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"That in anticipation of the Legislation of last Session, as to the Pacific Railway, "an agreement was made between Sir Hugh Allan, acting for himself, and certain other "Canadian promoters, and G. W. McMullen, acting for certain United States Capitalists, "whereby the latter agreed to furnish all the funds necessary for the construction of the "contemplated Railway, and to give the former a certain per centage of interest, in "consideration of their interest and position, the scheme agreed on being ostensibly that "of a Canadian Company with Sir Hugh Allan at its head,—

"That the Government were aware that negotiations were pending between these "parties,---

"That subsequently, an understanding was come to between the Government and "Sir Hugh Allan and Mr. Abbott, M.P.,—that Sir Hugh Allan and his friends should "advance a large sum of money for the purpose of aiding the elections of Ministers and "their supporters at the ensuing General Election,—and that he and his friends should "receive the contract for the construction of the Railway,—

"That accordingly Sir Hugh Allan did advance a large sum of money for the "purpose mentioned, and at the solicitation, and under the pressing instances of "Ministers,—

"That part of the moneys, expended by Sir Hugh Allan in connection with the "obtaining of the Act of Incorporation and Charter, were paid to him by the said United "States Capitalists under the agreement with him,—it is

As your Lordship will perceive, this motion charges my present advisers with a very infamous proceeding,—with no less a crime than that of having sold Canada's most precious interests to certain American speculators, with a view to debauching the Canadian constituencies with the gold obtained as the price of their treachery.

In making his motion, Mr. Huntington did not accompany it by any statement as to the grounds on which he founded his charge, or by the production of any evidence in support of it; and neither Sir John Macdonald nor any of his colleagues having risen to address the House, a vote was forthwith taken without debate, which resulted in a majority of 31 in favour of the Government in a House of 183.

The next day Sir John Macdonald himself gave notice that he would move the appointment of a Committee for the purpose of investigating Mr. Huntington's charges, and it being further suggested—as I am informed—by some of the opposition members, that the evidence should be taken on oath, a Bill for that purpose was introduced by The Hon. John Hillyard Cameron, an eminent lawyer of Ontario, and the Chairman of the proposed Committee.

This Bill was accepted by the Government, and passed with scarcely any discussion in the House of Commons.

It was introduced into the Senate by Mr. *Campbell*, the Postmaster General, and gave rise to some difference of opinion as to whether its enactments were within the competence of the Canadian legislature.

In the 18th clause of the Union Act of Canada, it is provided that "The privileges, immunities, and powers to be held, enjoyed, and exercised by the Senate, and by the House of Commons, and by the Members thereof respectively, shall be such as are from time to time defined by Act of the Parliament of Canada, but so that the same shall never exceed those at the passing of this Act held, enjoyed, and exercised by the Commons House of Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and by the Members thereof," and the critics of the measure