

# Manitoba Review

## MANITOBA GOVERNMENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT

One of a Series of Articles by different Officers of the Manitoba Government Service.

### Winter Short Courses in Manitoba

Every young man of ambition wishes to know as much as possible about the business by which he expects to make his living. This is as true in connection with the young farmer as with the young man engaged in any other calling.

The best training for a young farmer who can afford to spend the time, is to take the general course for at least one or two winters at an agricultural college. But in many cases this does not seem to be possible. Sometimes, too, the young man may wish more intensive training in one special subject. To meet these demands, short courses are being offered this winter in Manitoba.

At Manitoba Agricultural College there will be two short courses that will attract a great many young men. These are:

1. The Short Course in Farm Engineering.
2. The Short Course in Dairying.

#### FARM ENGINEERING COURSE

This will be the twelfth annual short course for threshermen and farmers at the Manitoba Agricultural College. The course will extend from January 14th to March 14th. The course will cover the following subjects:

Gasoline Engine Work, Steam Engines, Boilers, Forging, Farm Mechanics, Concrete Construction, Building Construction, Farm Machinery, Electric Lighting for the Farm, English, Farm Book-keeping.

The Engineering Building at the College is well equipped for the giving of such a course. This is a three-story building with a frontage of 160 feet. The Blacksmith Shop has 40 forges and other necessary tools. The Concrete Laboratory and Wood Shop have ample appliances and tools. Separate parts of engines and machines are shown to make it easy for the student to grasp what is being taught. A great many engines of different

kinds are at the College and the students will have the use of these.

#### DAIRY TRAINING COURSE

This course will be held at the Agricultural College from January 2nd to March 14th.

During the war the Dairying Industry has received a new lease of life. Owing to existing conditions it is not only Canada's opportunity, but her duty, to assist largely in supplying the export markets with butter, cheese, condensed milk and milk powders. The near future will see a considerable increase in our home demand for Dairy Products, due to increased population and per capita consumption. For these and other reasons, we expect to see in Western Canada even greater development in this industry in the immediate future than heretofore.

There will be good demand next spring in Manitoba and other western provinces for capable men and women to fill positions in various branches from \$100 to \$150 per month on a yearly basis. In some cases as high as \$200 per month was paid during the past summer. Assistants will also be required in the Dairy Industry. Experienced Butter Makers will be in demand at from \$80 to \$100 per month. Good positions are opening for Cheese Makers, Ice Cream Makers and Testers of Dairy Products, as well as for those who desire to go into City Milk and Cream Plants.

In view of the foregoing facts, a number of persons will be induced to choose Dairy work as a vocation while others now engaged in various branches of the industry will desire to fit themselves for better positions. In either case a Dairy School training cannot be overestimated.

This course will cover, as thoroughly as time permits, the study of such subjects as the Manufacture of Creamery Butter, Factory and Soft Cheese and Ice Cream; the Testing of Dairy Products, including the use of all

Tests suitable for Creamery purposes. Scoring and Grading of Milk, Cream, Butter and Cheese, Factory Management and Book-keeping and allied subjects such as Arithmetic, Chemistry, Bacteriology, Engineering, including the care and handling of boilers and steam engines, Pipe Fitting, Soldering and Mechanical Refrigeration. The work will be given in both lecture and laboratory periods. In addition, a course of lectures and some laboratory work will be given on the Production and Care of Milk and Cream, and the Feeding, Management and Judging of Dairy Cattle.

Full particulars regarding either of the above mentioned courses can be had by writing (in English) to President Reynolds, Manitoba Agricultural College.

In addition to the above, two weeks courses, each course covering a variety of subjects, will be held by the Agricultural Extension Service at about twenty points in Manitoba during January, February and March.

#### WINNIPEG PROTESTS NAVY LEAGUE GRANT

WINNIPEG, Man. — Property owners of this city, represented chiefly by members of the new Building Owners' association, will move immediately for an injunction to prevent the City of Winnipeg from paying over the grant of \$15,000 voted to the Navy league on Monday before last by the city council for dependents of the deceased members of the mercantile marine.

The specific grounds in the statement of claim for objecting to the money being paid over is that the making of the grant is ultra vires of the city council, that no provision has been made for the grant in current fiscal estimates, and that property owners of this city are more than sufficiently burdened with taxation already.

#### MEDICAL SERVICE MAY CAUSE STRIKE

WINNIPEG, Man. — A strike vote, which is being taken by C.N.R. men on lines between Fort William and the Coast, will be announced at the end of the week.

The question of whether the men will allow their medical service to be supplied by the company or not is considered very important by the union involved. The company's proposition to deduct the fees from the men's pay each month may end in a fight against what the workers call an imposition.

