# The Union Advocate.

Established 1867.

NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14, 1876.


## THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND RAILWAY EXTENSION.

THE signs of the times are, that for a period at least, and perhaps for all time, railway extension if carried on, will be prosecuted independently of Government aid, the Executive having "repudiated" their promises, and cannot or will not grant any more subsidies in aid of provincial railways. This decision comes at a very unfortunate time, just when the prospects were encouraging for the early construction of the missing link between this section and Fredericton. With reference to the repudiation, Kent County is still more unfortunate. The construction of the branch line from Richibucto to Weldford, is an actual necessity. The County is at present not in possession of railway communication, being cut off from enjoying that privilege by the location of the Intercolonial between Newcastle and Moncton. The object of the branch is to establish speedy communication between Kent Co. (or some portions of it) and points on the Intercolonial, and it is very much to be regretted that even this measure of justice is to all appearance to be withheld from Kent. On this point a writer to the *Borderer* says that

"All work on the Richibucto Branch Railway has been stopped for the present and methinks for all time. The Government, after holding out every inducement to the Company and the contractors that the subsidy would be granted, have "repudiated" (in the classic language of the *News*) their promises, and decided not to grant any subsidy. Again has Kent been told to keep on "in the even tenor of its way" and not to aspire to too much. The contractors, Messrs. Brown and Gillespie, enterprising and reliable men, have expended a large sum of money, some $7,000 or $8,000, expecting the work would be prosecuted to a successful termination. But their expectations have been blasted; their expenditures have been of no avail; and as quickly as they can settle up their business they will leave the County, and then good bye to the Branch Railway for a long time to come—or at least until there is a change in our Provincial Cabinet. The recent action of the Government, in this matter has produced a lamentable feeling in the County."

If the Provincial chest is as empty as reports would have it, we cannot see how a change in the Cabinet is to bring about the desired result. Subsidies cannot be granted unless the Provincial Exchequer is replenished, and the chances for that appear to be exceedingly slim at the present time. And we do not think our people will be willing to plunge headlong into debt for the purpose of subsidizing lines of railway in various sections of the Province. A great deal has been said respecting the repudiation by the Government of promises made by them regarding the subsidizing of railway lines. It may be that the Government cannot furnish the monies asked for—we firmly believe that such is the case—but would it not have been well for them when they framed the Subsidy Act, to have extended their vision over the coming years, and to see just how far the state of the finances at that time, and the anticipated revenue for the ensuing years would warrant them in subsidizing the talked of lines of railway. There was no talk of repudiation when the New Brunswick and River du Loup Company obtained from the Government a subsidy equal to *ten thousand dollars per mile*, and it comes from the Government with very bad grace *now* after their promise has been given and accepted in good faith. The injustice done to Kent and Northumberland—the apparent loss of monies expended in surveys—and the serious loss entailed upon the contractors for the Richibucto Branch by the cessation of operations—is felt the more keenly when it is remembered that lines of railway have been subsidized on the other side of the Province, while, with the exception of the Chatham Branch, not one dollar has found its way from the Treasury in aid of two Northern lines, on one of which operations had already commenced.

The following official reply to the President of the Miramichi Valley Railway Company was received here last evening.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
Fredericton, N. B., 8th June, 1876.

SIR,—I have the honor to inform you that the Lieutenant Governor in Council, have had under consideration the petition of the President and Directors of the Miramichi Valley Railway, asking that the Government consent and agree to grant them the aid provided by the Subsidy Act, 37 Vic., Cap. 8, for the line of Railway from St. Mary's to the Intercolonial, either in the Parish of Nelson or Derby, and enter into a contract for the building of the said road, and in reply, I am directed to say that it is not deemed expedient at present to enter into a contract for the building of the said line of railway.

I have the honor to be Sir,
your obt. servant,
JNO. JAS. FRASER.

R. R. CALL, Esq., President Miramichi Valley Railway, Newcastle.

TIME. We notice by the Intercolonial R. R. time tables, that trains will be run between Moncton and Quebec on Quebec time, which is twenty minutes slower than St. John time. If the time had been taken at Moncton instead of at Quebec, it would have been more convenient for the people of this section, for now persons are in danger of being to get confused between the two times. It would surely have been more consistent to have taken some medium point, instead of one which throws the whole railway instead of the extreme points, making a difference of 20 minutes between Sackville, and 31 between Miramichi and Quebec.

## Fishery Matters.

We have to apologize to friend Mowat, Fishery Overseer, Dee Side, Restigouche, for not sooner making room for extracts from his letter received two or three weeks ago. Mr. Mowat says:—

"In your issue of May 3rd, in giving the numbers of salmon taken by the fly in Restigouche Division, you must have thought it a 'big pile.' I see you take it from page 68 of Whitcher's Report, and from Commander Lange's Report. Turn to page 136 for my report, also for full report of all angling in N. B., page 182, and you will find the correct number to be 571 fish, averaging about 18 lbs. each, while the figures you give, and which is an error in report, make the total number of fish 6,925. The number of fish tidal nets, New Brunswick side, is about correct, viz, 5,017, nearly 100,000 lbs.

