tons are lying on land that is wholly or partially submerged. Oats were a good crop in many localities, but late sown oats have rusted badly and in some cases are not worth threshing. Buckwheat was injured by early frosts in some sections, and much that has been cut and is still laying unharvested on account of the rain, is reported to be sprouting in the fields, and the same is true of wheat in the sections where it is raised. Potatoes are yielding well, but reports come from many quarters that they are rotting badly on account of the continuous wet weather. Some persons who have had good opportunities for observation claim that these reports are largely exaggerated and that the crop will be fairly sound. Taking it altogether, the farmers have had a particularly trying season, but with the exception of Broadleaf, the crops are better than might have been expected under the circumstances.

—In submitting this report on the inspection of food in the Dominion for 1887, Mr. Miall, Commissioner of Island Revenue, urges that the law relating to such inspection should be amended so as to require that the finding of the analysts in each locality should be published in the local newspapers.

—The Canadian Pacific will commence its extensive building operations at Brownville, Me., in a very few days. They are to erect a fine round house there to have a capacity of 10 locomotives. A number of side tracks, probably 10 or 12, will be put in and the place will be a very busy one for some time to come.

—The failures in New Brunswick for the three-quarters ending 30th September were 51 with estimated liabilities of $638,491 and estimated assets of $397,275. During the same period of 1887 there were 67, with liabilities of $5,253,505 and assets of $1,366,815.

—The frosts have greatly damaged the Virginia tobacco crop. About 60 per cent. of the crop is still outstanding, all of which has suffered severe injury, much of it being utterly ruined.

—A street railway is about to be operated at Victoria, B. C., a company having been formed with a capital of $100,000. It is proposed to run motor cars.

A Model Farm.

Father Michaud's Paradise.—How a good farm was made.—Underdraining Pays.