#### WANT TO BE REIMBURSED

WINNIPEG, Man. — The Trades and Labor council of Winnipeg sent a delegation to the city council in the interests of the theatrical trades federation to demand that the city reimburse theatrical employees of Winnipeg for their losses during the period when theatres were under a ban in Winnipeg owing to the influenza epidemic. The total amount which theatrical employees are out of pocket in unpaid wages is \$23,651.

Mayor-elect Gray pointed out to the delegation that it would take more than a million dollars to pay to the various industries affected the amount lost through the same cause.

#### SUICIDED WHILE

##### IN JEALOUS RAGE

WINNIPEG, Man. — Crazy by a fit of jealousy, Mrs. Lena Hadyne, 19 years of age, committed suicide, according to the evidence given before Dr. McConnell, provincial coroner, at the police station a few days ago. The husband of the deceased denied that there was any ground for his young wife's suspicions. They had been married but 10 months. The woman was found at 2:15 last Monday afternoon lying dead on her bed at 96 Euclid avenue. After evidence had been given by nine witnesses the jury returned a verdict: "Deceased came to her death by her own hand by taking caustic lye."

#### BRANCH LIBRARY CLOSED

WINNIPEG, Man. — The city's branch library at 116 Osborne St. has been closed, according to report at the library committee. Patrons should return books to the central library.

### "The Courier"

a the leading weekly newspaper of the Canadian West and reaches mainly the foreign population of Western Canada. The section "Manitoba Review" is devoted to news and articles of special interest to the people of Manitoba.

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#### LIVESTOCK MEN TO MEET AT BRANDON

BRANDON, Man. — The Western Livestock Union will hold their annual convention in this city this week. The following is a list of meetings which will centre around the convention in the Prince Edward Hotel:

Monday—Meeting of Western Canada fair managers.

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday—Western Canada Livestock Union.

Thursday—Meeting of the executives of the Manitoba Sheep and Swine Breeders' associations.

Thursday night—The visitors will be tendered a banquet at the Prince Edward Hotel by the two fair boards, and by the Manitoba Livestock Breeders' associations.

Friday—Meeting of the executives of the Horse and Cattle Breeders' associations.

Friday—Meetings of the directors of the winter fair and fat stock show.

#### NEW CORDWOOD REGULATIONS

WINNIPEG, Man. — Lower grades of cordwood bought in the city is to be measured by the box system instead of by the piling system. On the recommendation of Market Superintendent Ridd this change was supported by the market, license and relief committee. It was stated that edgings or slabs, which constitute the lower grades of fuel, have been sold by length, which resulted in one dealer being fined several times for fraud.

#### LIFE SENTENCE FOR DESERTER

WINNIPEG, — For the first time in the west, if not in Canada, a soldier has been sentenced to life imprisonment for desertion. Private Dmytro Golenzyn, is the man. He is now serving his term at Stony Mountain penitentiary. He was sent there upon the conclusion of court-martial.

#### POOL LABOR VOTE IN GENERAL STRIKE

WINNIPEG, Man. — At the regular meeting of the Trades and Labor council recently the following resolution dealing with general strike votes was adopted:

"Whereas in the past individual unions must have a majority vote in favor of strike before going out on strike, be it resolved that in future votes of the unions be pooled, and that a clear majority of the whole be sufficient to call a general strike."

A copy of this resolution will be sent to every union affiliated with the council.

#### NEWS FROM STEINBACH AND DISTRICT

Mrs. Elisabeth Reimer wife of Mr. Abraham B. Reimer, died on Saturday morning before last after a brief illness of about 12 hours, her husband, her parents, sisters and brothers being at the side of her death bed, whom she leaves behind to mourn her loss. She was married to Mr. Reimer in April last, being married only about seven months. Her age at the time of her death was about 21 years and 9 months.

We wish to extend our heartfelt sympathy towards the bereaved.

Miss Mary Unger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Unger of Blumenhof died Dec. 9th of the influenza.

Mrs. John Harder of Rheinland north east of Niverville, has died of pneumonia resulting from the flu a few days ago.

Miss Salome Welk daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Welk, Friedensfeld, died of the flu on Saturday the 7th at about 8 o'clock p.m. aged 19 years 10 months and 25 days. She was not sufficiently recovered from the first spell of this sickness, when she received a call, we understand from her sister for aid, to which she responded at once and which seemed to be too much for her. She took sick for the second time resulting in death. Her funeral was held Dec. 10th.