The Fish Culture report is correct so far as this establishment is concerned—only I will not require the margin I contemplated for contingencies, and will distribute 350,000 at least, and from my observation of our river, particularly the high water at spawning season, last year causing the fish to deposit on the high bars, instead of the usual channels where the water fell and left them dry before winter. Again, the spring ice grinding and tearing those bars up, in spring, combined with the deadly loss sure to accrue to fish eggs, particularly those of salmon laid in the natural manner, leads me to declare that this establishment will produce more young salmon than will be produced this season from the Restigouche and all its tributaries, that is those laid in the natural manner, and I am convinced from careful data, that the cause of our scarce years for salmon, is due to the fourth year previous having been remarkable for fall freshets and spring ice destroying the young fish in the nests. Nearly every person now is aware that a salmon does not grow in one year, and a fish from 12 to 16 lbs. weight, is really 4 years old."

Mr. Mowat, in his letter, extends an invitation to those who have little faith in the artificial propagation of salmon, to visit the breeding house at Dee Side, about the 10th of June, but as the distribution will probably have commenced by the date of this paper, the sceptics will perhaps not be sorry that owing to our unintentional neglect the favorable opportunity for dispelling their doubts, has been allowed to pass by, at least so far as this season is concerned.

JESSIE HOWARD'S BOSTON COMEDY COMPANY performed in Newcastle on the evenings of Friday, Saturday and Monday. The audiences were small. Those who did attend on Saturday evening had the pleasure of witnessing one of the best performed dramas ever placed upon the stage before a Newcastle audience, being entitled "Lost in London," or, "The Bleakmore Mines." Briefly stated, the drama opens with a representation of Job Armroyd, a miner, and his wife Nellie Armroyd, seated in their home. Job is a specimen of a robust, whole-souled man, full of life and vigor—his wife more of a delicate cast, the daughter of a friend to whom in his last moments he had promised to protect his children. The sanctity of the home is invaded by Gilbert Featherstone, a wealthy and polished villain, who poisons the young wife's mind with gorgeous visions of London, and finally induces her to leave her home. At the last moment she remembers Job's love for her—refuses to comply with the villain's earnest solicitations, but is forcibly abducted. A letter from Gilbert to Nellie is found upon the floor by Tilly Dragglethorpe, a friend of the family, which explains the matter, who takes it down to the mine to poor Job. Then follows the long and weary search in London,—at last the trail of the serpent is found, Nellie is recovered, seeks Job's forgiveness, which is at first withheld but finally granted just when Nellie's life is ebbing away. The acting of Mr. Charles Theadore, as "Job," Miss Jessie Howard as "Tilly," and Miss Blanche Slader, as "Nellie," was most excellent. The scene in the Mine when Tilly presents to Job the evidence of his wife's guilt brought out very fine acting by both parties, the scene being most affecting, bringing tears to many eyes. Mr. Theadore also displayed considerable talent in other prominent scenes, as did also Miss Howard and Miss Slader, these actors being frequently applauded, and deservedly so. Mr. W. S. Wallace, as Gilbert the betrayer, also performed his part very successfully. There was nothing in this drama to offend the most sensitive taste, and it is to be regretted that so many were prevented from witnessing it by the extremely disagreeable weather which prevailed at that time. Prof. Colby and his band furnished excellent music. "Under the Gaslight," or "Life and Love in these Times," a five act Drama, was performed on Monday evening to a small audience. The acting of the leading characters in this drama, was superb, Mr. Charles Theadore, as "Byke," giving evidence of considerable artistic talent.—"Laura Courtland," was ably and creditably sustained by Miss Jessie Howard; while Miss Slader in the two characters of "Pearl Courtland" and "Peach Blossom" gained for herself well deserved credit. The other characters were also very well maintained. The Company entered upon a series of performances at Chatham last night, where we have no doubt they will be favored with large audiences. Performances will also be given at Bathurst, Dalhousie and Campbellton, of which due notice will be given.

☞ The *Telegraph* says that the Rev. Mr. Mather, Rector of St. George's Church, Bathurst, has been appointed Superintendent of the Wiggins' Male Orphan Institution, St. John. The Rev. gentleman is very much esteemed by the people of the County where he has laboured for some time past. Among his own congregation his ministrations have been peculiarly acceptable, his discourses in the pulpit being plain, practical and evangelical, his social intercourse being continually marked by that fervent Christian spirit which constitutes the true Minister of God. We have occasionally met with the Rev. Gentleman, have deeply enjoyed his company, and unite with many others in wishing him God speed in his new sphere, for the responsible duties of which he will bring to bear a former experience in the same capacity, and the general qualities necessary to their proper and satisfactory fulfilment.

