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POOR DOCUMENT

THE EVENING GAZETTE

is published every evening (Sundays excepted) at No. 21 Canterbury Street.

JOHN A. BOWES, Editor and Publisher

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ADVERTISING.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, MAR. 11, 1890.

For the Latest Telegraphic News look on the First Page.

HOW IT AFFECTS THE WORKING MEN.

What do the working men think of the efforts of Mr. W. H. Thorne and the Sun to put an end to an arrangement which will result in the expenditure of one million dollars in this city in the course of the next two years, and which will afterwards give employment to hundreds of men for all time to come? Mr. W. H. Thorne, who has grown rich, we trust by honest means, will not feel the loss which the failure of the Leary dock and harbor improvement scheme will entail on the working man; neither will the Sun whose editor is the nominee of Sir Charles Tupper, and the advocate of a railway which would have side tracked St. John. But the honest toiler who finds it difficult to make both ends meet, and who needs more and steadier employment will feel it keenly. Every person knows that Mr. W. H. Thorne is no friend of the working man. Every one knows that in his own private business he never purchases a cent's worth of manufactured goods made in St. John, if he can possibly help it. Yet he is the man who advises that the offer to expend a million dollars here in harbor improvements be rejected.

A WARNING TO CANADIAN GIRLS.

Bertha Whitman, a Nova Scotia girl, without friends, money or employment, ended her life by taking paris green in Boston on Thursday.

The above paragraph is clipped from the Globe of last evening. Further particulars of this very sad case will be found elsewhere in this issue. Here was an unfortunate Nova Scotia girl who was compelled to destroy herself with poison rather than die of starvation or lead a life of shame. This girl had, no doubt, been enticed from her home by the glittering promises held out by Grit papers of the advantages of life in the United States as compared with Canada. The blood of this girl and of many others who have perished in the same way is upon the heads of the miserable tribe of the Ellis class, who day after day, in their traitor sheets, are running down Canada as a land unfit to live in and seeking to induce its people to leave it. If Bertha Whitman had been content to remain at her home in Nova Scotia she would have escaped a suicide's fate and a grave in Potter's field. Her fate should be a warning to all young women not to go to a country where they have neither friends nor relations, in the hope of bettering their condition. The conditions of life are harder and the struggle for existence is keener in the United States than it is here, and it is time the people of Canada understood this fact.

THE STAMFORD ELECTION.

There have been a good many elections recently in the United Kingdom at which the Gladstone Liberals have won seats from the Conservatives, but in the Stamford election, where the Conservatives hold the seat, the aspect of affairs for the government seems even more alarming than in those contests where the seat was won by the Liberals. In the latter case the constituencies were, for the most part, Liberal boroughs which had fallen into the hands of the Conservatives or Unionists at the general election of 1886, when so many good Liberals separated from Mr. Gladstone on the Irish home rule question. But Stamford is a Conservative constituency, and at the general election of 1885, when the Liberals were all united returned the Conservative candidate by a very large majority. That this majority should have been reduced to about one fourth of its dimensions in 1885, and that after the great Liberal break of 1886 is certainly a very alarming fact. The figures of the two elections are as follows:—

	1885	1890
Conservative vote	4,631	4,236
Liberal vote	3,530	3,954
Conservative majority	1,101	282

The total vote polled in 1885 on a register of 9,741 was 8,161; the total vote polled in 1890 on a register of 9,692 was 8,190 so that the contest was keenly fought out in both elections, the election of this year being rather the warmest. But the conclusion is irresistible that in this constituency about 400 voters who voted for the conservative ticket in 1885 have, in spite of home rule, gone over and voted the liberal ticket.

SECESH AND ANNEXATIONIST.