John B. Toews and family of Ste. Anne's, who all had a touch of the flu are getting over it. Mrs. Jacob D. Toews was sick for two weeks to such an extent, that even the doctor gave her up, but she got over the crisis luckily and under tender care, is now improving rapidly. Also the members of the family of Peter D. Toews who were sick are out of danger. Dr. Royal of Lorette was in attendance. The

### Cured His RUPTURE

I was badly ruptured while lifting a trunk several years ago. Doctors said my only hope of cure was an operation. Trunks did me no good. Finally I got hold of something that cured me and completely cured me. Years have passed and the rupture has never returned, though I am doing hard work as a carpenter. There was no operation, no bad time, no trouble. I have nothing to sell, but will give all information about how you may find a complete cure without operation. If you write to me, Eugene M. Peller, Carpenter, 351 K. Harcourt Avenue, Minneapolis, N. D. I will send out this booklet and show it to any other who are ruptured—you may save a life or at least stop the misery of rupture and the worst danger of an operation.

epidemic is in full swing now in and around Ste. Anne.

Miss Mary Unger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Unger is also very sick with the flu. Miss Agnes Fast is tending to the sick in that neighborhood we hear.

Stricken with the flu are further, Mrs. Jacob L. Plett and one of the Oswald boys. Both are reported to be very sick at the time of this writing.

Cor. F. Reimer and his brother Henry B. Reimer both have left for Minnesota some time ago. Cornelius intends to go to the famous Mayo Brothers institute in Rochester for treatment and Henry is going to Mountain Lake where he intends to be married to Miss Mary H. Fast of that place. We wish both the boys luck in their respective undertakings.

#### REV. FATHER MESSIER DEAD

WINNIPEG, Dec. 13.—Rev. Father Messier, chaplain of the St. Boniface hospital, who had been critically ill with influenza for some time, died late tonight, aged 61 years.

#### FEAR, THAT GERMAN TROOPS IN RUSSIA WILL SUFFER FATE

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 3.—Addressing a meeting of returned soldiers at Ems, in Hesse-Nassau, Herr Barth, secretary for social politics in the new government, said that the general situation in Germany was serious, according to a Berlin despatch to the Berlingske Tidende.

He praised the self-discipline of the German troops retreating on the western front, but asserted that the situation of the army in the east was distressing. He added that he could not see how the great number of troops could be evacuated on account of the hostility of the population.

Secretary Barth hoped the army would not suffer the fate of Napoleon's troops, but declared, "Germany is ready to meet the coming dispensation of Providence."



#### THE LIGHT OF STARS.

(By H. W. Longfellow.)

The night is come, but not too soon;  
And sinking silently,  
All silently, the little moon  
Drops down behind the sky.

There is no light in earth or heaven  
But the cold light of stars;  
And the first watch of night is given  
To the red planet Mars.

Is it the tender star of love?  
The star of love and dreams?  
Oh, no! from that blue tent above,  
A hero's armour gleams.

And earnest thoughts within me rise,  
When I behold afar,  
Suspended in the evening skies,  
The shield of that red star.

O star of strength! I see thee stand  
And smile upon my pain;  
Thou beckonest with thy mailed hand  
And I am strong again.

Within my breast there is no light,  
But the cold light of stars;  
I give the first watch of the night  
To the red planet Mars.

The star of the unconquered will,  
He rises in my breast,  
Serene, and resolute, and still  
And calm, and self-possessed.

And thou, too, whose'er thou art,  
That readest this brief psalm,  
As one by one thy hopes depart,  
Be resolute and calm.

Oh, fear not in a world like this,  
And thou shalt know ere long,  
Know how sublime a thing it is  
To suffer and be strong.

### The Reformation of a Column Conductor

By Kenneth C. Beaton

(Continued.)

And then "that something" came again and I sat down and wrote and asked that I be told the names and where they lived of all the crippled children in San Francisco and the Bay Cities who hadn't been to the Exposition and whose parents could not afford to take them there. I told them I was going to give them a day at the Exposition and I asked the other folks who read my column to tell me I could have their automobiles, and if they didn't have automobiles to send me money to help make the day all that it could be made. And again the answer came.

And two weeks later, on Van Ness Avenue, outside the entrance to the Exposition Zone, at 10:30 o'clock on the most beautiful morning I had ever seen in San Francisco, there lined along the curb eighty-nine big automobiles and in them 315 crippled children. We had emptied the hospitals, had gone up into the hills of Marin County, had emptied the homes wherein they lived in San Francisco, Oakland and Berkeley, had gone down into the Peninsula as far as San Jose.

And you who read these lines can never know the joy that marked the face of every one of them. They came in plaster casts and strapped to boards, and no matter

that their little bodies were misshapen and that the day before they may have suffered pain, it seemed that on this day a Power unseen had bade their sufferings begone that they might see and hear and be a part of all the wonders that the day would bring.

And all of the time forty thousand men and women were trailing along behind us and most of the time they were crying. And all the time they were out of their minds and shaking hands with me for with each other. I don't think there ever was such a day anywhere in the world. And then it came to an end.

And the little girl who wrote me the letter that started it all wasn't there! And I never learned her name. She wrote me again and said her papa wouldn't let her go, and signed, as she did the first time, "Your Little Friend." I don't think she realizes that after all it was she who was responsible.