☞ Some lover of the sensational has started the report that a man named Trotter, now under sentence of death for murder in New York, has confessed to having shot Thomas D'Arcy M'Gee. It was in Trotter's house that poor M'Gee was lodging, and which he was about to enter when he received the fatal bullet which terminated a life so full of promise of future usefulness. At that time Trotter was a page in the House of Commons, a youth of sixteen years. He was the first to give the alarm of M'Gee's murder. It is positively denied that a youth named Trotter is now under sentence of death in New York. It is a pity that reporters could not employ their time in some better way than in *trotting* out such paragraphs to gull the public.

## Methodist.

The Annual Meeting of the Miramichi District in connection with this body, commenced yesterday afternoon, in the Church at Newcastle, the following clergymen being present. Rev. J. S. Phinney, Bathurst; Rev. R. S. Crisp, Chatham; Rev. J. A. Duke, Richibucto; Rev. Mr. Ellis, Campbellton; Rev. W. Fielder, Newcastle; Rev. A. R. B. Shrewsbury, Boiestown; Rev. W. R. Pepper, Derby; Rev. T. L. Williams, Bay du Vin.

This meeting is the first in connection with the new District, the Circuits which it embraces having been formerly under the superintendence of the Fredericton Chairman. The meeting is held for the transaction of business in connection with the District for the Conferential year just closed; among which the examination of the young men on trial as Candidates for the Ministry forms no unimportant part. The business will probably be brought to a close to-morrow night.

This (Wednesday) evening there will be a preaching service in the Church, when it is expected that the Rev. A. R. B. Shrewsbury, of Boiestown, will occupy the pulpit.

The Annual Conference will be held this year at St. Stephen, commencing on Thursday, 22nd instant.

PERSONAL.—Dr. Dawson returned home on Saturday after a visit of about three months to New York and South Carolina. The Doctor has been suffering from a serious attack of bronchitis, and though somewhat improved by the warm climate where he has resided for the past two months, finds our present chilly atmosphere a serious drawback to an improvement in health. He will no doubt improve more rapidly when our summer fairly sets in. The Doctor has had an extensive practice here, and being a young man of considerable professional skill, his many friends in this quarter hope to see his health improve to such an extent as will do away with the necessity of a temporary or permanent residence in a warmer climate during our long winter. The Doctor has resumed practice in Newcastle.

DAVIS' PATENT ROCK AND STUMP EXTRACTOR.—During the past week Mr. A. R. Prescott, of Froxcroft, Maine, has had on exhibition here one of these machines. Seeing is believing. Although simple in construction, and weighing only 135 lbs., including 10 feet of chain, with it one man can lift 10 tons weight, on an eight foot lever. The performances with the machine here have been witnessed with a good deal of interest, and so successful have they been that Mr. Prescott has found little difficulty in disposing of the Patent Rights for the Counties of Northumberland, Restigouche and Gloucester.

☞ Last week we gave a news item of a new ballast wharf at Chatham, which the "enterprising" Manager had failed to notice in the sheet managed by him. This so exasperated the poor fellow that he concluded to tell the readers of his sheet that the item contained a typographical error. How strange, to be sure. When the Manager makes gross misrepresentations we condescend to correct him—his trifling errors in journalism—and they are legion—are beneath our notice.

☞ The following is the statement of the revenue of the consolidated fund of the Dominion of Canada for the month ending 31st May, 1876.

Revenue — Customs, $952,677.57; Excise, $261,865.68; Post Office, $86,322.97; Public Works, including railways, $162,969.23; Bill Stamps, $24,566.37; Miscellaneous, $48,575.70. Total, $1,536,988.52. Revenue to 30th April, 1876—$18,377,458.23. Total consolidated fund—$19,914,446.75.

Expenditure — $1,504,493.13. Expenditure to 30th April, 1876—$18,156,484.96. Total consolidated fund—$19,660,578.09.

FRESH SALMON SHIPMENTS.—Since the 1st of June, and up to yesterday, there had been forwarded to American markets from the railway station at Newcastle, 396 boxes of fresh salmon, containing in all 5444 fish. Other shipments are of course being made from stations North. By a recent change in the arrangements shippers are not now bound to prepay freight. We are of the opinion, however, that where it can be done without inconvenience, the prepayment of freight is by far the best and most advantageous system.

LLOYD'S LONDON.—By a late resolution of the Committee of Lloyds, the Quebec Agency of that Institution is to extend to the frontier of that Province, and the Bathurst Agency northerly to the same boundary, (Restigouche River) all intermediate Agencies to be abolished from first of June, instant.

Agent at Quebec, Henry Fry & Co.; at Bathurst, Henry W. Baldwin, Esq.

☞ A despatch from the Magdalen Islands to the Halifax *Herald*, dated the 7th inst., says that the bark *Eva*, (owned by Senator Muirhead) from Miramichi for Belfast, laden with deals, which put into Pleasant Bay on 27th ult., with lower bow port stove in by the sea and waterlogged, has been lightened forward and repaired, and will be ready for sea in two or three days.