BUCTOUCHE, Oct. 8th.—On an elevated point on the North or sea-side of the town, and commanding a view of the straits far up and down, and of miles of wooded hill and vale is the establishment built up by and presided over by Father Michaud—the convent of the Immaculate Conception. It consists, besides the convent itself—a large well proportioned wooden structure, of the chapel, now being rebuilt, the residence of M. Michaud himself and a collection of most substantial looking farm buildings. The convent itself is 60x50, with a wing 60x30, high basement, two stories surmounted by a French roof. The buildings are painted white, and the outbuildings and fences white-washed, and the whole appearance of the locality gives one an impression of care and taste. These buildings are the most prominent object in the landscape and can be seen for miles around. The POST commissioner sought Father Michaud and found him, cassock on, laboring in a large wheat field in the rear of the convent, while at a distance a number of sisters dressed in their habit were like Ruth of old binding up the sheaves. It was an out-of-the-way picture. The sunshine flecking the still bay, casting shadows on the convent walls, and playing in the sea of bearded grain and its silent laborers, was more than a charming scene of peace and plenty; to the devotee, here were a hundred suggestions of picturesque mediaevalism, of self sacrifice and devotion. It was not with the sentimental, but rather the practical that your correspondent was engaged. Fr. Michaud received him cordially and without any reserve entered upon a description of his work, acting as guide over his fields, through his barns and stables and granary and into the structures under his sway. The lands about are heavy, clayey and wet and consequently in a natural state are quite unproductive, and when Fr. Michaud first came here 12 years ago, little or no attempt had been made to carry on agricultural operations; the people about were incredulous as to the soil being capable of producing anything, and when he commenced digging deep gulches in the earth for underdrains, it was much to the amusement of some of his neighbors and to the worry of his friends, who hated to see the parish priest make a fool of himself. He persevered and when drained, he covered it with mussel mud and coated it with top dressing. What was the result? "That field," M. Michaud said, pointing "to his wheat field, would not "pasture a horse and a cow a few "years ago. I expect the wheat now "being gathered will yield us 900 "bushels. When I commenced digging holes for drains, people asked "me if I was digging for gold. I "would say yes. Now I am able to "point them to this as my gold mine." He then waved his hand toward a distant field which he had cleared up, drained and treated with top dressing, from which he was raising big crops of hay. He is said to be the largest hay producer in the county. Some men take their pleasure in travelling, said the good priest and in seeing men and cities: I take mine in going down that field, getting up on the fence and watching the heavy grass waving on land I have reclaimed from nature. Fr. Michaud besides being a good priest, and a man of expanded and progressive views, is a lover of nature and human nature, and he took your correspondent from spot to spot, pointing out the beauties of the landscape with all the ardor of a lover, showing the fine views from the convent windows, and descanting on the improvements made and the influence of example in moulding the habits of those about. Young people want plenty of sunlight and fresh air he said, and he led the way into the dormitory to exhibit the high ceiling, and his devices for rapid ventilation. and then he ushered us on a broad covered piazza, intended as a play ground for children in stormy weather. "We have not," he said, "forgotten the bath room, nor a laundry of which I am proud" In former years, water had to be carted some distance, at a considerable cost and inconvenience, and he had thereby been led into an examination of the geological formation. He traced up the strata on the opposite side of the river—known as Black River, and located a site for digging test pits for water. The first pit dug a fine vein of water was struck, which he led some distance by iron pipes down to Black River and underneath it into the stables as well as into the convent itself, affording an ample quantity, so the convent is supplied with hot and cold water and heated by hot air. His own residence is heated by hot water. The convent has four teachers, besides the music teacher. It has from 120 to 150 pupils, about 20 of whom are boarders. The stables were worth a visit—warm—well arranged—well ventilated and scrupulously clean with whitewash. About 40 head of cattle are kept, and a number of horses, and 40 or 50 pigs. The cattle are mostly Ayrshires and Jerseys. Fr. Michaud startled your correspondent by the remark he was inclined to believe that native cattle were superior to any of the special breeds—*if they were fed.* He thought that the experiments in Quebec of late confirmed this view of the value of cattle habituated to this country, when properly fed and cared for. "Have you ever," he asked, "in your country, put snow-shoes on your horses to get in hay from soft marsh?" Receiving a negative, he proceeded to show flat iron horse shoes 10 inches long and 8 inches wide, which are fitted on to the ordinary horse shoe. A horse fitted with this, and harnessed to a cart having tires 6 or 8 inches wide, goes anywhere on the softest marsh. The church now being rebuilt for the third time in eight years is one of the largest in the Province, being 170 ft. long and 40 ft. wide. The great tornado of 1880 that destroyed 130 buildings on Buctouche river destroyed the spire and badly damaged it. "A pious old friend of mine," said Fr. Michand, "writing me after the church had been burned down, offered me the consolation that I ought to thank God for his mercies. I wrote back, that I could thank God for fewer of such mercies!" On a bright summer's afternoon three years ago a flash of lightning struck the steeple, ran down inside, around the corners, setting the entire building in flames. The work of rebuilding was at once commenced and during a gale of wind last year the building not being complete, tumbled down. It has again been commenced, and the outside is now nearly completed, Fr. Michaud himself being architect, inspector, and master builder. "I must show you my town," said M. Michaud pointing from his veranda to a large smooth field sloping to the beach. "Some time ago some gentlemen from Moncton came over here and persuaded me to lay out town lots, arguing me into the belief that the bracing sea air, the bathing, boating, fishing and shooting inducements that the place held out, would lead to this becoming a watering place, and there would be a demand for summer cottages. So I laid out a town "yonder." I could not wait for it to grow to get my returns, so I plastered the whole town over with 2,000 loads of mud, "and now," said he gaily, "I own a town that is rich—very rich—rich as dirt." "Are you a Yankee—I can sell you a lot on Boulevard Washington—an Irishman, one in St. Patrick, —an Acadian, in St. John the Baptist St.—Will there be a town here in reality?—of course there will some day—in the meantime, my ambition is served in testing the abiding virtues of mussel mud."

Thanking Fr. Michand for his kindness, your correspondent left, feeling that whether all Fr. Michaud's high and laudable aims were realized or not, the influence of his example as to the value of honest industry, mixed with a little intelligence, will not be lost on a population that sadly needs such lessons.