The Secesh and Annexationist Globe is engaged in the congenial work of seeking to make the people of the Maritime Provinces dissatisfied with their political condition as members of the Canadian confederation. According to the Globe "It is next to impossible to see what advantage accrues to any of the Maritime Provinces of Canada from a union with old Canada. Unnecessary public works, such as public buildings, are constructed in places where they are scarcely needed, and those who are most chiefly benefited are the contractors." The Globe proceeds to attack confederation just as it was engaged in doing twenty-five years ago and points out how much better off we would be if joined to the United States. It says:—

All of these Maritime Provinces were taken into the Canadian union because of a belief that the provinces would rapidly develop in wealth and in population. But experience has shown that we have not so developed. And what little may be achieved in one way is lost in another—in the enormous burden imposed upon us by useless debt, in the heavy taxation which cramps all our energies and drains us of our wealth. The voices raised from Prince Edward Island could very easily be re-echoed from New-Brunswick. And the question may be very pertinently put by the young men who have to deal with the future of this part of the country: why should they toil and labor not to develop New Brunswick, or Nova Scotia, or Prince Edward Island, but the Canadian North west, into which now public money is being poured in a steady stream, with, unhappily, no very great results.

All these arguments have been heard before and they simply amount to this; that Mr. Ellis desires annexation and thinks it would be better for us to be engaged in assisting to build up the United States than in the great work of consolidating and improving Canada. If the Maritime Provinces have not grown so largely in population as we might have wished since confederation this has been chiefly due to the presence in our midst of a set of defamers of our country like the editor of the Globe, who have by every means in their power sought to make our people dissatisfied with Canada. We have, however, the consolation of knowing that the population of the Maritime Provinces has grown much more rapidly than in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont, the states nearest to us. In other respects our improvement has been equally decided and satisfactory and we have now reached a stage of development which gives us assurance of a rapid and substantial growth in the near future.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

The Moncton Transcript makes a number of suggestions for reforms, which it thinks ought to engage the attention of the provincial government, some of which are to be commended. It thinks an official ballot should be used instead of the present one, as a better safeguard against bribery, and that the counties should be divided into electoral districts returning each one member. This is also worthy of consideration.

Some of the Halifax gang were running about yesterday and talking of getting up a mass meeting to protest against the building of a dry dock and harbor improvements. We suggest that the city hall Carleton, would be a good place for such a meeting, and that Mr. W. H. Thorne and the Halifax nominee of Sir Charles Tupper should do the speaking. There will be a corner in rotten eggs the day that mass meeting is held.

Let those who are doubtful in regard to the dock scheme in consequence of listening to the captious objections of the Halifax gang remember that not one cent of the subsidy is to be paid until the work is finished and passed upon by a competent engineer. This ought surely to be a sufficient protection to the city, especially as engineers representing the Dominion and Provincial government have also to pass upon the work.

We publish elsewhere a detailed description of the Leary dock and harbor improvements which we trust all the readers of THE GAZETTE will not fail to read. When they have taken in all the features of the scheme they will be in a position to see the utter dishonesty and hollowness of the cry that has been raised against it. It will give us $1,079,000 worth of harbor improvements for a subsidy of $10,000 a year for twenty years, equal to an immediate payment of $153,000.

A letter appears in the Sun this morning signed Old Sydney Ward, in which Alderman Lewis is attacked in a very unfair manner. This letter is written by a Dominion government official who has already figured in the columns of the Sun in the same fashion and who, we think would be better employed in attending to the public business which he is paid to do. We have the highest respect for this individual when he writes sense, but when he speaks of our proposed dock as a skating rink he is talking nonsense and he knows it.

The Halifax organ is out in defence of Mr. T. Nisbet Robertson, the non resident Alderman for Queens, for his change of base on the dock question. This change of base has been attributed to causes to which we shall give no currency without better proof than we at present possess. We think it is enough to say that Ald. Robertson has been for years one of the proprietors of a newspaper which has done its best to injure St. John, and that his first vote in favor of the dock must have been due to forgetfulness. He is now on the same side he has always been on, that is to say against St. John.

Halifax appears to be a very wicked city. A correspondent of the Acadian Recorder writes:—

I would again call the attention of the police authorities to the terrible prevalence of profanity and blasphemy, principally among the young, on our streets, particularly in the evening. Coming down town behind a gang of three or four of this kind, a few nights since, I heard more foul language in less than ten minutes than would fill a quarter-of-a-column in a paper.

This is probably one of the results of living in a town where such a flippant, ignorant, abusive, disloyal and annexationist sheet as the Acadian Recorder is published.