☞ Senator John Holmes, of Pictou County, died recently at the advanced age of 87 years. He was a native of Rosshire, Scotland, and came to this country in 1803. It is thought that Mr. Carmichael, M. P. for Pictou, will be appointed to the vacancy thus created.

☞ We are pleased to learn that Mr. A. A. Davidson, son of Allan A. Davidson, Esq., Barrister, of this town, secured the English Scholarship, $60, at the close of the recent University competitive examinations. His standing was 828.

☞ Mr. Geo. A. Vye, who has had charge of the Railway Refreshment Saloon at Newcastle station, left for Campbellton on Monday, to assume the charge of the Railway Dining Saloon at that place. Mr. Vye bears the reputation of having conducted the saloon here in a most creditable manner, and we believe that he will give every satisfaction in his new sphere of labour.

PLEASURE PARTY.—A fishing party consisting of H. B. Higginson, Esq., of Halifax, and Messrs. R. R. Call, F. E. Winslow, John C. Miller and Jas. Johnston, left Newcastle in the steamer *Derby*, on Friday last. They proceeded to the Ox Bow on the Little South West, and not succeeding well there, they left for the North West, and proceeded up the river as far as the "Red House," more familiarly known as the Mullan house. The party captured a goodly number of salmon, grilse, and trout, and after a pleasant trip returned home the same evening. This is the first time a steamer was seen so far up the North West.

☞ Information has reached us that the Caraquet prisoners confined in the Gloucester County jail are not as well cared for as they should be. Our informant says that the men, 8 in number, are confined at night in a room 12x30 feet, ceiling 9 feet, the stove, walls and ceiling being of the same color.—His description of the beds is, we trust, overdrawn, for according to his account, they are unfit to lie upon. If the condition of these men is as represented, the matter should receive the immediate attention of the proper authorities.

TO FISH SHIPPERS.—Parties engaged in the exportation of fresh fish are referred to Mr. Geo. Sparrow's advertisement in another column. Mr. S. has made the necessary preparations for carrying on an extensive repacking business, and guarantees that orders entrusted to him shall receive the very best attention. The references to which the notice of those in the trade is directed represent some of the leading firms of St. John.—*Adv.*

DR. J. H. ARNOLD, of Berlin, Prussia, now stopping at Bowser's Hotel, Chatham, has decided to prolong his stay until about the middle of June. The Doctor makes specialities of diseases of the Eye and Ear, and the cure of Cancer without the use of the knife. He can also be consulted on all diseases free of charge.

AUCTIONS. — To-morrow, (Thursday,) Mr. C. C. Watt will sell a lot of Household Furniture, &c., at the residence of Mr. Jas. Adams, Newcastle.

A fine hardwood farm in rear of Campbellton will be offered at auction at Dalhousie, to-morrow, at noon.—Mr. D. Sadler, auctioneer.

On Friday, Mr. C. Marshall will sell a lot of goods in front of Park's wharf. See advertisements.

☞ The Channel of the South West is still blocked up with lumber. A large number of men are employed. We understand from persons who were at the boom last night, that in all probability the channel will be sufficiently cleared to enable the *Andover* to resume her trips to Indiantown in the course of a week or ten days.

AGROUND.—We notice on the opposite shore, between Mr. Sargeant's new mill frame and the ferry wharf, a large wharf built of edgings, which has evidently drifted away from some mill property. Persons in want of firewood will therefore take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

☞ The Federal Government have offered to sell to the Local Governm't, the upper portion of the Ordnance Lands in Fredericton, for a site for the proposed Normal School building. They ask for the same, $1,000.

MILITARY.—The resignation of Capt. Templeton, of No. 4 Company, 3rd Northumberland Battalion of Infantry, has been received, and the following appointment made:—to be captain, provisionally—Capt. Wm. M'Naughton, No. 8 Co., Reserve Militia, Northumberland.

☞ We are pleased to hear that Caleb Richardson, Esq., of Richibucto, who was badly stabbed last week, is improving. We understand that he was out for a short drive on Monday.

☞ The first through train on the Intercolonial from River du Loup to Halifax left the first named place at 3.15 p. m. on Monday, being "on time" at Newcastle at 11.15 a. m. yesterday.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. D. A. Baxter, Surgeon Dentist, has returned to Chatham, and can be consulted at Dr. J. Baxter's Office. The Dr. will remain in Chatham for a few weeks. adv.

☞ The Newcastle Field Battery of Artillery, Brevet-Major R. R. Call, Commanding, will go into Camp for the annual drill of 12 days, on Tuesday, the 18th of July. The tents will be pitched near the Range.

☞ The steamer *Hadji* left Quebec for this port, on her way from Montreal with a cargo of flour, &c., on Sunday at midnight. She is expected here to-day.

☞ Seining for Gaspereaux was very successful in the river yesterday, the wind being favorable.

☞ The Chatham ship news, giving the arrivals at that place since those published in the Chatham paper on Friday, did not come to hand yesterday, from what cause we know not.