Ship Railway Notes.

Large quantities of plant are arriving daily, and several new shanties have been erected during the past week. Messrs. Dawson, Noble & Co., broke ground at Tidnish on Monday, but the almost incessant rain greatly retards their operations. Mr. Dawson returned from the Island Saturday night after purchasing a large number of horses. Mr. Usher remained to make more purchases. Mr. C. H. Morse commenced clearing his section on Monday and made a start at grading yesterday. He requires a number of laborers immediately. Messrs. A. Robb & Sons and Messrs Rhodes, Curry & Co., are busy turning out cars for the contractors, who are also getting a number of cars made. The excavation of the Fort Lawrence dock will be commenced immediately.

—A despatch from the N. W. indicates a lively business in grain trade, as the first shipment of 27,000 bushels of wheat has just reached Port Arthur, the grand distributing point both by boat and rail. It is stated on good authority that Manitoba farmers are getting exactly double the price for their wheat as the same article brought this time last year. Gen. Olds, of the C. P. R., states no trouble need be anticipated with regard to rolling stock, as the company took timely precaution to provide all the necessary cars that the great crops of the present were expected to exact.

—The latest vital statistics in 28 great towns of England and Wales reveal facts of more than local interest. In these places the annual death rate was 18 per 1,000 of their aggregate population, while the healthiest ranked as follows: Bristol, 11.1 (per 1,000); Brighton, 13.9; London, 15 9; Liverpool, 18 4; Plymouth, 18.8, and Birmingham, 19.5. Of diseases 29 deaths were caused by diphtheria, 24 of the cases being in London. There was only one death from smallpox and that was in Hull.

—A correspondent of the *Cumberland Leader* writes as follows:—Wm. Eber Field, a gentleman of three score years and ten, astonished the natives on Thursday last by bringing home his fourth wife—formerly Mrs Upham, of Parrsboro. The boys regret that the late hour of their arrival, Thursday, and the rain on Friday, prevented them from welcoming the deacon and his bride in the good old way.

—Thr Mounted Police have placed a patrol on the International boundry of Manitoba to prevent further stealing of timber and evasions of customs duty by settlers of Dakota, who have plundered the province in the past.

—On Saturday an official of the Customs department visited the news stand of Kingston and seized all the copies of the New York *Illustrated News* exposed for sale, on the ground that the paper is an immoral one.

Tried and Proved.

"I have used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for summer complaint, and have proved it, after a fair trial, a sure cure, both in my own case and others of the family." Lauretta Wing, Dundee, Waterloo Co., Ont.

—Schooner C. U. Chandler, 99 tons, bound to Boston with lime, etc., during the heavy blow Sunday night parted her moorings and went ashore above Navy Island. She was towed off on Monday morning and taken into Rodney slip. Her cargo of lime caught fire, caused by her shipping some water while listed over, and she had to be scuttled before the fire could be controlled. The vessel is owned by Capt. Buck, his brother, and George W. Chandler, all of Dorchester, and is partly insured. Her cargo consisted of 1,203 bbls. slime and 745,000 laths.

—"The Prolongation of Human Life" will be treated in an article by C. M. Hammond in "The Popular Science Monthly" for November. Mr. Hammond has collected a large amount of information which shows what have been the habits, occupations, diet, and physique of over 5,500 persons who have reached advanced age.

The Amherst Fair.

The Grand Tournament and Fair to be held at Amhert on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of next week is sure to be a complete success if the efforts of its promoters can secure such a result. The various committees are working with all the energy for which Amherst people are noted, and notwithstanding the unfavorable weather, are able to report excellent progress. The building in which the fair is to be held is already completed. It is 110x41 feet in size and will be fitted up with booths for the sale of various articles, including refreshments. Young ladies in appropriate costumes will preside over the booths and gather in the shekels in return for their beautiful and artistic wares. On Tuesday afternoon the ladies will serve a 5 o'clock tea, which, for the accommodation of those who cannot come at 5, will be kept up till 8, after which tableaux will be exhibited. On the grounds the same day there will be a shooting match at clay pigeons, and the Lawn Tennis tournament will be opened. On Wednesday there will be a base ball match between Moncton and Amherst clubs, the tennis tournament will be continued and a hot supper will be provided in the evening. On Thursday in addition to lawn tennis, there will be all sorts of athletic sports including running, jumping, etc., and prizes amounting to $500 will be offered during the Fair. The excellent Amherst Cornet band, resplendent in their new uniforms made by Lusby & Steele, will be in attendance while the fair is in progress and will furnish all the music that can reasonably be wanted. The object of the Fair and Tournament is to raise funds for the erection of a permanent building for the A. A. A. Association and for fitting up their grounds. Such an object deserves and will doubtless receive generous patronage.