Genius is not hereditary, nor is great ability generally so. This truth has become apparent to Prince Bismarck who aspired to induct his son Herbert into the functions of government that he regards as almost hereditary dignities for the Bismarck line. The chancellor now confesses, however, his disappointment in finding Herbert physically and mentally unequal to the gigantic task. He, therefore has decided to gradually retire from his various posts, and, as he does so, creating a secretaryship for the empire, such as has always prevailed in the Russian government. In this way there will be created a financial, commercial and colonial secretary, and the chancellor will retain only the foreign office for bestowal upon Herbert. The Bismarcks will probably be very small potatoes in Germany ten years hence.

Telegraphic Flashes.

Bangor elected a Republican mayor yesterday by 4 majority.

A Democratic mayor was elected in Biddeford, Me. yesterday.

All the members of the Servian ministry have tendered their resignations. They have been declined.

A fire in Kansas City, yesterday, destroyed the Clarke Company warehouse and caused a loss of $102,000.

Gladstone's amendment to the Parnell commission, report was rejected in the House of Commons yesterday by a vote of 339 to 268.

Alice Page, an intelligent 13 year old girl, has been arrested at Baltimore, Md., charged with poisoning two little children of William Smith of that city.

A terrific explosion occurred, yesterday, in the Morsa colliery, Glamorganshire, Wales. Hundreds of miners were entombed, but a number near the shaft were taken out. At least 160 lives are lost, it is supposed.

Hon. C. R. Pope, United States consul at Toronto has consented to deliver an illustrated lecture, Thursday next on Shakespeare, Bacon, Donnelly; or Genius Philosophy and Fraud, in aid of the university library recently destroyed by fire.

AT THE CAPITAL.

The Work of Parliament Yesterday.

OTTAWA, March 10.—In the commons to-day Hon. Mr. Bowell read letters from Stewart Tupper and Hugh Macdonald denying the statements relating to them contained in Rykert's letters to Adams, and stating that they had never been employed by Rykert in connection with the timber limit speculations.

Mr. Rykert said he had in his possession documents to show that his statements were correct, notwithstanding the denials of Macdonald and Tupper, and asked for leave to submit such documents to the house. He read a number of letter from various parties which, however, established nothing.

The following members were appointed a committee to investigate the charges against General Middleton in connexion with the purloining of Bremner's fur; Messrs. Weldon (St. John), Girouard Tisdale, Hilton, McNeill, and Casgrain; Messrs. Lister and Kirkpatrick were added to the committee to conduct the case without the right of voting.

Mr. Roome moved a resolution calling upon the government to establish a department of public health, for the purpose of preventing the spread of disease, collecting mortuary statistics and educating people in sanitary science. The proposal was supported by General Laurie, Messrs. Platt and Sproule.

Sir John Macdonald said the matters referred to in the resolution could be more effectually attended to by provincial governments. He suggested that a health conference be held and means devised for carrying out a system of collecting statistics by the federal and provincial governments with a view of saving expense. The resolution should be withdrawn.

Hon. Mr. Laurier was glad to find Sir John was becoming more and more a convert to the provincial right doctrine and abandoning the centralization heresy by which he had for years been endeavoring to govern the country. The whole matter should be left to local legislatures.

Mr. Roome withdrew his resolution.

Mr. Eisenhauer's motion in favor of increasing the bounty to fishermen was allowed to stand.

Mr. Jones (Halifax), in moving for correspondence in relation to the application of the late Justice Smith for leave of absence, said this was not the first instance in which judicial positions in Nova Scotia were used to help the ministerial party in political necessities. He referred to the long time the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Rigby was kept open because it might be wanted to satisfy Mr. Townsend, then member for Cumberland, whose seat was required by Sir Charles Tupper.

Sir John Thompson said it was plain that the object of Mr. Jones was to fulfil the promise he had recently made on the streets of Halifax that he would bait the minister of justice until this appointment was made. His desire, no doubt, was to get himself and his friends rid of an inconvenient candidate at the forthcoming elections. Sir John went fully into the circumstances connected with the application and showed that in making it, Justice Smith had simply stated that he was "rather unwell" and had given no stronger reason why he should be allowed to desert the already weakened bench for the business part of the year. Judge Smith had only a few month before joined in a protest against the leave of absence granted to Mr. Justice James, who was well known to be too ill to discharge his duty.

