During the above period of twelve months the highest and lowest prices of the different varieties were as follows:—

American Milwaukee No. 1			-	Highest.	Lowest. shillings. 53
", ", No. 2				55	51
,, No. 1 Spring	***			None	None
" Red Winter				55	41
" No. 2 Spring				53	40
Californian	***			53	46
Oregon			,	54	47
Canadian White				54	44
Bombay Red				50	38
" White		•••		50	42
Calcutta White	•••	•••		49	38
, Red				46	36

It will be seen from the above that Indian wheats rank lowest in the market, and that American Milwaukee commands the highest price. Canadian white wheat stands about equal with American red winter, Oregon, and No. 2 spring, and higher than Californian. American No. 1 spring was unknown in the London market for twelve months. It is also noticeable that Canadian spring wheat is not quoted, and, in fact, it is almost unknown, having until lately been included with American. I should like to say here that every effort should be made to introduce the hard red Fyfe wheat of the Canadian Northwest into the British market, and that in doing so, care should be taken to ship only the best and purest and best cleaned grain of that variety, in order to give it a distinetive character in the home market. If this is done, and care is taken to keep the grade up to the market, I have the highest authority for stating that it will command both a high price and ready sale amongst the millers of Great Britain, for the purpose of mixing with English and other grains having more moisture, in order to improve the quality of the flour.

It is of the utmost importance, however, that Canadian Northwestern hard Fyfe wheat should receive a special quotation in the British market, in order that its good qualities may be properly distinguished and appreciated. Hitherto Canadian wheat, known as the product of Canada, has borne but a small part in the wheat trade of Great Britain, and it is time that the Dominion, with her millions of acres of wheat land being developed, should waken up to this fact and assume her proper position in the wheat markets of the world.

Last year, Messrs. McDougall Bros., of 10, Mark-lane, London, made a report on Indian wheat for the Secretary of State for India, which was presented to both Houses of Parliament. In this report there is no mention made of Canadian wheat, although I am certain that in some of the characteristics of Indian wheat spoken so favourably of, the hard red Fyfe wheat of the Canadian Northwest would have been found to excel, especially as regards its flour producing and bread making qualities. In