Corner Stone Laying.

The corner stone of the projected Methodist church, Port Elgin, was laid on Tuesday by Mrs. J. L. Black, of Sackville. The site on the bank of the Gaspereau River, surrounded by comfortable homes, is the gift of our enterprising merchant, Hazen Copp, Esq.

The mud abounded on the roads keeping many of the friends of the enterprise at home, while occasional showers in the forenoon brought a flutter of fear to some hearts, but before the hour of the ceremony the rain ceased and the forenoon proved not unfavorable. Under the guidance of the pastor, the brethern S. T. Teed, J. S. Allen, Jas. Crisp, Thomas Stebbings, (Methodist,) F. G. McKay, (Presbyterian,) took part in the service, prescribed by the ritual, and brief addresses were made by the brethern Teed, McKay, and Allen.

The following are the contents of the box deposited in the stone:—

1st, copy of the Holy Scriptures, (revised version); 2nd, Calendar and Catalogue of University of Mt. Allison College; 3rd, copy of minutes of N. B. and P. E. Island Conference for 1888; 4th, Copy of minutes of the last session of the late Eastern British American Conference; also a copy of the minutes of the session respectively of the Nova Scotia & N. B. & P. E. Island Conference, all in one vol.; 5th, Copy each of *Weekly Times & Weekly Transcript*, 6th, CHIGNECTO POST; 7th, *Union Advocate*, Newcastle, N. B.; 8th, *Christian Guardian*, Toronto; 9th, *Wesleyan*, Halifax; 10th, Document comprising record of names of members of Trust Board; names of members of Building Committee; name of Contractor for the foundation; name of Superintendent of the Baie Verte Circuit, from its formation to the present time; Name of dower of site; Name of persons who contributed a dollar and upwards to the collection, which amounted to $83. A donation of $20 was afterwards handed in, making the total receipts $102.

—English wheat, new crop, has declined from 36s. 4d. on September 1 to 32s. 2d. on September 29, 1888, a decrease of 4s. 2d. per quarter, chiefly on account of poorer quality. English wheat, crop of 1887, is not cheaper as yet. The range of price of new crop medium wheat is wide 28s. to 43s. per quarter locally and in London. The price of foreign flour has in the meantime advanced from 5s. to 7s. per sack of 280 pounds, which is equal to 84c. to $1,18 per barrel within thirty days. This is for flour from old wheat, The United Kingdom's total export of flour in cwts., and the quantity taken from the United States, have been as follows:—The total export from the United States, barrels of 196 pounds, have been as follows: In 1883-84, 9,152,260 barrels; 1884-85, 10,648,145 barrels; 1885-86, 8,179,241 barrels; 1886-87, 11,518,449 barrels, and in 1887-88, 11,963,574 barrels. About 71 per cent. of the aggregate exports of flour went to the United Kingdom.

—Detective Power, of Halifax, is in Spring Hill enquiring into the mysterious death of Joseph Ackles. The verdict of the coroner's jury in the case was: "That Joseph Ackles came to his death between 6 o'clock p. m. on Wednesday, the 26th September, and 6 o'clock a. m., the 27th September, in Springhill, from concussion of the brain and spinal cord, the exciting cause being unknown, so far as the evidence shows."

—Trafton and Phillipine, who were convicted of manslaughter at Audover last week, were sentenced to fifteen years each in the penitentiary and were brought to Dorchester last Saturday.

A Good Neighbor.