Mr. Jones denied that he had promised to bait the minister of justice until an appointment was made or that he had made any remark of that kind.

Mr. Kenny said he well knew to some degree this attack upon the minister of justice was at the desire of a small clique of Nova Scotia politicians who desired to get out of the political field, one or two strong candidates whose names had been mentioned in connection with the appointment.

After further discussion the motion asking for the correspondence passed.

A number of unimportant motions for returns were disposed of, and the house adjourned at 10.55 p. m.

Premier McLeod and Provincial Secretary Ferguson arrived here this morning to interview the government regarding better terms. They threaten that unless the dominion government grant them an increase of subsidy they will have to resort to direct taxation, and thereby spoil the chances of the party's success at the dominion election.

Mr. Chapleau has given notice of a bill to amend the franchise act, and also of a motion for the appointment of a select committee to report upon the newly invented ballot papers and ballot-boxes.

Hon. Mr. Jones (Halifax) intends inquiring whether supplies for the Intercolonial Railway are secured by contract, and if so whether after public notice or by means of private circulars to friends of the government. He will also ask what is the rate charged upon coal carried over the Intercolonial from Stellarton to Londonderry

Wainwright and Foster, of the Grand Trunk, returned from Montreal to night, and intimated that they were quite well pleased with the interview they had on Saturday with the different members of the government, and that they were satisfied that the subsidy asked for would be granted for the extenzion of the Temiscouata railway from Edmundston to Moncton.

Sir Joseph Hickson is expected to return to Ottawa to-morrow night, and will have another interview with the government in regard to same scheme on Wednesday next.

Mr. Joncas, M. P. for Gaspe, has received news from the promoters of the proposed Belgian colony in this country that they hope to obtain a subsidy from the Belgian government and will start early in April.

The personnel of the Wimbleton team can now fairly well be guessed at. Out of the twenty, three have declined, one has not been heard from, but is expected to decline, and one has been disqualified. Those who declined were. Private C. T. Burns, Victoria rifles; Staff Sergt. T. Mitchell, 10th Royal Grenadiers, and Staff Sergt. D. Mitchell, 13th battalion. The next five on the list have accordingly been notified and will be expected to reply as soon as possible. Those who promised to go are Corporal H. Morris, 13th battalion; Sergt. D. M. Loggie, Newcastle field battery; Sergt. C. W. Hall, 79th battalion; private J. E. Hutchison, 43rd battalion; Sergt. W. M. Goodwin, 13th battalion; Capt. E. G. Zealand, 13th battalion; Capt. B. Ross, 13th battalion; private J. A. Simpson, 10th Royals; Lieut. E. Desbereats, Victoria Rifles; Lieut. D. L. Hooper, 82nd battalion; Capt. H. Silver, 63rd battalion; Color Sgt. M. B. Henderson, 62nd battalion; private C. A. Windat, 45th battalion; Lieut. W. Hora, 14th battalion; Sgt. J. Horsey, 45th battalion. The next five who have been notified are: Capt. Longworth, P. E. I. G. A.; private Davis 10th Royals; Major Garrison, Halifax G. A.; Staff Sergt. Pink, 43rd battalion; Lieut. E. A. Smith, St. John Rifles.

It has been previously announced that Lieut. Col. Prior, M. P., will command the team and that Major Todd has been selected as adjutant.

Representatives of the dry plate industry interviewed Hon. Mr. Bowell to-day, asking that no change be made in the present tariff.

A large deputation from Montreal had an interview with Sir John Macdonald and Hon. Mr. Costigan, minister of inland revenue, this evening, asking that the proposed amendments to the general inspection act be not adopted. They want the law on the subject to remain as it now is, that there should be no compulsory inspection of leather, as it did not add any value to it and that the marking of it to be of any permanent character would prove injurious to the leather. Sir John promised that their representations would be laid before the council and receive every consideration.

Two countrymen named Murphy and Drysdale fought this afternoon on Bedford row. Although the encounter was short, terrible punishment was inflicted on both sides. Murphy, seeing that his antagonist was getting the better of him, clinched Drysdale and deliberately bit half of his ear off. Murphy was badly punished about the head, and his right eye was blackened.—Halifax Herald.