☞ Messrs. R. F. Waddleton & Co., have started a dry goods business in Chatham.

☞ The *New Era* commenced yesterday to leave Chatham at 10 a. m., instead of 10.15.

## Shipping Intelligence.

### PORT OF NEWCASTLE.

ENTERED—Coastwise.

June 8—Stmr. Secret, Davison, 291, Pictou, Cargo, R. R. Call.

10 Stmr. Miramichi, Bacquet, 492, Quebec, do., do.; schr. Louise, Frenholm, 57, Summerside, potatoes, master.

CLEARED—Foreign Ports.

June 7—bark Cap, Christiansen, 534, Liverpool, Gilmour, Rankin & Co. 487,000 dls., 8,000 dl. ends, 50,000 scant.

8—bark Toiso, Johannasen, 506, Mary Port, D. & J. Ritchie & Co. 393,435 dls., 14,302, dl. ends, 20,046 scant., 12,944 boards.

9—Barks Vanskabt, Seroiz, 398, Plymouth, do., do. 357,967 dls., 12,350 dl. ends, 18,637 scant. Norvegia, Gundersen, 398, London, do., do. 328,986 dls, 18,174 dl. ends. Miramichi, Hargie, 581, do., Gilmour, Rankin, & Co. 546,000 dls., 7,000 dl. ends. Bgtine. Ocean Star, Hill, 189, Belfast, D. & J. Ritchie & Co. 211,248 dls., 8,000 dl. ends.

10—Bark Presto, Brown, 622, do., Gilmour, Rankin & Co. 540,000 dls., 21,000 dl. ends, 8,000 pailings.

12—Bark Kongsverre, Melsom, 462, Plymouth, D. & J. Ritchie & Co. 424,336 dls., 9,873.

CLEARED—Coastwise.

June 8—Schr. Fly, Paulin, Shippegan, cargo, master; stmr. Secret, Davison, 291, Quebec, do., R. R. Call.

20—Stmr. Miramichi, Bacquet, 492, Pictou, do., do.

### PORT OF CHATHAM.

ENTERED—Foreign Ports.

June 7—Brigt. Neva, 255, McCarrey, Limerick, ballast, A. Morrison.

8—Bark Minerva, 165, Halrorsen, Norway, ballast, Guy, Stewart & Co.

ENTERED—Coastwise.

June 7—Schrs. Louise, Davidson, Tracadie, ballast, master; Claymore, Degrace, Charlottetown, ballast, master.

8—Schrs. Mary Kate, Balcoim, Pictou, coals, J. Neilson; Marianne, Miller, Tignish, produce, master; str. Secret, Davison, Pictou, Wm. Muirhead.

CLEARED—Foreign Ports.

June 7—Barks Sarah Ellen, 744, Maine, Bristol, deals, Wm. Muirhead; Annie, 536, Evenson, Belfast, do., Guy, Stewart & Co.; Director, 670, Shamper, Penarth Roads, do., do.

CLEARED—Coastwise.

6—Schrs. Carrie, Bonnel, Charlottetown, lumber, Guy, Stewart & Co.; Annie W., Weldon, do., do., do.; Vigilance, Wolfe, do., do., Gilmour, Rankin & Co.; barks Capella, 569, Olsen, Greenock, deals, Wm. Muirhead; Welthaven, 469, Neilson, Fleetwood, do., do.; Marryat, 464, Christopherson, Bristol, do., do.; Sailor Prince, 443, Jeffers, Cork, Guy, Stewart & Co.

7—Schr. Lousie, J. Davison, Tracadie, master.

8—Schr. Belmont, Gallichan, Caraquet, do., R. Young; Stmr. Secret, Davison, Quebec, cargo, W. Muirhead.

### PORT OF CARAQUET.

ARRIVED.

June 6—Schrs. Ripple, Lachance, Quebec, flour, &c., C. Robin & Co. and others; Hematope, Carrol, Jersey, general cargo, do., do.; bark Victor, Jacobsen, Rotterdam, ballast, K. F. Burns.

8—Schr. Eugenie, Charlevois, Carbonneau, Quebec, flour, &c., Alexander Rive & Co.; bkt. Victoria, Seib, Cadiz, salt, Alexander Rive & Co., and others; schr. Epropt, Lacroise, Paspebiac, goods, C. Robin & Co.

9—Schr. Canopus, Diomie, Quebec, flour, &c., different parties.

CLEARED.

May 26—Schr. Squando, Young, New Bandon, ballast, master.

31—Schr. Sophia, Landry, P. E. Island, shingles, &c., do.

June 1—Schr. Thistle, Roy, do., do., J. Poirier.

3—Schr. Plover, Hammon, Gaspe, salt fish, William Fruing & Co.

5—Schr. Eropt, Lacroise, Paspebiac, sundries, C. Robin & Co.

8—Schrs. Hematope, Carrel, do., empty barrels, do.; Ripple, Lachance, Shippegan, goods, Wm. Fruing & Co.