"Late last fall I was laid up in bed three days with a very severe attack of diarrhœa and vomiting. Nothing benefitme until my neighbor, Mrs. Dunning, recommended Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and brought me a half bottle, which she had in her house. In three hours the vomiting was stopped, and I was able to sit up by night. I would not now think of using any other medicine." Columbus Hopkins, Hamilton, Ont.

New Advertisements.

60 CASKS
Best American Refined
KEROSENE OIL.
Bottom Price. Wholesale & Retail.
J. L. BLACK.

Porto Rico Sugar!
13 Hhds.
Very Bright Porto Rico Sugar.
15 Bbls.
Granulated Sugar,
At a Bargain to Buyer.
J. L. BLACK.

Flour & Meal!
Now in Store and Due to Arrive:
1 Car "Gold Coin," 125 Bbls.
1 Car "White Eagle," 125 Bbls.
1 Car "Anchor," 125 Bbls.
1 Car "White Granite," 125 Bbls.
Choice Full Patents.
75 Bbls. Corn Meal.
Bottom Prices. Wholesale and Retail.
J. L. BLACK.

Gents', Boys' & Youths'
Winter Clothing.
Just Opening—Full Stock:
GENTS' OVERCOATS,
" REEFERS,
" SUITS,
Youths' and Boys' Full Outfits,
—AT—
J. L. BLACK'S.

New Fall Goods!
NOW ARRIVING:
Canadian Woollens!
JUST RECEIVED:
25 Pieces Grey Flannels;
10 " Navy do
5 " Fancy do
10 " Rockmaple Shirtings;
40 doz. Shirts & Drawers, 40c. to $2 each;
15 doz. Men's Top Shirts;
Men's Sc'h Lamb Wool Shirts & Drawers.
J. L. BLACK.

TAILORING!
NEW FALL STOCK OF
CLOTHS
Now open for Inspection.
First-Class Cutter!
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Prices always down at
J. L. BLACK'S.

Fancy Chairs.
We have Just Received a Consignment of
Fancy Reed Chairs,
—IN—
LADIES' ROCKERS,
Gentlemen's Arm Rockers, &c.,
Ebony Centennial Rockers,
Ebony Camp Rockers,
F'cy Plush Cov'd Lounges, &c.
Lowest Prices ever offered here.
J. L. BLACK.

TEA! TEA!
25 HALF CHESTS
MORE OF THAT
EXCELLENT TEA,
At 20c. per lb.
Best Value in the Country.
J. L. BLACK.

New Advertisements.

Fall Show.
The Annual Exhibition of the
Sackville & Westmorland
Agricultural Society
WILL BE HELD ON THE
Society's Grounds, Sackville,
—ON—
Wednesday, Oct. 17th.

Doors open at 9 o'clock A. M. Admittance by Tickets: Adults, 25 cents; Children, half price.

Exhibitors from any part of Westmorland County are invited to enter for competition, except for School Work, and will be entitled to do so by the payment of one dollar and a further payment of 20 per cent. on the Prizes awarded.

All Entries must be made not later than TUESDAY, the 16TH INST., with the Secretary, H. Trueman, Point de Bute, or with the Treasurer, F. A. Dixon, Sackville, and can be made through the Post Office by Letter or Postal Card.

All Articles in Classes from 1 to 6 inclusive, and also all Articles in Class 15, must be placed on Exhibition in the Building between the hours of 2 and 9 o'clock P. M., on TUESDAY, the 16th Inst.

Manufacturers wishing to Exhibit Samples of their Goods will be given every opportunity to do so as Space in the Buildings and Grounds will permit.

Return Tickets for One Fare will be issued at all Points on the N. B & P. E Railway, and the I. C. R. will issue Return Tickets at Single First Class Fare from Stations between Amherst and Sackville, by the Spring Hill Accommodation, and from Petitcodiac and Intermediate Stations to Sackville, by No. 2 Day Express, on the 17th.

HOWARD TRUEMAN,
Secretary.

AUCTION.