The Order of Telegraph Operators intend having a ball in the Woodstock rink on the evening of Easter Monday, April 7th. They conducted matters so pleasingly on a former similar occasion that the coming event will be anticipated with pleasure by those who expect to attend it.

HEAVENLY LOVE.

An Artist's Opinion of Mr. Scholl's Great Painting Now on Exhibition at Jack's Hall.

MR. EDITOR,—Mr. Scholl deserves the thanks of the art loving community in consenting to exhibit his picture, "Heavenly Love" one week longer. No doubt he will have the support of a generous public.

It will render good service to a proper appreciation of good art and the influence it will exercise in cultivating a sound, healthy and improved taste. It is a picture that grows on you every visit you make. I have never seen a painting that afforded me so much pleasure and satisfaction as this one, and I have no hesitation in pronouncing it a work of art of a very high order of merit. It is a beautiful composition and the motive and conception of the subject are admirably carried out in design and execution. The significant artistic term eurythemia, i. e. the complete order and harmony which are the sources of real beauty is an appropriate and happy term to apply to this work.

People are not as a rule interested in the way the thing is done, and rightly so; it is the effect and result they admire and the amount of pleasure derived from looking at a work of art.

That fad is exploded that a picture is the work of a genius because it has paint plastered over it regardless of form and color. The artist who can give a breadth of light and shadow, modeling and rotundity and the facts and truths of nature, no matter how highly finished his work may be, shows his skill and knowledge of that quality which all great paintings have. Looking at the picture from the end of the hall or but a few feet away, it impresses you all the more with its grandeur from the fact that you are not thinking how it was painted or what materials were used in its execution. Many pictures have that disagreeable quality of looking painted, consequently it detracts largely from the beauty and poetry of the subject. As a recent writer truly says:—"I have yet to learn on what metaphysical principles genius can be proved to exist in a picture, because every rational person mistakes an elm tree for a cabbage; or how making the sun look like a brass kettle and I may add or water to run up hill, objects placed on different perspective planes, figures with sheet iron clothing, so that the picture looks as well upside down as it does any other way, is undeniable evidence, for that reason alone, that the man who so painted is a great man." Where execution and finish are combined, there we have a master hand in the mechanical part of his business. In the picture before us the artist, sitting in the arm chair, dreams just what the spectators see before them in the picture; the mother and child floating in the air, resting on a cloud, surrounded by a halo of light, which diffuses itself all through the painting and helps to bring out the figures and accessories in chiaroscuro. The classical face of the mother is beautiful in its expression of maternal love as she clasps her infant child in her arms. The dignified grouping, combined with the flowing drapery, is a graceful combination, which is simply exquisite in imaginative delineation. Beneath, the far away distance, delicate in its aerial perspective and tone and the luminous quality surrounding the group is very nicely handled and is one of its greatest charms. Then look at the different parts of the composition; how beautifully they are balanced; take the Cupid, pushing back the curtain which hangs in graceful and artistic folds down to the dreamer with his outstretched right arm, listlessly taking the crayon holder in his hand from the Cupid. Do not the drawing of the hand and position of the fingers indicate the dreamer correctly? Then look at the left hand extended over the chair towards the foreground; what a magnificent piece of foreshortening to the head of the sleeper. The figure of the artist reclining in the chair, is certainly a clever piece of drawing; then on to Engel, the color grinder, with his massive and classical head, muscular arms and dark blue costume. The rich, crimson color, he is grinding on the stone, which is repeated on the palette; then modified on the beautiful drapery of the central figure, surrounded by the grays of the canvas and accessories. The delicate white drapery of the mother, although not a color, yet causes all the colors, by contrast, to blend in one harmonious whole. The artist's knowledge of intonation is perfect, also the lines which he uses in grouping the figures and in arranging the drapery; the composition light and shade are masterly.