And in all that day, of \$600 that had been sent to me to pay the cost of the party, I had not spent a cent. I couldn't find anyone who would take any money for services rendered. Most of them told me that to have taken money would have spoiled the day for them, and those who didn't tell me that meant it but didn't know just how to give expression to their feelings.

And what to do with the \$600! That was the question. And it was very quickly solved by Mrs. K. C. B. Why not wheel-chairs, she said, for some of those who could use them? And with some kind woman who owned a limousine the search began and in a little while the money had been spent.

And on the Saturday before Christmas I stood upon a platform on a common over in Berkeley, above which stood a municipal Christmas-tree, and while I talked to a thousand children gathered there, my attention was attracted to a girl who waved her hand and smiled. I recognized her as a crippled girl who had come from Berkeley to our party. She was eighteen years of age and for sixteen years had sat in a chair in a window of her home while her mother went to work each day across the Bay to San Francisco. And there she was, on that glad Christmas time, a full mile from her home, and the journey had been made in wheel-chair, with her own strong arms as the propelling power. I went to her when I had left the platform and feigned surprise that she had come so far.

"So far!" she cried. "I'd like to have you show me a place that I can't go with my K.C.B. roadster!"

And there was pay enough in that one happy line of hers for all the hours and all the worries that we had spent and suffered for her and all the other children on that day.

And that's the story—made a little longer and with more detail than I told the magazine editor while we ate our lunch. We talked about it afterward and we agreed that if he and I and all of us would cease to question our good impulses and let them lead us where they would that we would find new paths where laughter is and joy and little children and all the things that God intended we should know and dwell among.

That I was the instrument through which the things herein

recorded were accomplished reflects no particular credit upon me. I had my column with which to do what others would have liked to do but couldn't. The little child in the orphan's home who cried when I said good-by, the woman who brought to me the family of eight, and the little girl who wanted me to write of the California Building—they lighted the lamp, and because I knew the path I carried it.

—The End—

#### THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICE AND EVANGELISM

We further believe in the need of the fullest co-operation between parent and child in the unfolding and developing of the personality of the child through play, through fellowship in the home, through the evening story, through family worship, and such other forms as shall contribute to the wholesome atmosphere of the home, and the cultivation of full-orbed Christian life.

The state is vitally concerned with the large losses through child mortality and disease, illiteracy, ignorance, and incapacity due to the lack of development of childhood in a complete education. The growing interest and sympathy manifested by several of our Provincial Governments in matters relating to child welfare is worthy of high commendation, and every advance made towards creating better conditions for the children in each of our provinces and solving the varied problems of child life will commend our hearty endorsement and cordial co-operation.

We, therefore, recommend:

(1) That there be closer co-operation between Federal and Provincial interests in the solving of these vital problems of Child Life, such as:—

(a) A Dominion Board of Health.

(b) Federal Bureau of Child Welfare.

(c) National Bureau of Education for investigation and co-relation of social legislation.

(2) That every Provincial Government make provision for:

(a) A system of Vital Statistics properly co-related with other Provinces, so as to furnish adequate national data.

(b) Proper and adequate institutional care for the diseased, the defective, and the delinquent children.

(c) The placing-out of all dependents not included among defective or delinquent, and not infected with contagious disease.

(d) Health inspection of all schools in both urban and rural communities.

(To be continued.)

#### TERRACED RICE FIELDS IN THE PHILIPPINES

Ascend a Thousand Feet Above the Level of River

When Magellan, sailing under orders from Charles I, discovered the Philippine Islands in 1521 (although certain records of the Chinese show that they had been before him) he found the natives cultivating rice as practically their only form of agriculture; and from that time on and up to the thir-

teenth of the twentieth century, half the land under cultivation in all the archipelago was sowed to rice. Since then, owing to the development of the hemp and sugar industries, and the taking off of labor to build railways and for public works, rice production has rapidly diminished; so that now, the Filipino, who for centuries raised all the rice upon which the people of the whole archipelago chiefly subsisted, and exported the remainder as his most important article of commerce, is importing to meet the home demand.

The general primitive system, still adhered to in many provinces, called for nothing more elaborate in the way of soil than a naturally flooded field. Into this the proprietor, with a forked stick for a plow, would wade, and work contentedly up to his knees in muddy water; and when the harvest was ready, the women would go into the deep mud with rude sickles and cut the rice, threshing it with their bare feet.

Some of the mountain tribes, however, developed a wonderful system of irrigated, terraced fields, those of the Iagunos being notably fine. They begin by the side of a river into which streams are flowing, and the terraces sometimes ascend a thousand feet above its level, single walls often rising to a height of fifty feet. These Iagunos are among the "wild men" of the islands, as distinguished from the so-called Christianized tribes, upon whom they look down because of the Tagalog's physical inferiority and for the oppression he has always exercised against them when ever he has had the power.