9—Schr. E. Charlevoix, Carbonneau, Quebec, ballast, master.

### OTHER PORTS.

CLEARED OR SAILED.

Liverpool, May 22, Svalin, Sundholm, for Miramichi.

Bristol, 23, Bayark, Tennyson, do.; Froy, Amundsen, Queenstown, do.

Waterford, Ann, M'Craig, do.

North Sydney, June 9th, barque Vasco De Gama, Mortensen, for Bathurst.

Liverpool, May 25, Protector, Gundersen, for Miramichi. Off N. L. lightship, 26th ult., Solid, Bowlen, for Miramichi; 26th ult., Matilde, for do.; Hill, Pedersen, for do.

Pictou, June 10th, sch. Blink Bonnie, for Chatham.

North Sydney, June 5th, brig Alice, Lewis, for Chatham.

Glasgow, June 9, Georgie Shepherd, Rich, for Miramichi.

MEMORANDA.

ASHORE.—The brig, Leonora, from Cork, for Richibucto, consigned to George M'Leod, ran ashore high and dry on the night of the 3rd inst., near Kouchibouguac Gully. After a quantity of ballast has been discharged it is expected the vessel will be floated without any damage being done.

DROWNED AT SEA.—The Captain of the bktine, Zephyr, which arrived at Richibucto on the 3rd inst., reports the drowning at sea, on May 26th, of Ole Pedersen, seamen, of Norway.

Brigantines Elbe, Watkins, Halifax, for Bay Chaleur; Florence, 318, Downie, Halifax, for Miramichi.

## METEOROLOGICAL.

Reported for the Dominion Gov't by G. A. Blair, Esq.

JUNE.

| DATE. | | Time. | Height of Baro't | Thermometer. | Maximum Thermometer | Minimum Thermometer. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sun. | 4 | 8 20 a.m | 30 08 | 41 3 | | |
| " | | 5 20 p.m | 30 09 | 40 1 | | |
| " | | 11.45 p.m | 30 04 | 40 1 | 42 3 | 38 4 |
| Mon. | 5 | 8.20 a.m | 29 86 | 43 5 | | |
| " | | 5.20 p.m | 29 75 | 52 5 | | |
| " | | 11.45 p.m | 29 82 | 52 1 | 54 3 | 38 4 |
| Tues. | 6 | 8.20 a.m | 29 88 | 52 9 | | |
| " | | 5.20 p.m | 29 83 | 65 0 | | |
| " | | 11.45 p.m | 29 85 | 51 6 | 69 3 | 48 6 |
| Wed. | 7 | 8.20 a.m | 29 91 | 53 5 | | |
| " | | 5.20 p.m | 29 93 | 59 5 | | |
| " | | 11.45 p.m | 30 06 | 42 6 | 63 3 | 42 6 |
| Thurs. | 8 | 8.20 a.m | 30 20 | 54 8 | | |
| " | | 5.20 p.m | 30 06 | 64 0 | | |
| " | | 11.45 p.m | 30 04 | 51 1 | 68 3 | 36 1 |
| Fri. | 9 | 8.20 a.m | 30 06 | 52 0 | | |
| " | | 5.20 p.m | 30 06 | 57 1 | | |
| " | | 11.45 p.m | 30 08 | 52 1 | 61 3 | 47 1 |
| Sat. | 10 | 11.45 p.m | 30 08 | 52 3 | | |
| " | | 8.20 a.m | 30 15 | 53 7 | | |
| " | | 5.20 p.m | 30 20 | 47 6 | 54 3 | 47 6 |

The column for Maximum Thermometer shows the highest temperature for every day.

The column for Minimum Thermometer shows the lowest temperature for every day.

## General Intelligence.

### TELEGRAPH NEWS.

London, June 7.—The Paris correspondent of the *Times* says he can vouch for the correctness of the following: The Grand Vizier has issued a letter declaring that "the Porte accords full amnesty to all insurgents who will offer their submission; to give them time to do this the Sultan grants a six weeks armistice, subject to the movements necessary to maintain the concentration of the troops and the revictualling of Nicsic." The above has been communicated to the Duc de Cases and Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The same correspondent says it is now known that the most complete accord exists on the general basis agreed to by the Powers upon which the negotiation at Ems will be pursued. These bases are the integrity of the Ottaman Empire and the necessity of ending the constant agitation by effective concessions.

The *Standard's* Vienna despatch says in consequence of remonstrances of the European powers all danger of a breach of the peace by Servia has been removed for the present.

Turkish bonds to the amount of eight millions Turkish pounds were found in the treasury of the late Sultan and handed to the Minister of Finance. The bonds will not be put in circulation.

Special despatches from Berlin say that considerable uneasiness has been created there by the sudden return of Prince Bismarck from Lauenburg for a protracted conference with the Emperor. The uneasiness is increased by the announcement that the Emperor's departure for Ems is postponed. A rumor connects these events with certain exaggerated claims made on Germany for support in her Eastern policy, which Prince Bismarck, it is reported, is not inclined to sanction.