The color is not gorgeous in the sense in which the color of Delacroix and others of the French school is gorgeous, but it is rich and entrancing, giving value to the flesh and pearly carnation in juxtaposition with the tertiary colors. We become at once fascinated and delighted by the splendid and wonderful combinations which solicit our sympathy and admiration in the superb work before us. His coloring is that of Cornelius and Colback, famous German painters. Vandyke treated his figure subjects in the same manner. The cupids are conventional, notwithstanding they are beautifully drawn and fill the places allotted to them, in carrying out the design. The expression of the boy holding the bottle of oil in his hand waiting for Engel to speak is admirably rendered. No one can help appreciating the beauties of the picture, unless he is entirely ignorant of true art and rapt up in his egotism and vanity. I would advise all who have not seen the painting to go and visit the exhibition, as we have never had anything like it in St. John.

A single painting like this, accessible at all times to students and lovers of art, would do more to elevate the taste and promote the culture of our people than any miscellaneous collection of insignificant and crude canvasses, brought together upon no principle and pervaded by no educated taste, can possibly accomplish; and a single picture of this character would do more than any such collection could do to advertise our city as a home of good taste and real refinement.

J. C. MILES.

PROVINCIAL POINTS.

A Queer Rumseller—How Mahone Bay was Named—A Lady 82 Years Old Walks to the Polls—No Corner Loafing Allowed in Halifax, etc., etc.,

Buctouche oysters are shown weighing one pound and eleven ounces.

Fred. W. Summer was elected mayor of Moncton yesterday by acclamation.

It is said that Benacadie, Cape Breton, rejoices in the fact that it has a citizen aged 103 years.

The tender of Peters & Co., of Moncton, $7,700, has been accepted for building the Dorchester jail.

The temperance party were successful in electing temperance councillors at Moncton yesterday.

A couple of small boys were arrested in Halifax Sunday afternoon for continually standing at street corners.

A woman 82 years of age walked to the polling booth in Ward 3, Moncton, yesterday morning and deposited her ballot.

Rev. Wm. Stewart, formerly pastor of the Carleton Presbyterian church, has accepted a call to the Presbyterian church at Franklin, New Jersey.

The girl named Patty, whose cloths ignited to the British American hotel, Halifax, Sunday, while nursing a baby, died at the hospital yesterday.

Mr. R. K. Jewett, of Keswick, is to commence the erection of a rotary mill near Government house, Fredericton, shortly after the opening of navigation.

The schooner Tioga, which went ashore near Liverpool, N. S., on Wednesday, was insured (hull) in the Nova Scotian office for $2,000. The cargo was insured in a Boston office.

A wild cat that has played havoc among the poultry belonging to William Chisholm, Musquodoboit, was shot while in the act of killing a large goose last Sunday evening. The animal weighed 150 pounds.

A few days ago a pair of handsome deer were caught near Monticello. John Conner and Wm. McKinley have purchased them, and they are now in the care of Mr. McKinley. One is a three years old doe, and the other a two years old buck. They seem quite reconciled to their captivity, and already their natuaal timidity is wearing off.—Woodstock Press.

At Williamston, Carleton Co., there is a rumseller a little out of the common run. He has sold liquor for the most part of the last 12 or 13 years, and has never tasted it himself. He will not sell it to a man that will get drunk, nor on a public day, nor give in case of sickness without money.

Of Mahone Bay, N. S. the Lunenburg Argus says:—Before the time of its settlement, the bay was the resort of pirates. The vessels belonging to these people were very similar to vessels of the same character used in the Mediterranean sea, to which the term "mahonne" was applied. The bay thus frequented by sea-rovers was therefore very appropriately named Mahonne or Mahone Bay, in other words, Pirate Bay, and this name was applied to the new settlement on its shore.

For the Cure

—OF—

Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc., etc., use

ESTEY'S

Cod Liver Oil Cream.

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE, MEMRAMCOOK, N.B., Oct. 24, 1887.

E. M. ESTEY, MONCTON, N. B.

DEAR SIR—Various members of our Faculty have been using your Cod Liver Oil Cream for some time past and with excellent results. I have much pleasure in recommending it as a pleasant and effective remedy.

REV. C. LEFEBVRE, C. S. C., President St. Joseph's College.

Sold by all Druggists. Price 50c: 6 Bottles $2.50. Prepared only by E. M. ESTEY, Manufacturing Pharmacist, Moncton, N. B.

PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE

PHILLIPS'

Cod Liver Oil

—WITH THE—

WHEAT PHOSPHATES.

