

ney or wall to be repaired, or such obstruction to be removed, under the penalty of five shillings a week, so long as such chimney or wall shall continue dangerous or so obstructed, after notice so given. Such repairs and such removal of obstruction, if paid by the tenant (unless the obstruction shall have been by him created), to be allowed out of the rent.

ART. 5—All chimnies which shall be hereafter built in the city and suburbs of Montreal shall be raised three feet six inches in height above the roof, and not less than ten inches by fifteen inches in the clear or opening at the top. The interior surface of such chimnies shall be smoothly plaistered from the top to the bottom with a good mortar, mixed with cow-dung; and no chimney shall hereafter be built in the said city or suburbs in such oblique or winding direction as shall prevent its being swept, under the penalty of five pounds, to be paid by the proprietor of the house in which such chimney shall be built, and the like penalty to be paid by the builder or undertaker of the work, for each neglect or breach of this article.

ART. 6—Every sink or gutter which discharges from any house or building directly into any square, street or lane of the city or suburbs, shall be stopped or removed, under the penalty of twenty shillings for each and every such offence whereof any person occupying such a house or building shall be convicted. And no person shall throw dirty water, ashes, soot, filth or dirt of any kind into any of the squares, streets or lanes of the city or suburbs, or into any open space adjoining thereto, under the penalty of five shillings for every offence. But as there are no public sewers or drains to carry off water, under ground, this regulation is not intended to consider, as an offence, water running into any street, square or lane from a yard belonging to any house or building.

ART. 7—No person shall lay any dung, rubbish