The official Russian *Invalide* says the insurgents are not likely to accept the armistice.

The King of Greece, who was sick at Copenhagen with a severe attack of gastric fever has recovered.

The Queen Dowager Josephine of Sweden is dead.

Lord Northbrhook, late Governor General of India, has been created an Earl.

New York, June 7.—Advices from the City of Mexico to May 30 report that the insurgents have suffered reverses everywhere. Gen. Alatorre gained a great victory May 29th in Oaxaca over the revolutionary forces. The latter lost nearly 2000 men killed and wounded, and many prisoners, including three generals, also two pieces of artillery. The Government casualties were 600 killed and wounded, including one general. The Federals gained another important victory in Tlaxco May 28th.

It is reported that the escape of Fenians from the Australian prison is the result of a plan matured in New York, and which has been carried out by a man of ability sent there. They probably escaped about the 27th April, as the cable was cut at that time, which was one part of the plan.

London, June 8.—A Vienna despatch mentions the report that Germany and Austria have declined the suggestion made by Russia to postpone the recognition of Murad until he was willing to receive advice from the powers.

Numerous Sclavonial journals assert that a strong Russian force is being concentrated at Bender on the River Dneister, near Moldavo, on the Turkish frontier.

OTTAWA, June 8th.—Colin Scatcherd, Reformer, brother of the deceased member, was yesterday elected in North Middlesex by a majority of one hundred and seventy-seven.

London, June 9.—Gen. Schernoyoff, writing from Belgrade states that the Servian army consists of 125,000 men, and the militia, 100,000 more. The Servians are convinced that war is a moral necessity.

Milectics, leader of the Servian Liberals in Hungary, in an editorial published in the *Hasjava* uses these words, "We are speaking deliberately when we assert that a Servian war against the Turks is now more absolutely certain than anything else in the world."

The *Times* Berlin despatch says that Austria has determined she will not now oppose Russian politics in the East. The Prince of Montenegro has openly assumed command of the Insurgents. He has issued written instructions to the various rebel chiefs, and is concentrating all his forces in the neighborhood of Podgovitza.

A Russian official telegram confirms the reports that the Insurgents are determined to refuse the armistice.

Boston, June 9.—The average cash receipts at the Centennial Exhibition for the past twenty-five days was nearly $11,000 per day. Expenses were about $8,000 per day.

It is reported that Sitting Bull, Crazy Horse and other Indian bands, have attacked Custer's troops, and many were killed on both sides.

Berlin, June 9.—The *National Zeitung* learns from well informed sources that Bismark was summoned to Berlin solely to personally report to the Emperor upon latest phase of events in Turkey. The *Zeitung* adds that German policy continues to aim, above all, at preservation of peace in Europe, and leading political circles are convinced its efforts in that direction will be successful.

Manchester, June 9.—A London correspondent says it is very probable Winslow will be liberated June 15th, as it appears from correspondence submitted to Parliament that there is little likelihood a supplementary treaty covering his case will be agreed upon.

Madrid, June 9.—During the debate yesterday in the Senate on the new constitution, the Bishop of Salamanca said the Spanish prelates would always oppose religious toleration as incompatible with Catholicism.

Constantinople, June 9.—The Porte has courteously asked Servia to explain the meaning of their armaments. This request is not made in a threatening manner or as an ultimatum.

London, June 10, p. m.—A despatch from Paris says it is reported that the new Turkish constitution will establish equal rights for all persons irrespective of nationality or religion; abolish the office of Grand Vizier; create a responsible Ministry; and organize a representative Assembly composed of delegates from the various local Councils of the notabilities.

It is considered certain that the Government will not again ask for Winslow's remand, unless to have the whole matter argued before the full bench, of which there is some probability. Failing in this, Winslow, next Thursday, the 15th, either will be released or surrendered; the latter solution resting on the contingency of an agreement between the United States and Great Britain upon the terms of a new extradition treaty.

peaceful policy. Turkey spontaneously offered the insurgents the two conditions included in the memorandum, namely: Three months armistice and direct negotiations.

A *Times* Vienna despatch says the Ambassadors of the three northern powers have sent to Murad simultaneously an identical form of recognition from their respective sovereigns.

Paris, June 9.—Intelligence received here says that some of the insurgent bands accepted the armistice and others refused.

St. Petersburg, June 9.—It is semi-officially stated that the representatives of Russia in Servia and Montenegro have again been ordered to use their influence to prevent any warlike demonstration. An assurance was given at the same time that Russia would take care that the Porte would give effect to the guarantees for the execution of reforms.

London, June 9.—In the House of Commons this afternoon Disraeli said the memorandum was withdrawn because the Porte had anticipated some important points, and offered an armistice spontaneously. England's refusal to accept the memorandum had not been received by any power in an unfriendly spirit, but with great regret. The great powers agreed to recognize Murad without the usual delay. The necessary credentials were sent to the English Ambassador at Constantinople to-night.

