

the worship of God; and as they rose, when the Bishop, preceded by the Chaplain, entered the Church, the snow-white robes contrasted beautifully with their dark winter overcoats. Among the congregation we observed Lieut. Gen. Sir F. Williams, Commander of the Forces in British North America, Major General Lord Frederic Paulet, Commanding the Montreal District, and most of the officers of the different corps.

It was very impressive to see this beautiful building crowded with these noble soldiers, who have so recently left their native land, and amidst the hardships and trials of a Canadian winter, have arrived amongst us at the call of duty. His Lordship in his eloquent address alluded to these circumstances, and expressed the satisfaction he felt in seeing them assembled in the Cathedral Church of his Diocese, which the Dean and the Cathedral authorities had kindly offered for their accommodation. Under the tower were collected between 70 and 80 of the Guards, who, accompanied by the organ, sang the Canticles and Psalms,—their full manly voices sounding with solemn effect through the beautiful arches of the lofty building.

We understand that Divine Service for the members of the Church of England in the other regiments is also performed on Sundays at St. Luke's Church, at 9 a. m. and at 2 p. m., and at the Military Prison at 11 a. m., and that classes for religious instruction are held in the different barracks during the week.

ORDINATIONS IN ENGLAND IN 1861.

The total number ordained was 1118; of these 570 were ordained Deacons, and 548 were ordained Priests. There were 74 Ordinations held. The numbers ordained in Lent, and up to Trinity, were 223; on Trinity Sunday, and up to September, 345; in September, and up to Christmas, 271; at Christmas, 279.

The numbers ordained by the several bishops are as follows:—(in cases where letters dimissory have been granted, which have been 29 in all, the candidate is reckoned amongst the number of the bishops who granted the letters, and not amongst the number of the bishops who ordained)—the Bishop of Oxford, 96; Lichfield, 93; Chester, 77; London, 70; Worcester, 63; Ely, 62; Winchester, 59; Ripon, 52; Peterborough, 51; the Archbishop of Canterbury, 41; York, 36; the Bishop of Manchester, 36; Bath and Wells, 35; Rochester, 34; Lincoln, 32; Llandaff, 31; Norwich, 30; Carlisle, 28; Durham (Bp. Villiers, 10, Bp. Baring, 17), 27; Exeter, 27; Chichester, 26; Salisbury, 25; Gloucester and Bristol (Bp. Baring, 11, Bp. Thomson, 13), 24; Hereford, 20; St. David's, 18; Bangor, 12; St. Asaph, 10; Sodor and Man, 3.

The number of those who have been ordained from the Universities, or other places of learning, or as literates, is:—From Cambridge, 438; Oxford, 318; St. Bees, Cumberland, 63; Trinity College, Dublin, 59; as Literates, 50; from King's College, London, 46; Durham University, 41; St. Aidan's, Birkenhead, 35; Queen's College, Birmingham, 22; Lampeter College, 15; Lichfield Theological College, 10; University College, London, 5; Islington College, 3; St. Nicholas College, Shore-