THE Subscriber will Sell by Public Auction, at Centre Village, on
Tuesday, 23rd October, Inst.,
At the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., sharp, the following Articles, viz.:

2 good Team Horses, 1 Colt two and a half years old, 2 Cows with Calf, 1 Heifer rising two, 1 Heifer Calf, 5 Sheep, 1 Pig, a quantity of Hens, 1 Single Truck Wagon, 1 Carriage, 1 Pung, 1 Single Horse Sled, 1 set Single Bob-Sleds, 1 Plough, 1 Single Team Harness, 1 Driving Harness, 1 Grindstone, some Fencing Posts, 500 ft. Hardwood Lumber, a quantity of English Hay and Straw, 50 bush. of Oats, a quantity of Buckwheat and Barley, a quantity of Potatoes and Turnips. Also, 1 Spinning Wheel, 1 Cooking Stove with Pipe, 1 Churn, and other Articles too numerous to mention.

Terms:—Under $4.00, Cash down; over $4.00, Nine Months' Credit, on Approved Joint Notes. Interest after 3 mos.

VALENTINE READE,
Centre Village.
A. C. SEARS, Auctioneer. 2i

"Coal." "Coal."
Cumberland Coal Mining Co.

THE subscriber having made a thorough test of this justly celebrated Coal, and finding it Superior to any in the Market, has accepted the Agency for its Sale in Sackville.

Orders by Mail, or left at my Office, will have prompt attention, and Coal will be delivered in any part of the Village, if required, or at R. R. Station.

CHARLES FAWCETT,
oct10-4i Agent.

CARD.

THE Subscribers wish to thank the Public of Point de Bute for the liberal patronage given them while there, and also to announce that they have opened a Blacksmith Shop in the Building formerly occupied by T. W. Bell, and intend to make Horse-Shoeing a specialty. Parties favoring us with their patronage will receive every attention.

GEORGE WOOD.
JAMES WOOD.
Sackville, Oct. 10, 1888. 6i

To Rent.

THE Subscriber offers to Rent the House formerly owned by Thompson Trueman. Possession given the 1st of November.

The House is convenient to Schools, Churches and Post Office, and is within three minutes' walk of the Mount Allison Institutions.

For further particulars, apply to
2i ALBERT T. FAWCETT.

Carpenter Wanted.

A COMPETENT WORKMAN, one having some experience in Pattern Work preferred, or can quickly learn.

Also, two good Plate Moulders. Steady employment and good wages given.

CHARLES FAWCETT,
oct10-4i Sackville Foundry.

Sault Ste. Marie Canal.
Notice to Contractors.

THE WORKS for the Construction of the Canal, above mentioned, advertised to be let on the 23rd of October next, are unavoidably postponed to the following dates:—

Tenders will be received until
Wednesday, the 7th day of November next,

Plans and specifications will be ready for examination at this Office and at Sault Ste. Marie on and after
Wednesday, the 24th day of October next.

By Order,
A. P. BRADLEY,
Secretary.
Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 27th September, 1888. oct10-4i

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.
Tenders for about 750 Lineal Rods Snow Fencing on the St. Charles Branch.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and marked on the outside "Tender for Snow Fencing" will be received until Wednesday, 17th October, for the construction of about seven hundred and fifty lineal rods Snow Fencing on the St. Charles Branch.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Chief Engineer's office Moncton, and at the office of the station master, Levis, P. Q., where forms of tender may be obtained.

Tenders must be made on the printed forms supplied.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.
Railway office, Moncton, N. B., 6th October, 1888. 1i.

MONEY MADE EASY AT HOME
NO PEDDLING.
Send Four Cents in Stamps at once for particulars to
W. HOFMAN,
BOX 26, IRVINGTON, NEW YORK.

New Advertisements.

New Goods. New Goods.
RECEIVING DAILY:
NEW MILLINERY,
In all the Latest Styles of Hats, Bonnets, Feathers, Wings, Fancy Silks, Satins, Plushes, Velvets, Pins, Ornaments, Frames, &c., &c.

New Jackets,
" " Cloths,
" Ulsterings,
" Plain and Fancy Flannels,
" Dress Goods,
" " Silks and Satins.
oct3 GEO. E. FORD.