Disraeli declared further that the letter purporting to bear his signature, recently published in Vienna, stating that England will know how to resist Muscovite aggression, is a forgery.

The Berlin and Vienna correspondents to the *Times* agree in stating that all danger of immediate outbreak on Servian and Montenegrin frontiers is removed. The *Echo* has a special telegram from Berlin stating the Czar has prevailed upon Servia to adopt a

LONDON, June 12.

A pleasure boat capsized at Eastbourne on Sunday, and twelve persons were drowned.

Gibraltar is being victualled to support a garrison of 2,000 men for six weeks, irrespective of accumulation of supplies for the Channel Squadron, which is being vigorously pushed.

The Admiralty has issued circulars to all large ship owners of the United Kingdom, requesting complete returns of all their ships and steamers.

It is affirmed that the Admiralty has provisionally chartered certain vsssels for Government service on notification to that effect.

The *Spectator* thinks that immediate danger of war among the Great Powers is diminishing.

The British flying squadron is ordered to hold itself in readiness at Chifer.

On Saturday night there was a torchlight procession in Dublin, in honor of the escaped Fenians from West Australia. Mr. Disraeli was burned in effigy on the occasion.

LONDON, June 12, p. m.

A Berlin despatch says the Insurgent leaders have accepted the armistice and appointed a Commissioner to arrange guarantees with the Northern powers.

It is reported that General Ignatieff, the Russian Ambassador at Constantinople, has been recalled and that Prince Orloff will succeed him.

PARIS, June 12, p. m.

*La France* publishes a telegram from Constantinople reporting that the oldest son and the mother of the late Sultan have been murdered.

WASHINGTON, June 12.

Mr. Blaine, on the way to church yesterday, was attacked with sudden illness of an apoplectic nature and remained unconscious six hours. His physicians gave hopes of his speedy recovery.

The symptoms in Mr. Blaine's case are encouraging. There is every indication of returning strength, and he is freely taking nourishment.

Speaker Kerr's condition is reported very low. He began to run down last evening and is still sinking. His physicians have little hope of his recovery.

NEW YORK, June 12, p. m.

Summing up the situation at Cincinnati from information obtainable, the following results are reached—Blaine retains all his strength, and leads with a good prospect of the nomination; Conkling comes next, and Morton third; Bristow's hope lies in successful combinations.

## The Centennial Exhibition.

The rush to the World's attraction at Philadelphia is on the increase, the receipts having reached a few days ago, to about $11,000 per day, while the expenses are put down at $8,000 per diem. The extracts given below from Boston *Zion's Herald*, will be interesting to many.

### OUR CENTENNIAL LETTER.

To the stranger visiting the Exposition, the buildings and surroundings present the appearance of a prosperous village. Upon entering the Elm Avenue turnstile, the visitor finds himself on a grassy quadrangle with the Main Building on his right, and Machinery Hall on his left. To east of the Main Building stands Memorial Hall with its dome and spelter statuary. Southeast of Memorial Hall, across a deep and picturesque ravine, Horticultural Hall rears its glass dome, while beyond this, the Gothic pinnacles of Agricultural Hall rises among the trees. The chief object of interest is the Main Building. This mammoth structure is 1,880 feet in length, and 464 feet in width. The height in the interior from the floor to the louvre is 70 feet. The building is constructed of iron, wood and glass. At each of the four corners is a tower 75 feet high, and rising from the centre of the building are four other towers, each 120 feet high, and marking the outlines of a square measuring 120 feet on each side. The entire space occupied by the building is 21.47 acres. The cost of its construction is $1,600,000. The departments of mining, metallurgy, manufactures, education and science, subdivided into as many branches as there are different industries related to each department, embrace the exhibits. Thirty-five different countries are represented among the exhibitors, each exhibitor vying with the others in the taste and magnificence of his show cases.

THE UNITED STATES.

The area reserved for exhibitors from the United States amounts to 189,231.1 square feet, or nearly one third of all the floor space of the building. The display is magnificent.—Books, drugs and chemicals, iron and tinware, columns of granite, civil and military society paraphernalia, cotton and woollen goods, are the most prominent exhibits. Although not surrounded by a pavilion, as are most of the spaces awarded to the different nations, the cases and stands excel in beauty.

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

Area 51,776.3 square feet. This section of the building is so near completion as not to mar the effect in the least. The whole department presents a most chaste appearance, and the splendor of the exhibits leads one to imagine himself in some old Oriental palace. Gorgeous carpets, china ware covered with expensive and beautiful engravings, silver ware, large sheets of oil cloth, some of which would cover two or three good sized rooms, are among the principal attractions. But here, as at Vienna, Great Britain will be marked for her skill in the ceramic art, vases of all kinds and descriptions large and small, of every conceivable shape, all delicately finished and covered with paintings representing the great heroes of the country, are shown in great numbers.

CANADA AND OTHER COLONIES.

Area about 50,000 sq. feet. Education has a warm friend in the