Miscible with Milk or Water and just as Palatable.

Retainable on the most delicate Stomach, and digested with ease.

FOR THE RELIEF AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, SCROFULOUS AND WASTING DISEASES, COUGHS, COLDS AND LUNG AFFECTIONS,

AND AS A FLESH MAKER,

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

For sale by all Chemists.

PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA

FOR DYSPEPSIA.

Phillips' Phospho-Muriate of Quinine Compound. THE TONIC OF THE DAY.

LUBY'S

FOR THE HAIR,

Restores the color, beauty and softness to Grey Hair, and

IS NOT A DYE.

AT ALL CHEMISTS. 50 CENTS A BOTTLE

CATARRH AND COLD IN HEAD HOW CURED

NASAL BALM CURES COLD IN THE HEAD CATARRH

NASAL BALM.

A certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Catarrh in all its stages.

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.

Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as headache, partial deafness, losing sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, nausea, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should lose no time in procuring a bottle of NASAL BALM. *Be cured in time*, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. NASAL BALM is sold by all druggists, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1.00) by addressing

FULFORD & CO., BROCKVILLE, ONT.

Beware of Imitations similar in name.

Reduction

40 PER CENT SAVED.

GOLD PAINT,

FORMER PRICE $1.00.

A few bottles on hand which I will sell for

60 CENTS A BOTTLE.

Work done with this preparation stands well, and is equal to gilding at less than half cost.

R. D. McARTHUR,

MEDICAL HALL,

No. 59 Charlotte Street, Opposite King Square.

NEW PERFUMES, TOOTH BRUSHES.

FRESH STOCK,

Powder Puffs,

Flesh Gloves,

Finger Nail Cutters.

Ear Cleaners.

F. E. CRAIBE, & CO,

Druggists and Apothecaries,

35 KING STREET.

TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS.

PLEASE ADD TO YOUR DIRECTORIES:

106. Cowan, Ellis & Co., Hardware, Dock street.
390. Irvine, J. E., Residence, Garden street.
309. Kearstead & White, Grocers &c., Marsh Road.
383. Lee, G. Herbert, Residence, Coburg street.
208. March, Dr. J. E., Main street, North End.
313. New York, Ledden Bros, Pugsley's Building.
394. Newcomb, D. W., Residence, 203 Waterloo street.
357. Patton, D., Wines, Wholesale, Nelson street.
144. Rowan, F., Warehouse, Smythe St.
274. Skinner, A. O., Carpets &c., King street.
84. B. Thomson, R. Jr., Residence, Rothesay.
46. Troop, G. A. & Co., Vinegar Works, Pitt street.

A. W. McMACKIN, Local Manager.

BUILDING NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received up to the Fifteenth instant for the clearing out of the Lot corner of Princess and Canterbury streets (45x120 feet) and the building of foundation walls, according to specifications, to be seen at the Office of R. C. John Dunn, Architect. This proposed building will be suitable for Shops, Bankers, Insurance Agents, Lawyers, etc. Persons wanting rooms are invited to apply while the places are being prepared, in order that the building may be laid out to suit tenants.

G. R. & W. PUGSLEY.

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conduces more to the health and comfort of a household than any thing else can. With the march of progress has come the demand for more perfect cooking apparatus than were formerly in use, and to secure this end, many active minds have been at work for years.

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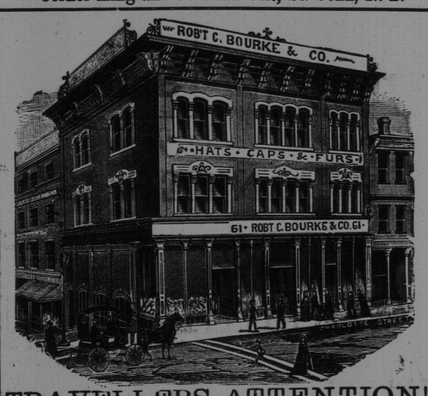

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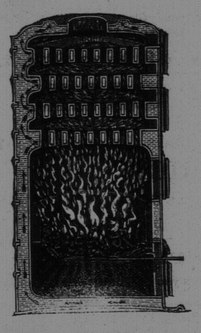

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