JOGGINS RAILWAY.
SUMMER TIME-TABLE.

GOING WEST:

Leave	Maccan	7.30	13.10
"	River Hebert	7.50	13.30

GOING EAST:

"	Joggins	6.20	11.00
"	River Hebert	6.35	11.15

W. C. MILNER,
Oct. 10th, 1888. Sect'y.

Grand Fair!
October 16th, 17th, 18th.
The Autumn Meeting of the Amherst Amateur Athletic Association.

TENNIS COMPETITION, Local and All-Comers.

Matches—Base Ball, with Clubs from Neighboring Towns.

Trap-Shooting—Clay Pigeons. All-Comers' Match; Prize, $30.00.

Valuable Prizes will also be offered for Foot-Racing, Jumping, Vaulting, Putting Shot, &c.

A Complete Prize List for the above will be published at an early date.

Grand Fair.
The Amherst Amateur Athletic Association
WILL HOLD A
Grand Tournament & Fair
ON THEIR GROUNDS IN
AMHERST,
BEGINNING ON
TUESDAY, OCT. 16th,
AND CONTINUING FOR THREE DAYS.

Amusements and Entertainment will be provided, consisting of Base Ball Matches, Lawn Tennis Tournaments, Foot Racing, and other Athletic Sports.

"Competition open to all Amateurs. Many Valuable Prizes will be offered."

Tableaux, Minstrel Performances, Music, etc.

Many Novel Features will be introduced.

A Building, 110x40 feet, is being erected on the Grounds, which will be handsomely decorated and filled with booths, presided over by charming young ladies.

It is intended to make this the Grandest Fair ever held in the County.

Object: To improve the Association Grounds and Furnish their Rooms.

Excursion Rates will be obtained during the week of the Fair.

Particulars by Posters and Bills.

N. CURRY,
Chairman Advertising Com.
Amherst, Sept 18, 1888. 4i

Book & Variety Store,
Music Hall Block.
Room Paper! Wall Paper!
Full Width, Cheap and Good Quality.

Experienced Workmen supplied for Paper Hanging, per Roll or per Day. Inside and Outside Painting done by the day or by the contract. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Constantly on hand: Latest Styles in
Bibles, Hymn Books, Prayer Books and Albums of all kinds.

Staple and Fancy Stationery; Music and Musical Instruction Books; full line of Artists' Materials;

Elegant Articles of FANCY GOODS, SILVER PLATE and JEWELLERY, and WATCHES, etc., etc.

CURTAIN POLES, any length; CORNICES, MOULDINGS, Wholesale and Retail; PICTURE FRAMING done Promptly and Cheaply.

SPORTING GOODS—Paper and Metal Cartridge Shells, 10 and 12 Gauge; Primers, Closers, Cappers, etc.

All for sale at most POPULAR PRICES. No occasion to Buy out of Town, if you call on
mar21 CHARLES MOORE.

Codfish, Pollock, Etc.
JUST RECEIVED:
CHOICE CODFISH and POLLOCK;
Smoked Herring—best quality;
Beans, Rice, Barley;
Dried Apples, Evaporated Apples,
Cheese, Canned Goods;
Raisins, Currants, Confectionery;
Soap, Brooms, Brushes;
1 case Sabin's Beeswax Harness Oil;
2 " Sabin's Beeswax Oil for Ladies' Ladies' and Gents' Boots and Shoes,
TO ARRIVE:
Best Quality of Flour.
EDWARD READ,
Next Door to Brunswick House.

Ex Steamship Peruvian.
NOW OPENING:
Latest Makes in Overcoatings, Suitings, &c.
Trouserings, in New Designs; Fancy Vestings; Bl'k & Col'd Beavers; Meltons, Naps, Pilots, Friezes, Elysians, &c., &c.

English, Scotch and Irish Makes. All New and Fresh.
Prices moderate. Good Fits guaranteed.
The above Stock cannot be excelled.
Able and willing to compete with any.
THOS. J. HORSLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
Sackville, N. B., Sept. 27, 1888.