

Street, and down the waters of Lake Simcoe into Lake Huron, in preference to sending it by Lake Erie. [This street was named from Sir George Yonge, a member of the Imperial Government, temp. Geo. III. He was of a distinguished Devonshire family.]

*Yonge Township*, in the County of Leeds, is the tenth township in ascending the River St. Lawrence.

*York County*, consists of two ridings, the east and west. The east riding is bounded on the east by the westernmost line of the County of Durham; on the south by Lake Ontario, until it meets the eastern boundary of a tract of land belonging to the Mississauga Indians; on the west by the easternmost boundary line of the said tract, running north 16 deg. west, the distance of 28 miles, thence north 74 deg. east, 14 miles, thence south 16 deg. east, 16 miles to the southern boundary of the lands belonging to the Indians, and thence along the said tract parallel to Lake Ontario, until it meets the north-westernmost boundary of the County of Durham. The west riding of the County of York is bounded on the east by the westernmost line of a tract of land belonging to the Mississauga Indians, running north 45 deg. west, to the River La Tranche (to be called the Thames); on the south by Burlington Bay and the carrying-place leading through the Mohawk village, to where it intersects the River La Tranche, or Thames; and thence up that river to the north-westernmost boundary of a tract of land belonging to the Mississauga Indians. The boundaries of this county were established by proclamation the 16th July, 1792. It sends, in conjunction with the County of Durham and the first riding of the County of Lincoln, one representative to the Provincial Parliament. [In the Second Edition, instead of "the eastern boundary of a tract of land, &c.," the description reads thus, "the eastern boundary of Toronto township, which, with the Mississauga tract,\* gives its western limits; and on the north by Holland's

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\*The following is the text of the Instrument finally surrendering the Mississauga tract. (It used to be said that the whole tract was obtained by the Crown for the sum of ten shillings. It will be seen that this was a consideration named simply *pro forma*. The object of the document was to quiet the title of the Crown, the original deed having been imperfectly filled up. The paper asserts, it will be observed, that "divers good and valuable considerations" had been received: it is not specified, however, what these were, the original document here showing a blank):—THIS INDENTURE made at the River Credit, on Lake Ontario, on the first day of August, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Five, between William Claus, Esquire, Deputy Superintendent-General and Deputy Inspector-General of Indians and of their affairs, for and in behalf of our Sovereign Lord the King, of the one part, and the Principal Chiefs, Warriors and People of the Mississauga Nation of Indians, for and in the name of the said Nation of the other part. WHEREAS on the twenty-third day of September, in the year